



# Your Guide to the United Nations in Yemen




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UN Yemen

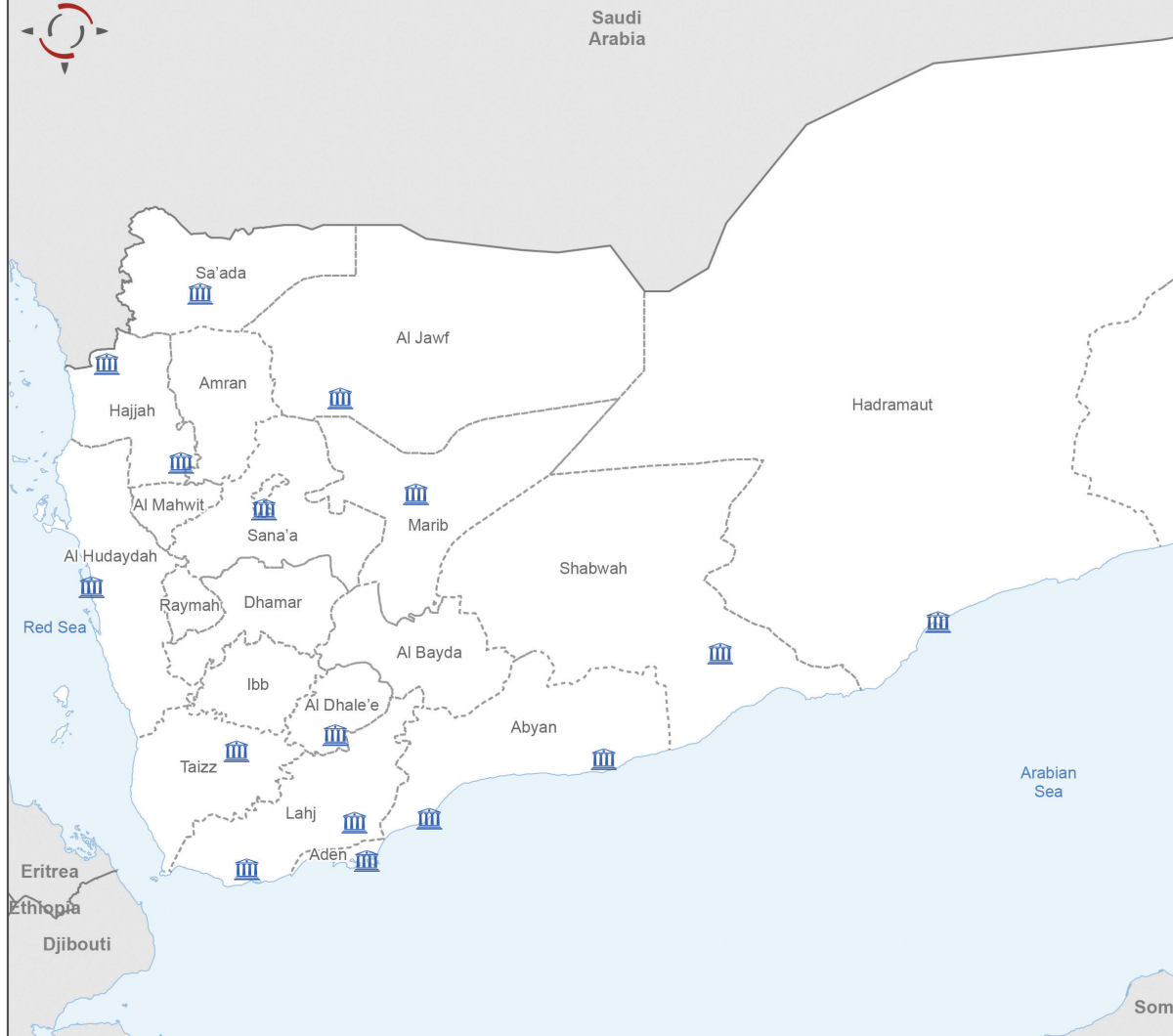
The United Nations emblem is a large, faint, light blue watermark in the background of the page. It features a world map centered on the Atlantic Ocean, surrounded by a laurel wreath. The emblem is composed of two symmetrical halves joined at the center.

*The United Nations has around 800 staff working in Yemen on development, humanitarian and political issues.*

*This guide will give you a quick introduction to the various UN entities active in Yemen: Who we are, what we do, where we work, as well as how you can get in touch with us.*



# Yemen: UN Offices





# UN Programmes and Agencies working in Yemen



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RCO

## Office of the Resident Coordinator of the UN



The UN Resident Coordinator (RC) is the chief of the UN diplomatic mission in Yemen and the leader of the UN Country Team of Agencies (UNCT). The RC is, together with the UNCT, responsible for preparing policies of joint UN development support to Yemen, such as the UN Development Assistance Framework (UNDAF).

The RC and his office aim to bring together the different UN agencies to improve the efficiency of UN activities in Yemen. The coordination of development operations promotes stronger strategic support to national plans and priorities, increases the efficiency of operations and reduces transaction costs. This makes the UN a better, more relevant and more reliable partner for the Government of Yemen.

The RC in Yemen is also the UN Humanitarian Coordinator (HC), guiding the humanitarian efforts in Yemen supported by the Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA). The HC in Yemen is mandated to cover the coordination of the humanitarian response involving UN agencies and other partners, to work on policy development, and humanitarian advocacy.

The current RC/HC in Yemen is also the UNDP Resident Representative (RR), as well as the UN Designated Official (DO), responsible for the security of UN staff in the country supported by the UN Department of Safety and Security (UNDSS).

OSASG

# Office of the Special Adviser to the Secretary-General on Yemen



The Special Adviser to the Secretary-General (SASG) on Yemen has been leading the UN's political efforts on the ground since April 2011, and has established an office in Sana'a to provide substantive support through political facilitation, technical assistance and outreach initiatives.

In November 2011, face-to-face negotiations between the ruling party and the opposition, facilitated by Special Adviser Jamal Benomar, led to the signing of a transitional agreement in Riyadh. This agreement served as a roadmap for the transition and secured inclusive participation.

In February 2012, presidential elections were held which transferred power to then Vice-President Abed Rabbu Mansour Hadi, and a national unity government was formed. 18 March 2013 saw the successful launching of the National Dialogue Conference, which will pave the way for a constitution-drafting process and subsequent referendum and general elections in 2014.

The SASG and his team will continue to support the transition in close cooperation with the Yemenis, the Gulf Cooperation Council, the European Union, the UNCT, as well as other international partners.

**The Special Adviser to the Secretary-General on Yemen: Mr Jamal Benomar**  
**Contact:** Ms Nidaa Hilal, Communications Adviser: [hilaln@un.org](mailto:hilaln@un.org)





Photo: FAO

FAO

# Food and Agriculture Organization of the UN



Achieving food security for all is at the heart of FAO's efforts to ensure that people have regular access to enough high-quality food to lead active and healthy lives. FAO's mandate is to raise levels of nutrition, improve agricultural productivity, better the lives of rural populations and contribute to the growth of the world economy.

FAO's work in Yemen aims to achieve food security and livelihoods response in order to address immediate needs to ensure effective and rapid response to quickly regain or sustain household food security, and to contribute to agriculture sector recovery and

rehabilitation. This is to lay the foundations for sustainable agriculture sector rehabilitation and long-term development planning.

FAO's Strategic Objectives are as follow:

- 1) Contribute to eradication of hunger, food insecurity and malnutrition;
- 2) Increase and improve provision of goods and services from agriculture, forestry and fisheries in a sustainable manner;
- 3) Reduce rural poverty;
- 4) Enable more inclusive and efficient agricultural and food systems at local, national and international levels;
- and 5) Increase the resilience of livelihoods to threats and crises.

FAO has 30 staff in Yemen, based in Sana'a, Aden, and Hajjah.

**Budget 2012:** \$ 4,000,000 and \$ 12.5 in 2013.

**Main donors:** AusAid, Belgium, CERF, ECHO, EU, Oman, and USA.

**Representative:** Dr Fuad Aldomy

**Contact:** Mr. Etienne Peterschmitt, Deputy Representative: [etienne.peterschmitt@fao.org](mailto:etienne.peterschmitt@fao.org), or Dr Mohamed Sallam, Assistant Programme: [mohamed.sallam@fao.org](mailto:mohamed.sallam@fao.org)

IFAD



# The International Fund for Agricultural Development

IFAD globally works to enable poor, rural people to overcome poverty.

In Yemen, IFAD is currently financing seven projects (worth USD 223 million), focusing explicitly on the creation of economic and employment opportunities for the rural poor through community mobilization, strengthening producer's organizations, value chain development, improving the natural resources management and building resource-community's resilience.

These are Dhamar Participatory Rural Development Project; Al-Dhale'e Community Resources Management Project; Pilot Community-Based Rural Infrastructure Project for Highland Areas; Rainfed Agriculture and Livestock Project; Economic Opportunities Programme; Fisheries Investment Project and YemenInvest - Rural Employment Programme.

In Yemen, IFAD has two staff, while three staff covering Yemen are based in the headquarters in Rome. Financed projects are implemented by autonomous management units under the Yemeni government.

**Budget 2012:** \$ 15,700,000

**Co-financers:** EC, IDB, and WB.

**Country Programme Officer:** Dr Fathia Bahran, [f.bahran@ifad.org](mailto:f.bahran@ifad.org)





Photo: IFAD/Farouk Salehi

ILO

# International Labour Organization



ILO is devoted to promoting social justice and internationally recognized human and labour rights, pursuing its founding mission premise that labour peace is essential to prosperity.

ILO in Yemen has developed a two-year response plan that is aligned with the National Transitional Programme for Stabilization and Development and the joint UN framework to support the transition in Yemen 2012-2014.

The two-year programme aims to respond to short-term needs during the transitional period. The programme builds on ILO's

comparative advantage, particularly its experience in countries facing similar situations, and the lessons learnt from the ILO's Decent Work Country Programme for Yemen.

The programme focuses on labour market governance to support the transition, supporting economic recovery and the inclusion of youth and women, and enhancing social protection and economic inclusion for the most vulnerable groups.

ILO has four staff in Yemen, based in Sana'a. In addition, specialists from headquarters in Geneva and the regional office in Beirut conduct visits and short term assignments.

**Budget 2012:** \$ 2,000,000

**Main donors:** Norway, SDC, SFD, and Silatech.

**Chief Technical Adviser:** Mr Abdelhamid Kalai

**Contact:** Mr Ali Dehaq, National Programme Coordinator, [dehaq@ilo.org](mailto:dehaq@ilo.org)





Photo: UNDP





Photo: IOM

IOM

# International Organization for Migration



IOM • OIM

IOM was established in 1951. Its constitution recognizes the link between migration and economic, social and cultural development, while control of standards of admission and number of immigrants to be admitted are matters within states' domestic jurisdiction. IOM counts 151 member states. Yemen joined in 1999.

In Yemen, IOM is engaged in cross-sectoral issues, including humanitarian support to vulnerable migrants, internally displaced persons (IDPs), returnees and conflict affected communities, through food and food item distribution, shelter, primary and emergency health care and nutrition, access to critical water resources and sanitation, hygiene

awareness, counter-trafficking and psycho-social counselling. IOM also implements hundreds of quick-impact and rapid response community projects.

IOM's technical cooperation on migration management aims at enhancing national policy, legislative and administrative frameworks, as well as better border management, identification and protection of vulnerable migrants. In coordination with the government, as well as UNHCR, IOM arranges repatriation and voluntary return assistance for individuals or groups either willing to return to their places of origin or being accepted for resettlement.

IOM has 250 staff in Yemen, based in Sana'a, Abyan, Aden, Amran, Al Dhale'e, Hajjah, Lahj, Al Jawf, Marib, and Taizz.

**Budget 2012:** \$ 24,000,000

**Main donors:** EU, Finland, Japan, KSA, Netherlands, Switzerland, UK, UN, and USA.

**Chief of Mission:** Ms Nicoletta Giordano

**Contact:** Mr Saleh Elizzani, Senior Programme Assistant: [selizzani@iom.int](mailto:selizzani@iom.int)

OCHA

# UN Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs



OCHA

OCHA globally mobilizes and coordinates effective and principled humanitarian action in partnership with national and international actors in order to alleviate human suffering in disasters and emergencies, advocate the rights of people in need, promote disaster preparedness and prevention, and facilitate sustainable solutions.

In Yemen, OCHA coordinates the humanitarian response, which includes a wide range of non-governmental and UN partners, in fields like migrants, early recovery, shelter, food security, agriculture, education, health, nutrition, protection, water, sanitation and hygiene.

OCHA Yemen has 47 staff, based in Sana'a, Sa'ada, Haradh, and Aden.

**Budget 2012:** \$ 4,800,000

**Main donors:** ECHO, Sweden, Switzerland, UK, and USAID.

**Head of Office:** Mr Trond Jensen

**Contact:** Mr Erich Ogoso, Public Information and Advocacy Officer: [ogoso@un.org](mailto:ogoso@un.org)





Photo: OCHA/Gabreez Studio

**OHCHR**

# Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights



The mission of OHCHR is to work for the protection of human rights for all people, to help empower people to realize their rights and to assist those responsible for upholding such rights in ensuring that they are implemented.

In carrying out its mission OHCHR gives priority to addressing the most pressing human rights violations, both acute and chronic, particularly those that put life in imminent peril, focuses attention on those who are at risk and vulnerable on multiple fronts and

pays equal attention to the realization of civil, cultural, economic, political, and social rights, including the right to development.

OHCHR opened its offices in Yemen in 2012. On-going work includes support to strengthen accountability and rule of law structures, transitional justice mechanisms, national human rights institutions, combating of impunity, on the one hand, and protecting human rights, including in situations of violence and insecurity, on the other.

OHCHR currently has a team of ten staff in Yemen, based in Sana'a.

**Budget 2013:** \$ 2,196,892

**Main donor:** Netherlands

**Representative:** Mr George Abu Al-Zulof, [gabualzulof@ohchr.org](mailto:gabualzulof@ohchr.org)

**Deputy representative:** Alaa Kaoud, [akaoud@ohchr.org](mailto:akaoud@ohchr.org)

# UNAIDS

## Joint UN Programme on HIV/AIDS



UNAIDS is an innovative UN partnership that leads and inspires the world in achieving universal access to HIV prevention, treatment, care and support.

In Yemen, UNAIDS aims to support the national response to reduce sexual transmission of HIV among vulnerable groups and populations most at risk. This is done by conducting comprehensive prevention programmes and raising awareness about HIV/AIDS in communities and emergency setting for internally displaced persons (IDPs).

UNAIDS works with the government, civil society and associations to eliminate stigma

and discrimination against people who are living with, or in various ways are affected by, HIV.

This is done by promoting laws and policies that ensure the full realization of all human rights and fundamental freedoms for affected people as well as improved quality of and increased access to available treatment and care services.

UN AIDS also works to eliminate gender inequalities, fight gender-based abuse and violence, and to increase the capacity of women and girls to protect themselves from HIV.

UNAIDS has three staff in Yemen, based in Sana'a.

**Budget 2012:** \$ 167,516

**Main donors:** DFID, PEPFAR, and UN co-sponsors.

**Country Officer:** Ms Fouzia Gharamah, [gharamahf@unaids.org](mailto:gharamahf@unaids.org)

UNDP

# UN Development Programme



UNDP helps countries build and share solutions to achieve poverty reduction and the Millennium Development Goals, democratic governance, crisis prevention and recovery, and environment and energy for sustainable development.

UNDP helps attract and use aid efficiently and encourages the protection of human rights, capacity development and the empowerment of women.

In Yemen, UNDP has aligned financial and programmatic support with the government's Transitional Plan and the GCC Implementation Mechanism, with special focus on elections, transitional justice, human rights, the National Dialogue, youth employment generation, and early recovery.

As part of its regular programs, UNDP supports projects related to the environment, climate change, HIV/AIDS and gender initiatives.

UNDP has 118 staff in Yemen, based in Sana'a, Aden, and Sa'ada.

**Budget 2012:** \$ 26,483,000

**Main donors:** Australia, CIDA, Denmark, EC, Finland, France, GEF, Germany, GFATM, Italy, Japan, KSA, Netherlands, Norway, OCHA, PBF, RoK, SIDA, Switzerland, Turkey, UK, UNV, UN Women, and USAID.

**Senior Country Director:** Mr Gustavo Fernando Gonzalez

**Contact:** Mr Abdo Seif, Adviser: [abdo.seif@undp.org](mailto:abdo.seif@undp.org), or  
Mr Abdulkareem Alsabri, Webmaster: [abdulkareem.alsabri@undp.org](mailto:abdulkareem.alsabri@undp.org)





Photo: UNDP





Photo: RC Office/Alvhild Strømme

UNESCO

# UN Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization



Globally, UNESCO contributes to peace building, eradication of poverty, sustainable development and intercultural dialogue through education, science, culture, communications and information.

UNESCO's work in Yemen mainly consists of capacity building in different forms. In May 2013, a four day training session was organized in Sana'a with the theme "Security and safety of journalists and the right to access information". The training brought together 150 journalists, academics, and leaders of international, regional and local human rights organizations. UNESCO has also organized workshops to strengthen education planning and management systems.

As part of UNESCO's Capacity Development for Education for All (CapEFA) programme, a national Yemeni team of six experts successfully conducted a needs assessment, resulting in a proposed plan of action around four pillars: 1) advocacy and communication; 2) building partnerships; 3) capacity development and training; and 4) monitoring and evaluation, planning, and statistics.

UNESCO Cairo and The Arab Gulf Programme for Development (AGFUND) have engaged in a joint collaboration to establish the national centre on early childhood education in Yemen, aimed at building capacity to plan, implement, and monitor progress towards the Early Childhood Care and Education Scheme (ECCE).

UNESCO in Yemen is covered by the UNESCO Office in Doha.

**Main Donors:** CapEFA, MBI, Norway, and SIDA.

**Director:** Ms Anna Paolini, Doha: [a.paolini@unesco.org](mailto:a.paolini@unesco.org)



Photo: UNFPA



# UNFPA

## UN Population Fund



UNFPA aims to deliver a world where every pregnancy is wanted, every child-birth is safe and every young person's potential is fulfilled.

In Yemen, UNFPA works towards achieving universal access to sexual and reproductive health (including family planning), promoting reproductive rights and reducing maternal mortality.

UNFPA also focuses on improving the lives of youths and women by advocating for human rights, gender equality and women's empowerment and provides support on population trends and dynamics to enhance sustainable development of Yemen.

UNFPA has 31 staff in Yemen, 29 based in Sana'a, one in Aden, and one in Sa'ada. Working geographical areas: Ibb, Amran, Hajjah, Lahj, Abyan, Aden, Hadramaut, Sana'a, and Sa'ada.

**Budget 2012:** \$ 8,172,993

**Main donors:** CERF, Germany/KfW, MHTF, PBF, and UK/DFID.

**Representative:** Ms Lene K. Christiansen

**Contact:** Ms Fahmia Al-Fotih, Communications Analyst: [al-fotih@unfpa.org](mailto:al-fotih@unfpa.org)



Photo: UNHCR/Teddy Leposky

UNHCR

# UN High Commissioner for Refugees



UNHCR was created on 1 January 1951 and is mandated to lead and coordinate international action to protect refugees and asylum seekers world-wide.

Yemen is the only country in the Arabian Peninsula that is a signatory of the 1951 Refugee Convention and its 1967 Protocol, and has granted prima facie refugee status to Somalis arriving in the country since the outbreak of hostilities in Somalia. Refugees-status determination for non-Somali asylum-seekers has been undertaken by UNHCR. In addition to increasing number of refugees and Internally

Displaced Persons (IDPs), the country also faces an ever rising inflow of mixed migration from the Horn of Africa.

UNHCR addresses the humanitarian needs of asylum seekers, refugees and Yemeni IDPs through the provision of services such as health, education, vocational training, community services, material assistance, and shelters. UNHCR also supports the Government of Yemen in strengthening capacities, developing national policies and legislation on refugees and IDPs (the IDP policy was adopted in June 2013) and finding durable solutions.

UNHCR has 195 staff in Yemen, based in Sana'a, Aden, Haradh, Amran, Kharaz, Sa'ada, Mayfa'ah and Ahwar.

**Budget 2012:** \$72,500,000

**Main donors:** Canada, CERF, ECHO, Finland, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, UK, USA, and private sector donors.

**Representative:** Mr. Bruno Geddo (acting)

**Contact:** Mr. Zaid al-Alaya, Senior Public Information Assistant: [alalaya@unhcr.org](mailto:alalaya@unhcr.org), or Mr. Jamal al-Najjar, Public Information Associate: [alnajjar@unhcr.org](mailto:alnajjar@unhcr.org), or Mr. Hani Mana, Public Information Assistant: [manaa@unhcr.org](mailto:manaa@unhcr.org)

## UNICs

# UN Information Centres

UNICs around the world aim to be the principal sources of information about the UN system in the country where they are located. UNICs are responsible for promoting greater public understanding of the aims and activities of the UN.

The UN Information Centre in Sana'a was established in 1994. The centre is working in coordination with the UN system present

in Yemen. It reaches out to the media and educational institutions, and engages in partnerships with government, local civil society organizations and the private sector.

In Sana'a, UNIC provides computer and internet access at its premises, and produces and maintains a newsletter, a reference library and a virtual library.

UNIC in Yemen has three staff, based in Sana'a.

**Budget 2012:** \$ 69,420

**Officer in Charge:** Mr Abdulsalam Sharafuddin, [abdulsalam.sharafuddin@unic.org](mailto:abdulsalam.sharafuddin@unic.org)



UNIDO

# UN Industrial Development Organization



UNIDO's mandate is to promote and accelerate sustainable industrial development by generating and disseminating industry-related knowledge and providing technical support on poverty reduction, inclusive globalization and environmental sustainability.

UNIDO in Yemen is following up the progress of the Montreal Protocol activities. While primarily concerned with the issue of eliminating ozone depleting substances

(ODS), the activities carried out by UNIDO also enable the industries concerned to achieve increased productivity and improved economic performance in terms of lower operating costs, less maintenance and higher product quality as well as reliability.

These activities also make a major contribution to generating employment, both by sustaining existing jobs and creating new ones.

UNIDO in Yemen is covered by the UNIDO Field Office in Sudan.

**Budget 2012:** \$ 260,000

**Main donors:** Montreal Protocol

**Representative:** Mr Khaled Elmekwad, [K.Elmekwad@unido.org](mailto:K.Elmekwad@unido.org)

# UNICEF

## UN Children's Fund



UNICEF advocates for the protection of children's rights, to help meet their basic needs and expand their opportunities to reach their full potential.

In Yemen, UNICEF works to improve maternal health and reduce child and under-five

mortality; to improve nutrition and access to clean water; and achieve basic rights for children including preventing children from being victims of grave violations, addressing child marriage and advocating against the recruitment and use of children by armed forces and armed groups.



UNICEF has 110 staff in Yemen, based in Aden, Taizz, Sana'a, Al Hudaydah, Sa'ada, and Hajjah.

Budget 2012: \$ 84,843,796

**Main donors:** CIDA, EC, ECHO, EU, Japan, Netherlands, RoK, SIDA, UK, and USAID/OFDA.

**Representative:** Mr Julien Harneis

**Contact:** Ms Alison Parker, Chief of Communication and Advocacy: [aparker@unicef.org](mailto:aparker@unicef.org), or Mr Mohammed Al-Asaadi, Communication Officer: [malasaadi@unicef.org](mailto:malasaadi@unicef.org)



Photo: UNICEF Yemen/2011/Halldorsson

# UN Office on Drugs and Crime

UNODC is a global leader in the fight against international crime and is mandated to assist Member States in their struggle against illicit drugs, crime and terrorism.

UNODC Programme in Yemen falls under the Regional Office for the Middle East and North Africa. Through its Programme for Drug Prevention, Crime Control and Criminal Justice Reform for the Arab States, UNODC supports the efforts through three sub-programmes: 1) countering illicit trafficking, organized crime and terrorism, 2) promoting justice and building integrity, and 3) drug prevention and health. UNODC assisted the Government of Yemen in establishing the Strategy on Drug

Control, Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice Reform 2013-2015.

The strategy is focused on four inter-dependent areas of work, namely: 1) countering illicit trafficking and organized criminal networks, 2) criminal justice reform and integrity, 3) strengthening criminal justice responses to terrorism and 4) drug prevention and health. UNODC is assisting the Yemeni competent authorities in the development of legal and institutional framework to combat human trafficking and to fight terrorism. It also aims at fostering Yemen's capacity to participate in international cooperation in criminal matters and at promoting closer regional cooperation.

UNODC has one staff member in Yemen, based in Sana'a.

**Budget 2012:** \$ 200,000

**Main donor:** USA

**Regional Representative:** Mr Masood Karimipour, Cairo

**Contact:** Mr Majed al-Anesi, National Programme Officer: [majed.alanesi@unodc.org](mailto:majed.alanesi@unodc.org)

# UN Office for Project Services

UNOPS' mission is to expand the capacity of the UN system and its partners to implement peace building, humanitarian and development operations that matter for people in need.

The main focus of UNOPS in Yemen lies on the provision of operational support to

the National Dialogue and constitutional review process as well as in the humanitarian context.

UNOPS is also the Local Fund Agent for the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria in Yemen.

Currently, UNOPS has about 13 staff working in Yemen.

**Budget 2012:** \$ 1,500,000. The operations in 2013 are expected to reach 18,000,000.

**Main donors:** GFATM, IRF, UNHCR, and YNDCRTF.

**Director:** Mr Niels W. Guenther, [nielsg@unops.org](mailto:nielsg@unops.org)



# UN World Food Programme



WFP helps meet emergency and protracted relief food needs, helps support economic and social development and promotes world food security. WFP gets food to where it is needed, saving the lives of victims of war, civil conflict, economic crisis and natural disasters. Following emergencies, WFP uses food assistance to help restore food security and nutrition while supporting communities to rebuild shattered lives. It also helps reduce risk and enables communities to meet their own food needs, reduce malnutrition and break the intergenerational cycle of hunger.

In 2013, WFP has successfully scaled up its humanitarian assistance to assist around five million people in Yemen: 600,000 IDPs, 325,000 children under the age of two with preventative nutrition activities, 200,000 children under five with nutrition treatment

activities, 157,000 pregnant and lactating women with nutrition support, and 3.8 million people under emergency safety net (ESN) activities.

WFP also provides food assistance to 70,000 refugees from the Horn of Africa. More than 20,000 of those refugees, mostly Somalis, are sheltered in the Kharaz refugee camp outside Aden and depend on WFP rations for their survival. Through its development project in support of the Girls' Education WFP aims to address high female illiteracy and a gender gap in the country. While WFP continues to address the emergency needs of five million people, it is also planning to gradually shift its programmes from relief to recovery and resilience in 2014-2015, so that while feeding people today it also helps them to feed themselves tomorrow.

WFP has 202 staff in Yemen, based in Sana'a, Aden, Al Hudaydah, Sa'ada, Haradh, and Amran.

**Budget 2013:** \$ 260,000,000

**Main donors:** Australia, Canada, Czech Republic, EU, Finland, France, Germany, India, Japan, KSA, Norway, Switzerland, and USA.

**Representative and Country Director:** Mr Bishow Parajuli

**Contact:** Ms Regina Bakhteeva, External Relations Officer: [regina.bakhteeva@wfp.org](mailto:regina.bakhteeva@wfp.org)







Photo: WHO



# WHO

## World Health Organization



The objective of WHO is the attainment by all peoples of the highest possible level of health. Health is defined in the WHO constitution as a state of complete physical, mental and social well-being and not merely the absence of disease or infirmity.

WHO directs and coordinates health efforts within the UN system. WHO provides leadership on global health matters, shapes the health research agenda, articulates evidence-based policy options, and provides technical support to countries.

Since 1953, when the first WHO office was established in Yemen, WHO has been supporting health systems development, health

protection and promotion, control of communicable and non-communicable diseases, as well as maternal and child health.

Over the years, the immunization program has expanded to cover the whole country, reaching a national coverage exceeding 85 percent. With WHO support, Yemen has witnessed the eradication of smallpox, polio and chicken guinea.

WHO Yemen has responded to the emerging health priorities in the country resulting from rising challenges. The Emergency and Humanitarian Programme has been strengthened technically and financially over the last years to be able to respond to pressing needs.

WHO has 61 staff in Yemen, based in Sana'a, Aden, Al Hudaydah, Hajjah, Sa'ada, and Taizz.

**Budget 2012:** \$ 18,156,744

**Main donors:** CERF, EKN, EU, France, GIZ/KfW, Italy, Japan, KSA, LAS, OCHA, Spain, Sweden, UAE, and USAID.

**Representative:** Dr Ahmed Farah Shadoul

**Contact:** Dr Mona Almudhwah, Programme Management and Health Systems Officer:  
almudhwahim@yem.emro.who.int


# List of donors



Australia	European Union (EU)
Australian Government Overseas Aid Program (AusAid)	Finland
Belgium	France
British Department for International Development (DFID)	German Technical Cooperation (GIZ)
Canada	Germany
Canadian International Development Agency (CIDA)	Global Environment Facility (GEF)
Capacity development for Education for All (CapEFA)	The Global Fund to Fight AIDS, tuberculosis and malaria (GFATM)
Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF)	Immediate Response Facility under the Peace Building Fund, multi-donor (IRF)
Czech Republic	India
Denmark	Islamic Development Bank (IDB)
Netherlands Embassy in Sana'a (EKN)	Italy
European Commission (EC)	Japan
European Commission Humanitarian Aid & Civil Protection (ECHO)	KfW Entwicklungsbank (KfW)
	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (KSA)
	League of Arab States (LAS)



MBI Al Jaber Foundation (MBI)	Turkey
Maternal Health Task Force (MHTF)	United Arab Emirates (UAE)
Montreal Protocol	United Kingdom (UK)
Netherlands	United Nations (UN)
Norway	UN High Commissioner of Refugees (UNHCR)
Office of U.S. Foreign Disaster Assistance (OFDA)	UN Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA)
Oman	UN Peace Building Fund (PBF)
Republic of Korea (RoK)	UN Volunteers (UNV)
Silatech	UN Women
Social Fund for Development (SFD)	United States Agency for International Development (USAID)
Spain	United States of America (USA)
Sweden	The United States President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief (PEPFAR)
Swedish International Development Cooperation Agency (SIDA)	World Bank (WB)
Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (SDC)	Yemeni National Dialogue and Constitutional Review Trust Fund (YNDCRTF)
Switzerland	

The background of the slide features a large, faint, light blue United Nations logo. The logo consists of a world map centered on the Atlantic Ocean, surrounded by a laurel wreath. The map shows the continents of North and South America. The laurel wreath is composed of two branches, one on each side, curving upwards and outwards. The entire logo is set against a solid blue background. On the left side of the slide, there is a vertical orange bar. At the bottom of the slide, there is a horizontal light blue bar.

***“Yemen faces profound challenges.  
The United Nations will continue to support  
you in overcoming these challenges and  
ushering in a more peaceful era for all the  
people of Yemen.”***

*Mr Ban Ki-moon, UN Secretary-General*