



KEY ACHIEVEMENTS OF THE UNDP/GEF PROJECT

"Improving Energy Efficiency in the Residential Building Sector of Turkmenistan"



NATIONAL IMPLEMENTING PARTNER: STATE CONCERN "TURKMENGAS"



FOREWORD

Since late 2011, the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) and several national partners led by the State Concern "Turkmengas" have been conducting a project entitled "Improving Energy Efficiency in the Residential Building Sector of Turkmenistan". This project is funded by the Global Environment Facility (GEF) with co-financing from the Government of Turkmenistan.

The project seeks to achieve transformation of residential building design and construction in Turkmenistan, thereby saving energy and correspondingly curtailing GHG emissions on a large scale.

The project seeks such results via integrated activity in several areas, including implementation of building energy codes, state investment in renovation of existing building stock, improved design and management practice, training of aspiring and practicing professionals, and demonstration and replication of best practices.

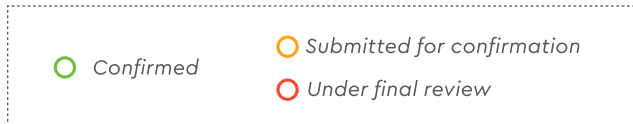
This publication presents numerous important achievements, promising a wide impact in construction and design practice in Turkmenistan. This provides a summary of the project's accomplishments and effects of their use in the residential building sector of Turkmenistan.

National partner

MINISTRY OF CONSTRUCTION AND
ARCHITECTURE OF TURKMENISTAN

Revised building codes (SNT):

- SNT "Residential Buildings"
- SNT "Roofs and Roofing"
- SNT "Building Climatology"
- SNT "Building Thermal Engineering"

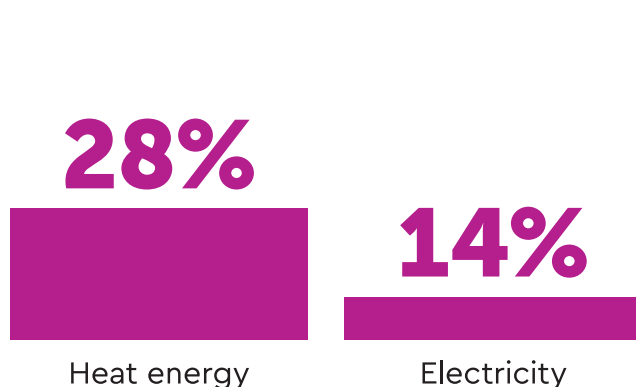


Developed guidance materials:

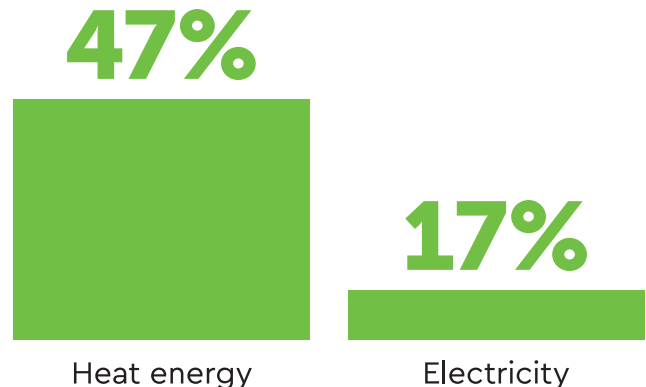
- Guidance manual to SNT "Residential Buildings"
- Guidance manual to SNT "Roofs and Roofing"
- Guidance manual to SNT "Building Thermal Engineering"
- Software for the building Energy Passport
- Database of Energy Passport data

POTENTIAL EFFECTS FROM TRANSITION TO REVISED BUILDING CODES

ENERGY SAVINGS without
automated heat control (AHC)
in buildings

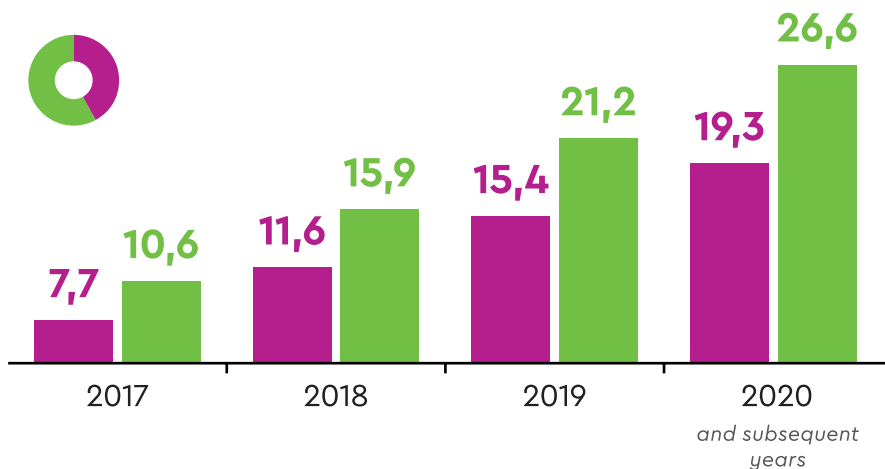


ENERGY SAVINGS with
automated heat control (AHC)
in buildings





NATURAL GAS SAVINGS*, mln. m³



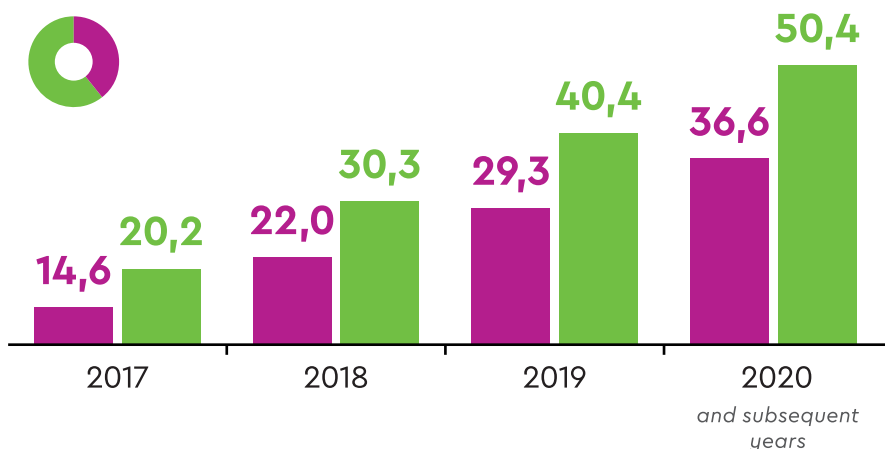
TOTAL 2017-2027:

188,9
WITHOUT AHC

260,2
WITH AHC



REDUCTION IN GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS, thsd. ton CO₂e



TOTAL 2017-2027:

358,8
WITHOUT AHC

494,4
WITH AHC



*Determined in accordance with construction volumes stated in the National Programme for Regional Social Development (2015) and the National Plan for Socioeconomic Development of Turkmenistan for 2011-2030

National partner

MINISTRY OF CONSTRUCTION AND
ARCHITECTURE OF TURKMENISTAN

Developed Compendium of technical solutions for thermal bridges in building envelopes, with calculations of associated heat losses

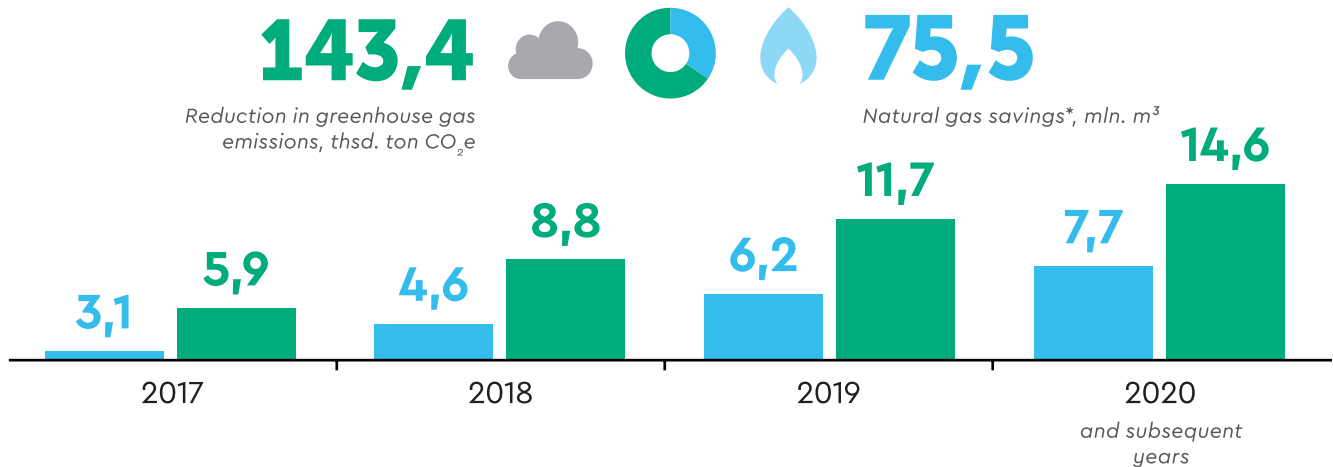
The compendium enables building designers to accurately determine thermal resistance of building envelopes and to calculate and reduce heat losses through

6-16%
HEAT ENERGY
SAVINGS

5-8%
ELECTRICITY
SAVINGS

the building envelope. Use of the given techniques also helps designers to properly select and determine the size of heating systems.

POTENTIAL EFFECTS FROM USE OF THE COMPENDIUM IN DESIGN OF RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS (2017-2027)



*Determined in accordance with construction volumes stated in the National Programme for Regional Social Development (2015) and the National Plan for Socioeconomic Development of Turkmenistan for 2011–2030

National partners

MINISTRY OF CONSTRUCTION AND
ARCHITECTURE OF TURKMENISTAN

MINISTRY OF COMMUNAL SERVICES
OF TURKMENISTAN

IMPLEMENTATION OF ENERGY AUDIT (EA):

Developed documents:

- Methodology for energy audit of residential buildings
- Provisions on rules and process for energy audit in residential buildings of Turkmenistan

○ Under final review



Potential effect from implementation of the recommendations from EA in 22 buildings

Reduction of energy consumption
per square meter per year:

69

kWh/m²

FOR HEATING
AND COOLING

18

kWh/m²

FOR
LIGHTING

IN **22** RESIDENTIAL
BUILDINGS

The methodology for EA was tested in practice in the cities of Ashgabat (Abadan), Turkmenbashi, Balkanabad, Khazar, Mary, Bayramaly, Turkmenabad, Seydi, and Dashoguz.

National partners

CITY ADMINISTRATION
OF ASHGABAT




STATE CONCERN "TURKMEN OIL AND
GAS CONSTRUCTION"

Design and construction of
three new buildings with
enhanced energy
performance

Overall reduction of greenhouse gas
emissions for the three new pilot
buildings

1165 TON CO₂e
PER YEAR

ANNUAL REDUCTIONS IN ENERGY CONSUMPTION*

	Heat energy savings	Heat energy savings per square meter	Electricity savings	Electricity savings per square meter
 9-STORY 54-UNIT <i>residential building typical standard design</i>	159933 kWh 31,5%	32,2 kWh/m ²	67795 kWh 64,7%	13,6 kWh/m ²
 12-STORY 114-UNIT <i>high-comfort residential building</i>	1085225 kWh 35,2%	30,6 kWh/m ²	749514 kWh 50,1%	21,1 kWh/m ²
 12-STORY 66-UNIT <i>high-comfort residential building</i>	566754 kWh 28,8%	24,3 kWh/m ²	200609 kWh 50,2%	8,6 kWh/m ²



*Data from monitoring of energy consumption after construction

National partner




MINISTRY OF COMMUNAL SERVICES
OF TURKMENISTAN

Renovation of three residential buildings to enhance energy performance

Overall reduction of greenhouse gas emissions from the three renovated pilot buildings

476 TON CO₂e
PER YEAR

ANNUAL REDUCTIONS IN ENERGY CONSUMPTION*

	Heat energy savings	Heat energy savings per square meter	Electricity savings	Electricity savings per square meter	Savings of natural gas
 5-STORY 40-UNIT residential building typical standard design	91239 kWh	34,2 kWh/m ²	72800 kWh	27,2 kWh/m ²	4910 m ³
	31,3%		64,9%		71,7%
 5-STORY 45-UNIT residential building typical standard design	134970 kWh	59,2 kWh/m ²	91212 kWh	40,1 kWh/m ²	10504 m ³
	38,7%		55,7%		76,4%
 9-STORY 54-UNIT residential building typical standard design	192837 kWh	38,8 kWh/m ²	199775 kWh	40,2 kWh/m ²	15120 m ³
	32,9%		61,1%		81,5%



*Data from monitoring of energy consumption after reconstruction

National partner

MINISTRY OF CONSTRUCTION AND
ARCHITECTURE OF TURKMENISTAN

- Developed 11 designs and Energy Passports of individual low-rise houses (cottages) with enhanced energy performance and solar water heaters

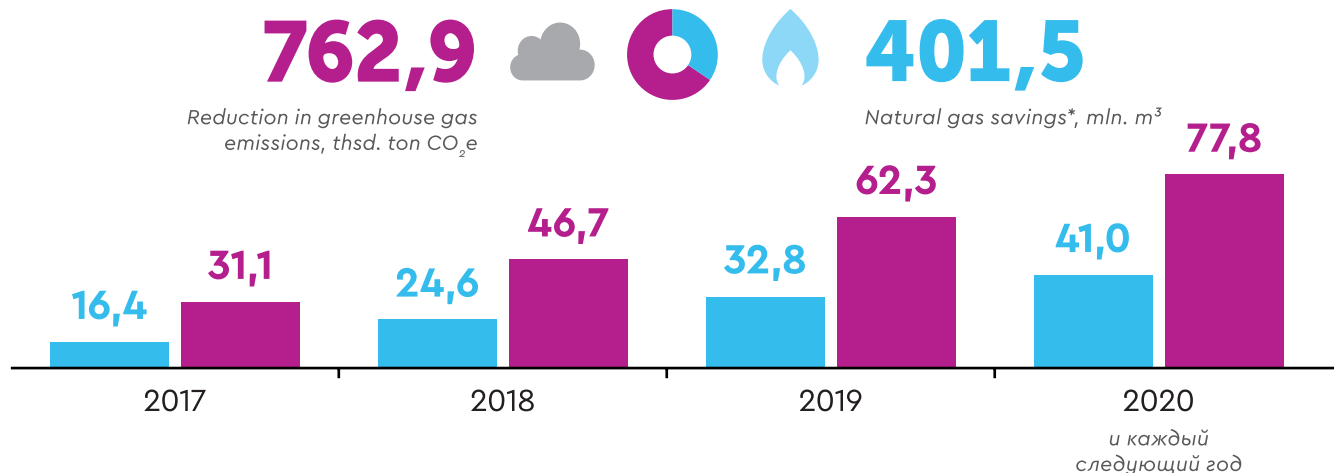
ENERGY SAVINGS

50% FOR COOLING
AND VENTILATION

57% FOR HEAT
AND VENTILATION

27% FOR DOMESTIC
HOT WATER SUPPLY

POTENTIAL EFFECT FROM IMPLEMENTATION OF THESE DESIGNS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF LOW-RISE HOUSES (2017-2027)



○ Submitted for confirmation



*Determined in accordance with construction volumes stated in the National Programme for Regional Social Development (2015) and the National Plan for Socioeconomic Development of Turkmenistan for 2011–2030

National partner

MINISTRY OF COMMUNAL SERVICES
OF TURKMENISTAN



Created Energy management system for collection and transmittal of data for energy consumption, from meters installed in 5 residential buildings and the boiler house in the Koshi residential complex in Ashgabat

POTENTIAL EFFECT FROM USE OF THIS SYSTEM TOGETHER WITH AUTOMATIC HEAT SUPPLY CONTROLS

16-20%

ENERGY SAVINGS FOR HEATING AND COOLING

The purpose of energy management is to reduce energy consumption through implementation of the following measures:

- ▶ control energy consumption;

- ▶ measure energy consumption;
- ▶ collect, archive and transmit the information on operation of heat supply control devices and data taken from meters to interested organizations;
- ▶ analyze the information, take decisions, invoice for consumed heat energy.

National partner

MINISTRY OF COMMUNAL SERVICES
OF TURKMENISTAN

Automatic heat supply control (AHC) device for residential buildings prepared for domestic assembly

5 prototypes of the automatic heat supply control device assembled, installed and tested in 5 residential buildings in the Koshi residential complex in Ashgabat

18%

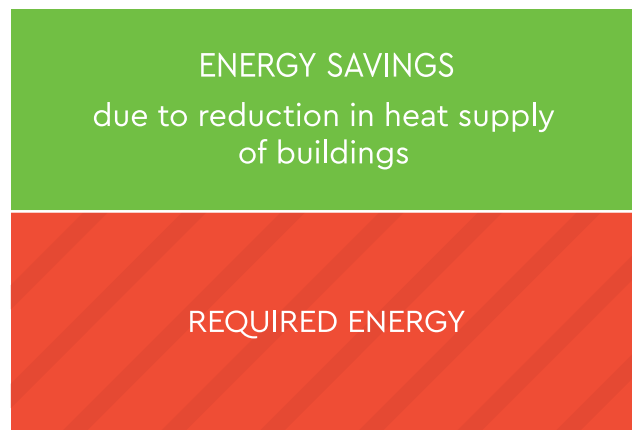
HEAT ENERGY
SAVINGS

Potential effect from use
of the automatic heat supply
control device

NEEDS TO CONTROL HEAT ENERGY CONSUMPTION

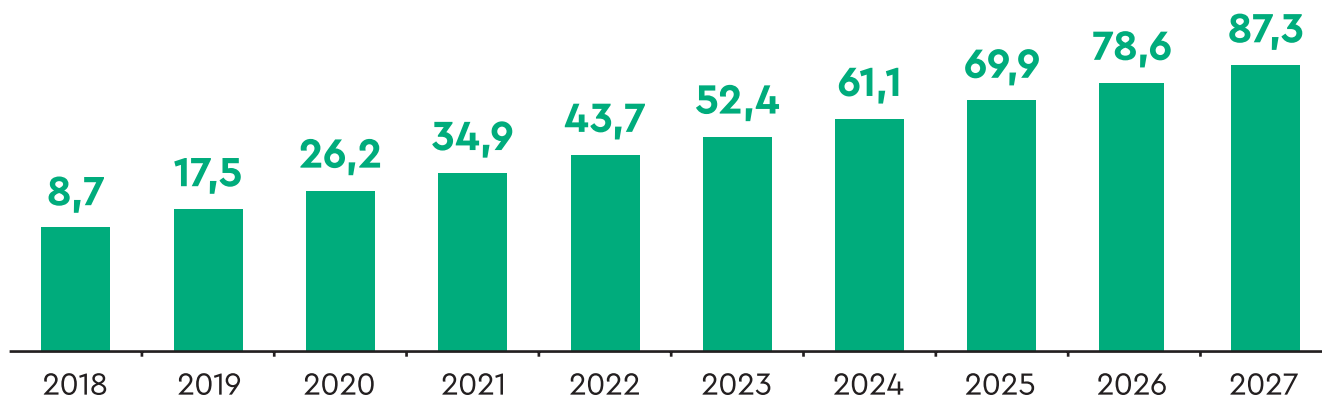


Before implementation of the energy
savings measure



After implementation of the energy
savings measure

POTENTIAL EFFECT FROM USE OF AHC IN EXISTING BUILDINGS (2018-2027)



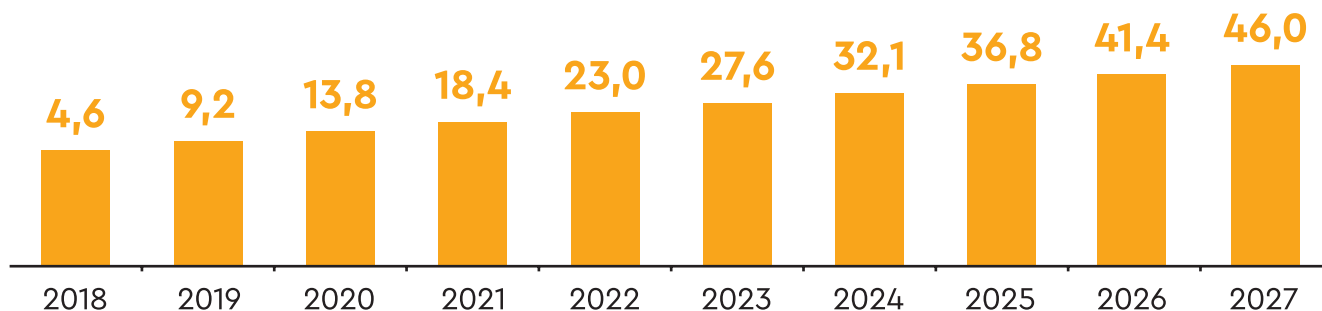
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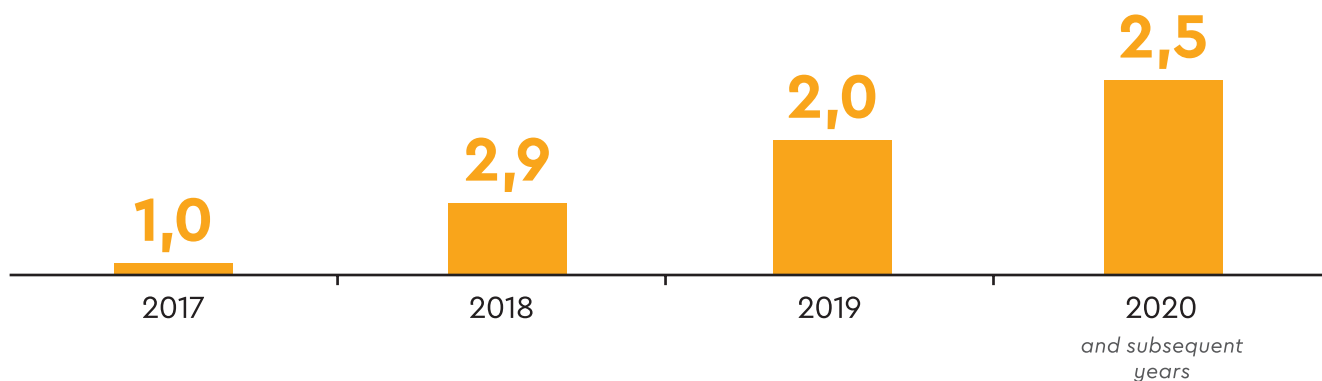
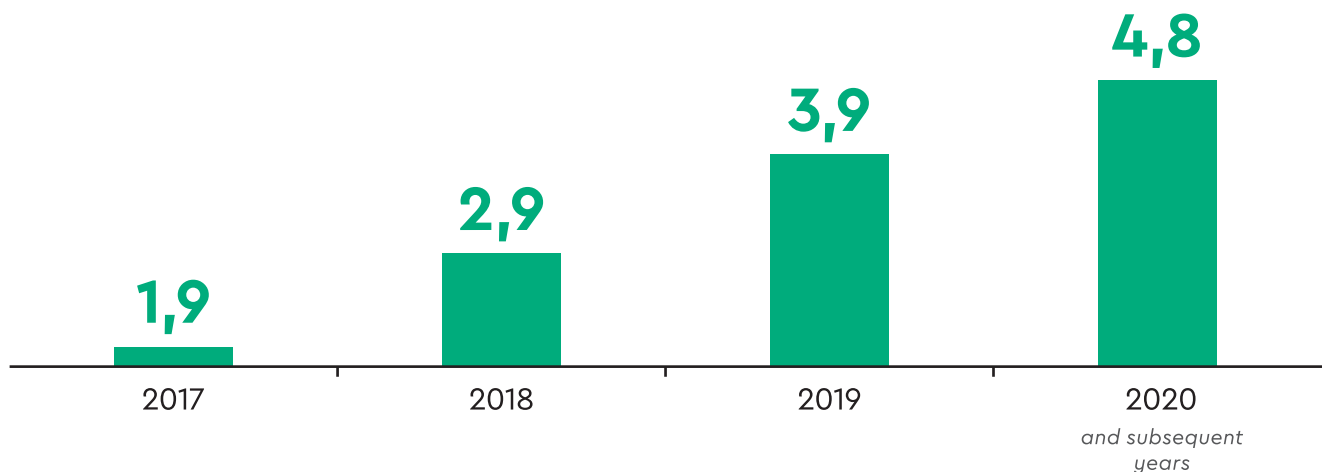
Reduction in greenhouse gas
emissions, thsd. ton CO₂e

Natural gas savings*, mln. m³



*Determined in accordance with the investment plan developed by the UNDP / GEF project for modernization of the residential building stock of Turkmenistan for increasing energy efficiency

POTENTIAL EFFECT FROM USE OF AHC IN NEW RESIDENTIAL BUILDING STOCK (2017-2020)



*Determined in accordance with construction volumes stated in the National Programme for Regional Social Development (2015) and the National Plan for Socioeconomic Development of Turkmenistan for 2011-2030

National partner

**MINISTRY OF COMMUNAL SERVICES
OF TURKMENISTAN**

- ▶ Assessment of potential energy savings in the residential building stock of Turkmenistan
- ▶ Financial analysis and investment plan for modernization of the residential building stock of Turkmenistan for enhanced energy performance

Potential effect of modernization of the residential building stock for enhanced energy performance(2018–2027):

191 MLN. M³ PER YEAR

Reduction of domestic consumption of natural gas

362 THSD. TON CO₂e PER YEAR

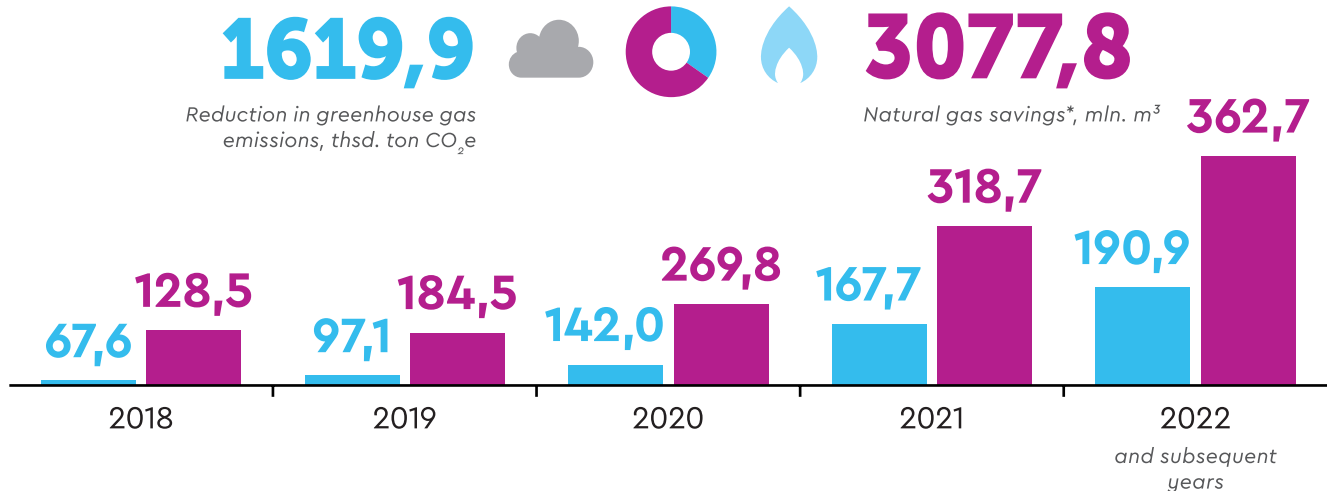
Reduction of greenhouse gas emissions

US \$250 MLN.

Investment distributed over 5 years

7 YEARS

Return on investment from export of saved gas



*Determined in accordance with the researches of the UNDP/GEF project

Developed National Action Plan for Rational Use of Energy in the residential building sector

The goal of the plan is the reduction of annual consumption of energy resources by no less than 0.5 percent in the residential sector of Turkmenistan.

POTENTIAL EFFECT FROM IMPLEMENTATION OF THE NATIONAL ACTION PLAN (2017-2027)

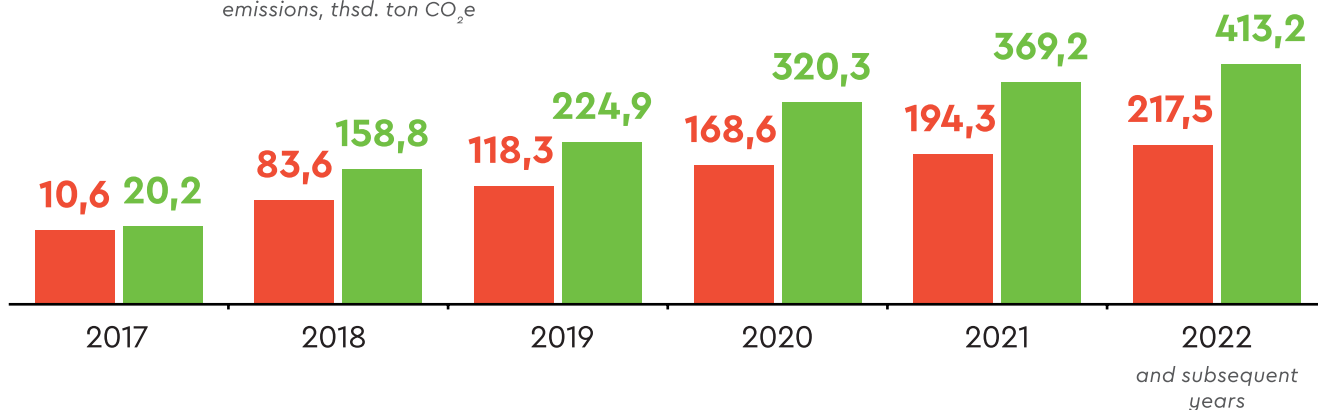
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Reduction in greenhouse gas emissions, thsd. ton CO₂e

Natural gas savings*, mln. m³



*Determined in accordance with the researches of the UNDP/GEF project

National partner

**TURKMEN STATE INSTITUTE FOR ARCHITECTURE
AND CONSTRUCTION (TSIAC)**

○ Curricular program revised
for students at TSIAC

○ Materials developed for
instructors and students
at TSIAC

○ *Confirmed*

A section entitled "Energy Conservation" has been included in the curricular program for students in four specialties of the architectural-construction faculty of TSIAC

Lecture material, practical guidance manuals for the section "Energy Conservation"

Laboratory guidance manuals for the section "Energy Conservation"

An energy conservation laboratory established at TSIAC

Contest on energy-efficient residential building design held among TSIAC students

Supervision provided for two diploma theses of TSIAC students

National partners

STATE CONCERN
"TURKMENGAS"

MINISTRY OF CONSTRUCTION AND
ARCHITECTURE OF TURKMENISTAN

MINISTRY OF COMMUNAL SERVICES
OF TURKMENISTAN

STATE CONCERN "TURKMEN OIL
AND GAS CONSTRUCTION"

TRAININGS, SEMINARS AND PUBLICATIONS



8 TRAINING SESSIONS FOR
120 SPECIALISTS

on design of energy-efficient
residential buildings



1 NATIONAL
SEMINAR

on implementation of energy management
of residential buildings



5 TRAINING SESSIONS FOR
100 SPECIALISTS

on energy audit of residential buildings
across all five velayats



5 TRAINING SESSIONS FOR
100 SPECIALISTS

on organization and implementation
of energy management of residential
buildings across all five velayats



1 NATIONAL
SEMINAR

on implementation of energy audit of
residential buildings



8 ROUNDTABLE MEETINGS
5 WORKING-GROUP
MEETINGS



4 NATIONAL
CONFERENCES



4 PRESENTATIONS
DELIVERED FOR ANNUAL
INTERNATIONAL
CONSTRUCTION
CONFERENCES



4 STUDY
TOURS



**PUBLICATIONS
IN THE LOCAL MASS MEDIA**

to Germany-Denmark, Croatia, Belarus,
and Russia



GUIDANCE MANUALS

▶ Guidance manual developed on
energy efficiency of residential
buildings

▶ Guidance manual developed on
planning and implementation of
energy management for existing
residential buildings of Turkmenistan

