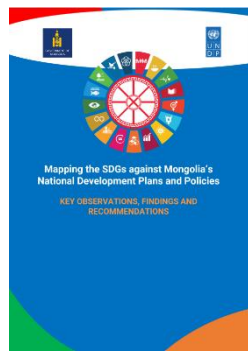




Mapping the SDGs against Mongolia's National Development Plans and Policies

KEY OBSERVATIONS, FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS



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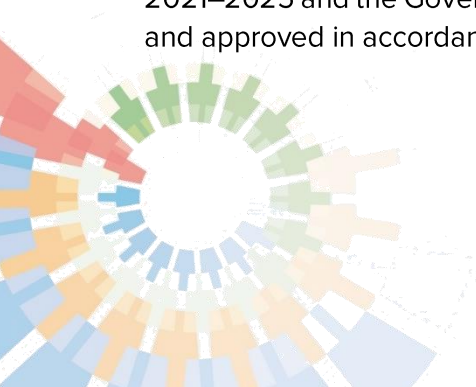
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INTRODUCTION

The United Nations General Assembly adopted the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development (2030 Agenda) in 2015. The 2030 Agenda includes the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), which have 169 targets and 244 indicators. Underlying the 2030 Agenda is the principle of "Leave No One Behind". The agenda aims for an integrated development of all sectors, including the social and economic sectors, while protecting the environment and sustaining natural resources.

Mongolia has been actively working towards achieving the SDGs. It has made significant steps towards the achievement of the 2030 Agenda since its adoption. In February 2016, the Mongolian Parliament (the State Great Khural) approved Mongolia's Sustainable Development Vision 2030 (SDV), which included some SDG goals and targets. It was widely acknowledged that it would be challenging to achieve the SDGs and the SDV. In May 2020, the Parliament of Mongolia revised the Law on Development Policy, Planning and its Management and improved the legal environment.

The revision of the Law on Development Policy, Planning and its Management and the Parliament resolution with reference No. 45 dated 7 May 2020 requires greater policy coherence for all development policy documents. It introduced monitoring indicators and allowed space for planning budget resources to enforce these changes fully; therefore, the guidelines for the preparation of the development policy and planning document were to be revised. In line with the new legal environment, the Parliament approved Vision 2050 as a new long-term, strategic policy document for the country replacing the SDV. Under the umbrella of Vision 2050, the Five-Year Development Guidelines for 2021–2025 and the Government Action Programme for 2020–2024 were also subsequently prepared and approved in accordance with the new law on development policy.





These new policies set the strategic goals, objectives, activities, targets and indicators in multiple economic, social and environmental areas in the medium and long term.



Vision 2050: The Law on Development Policy, Planning and its Management describes Vision 2050 as the long-term development policy which constitutes long-term goals, targets, expected outcomes, actions and indicators aimed at strengthening and ensuring the independence and sovereignty of Mongolia, reflecting global development tendencies in conformity with the country's specific context, preserving the environmental balance, ensuring human development, and advancing economic, social and governance development. As a legal mandate, Vision 2050 sets a goal that, by 2050, Mongolia shall become a leading Asian country in its social development, economic growth and citizens' quality of life.

Five-Year Development Guidelines for 2021–2025: The Five-Year Development Guidelines for 2021–2025 is a mid-term integrated planning document for a five-year period. It aims at implementing the long-term development policy of Mongolia and ensuring the coherence of goals, targets, expected outcomes, financial resources and the quantitative and qualitative indicators with national, sectoral, intersectoral, regional and local objectives.

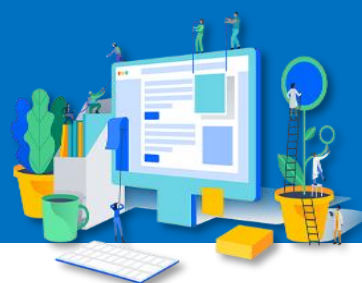
Government Action Programme for 2020–2024: This planning document aims at implementing the Five-Year Development Guidelines for 2021–2025 in conformity with the goals and targets of Vision 2050. To reach the objectives in the programme, a detailed action plan was also developed to plan activities and resources at the end of 2020.

According to amendments in the Law on the Government of Mongolia, the Cabinet Secretariat is responsible for development policy and planning with the National Development Agency. It, therefore, aims to formulate policy planning regulations; monitor, evaluate and develop policy planning, monitoring and evaluation; and develop sectoral development programmes towards achieving the Sustainable Development Goals and Vision 2050. In this regard, the Cabinet Secretariat with UNDP assessed the alignment of the SDGs with the newly approved national development plans and policies through the mapping of their targets and indicators, and assessing their relevance to the country context, and also made **policy recommendations** for the improvement of the alignment of SDGs with the **mid-term development programmes** and policies.





METHODOLOGY



The purpose of this assessment is to conduct a mapping of SDG targets and indicators that are aligned with the newly approved three national development plans and policies. The approach described in the Rapid Integrated Assessment (RIA),¹ a corporate tool developed by UNDP, has been used to map SDG targets and indicators against the three development plans and policies above. The mapping exercise is used to determine relevance, identify interlinkages across targets, and analyse the existing situation. This helps to understand the relevance of the SDGs to the country context of Mongolia, as well as the gaps and interlinkages across targets between the SDGs and national development plans and policies, determining the balance, and supporting countries in mainstreaming the SDGs into national and subnational planning.

This assessment is conducted, focusing only on the first step of the RIA: SDGs mapping against the selected documents which were readily available in December 2020. The detailed results of this assessment are given in Annex A. The RIA is the most fundamental concept for working towards the SDGs and how national policy and the SDGs can work together. In other words, RIAs assess the SDGs' alignment with national, sectoral and local plans, the institutional framework of the government responsible for aligned SDG targets, and the existing monitoring system.


In recent years, a number of assessments have been conducted such as Mongolia SDGs mainstreaming, acceleration policy support report; Mongolia voluntary national review report; and Mapping and assessment of data ecosystem in Mongolia, focusing on institutional capacity, coordination, monitoring and evaluation, and data availability for the SDGs. In order to avoid duplication in studies, therefore, this assessment focuses only on the first step of RIA and assessed the alignment of SDGs and their targets with those of the new plans and policies.

The template illustrated below in Table 1 is for conducting a detailed assessment of the alignment of existing plans, strategies and policies with the SDGs, including corresponding targets, national and subnational indicators, and the institutional apparatus for the subnational indicators which is recognized nationwide. The first stage of the RIA, an analysis of mapping of the Sustainable Development Goals against national development plans and policies, was undertaken using this template.

¹ UNDP. 2017. *Rapid Integrated Assessment (RIA) to facilitate mainstreaming of SDGs into national and local plans*, New York.



Table 1. Rapid integrated assessment sample template

Goals/Target SDGs 	Thematic area/sector, as identified in key government planning documents	Long-term national/subnational development plan	Medium-term national/subnational development plan	Sectoral plan	Identify national indicators for the specific targets	By comparing the national goal/target (if it exists) with the corresponding SDG/target, indicate:
		Identify closest goal/target presented in a document addressing the issues in the corresponding SDG goal/target	Identify closest goal/target presented in a document addressing the issues in the corresponding SDG goal/target	Identify closest goal/target presented in a document addressing the issues in the corresponding SDG goal/target		Is this domestic goal/target aligned with an SDG goal/target? (Yes/No)
People Goal 1. End poverty in all its forms everywhere						
	1.1: By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than US\$1.25 a day.					

A mapping assessment was completed of Mongolia's Vision 2050, the Five-Year Development Guidelines for 2021–2025 and the Government Action Programme for 2020–2024. Table 2 shows the summary statistics and structure of these national development plans and policies.

Table 2. Overview of selected national strategies

	Vision 2050	Five-Year Development Guidelines for 2021–2025	Government Action Programme for 2020–2024	SDGs
Approved date	13 May 2020	28 August 2020	9 Dec 2020	25 Sep 2015
Goals	9	9	23	17
Targets	47 (sub:965)	47 (sub:243)	259 (sub:956)	169
Indicators	73	95	203	244

The following steps were taken:

- Mapped the 169 SDG targets against the three national development plans and policies evaluated in this report:
 - i. Vision 2050
 - ii. Five-Year Development Guidelines for 2021–2025
 - iii. Government Action Programme for 2020–2024



- Compared national goals and targets (of the three national development plans and policies) with the corresponding SDG targets, indicating
 - i. Whether an SDG target (indicator) is reflected in the document
 - ii. Whether an SDG target (indicator) is implemented in the country
 - iii. Whether the SDG target (indicator) is relevant in the country
 - iv. If relevant/aligned, is the target fully aligned or partially aligned with national goals and targets?

Note that:

- Some targets related to global governance and international mechanisms are only for developed countries but not applicable to Mongolia, which is currently categorized as a developing country. Therefore, these targets are identified and separated using a different code of evaluation.
- Life under water-related indicators is separated by using a different colour since Mongolia is landlocked.
- Some targets are listed, identified and evaluated as fully implemented, as they have already been implemented.

To find consistency between national development plans and policies and the Sustainable Development Goals, the SDG targets and indicators were mapped against the targets and indicators of the three national development and plans and policies using the assessment template for mapping (see Table 3) and the definition of the categories as given below:

Table 3. Assessment template for mapping

Fully aligned	Partially aligned	Not aligned	Not relevant for the country	Fully implemented
1	2	3	4	5
There is a target in the national development plans and policies that corresponds and has significant contributions to an SDG target, not only in the text but also in scope and ambition.	There is a target in the national development plans and policies that corresponds and contributes to an SDG target, but not completely in either scope or ambition.	There is no equivalent target in the national development plans and policies to the SDG target in question.	There is no target in the national development plans and policies relevant to the SDG target in question.	The target has already been implemented in the national development plans and policies related to the SDG target in question.



Table 4. Results of the mapping assessment

SDGs	Vision 2050	Five-Year Development Guidelines for 2021–2025	Government Action Programme for 2020–2024
1	2	3	4
169 (targets)	965 (targets)	243 (targets)	956 (targets)
Target 1.1: By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than \$1.25 a day.			
244 (indicators)	73 (indicators)	95 (indicators)	203 (indicators)
Indicator 1.1.1: Proportion of population below the <u>international poverty line</u> , by sex, age, employment status and geographical location (urban/rural)			
Indicator 1.2.1: Proportion of population living below the national poverty line, by sex and age.			



MAIN FINDINGS AND RESULTS



Overall, the SDG principles and approaches are reflected in the recently approved national development plans and policies. Yet, the level of alignment of the SDG indicators is not sufficient.

Mapping of SDG targets against national development plans and policies

The overall level of SDG alignment

The assessment covered all targets and indicators under the SDGs. Based on the analysis of the documents made available for the assessment, 104 to 116 SDG targets out of 169 are aligned, 24 to 27 targets are partially aligned, 12 to 21 targets are not aligned, 13 targets are not relevant, and 4 targets are already implemented across the national development plans and policies, as shown in Table 5.

Table 5. Assessment of the mapping of SDG targets against national development plans and policies

	Aligned	Partial aligned	Not reflected	Not relevant	Fully implemented
Vision 2050	116	24	12	13	4
Five-Year Development Guidelines for 2021–2025	104	27	21	13	4
Government Action Programme for 2020–2024	111	26	15	13	4

The detailed results of the mapping assessment shows that SDG targets are mainly covered in the selected national development plans and policies (see Annex A). However, the assessment found that:

- There are gaps in the alignment of some SDG targets with the three national development plan and policies. The documents are insufficiently aligned or are in low alignment with these SDG targets: SDG 10.c, SDG 13.3, SDG 14.4, SDG 15.7, SDG 15.8, SDG 17.18 and SDG 17.19.
- Though some SDG targets (SDG 10.7, SDG 11.b, SDG 11.c, SDG 12.6, SDG 12.8, SDG 12.c, SDG 15.c and SDG 16.a) are well aligned with Vision 2050, they are less aligned with either the Five-Year Development Guidelines for 2021–2025 or the Government Action Programme for 2020–2024.
- The level of alignment for some targets is better with the Five-Year Development Guidelines for 2021–2025 than with Vision 2050. These SDG targets includes: SDG 3.6, SDG 5.5, SDG 8.8, SDG 9.a, SDG 12.1, SDG 15.b, SDG 17.15 and SDG 17.16. The alignments is full or partial rather than partial alignment or no alignment. For example, SDG 3.6 is considered as being fully aligned in the Five-Year Development Guidelines while it is partially aligned in Vision 2050.



Vision 2050

Overall, the main strategic document, Vision 2050, is aligned with the SDGs. Figure 1 presents the alignment of SDG targets with the policy objectives of Vision 2050. Out of the 169 SDG targets, 116, or 69 percent, are fully aligned, whereas 24 (14%) are partially aligned. Only 12 targets (7%) are not reflected in Vision 2050 and another 13 targets (8%) are not relevant. The results of the detailed assessment can be found in Annex B and Annex C.



Figure 1. Mapping of Vision 2050 with the SDGs – Targets

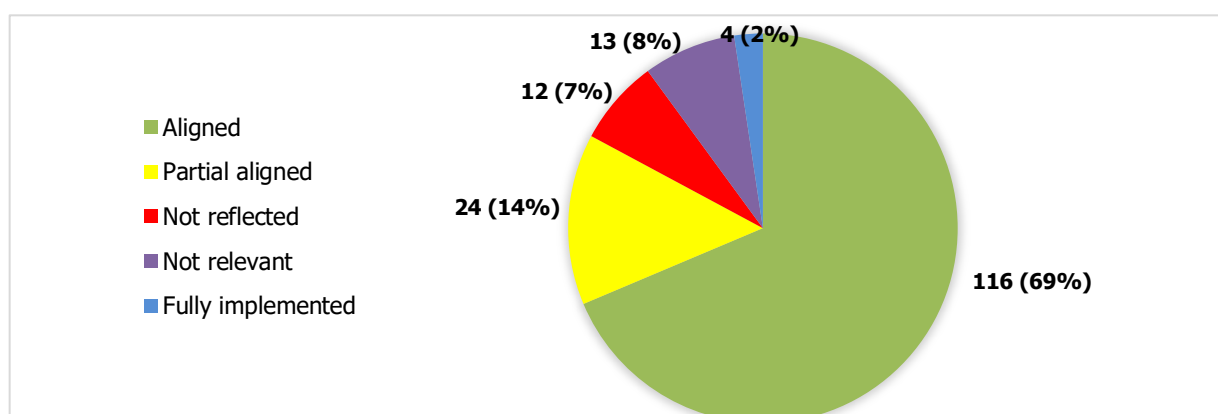


Table 6. Mapping of Vision 2050 with the SDGs – Goals

SDG goals	SDG targets	Aligned targets
No poverty	7	6
Zero hunger	8	8
Good health and well-being	13	11
Quality education	10	9
Gender equality	9	5
Clean water and sanitation	8	7
Affordable and clean energy	5	5
Decent work and economic growth	12	9
Industry, innovation and infrastructure	8	7
Reduced inequalities	10	8
Sustainable cities and communities	10	6
Responsible consumption and production	11	9
Climate action	5	3
Life below water	10	0
Life on land	12	6
Peace, justice and strong institutions	12	10
Partnerships for the goals	19	7



Table 6 shows how many targets for each SDG are aligned with Vision 2050. SDG 2: Zero hunger, SDG 7: Affordable and clean energy, and SDG 4: Quality education are well aligned with Vision 2050, while for SDG 5: Gender equality, SDG 15: Life on land and SDG 17: Partnerships, the level of overall goal alignments is low as indicated in the red text. These low-aligned targets are needed to be taken into account when developing specific mid-term development programmes.

The assessment noted that the following SDG goals are well aligned with Vision 2050:

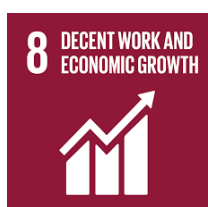


SDG 2: Zero hunger



SDG 7: Affordable and clean energy

The assessment identified critical gaps in Vision 2050 related to the following SDGs and targets:



8.8 Labour rights and safe working environment



10.c Remittance costs



12.1 Programmes on sustainable consumption and production



17.15 Respect country's policy space
17.16 Global partnership for sustainable development
17.18 National statistical availability
17.19 Statistical capacity



13.3 Climate change awareness



14.4 Sustainable fishing



15.7 Protected species trafficking
15.8 Invasive alien species
15.b Resources for forest management

Note: Though SDG 8.8, SDG 12.1, SDG 15.b, SDG 17.15 and SDG 17.16 are not aligned with Vision 2050, they are partially reflected in the Five-Year Development Guidelines for 2021–2025.

Overall, as mentioned above, SDG targets are generally well addressed in Vision 2050. However, there are still some targets that have **not** been reflected effectively:



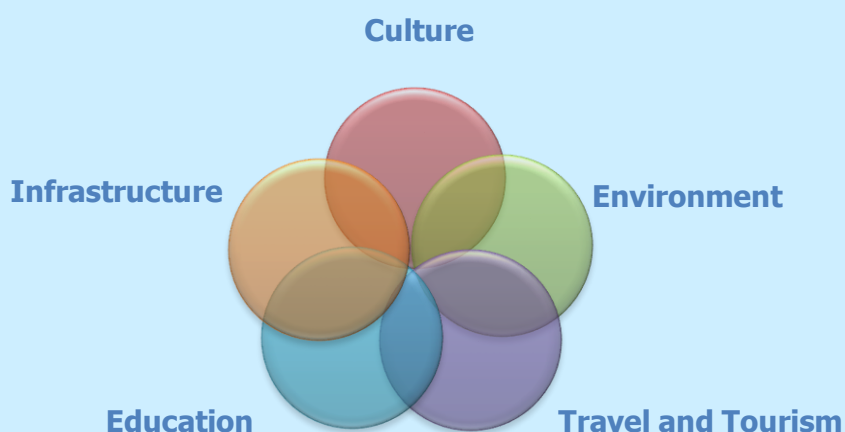
	1.b Poverty eradication policies		11.2 Public transport systems 11.3 Sustainable urbanization 11.b Disaster risk management policies 11.c Sustainable and resilient buildings
	3.6 Road traffic accidents		12.6 Corporate sustainable practices
	4.6 Adult literacy and numeracy		13.b Climate change planning and management
	5.5 Women in leadership 5.a Equal economic rights 5.c Gender equality policies		15.6 Utilization of genetic resources 15.a Resources for biodiversity and ecosystems 15.c Protected species trafficking (global)
	6.5 Transboundary water cooperation		16.8 Inclusive global governance
	8.5 Full employment and decent work 8.b Strategy for youth employment		17.1 Tax and other revenue collection 17.9 Capacity building for SDGs 17.14 Policy coherence for sustainable development
	9.a Resilient infrastructure		
	10.6 Inclusive global governance		

Cross-sectoral alignment in the SDGs

The assessment also identified various cross-sectoral alignments, and these have been reflected and highlighted in **Annex D**. The achievement of one SDG target requires the implementation of more than one policy, therefore requiring inter-agency cooperation. In fact, the majority (70%) of the 116 SDG targets integrated in national policies require inter-agency involvement. For example, **Target 11.4**. “Strengthen efforts to protect and safeguard the world's cultural and natural heritage” requires involvement of different targets under the different sectors, namely, culture, environment, travel and tourism, education and infrastructure.



Figure 2. Interlinked sectors for Target 11.4



According to the analysis (Annex D), there are 20 SDG targets for which 2 national policy objectives of Vision 2050 will contribute to progress on each one, 29 SDG targets are associated with 3 objectives, and 27 SDG targets involve 4 or more policy objectives. For effective implementation and alignment of cross-sectoral SDG targets and indicators in national policies and strategies, inter-agency coordination, participatory stakeholder processes and clear guidance are critical. In this way, the planned goals and targets will be achieved successfully.

Mapping of SDG indicators against national development plans and policies

In the selected three national development plans and policies, only **20** indicators out of 244 SDG indicators are used to monitor the results. In Mongolia, data for **100** indicators are not available. This issue needs further discussion in order to identify the reasons and find effective solutions.



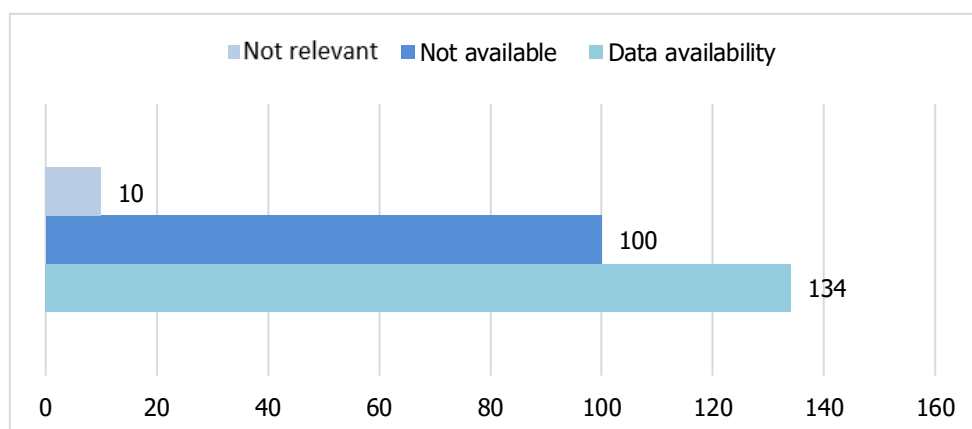
Vision 2050 and the Five-Year Development Guidelines for 2021–2025.

The same result was found comparing the SDG indicators against Vision 2050 and the Five-Year Development Guidelines for 2021–2025.

In the analysis, SDG indicators were mapped against the national development plans and policies indicators for which data are available. This is shown in Figure 3. Data are available for 134 SDG indicators (55%). However, for the selected three development plans and policies in this mapping analysis, only 18 to 20 SDG indicators are applied in their results framework and 114 to 116 indicators are not. The indicators which are without data availability or not relevant are shown in Tables 7 to 9.



Figure 3. Data availability of SDG indicators



Source: National Statistical System, Mongolia, <http://www.1212.mn>

Table 7. Assessment of the mapping of SDG indicators against national priorities

	Aligned	Data available, but not aligned	Not relevant	Data not available
Vision 2050	20	114	10	100
Five-Year Development Guidelines for 2021–2025	20	114	10	100
Government Action Programme for 2020–2024	18	116	10	100

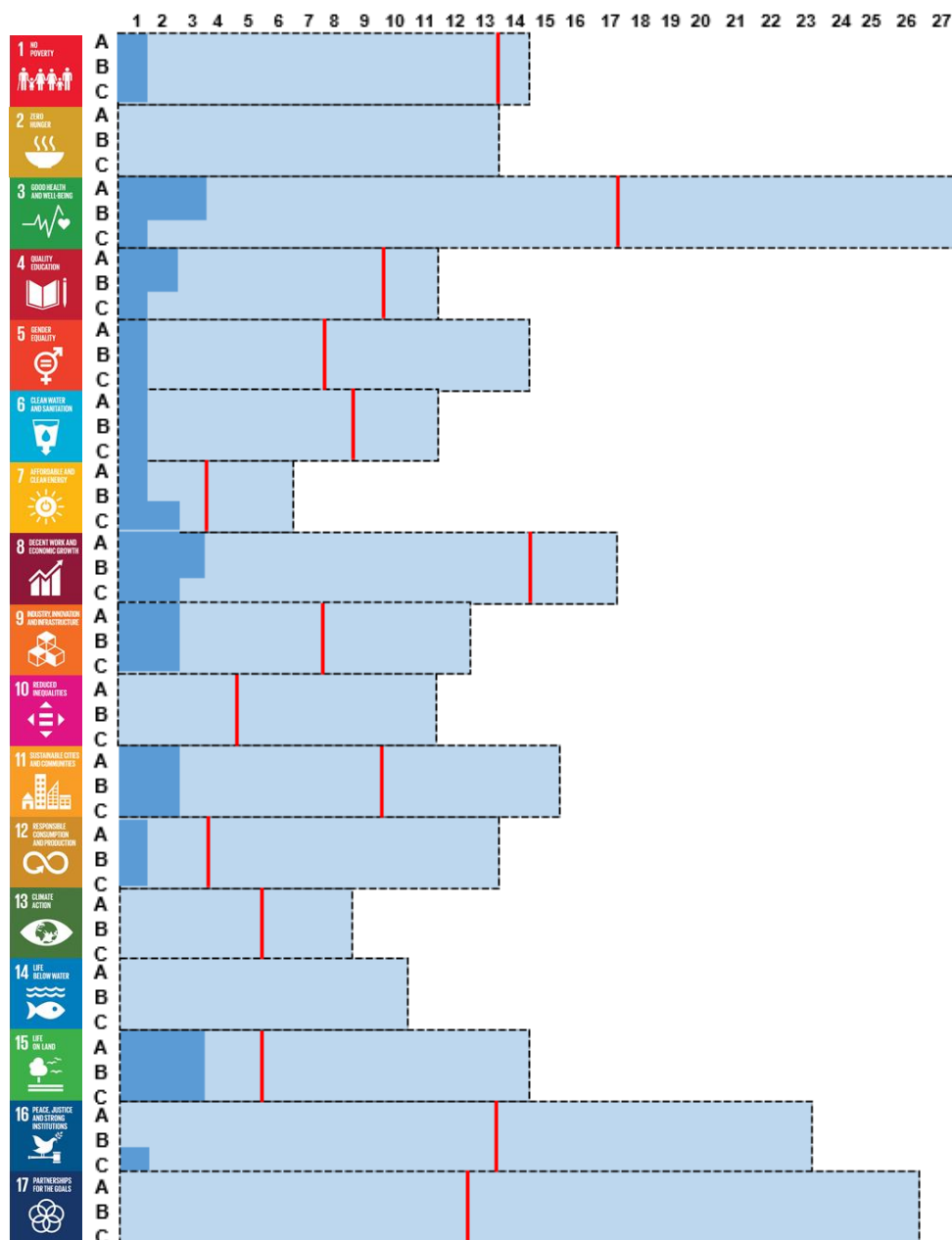
Table 8. Alignment of indicators of Vision 2050 and the Five-Year Development Guidelines for 2021–2025

SDG 15	3
SDG 3	3
SDG 8	3
SDG 11	2
SDG 4	2
SDG 9	2
SDG 1	1
SDG 12	1
SDG 5	1
SDG 6	1
SDG 7	1
SDG 10	0
SDG 13	0
SDG 14	0
SDG 16	0
SDG 17	0
SDG 2	0



Table 9. Mapping of SDG indicators against national development plans and policies indicators

Aligned	Not reflected	Not relevant	Data not available
18–20	114–116	10	100



Legend:

- A** Vision 2050
- B** Five-Year Development Guidelines for 2021–2025
- C** Government Action Programme for 2020–2024
- Highlighted** Overall SDG indicators
- Heavy highlight** Aligned
- |** Data are available



Several issues related to the usage of SDG indicators, including data gaps, have been identified. Addressing these issues will be critical for enabling and informing the implementation process in a timely and accessible manner. For instance:

- It was noted that SDG indicators and their baselines for Mongolia have not yet been approved by the Government of Mongolia. However, they are in the process of being approved.
- The SDG targets are designed to be applied to all countries around the world, not just developing, landlocked countries and small countries like Mongolia. Therefore, some indicators and targets, such as marine resources and those related to Official Development Assistance, are not relevant for Mongolia.
- For the majority of SDG indicators, their information sources and methodologies are not available.
- It was noted that a number of 10-year target sectoral development programmes are planned for development in 2021–2022. Therefore, it is expected that as many SDG indicators as possible will be applied in these 10-year target development programmes.
- The alignment of SDG indicators is too low. Special attention is needed to understand the importance of the SDG indicators and for clear coordination and assignment of responsibilities among all the institutions involved in the development and reporting of national indicators.

According to assessments of existing monitoring and coordination systems, the results framework, outcome-based planning, budgeting, and monitoring and evaluation should be strengthened.





CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the assessments, the following conclusions and recommendations are made:

- Approximately **80 percent** of SDG targets are covered by the national strategies: Vision 2050, the Five-Year Development Guidelines for 2021–2025 and the Government Action Programme for 2020–2024.
- However, the analysis showed gaps related to the SDGs. Out of 169 targets, 11 to 20 targets of the SDGs are not aligned with the selected national strategies. These gaps are mainly in

SDG 8.8: Labour rights and safe working environment

SDG 10.c: Remittance costs

SDG 12.1: Programmes on sustainable consumption and production

SDG 13.3: Climate change awareness

SDG 14.4: Sustainable Fishing

SDG 15.7: Protected species trafficking

SDG 15.8: Invasive alien species

SDG 15.b: Resources for forest management

SDG 17.15: Respecting each country's policy space

SDG 17.16: Global partnership for SDGs

SDG 17.18: National statistical availability

SDG 17.19: Statistical capacity and leadership.

These gaps should be considered during the course of future policy development. They should particularly be reflected in **mid-term development programmes**.

- The analysis shows that the target of affordable and clean energy infrastructure and the target of zero hunger in Vision 2050 are well aligned with the SDGs. The next step is to consider the implementation of the targets. This requires ensuring financing, developing a monitoring framework, incorporating relevant indicators and providing an adequate budget at the national and local levels.
- As for the targets that are partially aligned and not aligned, the focus of those targets of policy planning in Mongolia are **broader** than the SDGs. To increase the alignment level, the expected outcome level of targets should be reflected in further development plans and policies.
- The country context matters. For instance, the word "poverty" is avoided and not used in all the selected policy documents. However, there are many targets and activities in these policy documents which address a variety of deprivations in income, nutrition, education, health and living standards; these make clear and significant contributions to reducing poverty and increasing the size of the middle class.



- A mapping assessment should be undertaken to align **local strategies** with the SDGs, including indicators to achieve the SDGs at the local level.
- It is recommended to use as many SDG indicators as possible in the upcoming national plans and policies, especially in the 10-year target development programmes as well as budget analysis, since they are **internationally recognized for evaluating social and economic development outcomes**. The three policy documents used **only 8 percent** of the SDG indicators. Increasing the usage of SDG indicators is highly recommended for SDG integration. Mid-term policy documents and development target programmes should include more SDG indicators and then monitor the implementation.
- For further usage in Mongolia, SDG indicators should be made available to monitor, evaluate and inform the performance and progress of the achievement of the related targets and indicators in a timely and accessible manner. Therefore, **enhancing institutional settings, monitoring mechanisms** and **capacity, minimizing data gaps**, and improving **web-based monitoring** and the **planning system** need early consideration and actions because these issues and bottlenecks, including the need for timely data, will be critical for monitoring, evaluation and evidence-based policy adjustments.
- Since this mapping exercise used only the first step of Rapid Integrated Assessment, comprehensive assessments should be undertaken in the future, following all the steps of RIA, to determine the development cooperation framework which is the best instrument for achieving the 2030 Agenda and the SDGs.









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ANNEXES

Annex A. Assessment of alignment between the SDGs and Mongolia's national development plans and policies

	Target	Vision 2050	Five-year general guidelines for the development of Mongolia	Government implementation plan under the Government four-year action programme
SDG 1 	1.1	F	F	F
	1.2	F	F	F
	1.3	F	F	F
	1.4	F	F	F
	1.5	F	P	F
	1.a	F	P	P
	1.b	P	P	F
	SDG 2 	2.1	F	F
2.2		F	P	F
2.3		F	F	F
2.4		F	F	F
2.5		F	P	P
2.a		F	F	F
2.b		F	F	F
2.c		F	F	P
SDG 3 	3.1	F	F	F
	3.2	F	F	F
	3.3	F	F	F
	3.4	F	F	F
	3.5	F	P	F
	3.6	P	F	F
	3.7	F	F	F
	3.8	F	F	F
	3.9	F	F	F
	3.a	I	I	I
	3.b	F	F	F
	3.c	F	F	F
	3.d	F	F	F
	SDG 4 	4.1	F	F
4.2		F	F	F
4.3		F	F	F

4.4	F	F	F
4.5	F	F	F
4.6	P	P	P
4.7	F	F	F
4.a	F	F	F
4.b	F	F	F
4.c	F	F	F

SDG 5



5.1	F	P	F
5.2	F	F	F
5.3	F	F	F
5.4	F	P	F
5.5	P	P	F
5.6	F	F	F
5.a	P	P	P
5.b	I	I	I
5.c	P	P	F

SDG 6



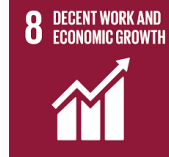
6.1	F	F	F
6.2	F	F	F
6.3	F	F	F
6.4	F	F	F
6.5	P	P	P
6.6	F	F	F
6.a	F	F	F
6.b	F	P	F

SDG 7








7.1	F	F	F
7.2	F	F	F
7.3	F	F	F
7.a	F	F	F
7.b	F	F	F

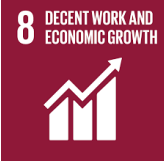
SDG 8



8.1	F	F	F
8.2	F	F	F
8.3	F	F	F
8.4	F	F	P
8.5	P	P	P
8.6	F	F	F
8.7	F	F	P
8.8	N	P	P
8.9	F	F	F
8.10	F	F	F
8.a	F	F	F
8.b	P	P	P

SDG 9				
	9.1	F	F	F
	9.2	F	F	F
	9.3	F	F	F
	9.4	F	F	F
	9.5	F	F	F
	9.a	P	P	F
	9.b	F	F	F
	9.c	F	F	F
	SDG 10			
	10.1	F	F	F
	10.2	F	F	F
	10.3	F	F	F
	10.4	F	F	F
	10.5	F	F	P
	10.6	P	N	P
	10.7	F	N	N
	10.a	F	F	F
	10.b	F	F	F
	10.c	N	N	N
SDG 11				
	11.1	F	F	F
	11.2	P	P	P
	11.3	P	P	P
	11.4	F	F	F
	11.5	F	F	F
	11.6	F	F	F
	11.7	F	F	F
	11.a	F	F	F
	11.b	P	N	N
	11.c	P	N	N
SDG-12				
	12.1	N	N	P
	12.2	F	F	P
	12.3	F	F	F
	12.4	F	P	F
	12.5	F	F	F
	12.6	P	N	N
	12.7	F	F	F
	12.8	F	N	N
	12.a	F	F	F
	12.b	F	F	F
12.c	F	N	N	

SDG 13				
	13.1	F	F	F
	13.2	F	F	F
	13.3	N	N	N
	13.a	F	F	F
	13.b	P	P	P
SDG 14				
	14.1	R	R	R
	14.2	R	R	R
	14.3	R	R	R
	14.4	N	N	N
	14.5	R	R	R
	14.6	R	R	R
	14.7	R	R	R
	14.a	R	R	R
	14.b	R	R	R
	14.c	R	R	R
SDG 15				
	15.1	F	F	F
	15.2	F	F	F
	15.3	F	F	F
	15.4	F	F	F
	15.5	F	F	F
	15.6	P	P	P
	15.7	N	N	N
	15.8	N	N	N
	15.9	F	F	F
	15.a	P	P	P
	15.b	N	N	P
	15.c	P	N	N
SDG 16				
	16.1	F	F	F
	16.2	F	F	F
	16.3	F	F	F
	16.4	F	F	F
	16.5	F	F	F
	16.6	F	F	F
	16.7	F	F	F
	16.8	P	N	F
	16.9	I	I	I
	16.10	F	F	F
	16.a	F	N	N
16.b	F	F	F	

 <p>SDG 17 8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH</p>	17.1	P	N	P
	17.2	R	R	R
	17.3	R	R	R
	17.4	F	F	F
	17.5	F	F	F
	17.6	F	F	F
	17.7	R	R	R
	17.8	F	F	F
	17.9	P	P	P
	17.10	I	I	I
	17.11	F	F	F
	17.12	R	R	R
	17.13	F	F	F
	17.14	P	P	P
	17.15	N	N	P
	17.16	N	P	P
	17.17	F	F	F
	17.18	N	N	N
	17.19	N	N	N

Legend:

F – Fully aligned

P – Partially aligned

N – Not aligned

R – Not relevant

I – Fully implemented

Annex B. Mapping the targets of Vision 2050 with the SDGs



NO POVERTY

- 1.1 International poverty
- 1.2 National poverty
- 1.3 Social protection
- 1.4 Access to basic services
- 1.5 Resilience to disasters
- 1 a Resources for poverty programs
- 1 b Poverty eradication policies



ZERO HUNGER

- 2.1 Undernourishment and food security
- 2.2 Malnutrition
- 2.3 Small-scale food producers
- 2.4 Small-scale food producers
- 2.5 Genetic resources for agriculture
- 2.a Investment in agriculture
- 2. b Agricultural export subsidies
- 2.c Food price anomalies



GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING

- 3.1 Maternal mortality
- 3.2 Child mortality
- 3.3 Communicable diseases
- 3.4 NCD & mental health
- 3.5 Substance abuse
- 3.6 Road traffic accidents
- 3.7 Sexual & reproductive health
- 3.8 Universal health coverage
- 3.9 Health impact of pollution
- 3.a Tobacco control
- 3.b R&D for health
- 3.c Health financing & workforce
- 3.d Management of health risks



QUALITY EDUCATION

- 4.1 Effective learning outcomes
- 4.2 Early childhood development
- 4.3 TVET & tertiary education
- 4.4 Skills for employment
- 4.5 Equal access to education
- 4.6 Adult literacy & numeracy
- 4.7 Sustainable development education
- 4.a Education facilities
- 4.b Scholarships
- 4.c Qualified teachers



GENDER EQUALITY

- 5.1 Discrimination against women & girls
- 5.2 Violence against women & girls
- 5.3 Early marriage
- 5.4 Unpaid care and domestic work
- 5.5 Women in leadership
- 5.5 Women in leadership
- 5.a Equal economic rights
- 5.b Technology for women empowerment
- 5.c Gender equality policies



CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION

- 6.1 Safe drinking water
- 6.2 Access to sanitation & hygiene
- 6.3 Water quality
- 6.4 Water-use efficiency
- 6.5 Trans-boundary water cooperation
- 6.6 Water-related ecosystems
- 6.a International cooperation on water & sanitation
- 6.b Participatory water & sanitation management



AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY

- 7.1 Access to energy services
- 7.2 Share of renewable energy
- 7.3 Energy efficiency
- 7.a International cooperation on energy
- 7.b Investing in energy infrastructure



DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH

- 8.1 Per capita economic growth
- 8.2 Economic productivity & innovation
- 8.3 Formalization of SMEs
- 8.4 Material resource efficiency
- 8.5 Full employment & decent work
- 8.6 Youth NEET
- 8.7 Child & forced labour
- 8.8 Labour rights & safe working environment
- 8.9 Sustainable tourism
- 8.10 Access to financial services
- 8.a Aid for Trade
- 8.a Aid for Trade



INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

- 9.1 Infrastructure development
- 9.2 Sustainable/inclusive industrialization
- 9.3 Small-scale industries access to finance
- 9.4 Sustainable & clean industries
- 9.5 Research and development
- 9.a Resilient infrastructure
- 9.b Domestic technology development



REDUCED INEQUALITIES

- 10.1 Income growth (bottom 40%)
- 10.2 Inclusion (social, economic & political)
- 10.3 Eliminate discrimination
- 10.4 Fiscal & social protection policies
- 10.5 Regulation of financial markets
- 10.6 Inclusive global governance
- 10.7 Safe migration & mobility
- 10.7 Safe migration & mobility
- 10.b Resource flows for development
- 10.c Remittance costs



SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES

- 11.1 Housing & basic services
- 11.2 Public transport systems
- 11.3 Sustainable urbanization
- 11.4 Cultural & natural heritage
- 11.5 Resilience to disasters
- 11.6 Urban air quality & waste management
- 11.7 Urban green & public spaces
- 11.a Urban planning
- 11.b Disaster risk management policies
- 11.c Sustainable & resilient buildings



RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION

- 12.1 Programmes on Sustainable consumption and production
- 12.2 Sustainable use of natural resources
- 12.3 Food waste & losses
- 12.4 Managing chemicals & wastes
- 12.5 Reduction in waste generation
- 12.6 Corporate sustainable practices
- 12.7 Public procurement practices
- 12.8 Sustainable development awareness
- 12.a Support for R&D capacity for sustainable development
- 12.b Sustainable tourism monitoring
- 12.c Fossil-fuel subsidies



CLIMATE ACTION

- 13.1 Resilience & adaptive capacity
- 13.2 Climate change policies
- 13.3 Climate change awareness
- 13.a UNFCCC commitments
- 13.b Climate change planning & management



LIFE BELOW WATER

- 14.1 Marine pollution
- 14.2 Marine & coastal ecosystems
- 14.3 Ocean acidification
- 14.4 Sustainable fishing
- 14.5 Conservation of coastal areas
- 14.6 Fisheries subsidies
- 14.7 Marine resources for SIDS & LDC
- 14.a Research capacity & marine technology
- 14.b Small-scale artisanal fishing
- 14.c Implementing UNCLOS



LIFE ON LAND

- 15.1 Terrestrial & freshwater ecosystems
- 15.2 Sustainable forests management
- 15.3 Desertification and land degradation
- 15.4 Conservation of mountain ecosystems
- 15.5 Loss of biodiversity
- 15.6 Utilization of genetic resources
- 15.7 Protected species trafficking
- 15.8 Invasive alien species
- 15.9 Biodiversity in national & local planning
- 15.a Resources for biodiversity & ecosystems
- 15.b Resources for forest management
- 15.c Protected species trafficking (global)



PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS

- 16.1 Reduction of violence & related deaths
- 16.2 Human trafficking
- 16.3 Justice for all
- 16.4 Illicit financial and arms flows
- 16.5 Corruption and bribery
- 16.6 Effective institutions
- 16.7 Inclusive decision-making
- 16.8 Inclusive global governance
- 16.9 Legal identity
- 16.10 Public access to information
- 16.a Capacity to prevent violence
- 16.b Non-discriminatory laws



PARTNERSHIP FOR THE GOALS

- 17.1 Tax & other revenue collection
- 17.2 ODA commitment by developed countries
- 17.3 Additional financial resources
- 17.4 Debt sustainability
- 17.5 Investment promotion for LDCs
- 17.6 Science and tech international cooperation
- 17.7 Transfer of technologies
- 17.8 Capacity building for ICT
- 17.9 Capacity building for SDGs
- 17.10 Multilateral trading system (WTO)
- 17.11 Exports of developing countries
- 17.12 Duty-free market access for LDCs
- 17.13 Global macroeconomic stability
- 17.14 Policy coherence for sustainable development
- 17.15 Respect country's policy space
- 17.16 Global partnership for sustainable development
- 17.17 Partnerships (public, private, CSOs)
- 17.18 National statistics availability
- 17.19 Statistical capacity

Legend:

- Fully aligned ■
- Partially aligned ■
- Not aligned ■
- Not relevant ■
- Fully implemented ■



Annex C. Mapping the SDGs with Vision 2050 at the target level

		Vision 2050											
		I. Shared national values					II. Human development						
		National pride and unity	Mongolia as a Nomadic Civilization	Mongolian Language and Script	Academic Research and Enlightenment of the Society	The world's Mongolia	Education	Health	Family	Science and Innovation	Favourable living environment	Labour Market	Gene pool of Mongolians
SDGs	No poverty (7)							2			4	1	
	Zero hunger (8)						2	1	1		1	1	
	Good health and well-being (13)						1	10	1	1	1		
	Quality education (10)						9	1		1			
	Gender equality (9)		1				1	1	1	2		1	
	Clean water and sanitation (8)						1				3		
	Affordable and clean energy (5)										1		
	Decent work and economic growth (12)						1		2	2		1	2
	Industry, innovation and infrastructure (8)						2			2	1	1	
	Reduced inequalities (10)								3			3	
	Sustainable cities and communities (10)	1	1	1	1	1		2	1	1		3	2
	Responsible consumption and production (11)									1	3		
	Climate action (5)							1	1		1		
	Life below water (10)												
	Life on land (12)												
Peace, justice and strong institutions (12)								1					
Partnership for the goals (19)		1							2	1	1		

		Vision 2050														
		III. Quality of life and middle class							IV. Economy							
		Social protection and reform of the		Affordable housing	Employment and start-up business		Funding to support the middle class	Healthy and active lifestyle	Land relations	Affluent Mongolian	Priority economic sectors	Smart financial market	Regional cooperation		Competitive brand products	National wealth fund
SDGs	No poverty (7)	6	1	1	1	2	1	2	1			1				
	Zero hunger (8)	1				1		1				2		1		
	Good health and well-being (13)															
	Quality education (10)					1										
	Gender equality (9)													1	1	
	Clean water and sanitation (8)			1												
	Affordable and clean energy (5)										5					
	Decent work and economic growth (12)			1	2	1	1			2	4	3	2	3	2	
	Industry, innovation and infrastructure (8)									1	1	3		2		
	Reduced inequalities (10)	2				1	2			2		1	2	1		
	Sustainable cities and communities (10)			3							2					
	Responsible consumption and production (11)					1				1	1	1				
	Climate action (5)															
	Life below water (10)															
	Life on land (12)								2							
	Peace, justice and strong institutions (12)											1				
	Partnership for the goals (19)					1	1			1	5	1	1	1	1	1

		Vision 2050																				
		V. Governance					VI. Green development															
		Smart governance	Smart structure	E-Mongolia	Competent and ethical civil service	Society that upholds human rights	Corruption-free governance	The Nature as the primary ecosystem	Benefits of the natural resources	Water as a priceless wealth	Low emission, productive and inclusive green development											
SDGs	No poverty (7)	1																				
	Zero hunger (8)											2										
	Good health and well-being (13)													1						1		
	Quality education (10)						1															
	Gender equality (9)		1	1		2	3															
	Clean water and sanitation (8)									1				5	1					2		
	Affordable and clean energy (5)																			4		
	Decent work and economic growth (12)															1				1		
	Industry, innovation and infrastructure (8)				1											1		1		1		
	Reduced inequalities (10)	1					2															
	Sustainable cities and communities (10)									1										1		
	Responsible consumption and production (11)	1														2		1		6	1	
	Climate action (5)															1				3	1	1
	Life below water (10)															1						
	Life on land (12)										5	2	2	3	2	2	2	2		2	1	
	Peace, justice and strong institutions (12)	2	1	3	1	1	1	3	2							1						
Partnership for the goals (19)	2	1	1					1							1		1			1		

		Vision 2050																
		VII. Safe and secure society					VIII. Regional and local development			IX. Ulaanbaatar and satellite cities								
		Armed Forces	National border	Safety of people and society	Development of the law enforcement	Information security	Infrastructure	Tourism	Sustainable agriculture	People-centred city	Environment focused solutions	Planning-centred development	Good governance of the city	Satellite cities				
SDGs	No poverty (7)																	
	Zero hunger (8)							6		1				3				
	Good health and well-being (13)			1						1	1							
	Quality education (10)								1									
	Gender equality (9)			1														
	Clean water and sanitation (8)									6	4			1				
	Affordable and clean energy (5)										4							
	Decent work and economic growth (12)							1	2			1	1	3				
	Industry, innovation and infrastructure (8)					1	1		1		1	2						
	Reduced inequalities (10)																	
	Sustainable cities and communities (10)			1	2			1	1		1	3	2	3	2	1	3	1
	Responsible consumption and production (11)								1	1		4						
	Climate action (5)			2	1	1		1	1	1		1						
	Life below water (10)																	
	Life on land (12)																	
Peace, justice and strong institutions (12)	1		4	2										1				
Partnership for the goals (19)			1	1			1		1		1							

Legend:

- Fully aligned
- Partially aligned
- Not aligned
- Not relevant
- Fully implemented



Annex D. Mapping the cross-sectoral targets of Vision 2050 to the SDG targets

Vision 2050	SDG 1							SDG 2							SDG 3														
	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.a	1.b	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.a	2.b	2.c	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.9	3.a	3.b	3.c	3.d	
1.1																													
1.2																													
1.3																													
1.4																													
1.5																													
2.1								F	F														F						
2.2								F								F	F	F	F	F		F	F		I	F	F	F	
2.3	F	F						F														F							
2.4																													
2.5									F																F				
2.6	F	F		F		F	P	F																					
2.7																													
3.1	F	F	F	F	F	F	P	F																					
3.2			F				P																						
3.3				F		F	P			F																			
3.4	F	F					P	F																					
3.5																													
3.6																													
4.1							P																						
4.2										F	F																		
4.3															F														
4.4																													
4.5																													
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5.1						F																							
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6.2											F	F																	
6.3																									F				
6.4																								F					
7.1																													
7.2																													
7.3																				F									
7.4																													
7.5																													
8.1																													
8.2																													
8.3								F		F	F	F	F		F														
9.1																													
9.2																													
9.3											F														F				
9.4																													
9.5											F	F	F								P								

Vision 2050	SDG 4										SDG 5							SDG 6									
	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.7	4.a	4.b	4.c	5.1	5.2	5.3	5.4	5.5	5.6	5.a	5.b	5.c	6.1	6.2	6.3	6.4	6.5	6.6	6.a	6.b
1.1																											
1.2													F														
1.3																											
1.4																											
1.5																											
2.1	F	F	F	F	F	P	F	F	F	F								I									
2.2															F			I									
2.3									F																		
2.4																											
2.5																											
2.6																			I								
2.7																											
3.1																											
3.2																											
3.3				F																	F						
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5.1																											
5.2																											
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5.5								F									P										
5.6																											
6.1																										F	
6.2																											
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7.3													F														
7.4																											
7.5																											
8.1																											
8.2																											
8.3																											
9.1																										F	
9.2																											
9.3																											
9.4																											
9.5																											

Vision 2050	SDG 7					SDG 8								SDG 9												
	7.1	7.2	7.3	7.a	7.b	8.1	8.2	8.3	8.4	8.5	8.6	8.7	8.8	8.9	8.1	8.a	8.b	9.1	9.2	9.3	9.4	9.5	9.a	9.b	9.c	
1.1													N													
1.2													N													
1.3													N													
1.4													N													
1.5													N													
2.1												F	N									F		F		
2.2													N													
2.3									P	F	F		N												P	
2.4													N									F		F		
2.5													N											F		F
2.6					F								N											P		
2.7										P	F		N										P			
3.1													N													
3.2													N													
3.3								F	F			F	N											P		
3.4													N				F									
3.5													N													
3.6													N													
4.1													N													
4.2	F	F	F	F	F								N								F		P			
4.3									F				N					F				F				
4.4													N									F				
4.5									F	F			N									F				
4.6													N					F								
5.1													N													
5.2													N													
5.3													N													F
5.4													N													
5.5													N													
5.6													N													
6.1													N													
6.2									F				N									F				
6.3													N									F				
6.4	F	F			F	F							N									F				
7.1													N													
7.2													N													
7.3													N													
7.4													N													
7.5													N													
8.1													N													F
8.2													N						F							
8.3									F	F			N													
9.1													N													
9.2													N													
9.3	F	F			F	F							N													
9.4									F				N													
9.5								F	F				N						F							

Vision 2050	SDG 10										SDG 11										
	10.1	10.2	10.3	10.4	10.5	10.6	10.7	10.a	10.b	10.c	11.1	11.2	11.3	11.4	11.5	11.6	11.7	11.a	11.b	11.c	
1.1										N				F							
1.2										N				F							
1.3										N				F							
1.4										N				F							
1.5										N				F							
2.1										N											
2.2										N				F			F			P	
2.3	F			F				F		N		P									
2.4										N											
2.5										N				F	F	F			P	P	
2.6	F			F				F		N											
2.7										N											
3.1	F			F						N								F	F		
3.2										N	F										
3.3					F					N				F							
3.4	F				F					N											
3.5										N											
3.6										N											
4.1					F				F	N											
4.2										N			F						F		
4.3					F					N											
4.4						P		F	F	N											
4.5										N											
4.6										N											
5.1						P				N											
5.2										N											
5.3										N											
5.4										N											
5.5		F	F							N											
5.6										N											
6.1										N			F								
6.2										N											
6.3										N											
6.4										N						F					
7.1										N											
7.2										N											
7.3										N					F					P	P
7.4										N											
7.5										N											
8.1										N										F	
8.2										N										F	
8.3										N											
9.1										N			P								
9.2										N			P		F	F	F			P	
9.3										N	F	P	F							F	
9.4										N			P								
9.5										N	F		P	F						F	

Legend:
 F – Fully aligned
 P – Partially aligned
 N – Not aligned
 R – Not relevant
 I – Fully implemented

Vision 2050	SDG 12											SDG 13					SDG 14		
	12.1	12.2	12.3	12.4	12.5	12.6	12.7	12.8	12.a	12.b	12.c	13.1	13.2	13.3	13.a	13.b	14.1-14.c	14.4	
1.1	N													N			R	N	
1.2	N													N			R	N	
1.3	N													N			R	N	
1.4	N													N			R	N	
1.5	N													N			R	N	
2.1	N													N			R	N	
2.2	N											F		N		P	R	N	
2.3	N													N			R	N	
2.4	N								F					N			R	N	
2.5	N		F	F	F									N		P	R	N	
2.6	N													N			R	N	
2.7	N													N			R	N	
3.1	N													N			R	N	
3.2	N													N			R	N	
3.3	N							F						N			R	N	
3.4	N													N			R	N	
3.5	N													N			R	N	
3.6	N													N			R	N	
4.1	N							F						N			R	N	
4.2	N									F				N			R	N	
4.3	N													N			R	N	
4.4	N													N			R	N	
4.5	N													N			R	N	
4.6	N													N			R	N	
5.1	N							F						N			R	N	
5.2	N													N			R	N	
5.3	N													N			R	N	
5.4	N													N			R	N	
5.5	N													N			R	N	
5.6	N													N			R	N	
6.1	N													N			R	N	
6.2	N							F			F			N			R	N	
6.3	N													N			R	N	
6.4	N	F	F	F	F	P	F	F						N			R	N	
7.1	N											F	F	N		F	P	R	N
7.2	N													N				R	N
7.3	N											F	F	N			P	R	N
7.4	N													N				R	N
7.5	N											F		N			P	R	N
8.1	N													N				R	N
8.2	N									F				N				R	N
8.3	N													N				R	N
9.1	N													N				R	N
9.2	N	F	F	F	F								F	N				R	N
9.3	N													N				R	N
9.4	N													N				R	N
9.5	N													N				R	N

Legend:
 F – Fully aligned
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 N – Not aligned
 R – Not relevant
 I – Fully implemented

Vision 2050	SDG 15												SDG 16											
	15.1	15.2	15.3	15.4	15.5	15.6	15.7	15.8	15.9	15.a	15.b	15.c	16.1	16.2	16.3	16.4	16.5	16.6	16.7	16.8	16.9	16.1	16.a	16.b
1.1							N	N			N													
1.2							N	N			N													
1.3							N	N			N													
1.4							N	N			N													
1.5							N	N			N													
2.1							N	N			N													
2.2							N	N			N													
2.3							N	N			N			F										
2.4							N	N			N													
2.5							N	N			N													
2.6							N	N			N													
2.7							N	N			N													
3.1							N	N			N													
3.2							N	N			N													
3.3							N	N			N													
3.4							N	N			N													
3.5							N	N			N													
3.6	F	F					N	N			N													
4.1							N	N			N													
4.2							N	N			N													
4.3							N	N			N												F	
4.4							N	N			N													
4.5							N	N			N													
4.6							N	N			N													
5.1							N	N			N							F	P					F
5.2							N	N			N						F	F			F			
5.3							N	N			N						F	F		I				
5.4							N	N			N						F							
5.5							N	N			N							F						F
5.6							N	N			N													
6.1	F	F		F	F		N	N	F	P	N	P												
6.2			F		F	P	N	N	F		N	P									F			
6.3	F						N	N	F		N													
6.4		F					N	N	F	P	N													
7.1							N	N			N									P				
7.2							N	N			N													
7.3							N	N			N													
7.4							N	N			N			F									F	
7.5							N	N			N													
8.1							N	N			N													
8.2							N	N			N													
8.3							N	N			N													
9.1							N	N			N													
9.2							N	N			N													
9.3							N	N			N													
9.4							N	N			N													
9.5							N	N			N													

Legend:
 F – Fully aligned
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 N – Not aligned
 R – Not relevant
 I – Fully implemented

Vision 2050	SDG 17																		
	17.1	17.2	17.3	17.4	17.5	17.6	17.7	17.8	17.9	17.1	17.11	17.12	17.13	17.14	17.15	17.16	17.17	17.18	17.19
1.1															N	N		N	N
1.2															N	N	F	N	N
1.3															N	N		N	N
1.4															N	N		N	N
1.5															N	N		N	N
2.1															N	N		N	N
2.2															N	N		N	N
2.3															N	N		N	N
2.4						F						R			N	N	F	N	N
2.5							R								N	N		N	N
2.6															N	N		N	N
2.7															N	N		N	N
3.1															N	N		N	N
3.2															N	N		N	N
3.3									P			R			N	N		N	N
3.4															N	N		N	N
3.5															N	N		N	N
3.6									P						N	N		N	N
4.1	P		R	F	F						F		F		N	N	F	N	N
4.2									P		F				N	N		N	N
4.3							R				F				N	N		N	N
4.4			R							I	F				N	N		N	N
4.5		R									F				N	N		N	N
4.6											F				N	N		N	N
5.1									P					P	N	N		N	N
5.2	P														N	N		N	N
5.3								F							N	N		N	N
5.4															N	N		N	N
5.5															N	N		N	N
5.6	P														N	N		N	N
6.1							R								N	N		N	N
6.2							R								N	N		N	N
6.3							R								N	N		N	N
6.4							R								N	N		N	N
7.1															N	N		N	N
7.2															N	N		N	N
7.3		R						F							N	N		N	N
7.4															N	N		N	N
7.5								F							N	N		N	N
8.1															N	N		N	N
8.2															N	N		N	N
8.3											F				N	N		N	N
9.1															N	N		N	N
9.2								F							N	N		N	N
9.3															N	N		N	N
9.4															N	N		N	N
9.5															N	N		N	N

Legend:

F – Fully aligned

P – Partially aligned

N – Not aligned

R – Not relevant

I – Fully implemented

