

This study was funded by the Support to Confidence Building Measures Programme, which is financed by the European Union and co-financed and implemented by the United Nations Development Program Moldova.



Opinion survey of target communities on both sides of the Nistru/Dniester river

Authors: CBS-AXA

The opinions expressed in this publication do not necessarily reflect the official view of the European Union and of the United Nations Development Programme and are the sole responsibility of the authors

Contents

Introduction	5
History	5
Methodological aspects	5
Perceptions of the public on the socio-economic development of the community	10
Perceptions of the public on the activity of local public administration and participation	12
Assessment on the activity of LPA	12
Level of information and participation of citizens in the activities and decision making at complevel	
Community services: current state and satisfaction of citizens	18
Level of involvement and availability of engagement in community projects	25
Implemented projects: awareness and satisafaction	27
Conclusions and recommendations	58
ANNEX No. 1: list of localities considered as part of the security zone, right bank	60
ANNEX No. 2: Statistical tables	63

List of figures

Figure 1. Assessment of economic situation of the locality at present	10
Figure 2. Assessment of economic situation of locality at present compared with that from last year	11
Figure 3. Expectations about the evolution of economic situation of the locality in three years	11
Figure 4. Degree of satisfaction regarding the way of operation developed by Local administration	12
Figure 5. Assessment of present activity of the Local administration compared to that of three years ag	zo13
Figure 6. Expectations about the activity of the Local administration in three years	13
Figure 7. Frequency of visits to the LPA in the last 12 months	
Figure 8. Level of informing the citizens about the activities developed in the community	
Figure 9. Degree of satisfaction of citizens about their personal level of informing regarding the activit	
LPA	-
Figure 10. Degree of satisfaction of citizens from the RIGHT BANK with the local public services	
Figure 11. Degree of satisfaction of citizens from the LEFT BANK with the local public services	
Figure 12. The actors mostly involved in the implementation of projects in the community (opinion of	
citizens)	23
Figura 13. The actors most capable to implement projects in the community (opinion of citizens)	
Figure 14. Households that during the last 3 years have participated at solving any community issues	
through material contributions (money) or work	26
Figure 15. Households that during the last 3 years have participated at solving any community issues	
through material contributions (money) or work	26
Figure 16. Notoriety of the Project "Confidence building measures on both sides of Dniester river"	
Figure 17. Percentage of respondents who know about the implementation of the sub-project in their	
community	29
Figure 18. Percentage of respondents who knew in advance about the peculiarities of the implemented	
sub-project	
Figure 19. Sources of informing about the peculiarities of the implemented sub-project	
Figure 20. To what extent the issue solved through the implemented sub-project was a priority	
Figure 21. Assessment on the involvement of population in the sub-project implementation	
Figure 22. Assessment on the quality of construction/renovation works performed within the sub-proj	
Figure 23. Assessment on the maintenance of renovated/built up objects within the sub-project	35
Figure 24. Was the project successful?	35
Figure 25. Have you ever been in any locality on the other side of the Dniester?	39
Figure 26. Frequency of visits to communities across the Dniester river	40
Figure 27. The purpose of visits to communities across the Dniester River	42
Figure 28. Do the local public authorities from the locality cooperate with authorities from the other signals.	de
of the Dniester River?	
Figure 29. Objective of cooperation between authorities	44
Figure 30. Barriers for cooperation between both banks	
Figure 31. Would you like your community authorities to cooperate more closely with the communities	
from the opposite bank of the river?	
Figure 32. What should be the purpose of such cooperation	
Figure 33. If there any in your community to cooperate with the authorities or population from the	
localities from the other side of the Dniester River?	

Figure 34. Appreciations regarding the possibility of cooperation in various fields (economic, cultural,	
social development, etc.) with neighbors on the opposite bank of the Dniester River51	L
List of tabels	
Tabel 1. Level of informing of citizens about the decision taking process by the LPA16	ó
Tabel 2. Level of participation of citizens in the decision taking processes at community level17	7
Tabel 3. Opinions regarding the improvement of local services and services that need improvement22)
Tabel 4. Knowing the donors of the Project "Confidence building measures on both sides of Dniester	
river"	7

Introduction

History

In 2012, UNDP Moldova has launched a three years project "Support to Confidence Building Measures" (SCBM Program) financially supported by the European Union, co-financed and implemented by UNDP Moldova. The general objective of the program is to increase confidence between both sides of Dniester river by ensuring the socio-economic development and involving the local authorities, civil society organizations, private actors, as well as other community actors.

The current phase of the Program (April 2012 – March 2015) is focused on 5 key areas, which include a series of sub-projects implemented by focusing on partnerships between both sides: business development, civil society, social infrastructure, environment and healthcare.

Forty project proposals have been selected for financing within the program, which have been elaborates by the LPA on both sides. 33 out of these projects have already been completed by the end of 2014, which entail investments in the renovation of schools and kindergartens, water supply and sewage systems, roads and lighting of streets, healthcare institutions and community markets.

Implementation of these initiatives has demonstrated that the LPAs from both sides of Dniester river need additional assistance for the assessment of the community needs, as well as improving the capacities in respect of planning, implementation and assessment of projects of this kind. They also need the enhancement of cooperation relations with their partners from the other bank of Dniester river. Another needed improvement refers to ensuring the sustainability of created partnerships and a better monitoring and assessment of the impact of development activities.

Following these experiences, the Programme aims to extend the efforts in building local capacity to find common solutions in solving local issues.

This study has been performed within the Programme, aiming to identify the local capacities for an eventual implementation of common initiatives on both sides of Dniester river, as well as to assess the impact of already carried out projects.

Methodological aspects

Specific objectives refer to:

- Measuring the attitudes of the population towards local services they use;
- Attitudes towards the development support the community benefits/benefited from;
- Attitudes towards the population from the other bank of the river.

The study is based on complex approaches as methods of sociologic researches, implementation of both techniques of qualitative and quantitative research, as well as elements of content analysis.

Research techniques which have been applied:

- Revision of existent documents;
- Detailed interviews with experts;

- Detailed interviews with the LPA representatives;
- Focus groups with the population from the zone of Project;
- Study of public opinion which is representative for the security zone

Parameters of research technique

Document revision

It is an imminent phase of any research. It was used as an initial familiarization element in this study, a primary source of information in establishing the concept of the study and elaboration of research instruments (questionnaires and interview guides).

The analysis has covered:

- 1) meetings with the representatives of the Project;
- 2) primary documents of the program "Support to Confidence Building Measures";
- 3) studies developed in target communities (on both banks of the Nistru river) with shared points in the field;
- 4) materials of thematic conferences organized in the target countries (Moldova, Russia and Ukraine).

Results:

- Familiarization with the concept and objectives of the program;
- Determining the basic methods in treating the issues concerning the Transnistrian region.

Qualitative research

This had an advisory role, providing valuable information at both initial stage of preparation for the quantitative study and final stage, by providing complementary information which served for a better understanding and interpretation of quantitative data.

14 detailed interviews have been made and 4 group discussions. By 2 group discussions in each region and by 7 interviews.

Design of research:

Right	Focus Group	1FG	Respondent: 10			
bank			7 men, 3 women			
			Category: residents of communities			
			from the security zone			
		2FG	Respondent: 7			
			2 men, 5 women			
			Category: residents of communities			
			from the security zone			
	Interview	7	5IA – reprezentatives of local			
			authorities			
			2IA – opinion leader			
Left bank	Focus Grup	3FG	Respondent: 10			
			2 men, 8 women			
			Category: residents of communities			
			from the security zone			

	4FG	Respondents: 10
		4 men, 6 women
		Category: residents of communities
		from the security zone
Interview	7	4IA- experts
		3IA- opinion leaders (mayor, physician,
		director of NGO)

To recruit respondents to participate in group discussions the snow-ball method was used.

The interview on people was done on the base of an interview guide which was focused on the following aspects: general perceptions on changes in the localities of the security zone, perceptions and attitudes towards the SCBM projects, perceptions regarding the life on the other bank of Dniester and collaboration between localities.

Group discussions took place on average 2 hours, while the detailed interviews – 30 – 60 minutes.

Quantitative research

Two opinion poll have been conducted among the population at risk (Republic of Moldova and the Transnistrian region).

The surveys were similar¹ in methodological approach and research instruments (questionnaires), aiming to ensure conditions for comparison.

Sample – general parameters

Sample: stratified, probabilist, multi-stage, reprezentative for the households in the Republic of Moldova and Transnistrian region.

Population under research: persons aged over 18 years in the Republic of Moldova and the Transnistrian region, from communities of the security zone. In the absence of some official provisions on the localities considered to be located in the security zone, as samples on the right bank of Dniester river were used a list of localities which had been elaborated according to a proximity of 15 km and less from Dniester (*see Annex 1*). With regard to the left bank, all the communities were considered as belonging to the security zone.

In addition, the elaboration of the sample was based on the 20 target communities covered by the project as a separate sub-sample, according to the requirement provided in the <u>reference terms of the research</u>, making possible the separate enalysis of these communities.

Size of the provided sample:

Republic of Moldova (right bank) - 798 reprezentative sample of the localities situated at a proximity of less than 15 km to the Dniester river, including 330 samples in the target communities;

Transnistrian region (left bank) - 279 reprezentative sample throughout the region, including 137 samples in the target communities;

¹ Few questions from the opinion poll related to the right bank have been removed from the questionnaire used on the left bank.

In this way it became possible the assessment of indicators at national level, with a precision of \pm 3,5% on the right bank and \pm 5,9% on the left bank. Moreover, the size of samples allowed their segmentation according to the basic socio-demographic characteristics (for example, age, sex, education, etc.), for a more sound analysis.

Selection procedure: probabilistic, random from the list of units from each pre-defined subgroup, as a result of stratification.

Selection base: National Statistics Bureau data regarding the number of population with the age over 18 years from the right bank and the 2004 census data – from the left bank.

Pre-testing of the questionnaire: in both research quizes the questionnaire undergone the testing. At least 15 interviews have been done, 5 out of which in big cities, 5 – in small cities, and 5 – in villages.

Selection of research units

In urban areas:

The sectors of urban zones have been used at the polling station, proportionally dividing the number of voters. Inside the zone, as polling stations have been selected randomly houses/buildings and several of them have been approached and used in the study.

In this regard, the interview operator received the addresses of households situated private houses. In respect of buildings, the operator received only the number of buildings where the households were selected randomly, statistically established by dividing the number of apartments with the number of interviews scheduled for the respective building. If the interview did not take place, the following apartment was contacted immediately until the interview was conducted and then the statistic step was applied again;

In rural areas:

In the rural localities, the poll was performed based on a random selection of streets/regions. The lists of streets from the polling station were used, except the cases when these lists did not exist or in cases of small localities with one polling station. In these cases, Google Earth images were used.

Addresses from rural localities were selected randomly with a statistic step from the streets randomly selected by the supervisory authority. The statistic step was established by dividing the number of houses from the street with the number of scheduled interviews to be conducted on the respective street. In case the interview was not completed, the following house was contacted, until the interview was finished, and then, the statistic step was applied again;

STRUCTURE OF SAMPLE

		Region								
			Right bank				Left bank			
		Total Target			arget	Total		Target		
	18-29 years	85	10,7%	33	10,0%	65	20,2%	25	18,4%	
A	30-44 years	185	23,2%	76	23,0%	62	19,1%	29	20,8%	
Age	45-59 years	266	33,3%	115	34,8%	77	23,9%	29	21,0%	
	60 +	262	32,8%	106	32,1%	119	36,8%	54	39,8%	
Cov	Male	381	47,7%	157	47,6%	111	34,3%	41	30,1%	
Sex	Female	417	52,3%	173	52,4%	212	65,7%	96	69,9%	
Eduardan	Low level	212	26,6%	81	24,5%	43	13,4%	24	17,6%	
Education	Average level	428	53,6%	184	55,8%	189	58,4%	73	53,5%	

	High level	158	19,8%	65	19,7%	91	28,2%	40	28,9%
	Urban	99	12,4%	68	20,6%	167	51,8%	81	59,2%
Area	Rural	699	87,6%	262	79,4%	156	48,2%	56	40,8%

Internal quality control

Two methods of ensuring the quality have been applied, even though the interviewers are reliable. About 20% of the randomly selected respondents have been contacted by phone. Moreover, about 10% of the respondents have been visited by a team of CBS-AXA consultants and the supervisory authorities.

It was established if:

- the person whose name is included in the questionnaire, lives at that respective address;
- the household was selected according to the methodological instructions;
- the interview took place; the interviewer addressed adequate questions and the duration of the interview corresponded with the time necessary to complete correctly the interview.

During the conversation, random responses from the questionnaire were analyzed.

About 20% of the randomly selected non-respondents were contacted by phone or visited.

The detailed report on the results of the quality control is part of the technical report.

Call-back policy

If nobody was at home in the selected unit after the first call, the interviewer made 2 more calls. If the respective respondent was not at home, the interviewer would make a schedule for a later call in the same or the next day. If two calls were unsuccessful, the interviewer would choose the next household.

Data processing procedure

Data collected from both surveys were introduced in the database using the SPSS/PC+ Data Entry II software program and then were processed and validated with the SPSS program for Windows, version 17.0.

In order to exclude errors during the introduction of data, the double entry data processing for numerical variables was used.

Analysis

Data are provided depending on the comparison groups (regions): right bank of Dniester river (Moldova) versus left bank of Dniester river (Transnistrian region), as well as comparison of respondent key groups: age of respondents, sex, socio-economic level (high, average, low), residence (urban versus rural), education (low: no school graduation, elementary education, secondary education; average: general average, lyceum, vocational school, technical school, college; high: high education, bachelor, master degree, doctor degree).

Perceptions of the public on the socio-economic development of the community

Traditionally, in Moldova, the negative perceptions on the development of the country, living conditions prevail. For example, during the entire period of measurements carried out within the <u>Public Opinion Barometer</u>, on a constant base, the citizens who appreciate negatively the economic situation (at national level), the life conditions (personal level), as well as those who consider that the country is heading a wrong course (again, at national level), prevail numerically over citizens who have more optimistic views.

Such a state of affairs is charactersitic for the assessment at community level. Both, on the right and left banks, the negative views prevail over the positive ones, even if eventually we include the moderate ones. Therefore, on the right bank, the negative reviews represent 54% compared with 19% given to positive reviews. On the left bank, the critical views are more significant – 60% of negative reviews and only 14% are positive.

In the target communities of the project the situation is similar, with significant prevalence of dissatisfaction regarding the economic situation of the locality. Moreover, in the target communities of the left bank, the share of positive reviews is smaller then the general one.

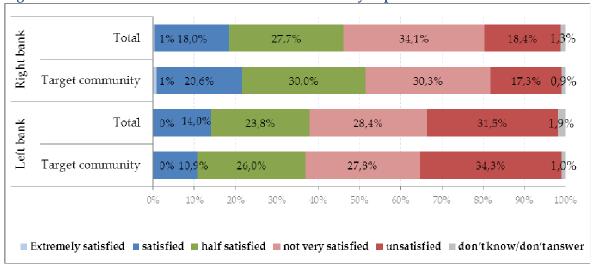


Figure 1. Assessment of economic situation of the locality at present

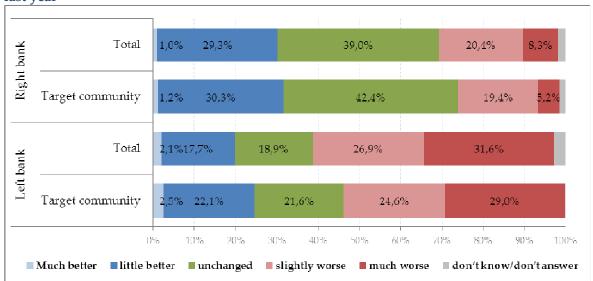
Another elements of economic development perception at community level are those related to the state of affairs evolution. On the right bank, this indicator has seen two distinct periods. Untill 2009, the population tended to appreciate it rather as positive (as prevalence of answers) than negative, and subsequently the negative rereviews prevailed (the current situation compared to that from the last year).

In the communities of the security zone from the right bank, about 1/3 of the respondents declared that the economic situation of the locality is better than last year, slightly prevailing over those who declared that the situation is deteriorating.

In the communities from the left bank also is reported a massive economic deterioration of the community, with more than half of the respondents mentioning about the worsening of the situation and only about 20% mentioned the improvements.

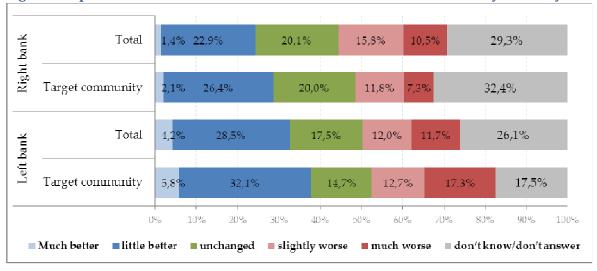
A slight difference regarding the course of positive appreciations over the target communities can be observed, particularly visible on the left bank.

Figure 2. Assessment of economic situation of locality at present compared with that from last year



In return, the expectations for the future are rather optimistic than negative, particularly in the case of the respondents from the left bank.

Figure 3. Expectations about the evolution of economic situation of the locality in three years



The majority of participants in the group discussions, as well as the representatives of LPA and local leaders who were interviewed, estimated the life of people living on the left bank of Dniester river as being better compared to that of people living on the right bank. Their views are supported by arguments related to a series of benefits, privileges of the population living on the left bank compared to those from the right bank. The following advantages of the population living on the left bank have been mentioned: more working places, bigger salaries and pensions, lower prices for both the food products and the utilities, etc.

They kept the factories, they have places to work and we don't. People don't have a job. They have bigger pensions and better salaries. (1FG, F, 57 years) Apartments are cheaper and many move there, 5,000.00

euro is the price of a parcel of land. (1FG, M, 32 ani)

The living conditions are not very different, except the the fact that people living on the left bank of Dniester river receive allowances from the Russian Federation for electric power, pensions, and that is why they can handle easier the expenses. (5IA, mayor)

I wouldn't say that their life is so different from ours. People don't use so much gas, because the prices are high. (3FG, M, 60 years)

They came to visit us from the villages of Moldova. From their words I could understand that there is worse, because first of all, the price for gas is higher. (4FG, F, 25 years)

In the process of communication with the other side, we discovered that in our region, on the left bank, the taxes for the utilities are lower, the pension – bigger than that from the right bank of Dniester river. (expert, F)

In their turn, representatives of the LPA identified the difference between salaries and pensions that people receive from both sides, however, they agree that the citizens from the right bank of Dniester river are provided more possibilities of development related to opening their own business, there are more markets which contribute to increase their living level.

Some of the respondents from the Transnistrian region consider, however, that life is better in Chisinau, while in the rural areas from the right bank – life conditions are very poor.

If to think about Moldova at a large scale, Chisinau has changed considerably. If to talk about villages, then the people from the villages of the Transnistrian region have higher living conditions. Especially if we consider the prices for the utilities. (3FG, M, 33 years)

In all discussion groups, respondents underlined that the last phase of life becomes more difficult in the left bank of Dniester river, because of the conflict from Ukraine, and diminishing the support provided by the Russian Federation.

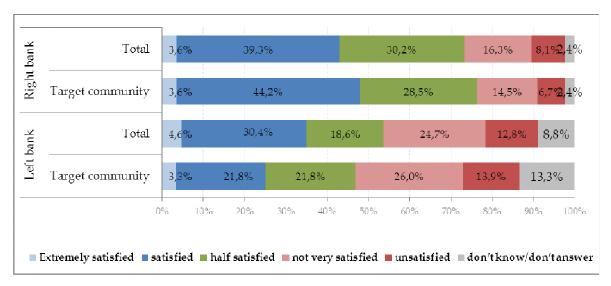
Perceptions of the public on the activity of local public administration and participation

Assessment on the activity of LPA

As regards the degree of satisfaction, the reviews of citizens on the activity of LPA on the right bank are moderately positive, while on the left bank – are rather negative. Therefore, more than 40% of the respondents from the communities on the right bank are satisfied with its activity, other 30% declared that are satisfied with some aspects, and not with others. In the target communities of the Project from the right bank the assessments are more positive.

In the same time, on the left bank, the prevalence of satisfied and unsatisfied citizens is equal (about 1/3 each group), the figures of neutral assessments being smaller (18.6%). Also, one can identify a high degree of insatisfaction in the target communities of the Project.

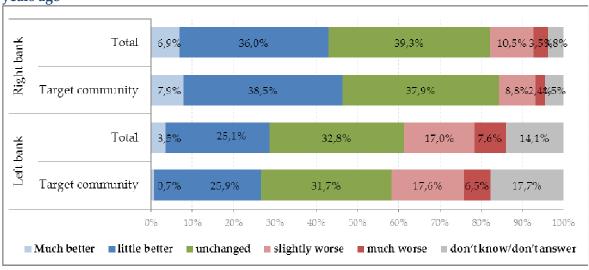
Figure 4. Degree of satisfaction regarding the way of operation developed by Local administration



At present, compared to three years ago, LPAs of communities from the right bank improved their performances. On the left bank, again, the reviews are more critical, even though the positive ones prevail from numerical point of view.

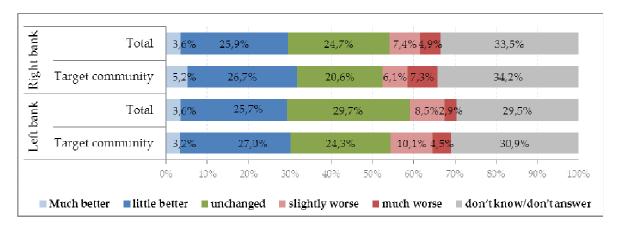
However, in this case also, we can observe that on the left bank in the target communities of the Project the situation seems to look worse than in the target communities from the right bank in respect of all indicators which provide more positive values. This is, on one hand, due to high degree of urbanization in the region from the left bank of Dniester river. In the sample of target communities from the left bank of Dniester river, the prevalence of citizens in cities (59,2%) is the highest from those four compared groups. While in the urban areas, both in the right and left banks of Dniester river, the frequency of interactions and the degree of satisfaction regarding the activity of LPA are more reduced (see Annex 2, tabel 9 and 13).

Figure 5. Assessment of present activity of the Local administration compared to that of three years ago



Some of the expectations for the future are optimistic in all the groups of the community, about 30% expect that the LPA will work better in three years, between 20% - 30% consider that it will work the same as at present, and only 10%-15% consider the decrease of performance of LPAs in managing the issues of the community.

Figure 6. Expectations about the activity of the Local administration in three years

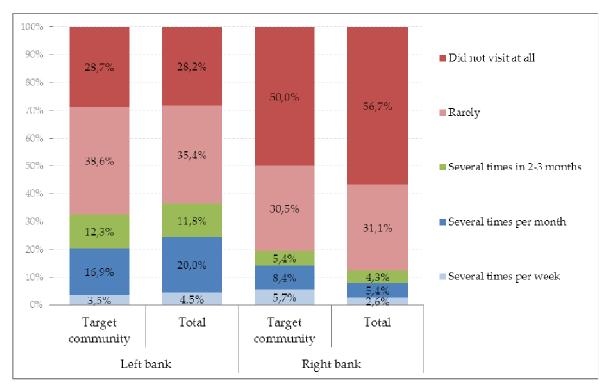


Level of information and participation of citizens in the activities and decision making at community level

The degree of "closeness" of the citizen with a public institution is dictated by the public image (trust in) this institution, as well as frequency of contact with the citizen. Although the LPA is the closest level of state administration, both from territorial and citizen's necessity point of view, one can identify a quite low frequency of contacts between the citizens and LPA. On the right bank, only 20%-25% of citizens had contacts with the LPA at least on a monthly base, while 29% did not have any contacts in this period.

On the left bank of Dniester river, the frequency of contacts with the LPA is more reduced, a half of the citizens had not any contacts in the last 12 months. This fact happens partly because the sample (and the population) from the left bank of Dniester comprises a higher rate of inhabitans in cities. The separate comparison of types of residence shows smaller differences (see Annex 2, tabel 13).

Figure 7. Frequency of visits to the LPA in the last 12 months



As a result, the degree of informing the citizens about the activities that are carried out in the community is low. Each second citizen, on both sides, declared that is not aware at all or is informed to a lesser extent about the activities from the community.

Within group discussions carried with the inabbitants of villages from the security zone, the fact of presence of gaps at communication level between the representatives of LPAs and citizens was confirmed. On one hand, in the opinion of respondents, the local authorities do not make sufficient efforts to inform the population about the community activities and projects. On the other hand, the low degree of informing citizens is caused by the lack of interest, lack of involvement in the community life.

There is no transparency in the Mayoralty, the information is not provided to people, its employees are not sociable, moreover, you better don't ask, because you can become updated only talking with other people who spread the information. (2FG, M)

I became a subscriber of Est Curier, a district newspaper, in order to be always informed and find more about the things that take place in our village, and the neighboring villages, and I read it on a regular base. (2FG, F)

The counsellors may know everything, and it is only now that I found out the Mayoralty organizes meetings each Tuesday. We did not know about this, and people are not even interested. (2FG, F)

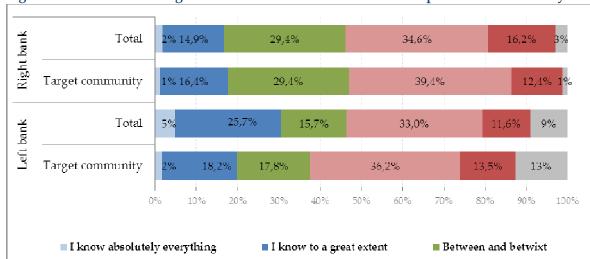


Figure 8. Level of informing the citizens about the activities developed in the community

The same happens with the decision taking process in the LPAs, where citizens are again uninformed. About 70% from the respondents of both sides declare that do not know (at all or in general) how the decisions are taken by the mayoralty and the local council.

Tabel 1. Level of informing the citizens about the decision taking process in the LPA

		Rigl	nt bank	Lef	t bank
		Total	Target communities	Total	Target communities
	Very informed	2.4%	1.5%	4.8%	2.7%
	Generally informed	20.2%	22.1%	21.6%	13.8%
Mayoralty	Less informed	30.6%	33.0%	36.2%	43.3%
	Uninformed	41.6%	39.4%	31.9%	34.3%
	Don't know/Don't answer	5.3%	3.9%	5.5%	5.9%
	Very informed	2.4%	1.8%	4.6%	2.0%
T 1	Generally informed	18.4%	22.4%	20.0%	14.4%
Local council	Less informed	30.6%	32.4%	35.8%	35.6%
	Uninformed	43.4%	39.7%	32.9%	37.3%
	Don't know/Don't answer	5.3%	3.6%	6.8%	10.6%

The degree of participation of simple citizens in the decision taking processes in the community is very low, and the typical form of participation is through community meetings. Therefore, in the communities both from the right and left banks, the community meetings have been joined by only 1/3 from the interviewed citizens. Only 7,5% of citizens from the right bank and 11,0% from the left bank were present at least once at the meetings of the local councils. The other forms of participation in the decision taking processes on the right bank vary between 4% and 7% on the right bank, with a lower level being registered on the left bank.

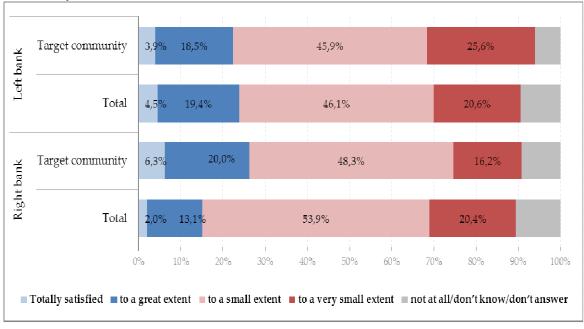
Tabel 2. Level of participation of citizens in the decision taking processes at community level

Prevalence of citizens that have ever	Rig	ht bank	Left bank		
participated	Total	Target communities	Total	Target communities	
Consulting regarding the budget of the					
locality	6.6%	7.0%	3.9%	1.3%	
Approval of the budget of locality	4.8%	5.7%	4.0%	1.3%	
Attracting investments	4.3%	4.8%	4.4%	6.5%	
Elaboration of the strategic plan of the					
community	4.9%	6.1%	2.8%	2.3%	
Attracting funds for the locality	4.7%	5.1%	4.1%	3.9%	
Elaboration of community projects	6.1%	7.3%	5.0%	3.6%	
Community meetings	34.3%	40.3%	33.3%	26.6%	
Meeting of the Local council	7.5%	8.2%	11.0%	4.5%	

And all these can be explained by the fact that citizens simply don't know their rights of participation. At least on the right bank, over 70% of respondents declared that they know about their right to participate/assist the meetings of the local council, that LPAs must publish the schedule of meetings, public interest information, as well as to answer the information requests submitted by citizens (*see Annex 2, Tabel 16-19*).

Eventually, most citizens are not satisfied with their personal level of informing about the activity of LPA.

Figure 9. Degree of satisfaction of citizens about their personal level of informing regarding the activity of LPA



Community services: current state and satisfaction of citizens

The degree of satisfaction with the local services provided in communities vary, both with regard to quality and their presence. In the communities from the right bank, a series of services provided in the majority of communities are highly appreciated by citizens:

- Stores.
- Education institutions, including schools and kindergartens,
- Ensuring public order,
- Gas supply systems,
- Medical centers,
- Local public transportation,
- Water supply system.

Within group discussions, respondents showed to be satisfied with a series of services that are vital for the locality (education, medical, water supply, street lighting services, etc.). In recent years, it has been observed an improvement of these services through some projects which have been implemented to redress the infrastructure.

Education services are at a high level, including sports. The situation has changed, repair works have been done in lyceums, kindergartens. We have qualitative education services, very good internet connection. (2IA, NGO)

Lighting satisfy me entirely. No more turning off the light as it was done before. (1FG, M, 59 years)

In the last 2 years, the windows have been changed at the center of culture, at school, at the medical center, the kindergarten has been renovated entirely as well as the roads from the village, lighting was installed on the main street, and the rest goes very well. (1FG, F, 57 years)

About the equipping of hospitals, it is hard to say anything, but the doctors are good specialists. Teachers also are very good, they use different efficient teaching methods. (4FG, M, 18 years)

A series of local services, even though provided/present in the communities, are unsatisfactory in respect of quality. These services/infrastructure refer to:

- Roads
- Social protection
- Youth activities
- Territory development
- Green spaces
- Street lighting
- Collection and storage of waste.

Roads infrastructure, collection and storage of waste represent the main issues of a great majority of localities from the right bank of Dniester river. The representatives of the LPAs consider that it is namely these issues which could be solved in the next years.

We have centralized water supply, however, all the roads have been digged out and the ground is all over

the city and it will not be collected in the next 10 years. They could connect the water without destroying the roads so people couldn't walk. They should have thought about this. (1FG, F)

The roads are bad, not repaired. Regardless if it rains, it is snowing, people must go to work at 6 a.m. and not walk in the mud, go to work in Chisinau dirty and feel uncomfortable. (3IA, mayor)

We have several joints projects with other regional mayoralties, the construction of a 80 mln lei road. The project has been prepared and submitted with the Agency for Regional Development, and we wait for an answer. (1IA, mayor)

It is possible that a waste processing factory to be opened there. The waste from all the neighboring villages could be collected. The waste is an issue of the locality, since it is literally drowning us. Last year we put on the gloves and ordered a truck to collect the waste from the village. Now, again, you can see garbage bags on the roadsides. This is the biggest problem of the nation, not only of our village. (6IA, mayor)

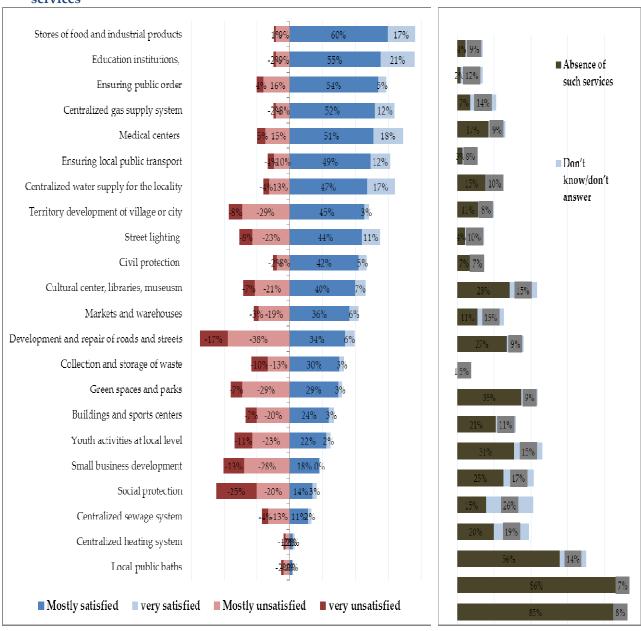
The absence of good roads in the locality hinder the development of the locality from economic point of view. The connection of localities with district centers through repaired roads attracts new foreign investors.

Some economic agents were supposed to come from Germany and intended to make some investments in the wine factory from village X, but reaching half way (the central road has more then 9 km) and passing a portion of the road, said to the interpreter who was also in the car: "Stop" and than said "No business" and left. (5IA, mayor)

The services/infrastructure which are not provided/is absent are related to:

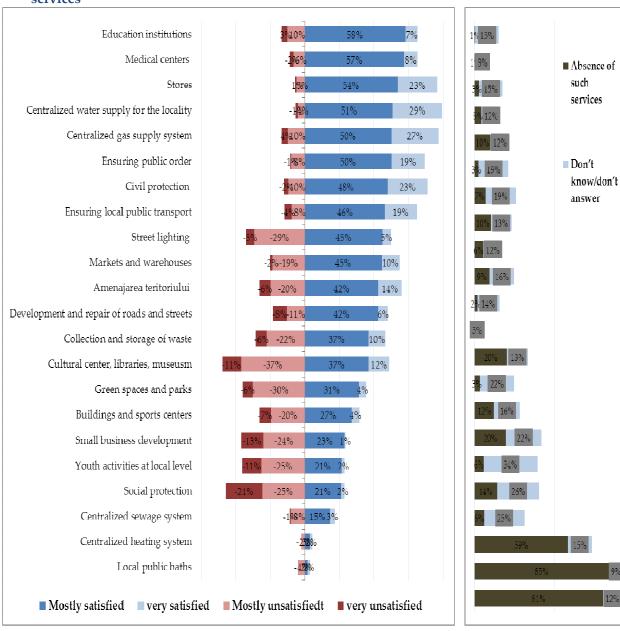
- Public baths
- Centralized heating
- Sewage systems
- Civil protection





The spectrum of issues related to the local services from the communities of the left bank of Dniester river are very similar with those from the communities of the right bank, both in regard of assessment and presence.

Figure 11. Degree of satisfaction of citizens from the LEFT BANK with the local public services



Project achievements are felt by similarity of reviews of citizens from both sides regarding the public services which have been improved in the last years through community projects. Mostly, citizens from both sides observed improvements of the following services:

- Education institutions, including kindergartens and schools,
- Development and repair of roads and streets,
- Street lighting.

A series of services/infrastructure have registered significant improvements on the left bank, and less on the right, in respect of:

- Centralized gas supply system
- Providing local public transportation

- Providing centralized heating
- Collecting and storage of household waste
- Ensuring public order
- Civil protection and security against fire
- Centralized sewage system

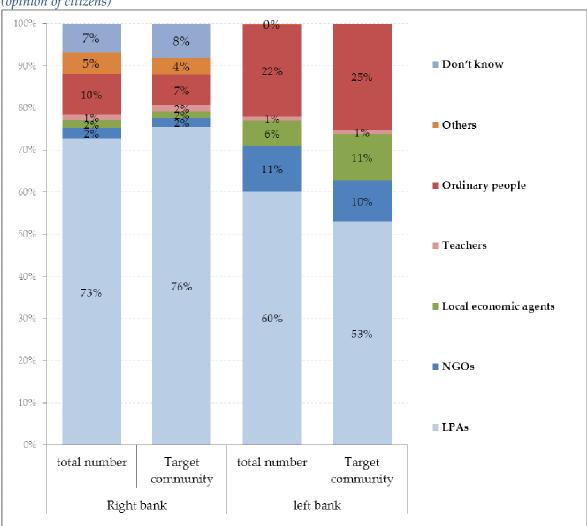
The necessities to improve the level and quantity of services/infrastructure continue to remain very increased. The largest necessities refer to road infrastructure from both banks of Dniester river.

Tabel 3. Opinions regarding the improvement of local services and services that need improvement

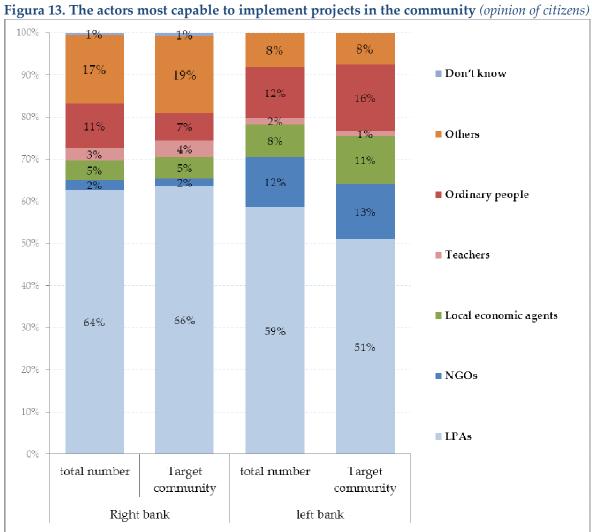
	Improved in years f		Needs improvement in the community		
	community	projects	they	live	
	Right	Left	Right	Left	
	bank	bank	bank	bank	
Development of village and city territory	21,2%	36,1%	27,4%	55,0%	
Development and repair of roads, streets	50,0%	36,6%	61,0%	65,6%	
Centralized supply of water of the locality	33,1%	35,0%	16,8%	25,0%	
Centralized sewage system	4,1%	21,4%	22,8%	28,1%	
Centralized gas supply system	9,8%	42,9%	7,3%	11,2%	
Centralized heating	,8%	25,1%	4,8%	22,8%	
Collecting and storage of household waste	9,6%	25,8%	25,2%	36,5%	
Providing local public transportation	8,6%	30,7%	12,8%	25,4%	
Local public baths	,6%	2,2%	14,3%	27,8%	
Small business development	3,4%	7,3%	20,1%	39,8%	
Social protection system of population affected by unemployment	3,8%	7,0%	27,6%	44,7%	
Repair and modernization of medical centers	38,0%	28,7%	12,8%	39,2%	
Education institutions, including kindergartens and schools	55,9%	45,2%	9,6%	27,5%	
Cultural center, libraries, museums	17,5%	22,3%	21,2%	31,3%	
Buildings and sports centers	12,3%	17,1%	20,3%	34,6%	
Youth activities at local level	5,9%	9,7%	27,3%	37,8%	
Green spaces and parks	11,4%	23,0%	24,8%	32,7%	
Markets and warehouses	10,7%	33,6%	12,7%	24,6%	
Ensuring public order	6,3%	20,5%	9,3%	22,8%	
Civil protection and security against fires	1,4%	14,7%	7,3%	20,5%	
Food and industrial products stores	10,7%	31,6%	3,3%	15,8%	
Street lighting	44,9%	32,4%	29,8%	30,6%	

There are some discrepancies between communities in respect of the number of actors involved in the implementation of community projects. On both sides, the majority of citizens observed the involvement of LPAs, but on the left bank – the involvement of other actors is observed to a greater extent, such as NGOs, economic agents, as well as ordinary residents.

Figure 12. The actors mostly involved in the implementation of projects in the community (opinion of citizens)



Therefore, in these communities, the population identifies more actors capable to implement such projects, even though in the majority of cases, the "eyes" are directed towards the LPAs.



Level of involvement and availability of engagement in community projects

The level of participation of population from the community of the security zone, is not massive but still quite high. Almost every second household of the community from the right bank had contributed directly to solving some community issues in the last 3 years. On the left bank the indicator is lower -37.2% of households.

The level of participation is more increased in the rural areas. Therefore, 46,8% of households from villages of the right bank have participated at solving the community issues, on the left bank – 47,3%, compared to 38,4% and 27,8% respectively, of the households from the urban area (see Annex 2, tabel 97).

The increase of the level of community participation of inhabitants was caused mostly by the fact that the projects implemented in the community should raise awareness and involve the population in solving community issues, this being often the condition of donors. The local authorities that participated in the study noted that with each project, citizens become more active and responsive in respect of local issues and collecting resources to support the locality.

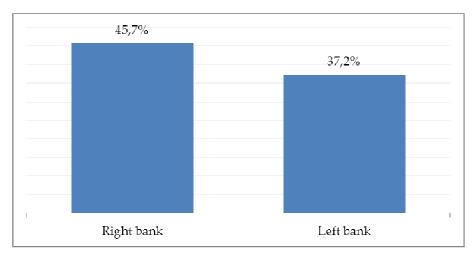
For some representatives of the LPAs, the involvement of citizens in solving community issues was a difficult task, because of the following reasons: lack of interest towards the life and issues of the locality, absence of similar practice in solving issues, as well as low incomes of residents.

It is definitely hard, because we are not accustomed to such approach, everyone was a good manager of his own household, which is limited up to the gates. Outside the gates - I'm not interested. It is difficult to convince them, even though they are very conscious, rational, who understand and support the village. (3IA, mayor)

I felt that people want that. Even though there were some of those saying: "I don't need this, I'm not going to do anything". When the crowd is involved, you can reach every person. I explained that this is what we do at centralized level, so they also must contribute to this. (1IA, mayor)

There were several unsuccessful projects, even though it seemed that the residents were active, involved in the project, but when the implementation on stages started and we had to collect controbutions in the locality, nobody was willing to financially support the project. This was our first experience, however, people understood afterwards what their mistake was, and now help us in implementing projects. (expert, F)

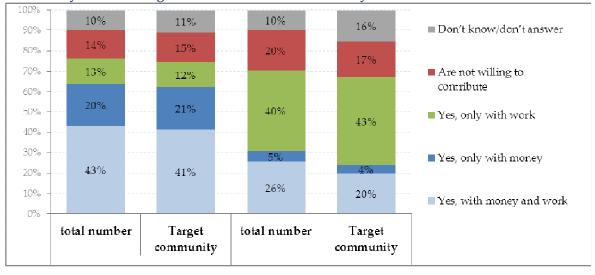
Figure 14. Households that during the last 3 years have participated at solving any community issues through material contributions (money) or work



The degree of availability to contribute within community projects in the future is very high. About 70% of respondents declare themselves as willing to contribute either financially, or to provide work.

The type of contribution is mixed and varies between the communities from the right and left banks of Dniester river. On the right bank, people mainly want to contribute financially, while the left bank – by work.

Figure 15. Households that during the last 3 years have participated at solving any community issues through material contributions (money) or work



The type of contribution depends also on the works carried out within the project, for example, in many projects, the residents contribution of work is not allowed because of the specific types of works which must be executed by a specialized staff (for instance, the project of street lighting).

The representatives of LPAs noticed other types of contributions as well, one of them being the moral support on behalf of residents, and namely joining the community meetings organized within the projects. In other cases, the residents contributed with some donations and presents.

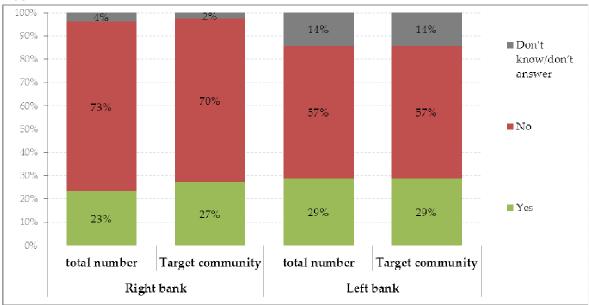
First of all, they have been morally supported by the residents of the village, they accepted everything and understood that it was done for their benefit. (3IA, mayor)

The boys from the village who trained themselves in the hall once, now work in Russian and provided the school a nice wrestling carpet. (6IA, mayor)

Implemented projects: awareness and satisafaction

Overall, more than a quarter from the respondents of the study have heard about the Project "Confidence Building Measures on both sides of Dniester river". The level of notoriety is slightly higher on the left bank and in the target comuities on the right bank.

Figure 16. Notoriety of the Project "Confidence building measures on both sides of Dniester river"



The level of information about the donors of this Project is higher on the right bank, the Proect being "associated" more with the European Union, while on the left bank – with the UNDP.

Tabel 4. Knowing the donors of the Project "Confidence building measures on both sides of Dniester river"

		Right bank		Left bank		
		Total	Target group	Total	Target group	
	Yes	11,2%	11,5%	12,8%	12,8%	
Is this project implemented by UNDP?	No	74,0%	73,0%	68,4%	68,4%	
	Don't know/ don't answer	14,8%	15,5%	18,8%	18,8%	
Is this project	Yes	26,0%	25,2%	6,8%	6,8%	
implemented with the support of the European Union?	No	60,6%	60,0%	72,8%	72,8%	
	Don't know/	13,4%	14,8%	20,4%	20,4%	

don't		
answer		

More of the respondents who knew about the implemented sub-projects - 44,2% - where from the right bank and 46,4% of respondents from the left bank knew about the concrete sub-project which was under implementation in their community.

Group discussions with the citizens from both banks of Dniester river disclosed the fact that the population knows little about the UNDP Moldova. The participants claimed that they find out about the events in the community, about the projects that undergo implementation from neighbors, and sometimes, the information is partial or inaccurate. Some citizens declared that the local public authorities do not have a transparent activity in managing projects, and this thing leads to lack of information among the population.

A grant came in our village from an organization, and the villagers contributed a little, too. (1FG, M, 59 years)

These projects don't come to us, simple residents, we receive only the result. It would be desirable for us toget involved, to become informed. (2FG, M)

We don't know all the projects that are proposed, moreover, there are several national programs we are not aware about, because they are hidden from us. (2FG, F)

We did not attend any meeting, the informing of the population practically does not occur. We don't know where the money comes from, how many and what are they for, how are they obtained. (2FG, F)

We are not informed about the source of these grants. We find out about this from the mayor, meetings where we can find that a project was drafted and we got the funding, and if it is necessary for us to contribute with something. (2FG, F)

On the other hand are the local leaders who consider that the population received all the necessary information about each project through the local implementation team, community meetings, informative panels placed in front of repaired buildings, etc. In the case of Project "Confidence Building Measures on both sides of Dniester river" a lot work has been done with the residents who have been involved at all stages of the project, beginning with the stage of selecting of the most important issue of the community: contribution collection from the population; involvement of residents in repair, construction works, etc.; commissioning of project's works.

When we went through the village to collect the contribution, we explained to every person that this project is financially supported by the European Union and UNDP, but they didn't remember these details, because simpe people don't know what is this Development Program of the United Nations. They said that they gave the money to Europe, which means that they know little information and can not handle. (7IA, decision maker)

You know, if you enter the locality from the right side, there is a big panel which informs that this project was implemented with the support of the American People. The same at the kindergarten, which I consider is a good thing, because the panel informs and people will know that UNDP supported financially the works. (4IA, mayor)

First, we talked with the neighbors, than with from different parts of the village a trustfull persons who would be listened by other people was chosen. We had a meeting at the mayoralty, where the proposal was

voted. (3IA, mayor)

UNDP – Moldova is compared by local leaders with the Project "Support to Confidence Building Measures", which helped to solve one of the main current issues of the community at that moment in the respective localities. To a great extent, UNDP – Moldova aimed to solve those issues related to infrastructure (such as sewage, water treatment systems, construction of water supply system, street lighting, repair and renovation of public buildings (schools, kindergartens).

Another similarity is related to the team of specialists with whom the representatives of the mayoralty have collaborated. The methods of collaboration, monitoring and assessment of works were different compared to the projects which have been financed and implemented by other organizations/institutions.

It is a trustfull program, one which I can follow every day on their website. They are competent people, I have worked with Mr XX, Mr YY, who are demanding persons and know how to manage things. (3IA, mayor)

Everytime I go to UNDP, I meet Mr YY and Mr XX. They offer me a coffee and I feel like home. They are two persons with big hearts who helped me to implement the project. (6IA, mayor)

UNDP is viewed as an organization which provides opportunities for socio-economic development of localities. The local leaders from the left bank of Dniester river consider UNDP as an international organization, a potential donor which is oriented in supporting the countries to develop and increase the living standards of the population of these countries.

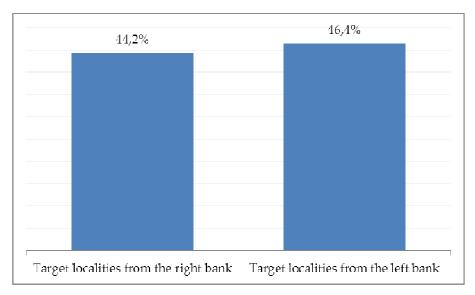
This is a possibility fro every local public administration to submit projects, to convince the donors and to make some changes in the infrastructure, and not only. (4IA, mayor)

For us, UNDP is a huge opportunity to gain and change the situation in our locality. (5IA, mayor)

This is an otganization of the United Nations which manages global issues, peace, cultural issues, the possibility to provide support to different countries. (opinion leader, F, 56 years)

It is an organization known all over the world, which directs its activity to improve the quality of people's life from underdeveloped countries, development of medicine, education, social projects, especially in security zones. (opinion leader, M, 38 years)

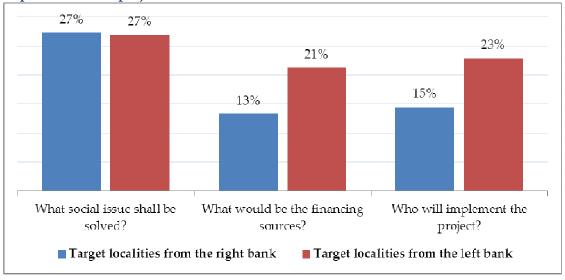
Figure 17. Percentage of respondents who know about the implementation of the sub-project in their community



Even the peculiarities of the sub-projects have been known to many persons, more then the Project "Confidence building measures on both sides of Dniester river".

Therefore, in the target communities of the project, 27% of citizens knew in advance about the community issue which had to be solved through the implementation of the sub-project, on the left bank, 21 % knew what were the financing sources and 23% knew who was the implementing agent.

Figure 18. Percentage of respondents who knew in advance about the peculiarities of the implemented sub-project



The participants of the group discussions confirmed the changes that have been made in the locality, which are visible and to which they have personally contributed either financially or through provision of work. However, they don't know anything about the donors of projects. The representatives of the local public administration identified more sources where they can find out about the financing opportunities, for the projects planned to be developed:

• *Specialists of the District Council* – within this institution the Department of Investments and Economic Relations activates, which has the role to inform about projects, programs developed by the mayoralties of the district;

- Announcements on the websites of financing institutions knowing the possible donors
 or the organizations with which they have already collaborate, the local leaders
 systematically visit the official sites of these institutions with the scope to find projects
 for which they could apply;
- *Specialized websites* (civic.md) where the financing institutions can place different announcements related to contests, projects, grants;
- *Official letters* some institutions send official letters announcing about the possibility to apply to these projects;
- *Non-governmental organizations* in case of local administrations from the left bank of Dniester river, the NGOs are those who inform about new offers, projects.

Some representatives of the LPA found about the possibility to join the project "Support to Confidence Building Measures" from the specialists of the District Council who encouraged them to apply to the respective project because they were eligibile to participate, belonging to the category of beneficiaries targeted in the project.

Within the meeting of the District Council, the mayors were announced by the representatives of UNDP about the possibility to apply to the respective project. These representatives came in the district to inform and encourage the local authorities to apply for this project. They explained the rules of participation and modality of application.

We receive information on a regular base from the District Council which has a special department working in the field of attracting investments, where Miss X is in charge and we want to thank her, because everytime our employees are late or inaccurate, she will send all the necessary information by fax, email, phone. (5IA, mayor)

If I remember well, we have received a letter from the district council or the state chancellery... I can't remember exactly, because we were interested in getting involved in projects. The letter contained information about the UNDP. (4IA, mayor)

I was invited by the head of the district in the cabinet, when Mr Viorel Albu came and told us about Confidence Building between both banks of Dniester river. (6IA, mayor)

We found out about the project during a meeting, when the members of UNDP came. At this meeting, all the mayors had been gathered and informed, explained, given application forms, the guideline to fill in these forms for the project. We had a 2 week application term. All of us had to prepare and apply before the deadline for submitting the files. (3IA, mayor)

I found out from the district administration, which announced us about the possibility to apply to this project. There are, also, other sources: the internet, letters, phone, fax. (opinion leader, F, 26 years)

We work with the internet. Mr X from the NGO in Tiraspol announced us, gave advice and recommendations regarding the business plan. (opinion leader, F)

For the representatives of local authorities from the left bank of Dniester river, an important source of information were the NGOs which collaborate with the mayoralties. NGOs are more informed with respect to projects, they collaborate with such organizations and are facilitators between the LPAs and donors.

The information sources about the sub-projects were different, the main being the social environment – neighbors, friends. On the right bank, the LPAs provided the information regarding the projects to a larger extent, 23% of respondents declared to have heard about the sub-project from this source.

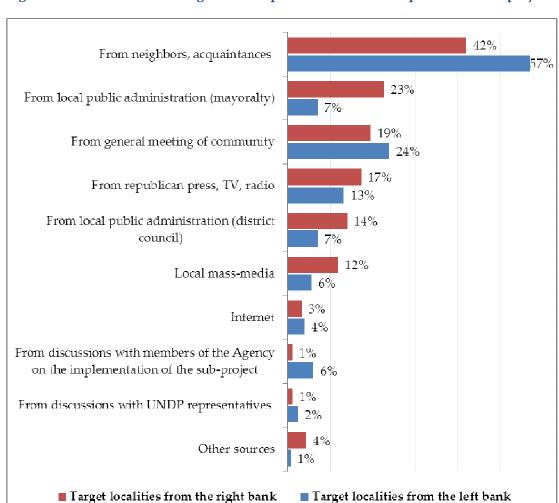
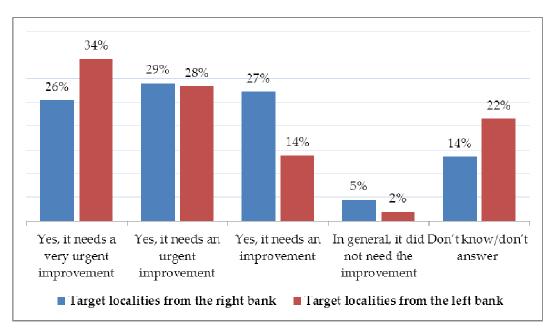


Figure 19. Sources of informing about the peculiarities of the implemented sub-project

The fairness of selecting the issue to be solved is not questioned by the citizens, since the majority accepted this issue as of priority nature which needs urgent resolution.

Figure 20. To what extent the issue solved through the implemented sub-project was a priority



The level of involvement of population in the implementation of the sub-projects, based on the distribution of answers, was one from moderate to high. Also, on the left bank, many respondents could not give an appreciation in this regard.

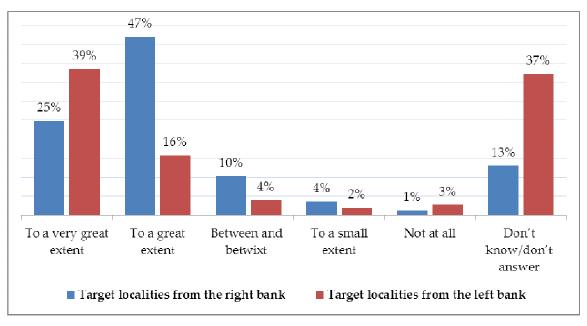
41%34% 20% 20% 16%13% 13% 11% 9% 9% 9% 6% To a very great To a great Between and To a small Not at all Don't extent betwixt extent know/don't extent answer ■ Target localities from the right bank ■ Target localities from the left bank

Figure 21. Assessment on the involvement of population in the sub-project implementation

Local leaders expressed satisfaction with the quality of works performed within the projects. In the opinion of mayors, the basic objective of the financing organization was to provide qualitative works.

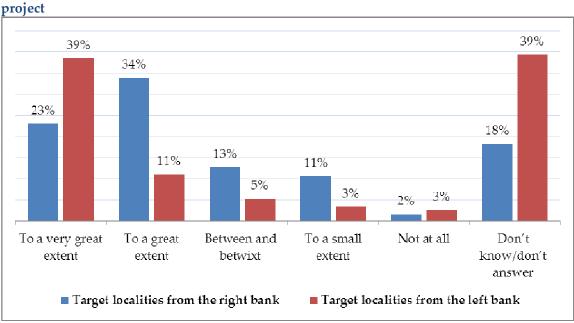
Very few of the respondents expressed their dissatisfaction regarding the quality of works performed within the sub-projects.

Figure 22. Assessment on the quality of construction/renovation works performed within the sub-project



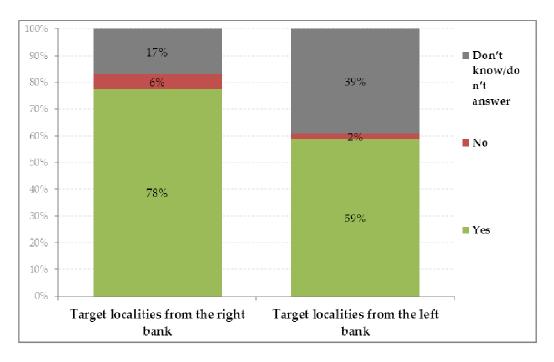
A similar high appreciation was given to the maintenance of renovated/built up objects within the sub-projects implemented by the Project "Confidence Building Measures on both sides of Dniester river".

Figure 23. Assessment on the maintenance of renovated/built up objects within the sub-



Finally, only 6% of respondents from the right bank and 2% from the left bank declared that the sub-project was unsuccessful.

Figure 24. Was the project successful?



Collaboration between local public authorities (LPA) and Implementation Unit UNDP Moldova

Positive practices of cooperation between local public authorities and the UNDP-Moldova

The LPA's representatives noted about a good collaboration with the team from the UNDP-Moldova organization, which had aimed at increasing trust between both sides of the river by ensuring socio-economic development.

- UNDP funded projects means the involvement of all community actors, beginning from public authorities and to the ordinary inhabitants / citizens. Some local leaders consider such projects as difficult experience on the one hand and on the other useful and practical. Although UNDP projects lasted more than other projects, it took time for the issuance of all documents, there were made many acts of verification at all stages of the project, but their outcome was all worth it, considering the quality of all works and its sustainability.
- The study identified a number of practices undertaken within the collaboration between LPA's representatives and UNDP:
- The modality of organization of the activities, works by the UNDP team each stage of the project was planned carefully (duration of activity, resources);
- Conformity with the timeline preset for any activity planned in the project;
- Proper management of financial and material resources available to the project;
- Responsibility of the persons involved in the project fulfillment;
- Monitoring and evaluating the works throughout the project to ensure the achievement
 of all objectives and the intended purpose, and the control of resources, of the quality of
 works.

- First of all regarding the manner and organization of a project, those from UNDP have organized everything in details, starting with what to put in the file for persons, is a very good organization. (2IA, NGOs)
- They teach us to be punctual, by the way they organize the activities and made us to be more punctual. I as a project manager I have learned a lot. (2IA, NGOs)
- What I liked about them is punctuality, discipline, if speaking about the punctuality it means the deadline for the requested applications, papers, documents, the implementation of the project and the completion of the phases, the completion of the works. The discipline is the foundation of success and this is present at them (5IA mayor)
- First of all the today activity is not left for tomorrow, I remember a case when I was on leave but had to make an evaluation of the pillars from the locality. I have argued that I was on leave and that I cannot come to the evaluation, after which I received a reproach "and let us all stay on leave." (3IA mayor).
- Very well, I've learned that what we do is for a long period, we must not think that we should make things anyhow for the sake of their fulfillment. The things must be done qualitatively. (3IA mayor)
- They demanded a lot from us, whether the task was set it had to be mandatory fulfilled. Maybe sometimes it was not convenient, because it had to be done quickly, urgently but this made us to be more mobilized, to communicate more and to implement. (4IA mayor)
- Firstly, it was the mobilization of the community to do something nice. This includes even parents who have identified with us the problem, for indeed it is a problem to be solved. (4IA mayor)
- UNDP has been a lesson for me, especially the first serious project. As UNDP manages things no any another fund does manage the things the same. (1IA mayor)

According to local leaders, any activities conducted in the EU-UNDP project were based on the following principles: the compliance with existing norms and requirements, the quality of works performed and the ensuring of the project sustainability. Although at the time of carrying out thorough checks from the UNDP specialists regarding the quality of materials, facilities used in repair / construction works, these appeared to be exaggerated for the LPA's representatives, the qualitative results have convinced the local leaders about the usefulness of these work' modalities.

I had a great lesson, there everything what was done was done to the last comma. If the officer responsible for the technique fulfills the tasks timely, regarding the documentation and the arrival on site and works management, the project supervisor as well. They submitted here in locality their representative, who supervised everything that happened. (IIA mayor)

I have learned from them that things must be done according to some requirements. When we started to make the budget, it was 1 million 800 thousand MDL and we should not exceed this amount and I gave the proposal to make the project, to put the lamps more rare, but to cover the whole village. Here we had a good thing to learn that what is done is done over a long period and we should not be greedy today, for tomorrow to pay 2 times more expensive. (3IA mayor)

Some of the local leaders said when it intends to apply to another project to solve community problems it is guided by the techniques and strategies learned within the project funded by the EU-UNDP. Although the application requirements and rules of works vary from project to

project, the working principles and methods taken / learned from working with the UNDP team are used by LPA's representatives in projects taking place in the community.

I had an extraordinary example and it was a good practice to work on, to know how to make the documentation, and so far I have in my computer, in case I want to do a letter or an act of fulfillment, I watch there once as they wrote. (1IA mayor)

<u>Problems / obstacles in the implementation of the EU-UNDP projects</u>

In the interviews conducted there were highlighted several difficulties, faced by the parties involved in the project. One of the difficulties referred to the cooperation between LPA and the economic agent selected to perform construction / repair works. Although the tenders for selecting economic agents was organized by the financing institution, attended by LPA's representatives, they have not always demonstrated professionalism. First of all some economic agents failed to meet the predetermined terms, fulfilling the works with delay, which leads to the disruption of all project activities. Secondly, some things were done improperly, requiring their repeated fulfillment.

There were some difficulties with the economic agent, who won the tender to build the present object, the team was not very well prepared and did not have specialists, they hired only on temporary basis and did not face things. (4IA mayor)

LLC XX would let everyone to beware of the company, which does not fulfill any tasks, many works we urge to come back and do them again. There were various reasons: the pipe was not placed at a necessary depth, the visit booth should have a technical supervisor to perform this position (5IA mayor)

Another difficulty relates to the large volume of work that we must be carried out by LPA's representatives, not only in UNDP projects, but also in other projects involving them. So the main problem is the lack of the specialists within the Mayor's Office who should be responsible for winning and managing the projects. From this reason, it is not applied to many programs / projects, because the mayor's offices do not have enough staff, who might be involved in them.

The representatives of local authorities from the left bank of Dniester mentioned that not only in the EU-UNDP projects, but generally, in rural areas there are no information about the possibilities of receiving funding from different organizations to address issues within the locality. Greater access to the information of this type have those from the urban areas.

To make information more accessible to all of us in order to participate in these projects, the ability to communicate on this subject. It would not be bad to have more available information for the persons in rural areas, because people from the city have this information. (opinion leader, F, 56 years old)

One obstacle in the implementation of projects in the left side is **the reluctance of the central authorities to the grants, funding coming from outside.** Some local leaders are of the opinion

that funding organizations should demonstrate so-called leadership in Tiraspol that the aim is the development of the localities for them to encourage cooperation between local and foreign donors. But while the central authorities from the left bank should become more open and work with those organizations.

In any case there will be many difficulties. Difficulties are in the carrying out of some serious and large projects. The main issue - the monitoring, the monitoring at every step and to have support from the central authorities on the left bank. The isolation and the unwillingness to cooperate - are the main flaws at this time. (opinion leader, M, 38 years old)

To carry out programs which have ties with those persons in charge that they may see that these organizations are open and transparent, that are oriented at achieving goals in these programs and troubleshooting. (opinion leader, F)

Interest in cooperation between both sides of the river Dniester

Efforts of enhancement of confidence between both banks of the river Dniester can rely on potential, which is provided by the natural interactions between the communities. Firstly, the study finds a daily high level of interaction between the citizens from communities on the right and the left banks of the river.

Among the citizens surveyed the vast majority were ever in communities located on the other side of the river.

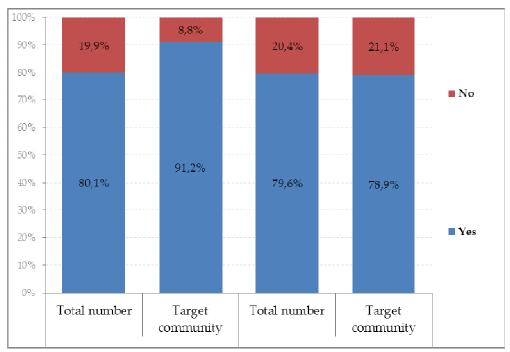


Figure 25. Have you ever been in any locality on the other side of the Dniester?

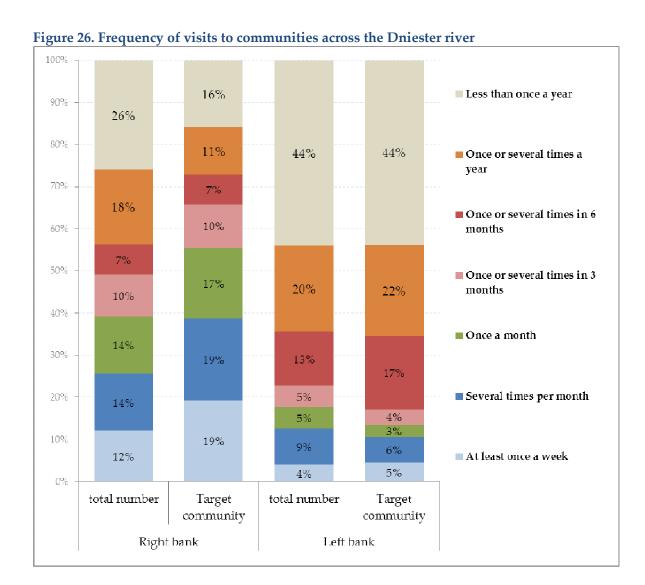
Frequencies of the river crossing also increased. Over 70% of respondents of the communities on the right bank and over 80% of those targeted of the project aim communities on the

opposite bank at least once a year. Moreover, approximately 40% and 55% respectively do even once a month or more often.

Citizens from the left bank of the river visit the communities on the right bank of the river more rarely. Although even in this case more than half do it more often than once a year, and 15% - 18% once a month or more often.

Culture, customs and traditions, as well as family relationships between people on both sides of the Dniester help to maintain certain connections between them. Common religious holidays promote this collaboration.

People have relatives here, the best argument is Memorial Easter, there are staying kilometers of vehicles to drive in different directions, they come to us, we go to them. The people meet each other, welcoming each other, meet at different events, birthdays or weddings, christenings - all of them find common language between them. (5IA mayor)



40

Like a goal of crossing the river, more often the citizens go on visits. For the right side is more often the trade, or rather said for the carrying out of making purchases on the left side of the river.

The participants in group discussions, as well as the local leaders underlined that the main purposes of the visits are to carry out purchases and trade. Some respondents said that on weekly or monthly basis the citizens from the right bank of the river went to the left bank of the river for shopping. This was due to lower prices at food and petroleum products.

But in the past year, the number of these visits significantly reduced, following the price rises at goods and services that took place on the left bank of the river Dniester, the fact which was conditioned by the situation / military conflicts in Ukraine. Some respondents noted that the situation has reversed and the citizens from the left bank move to the right bank of the river for shopping.

I was last time in January, I went with my husband, there was the fuel a little cheaper, we fuel the vehicle there, the difference to a liter is one Moldavian leu, but now the ruble has fallen and it is no longer convenient. (2FG, F)

I was the last time at Sheriff, there it is more expensive, there is no point doing such long road, 1.5 hours in each direction, we do not feel comfortable, changing the environment. (2FG, F). Now I do not go, it is more expensive and there is no point. (2FG, F)

Before we went to Bender for shopping because it was cheaper, now vice versa. Now people from there, who are working with us and receive their salaries in Moldavian lei come to Causeni and buy the products, because if they change the Moldavian lei in rubles they lose more. (6IA mayor)

Agriculture and livestock farming is a characteristic occupation of the population from both banks of the river, for sale their own production they go to markets from the nearby villages or towns either on the right or on the left bank of the river. In carrying out trade the different currency does not represent an impediment, rather the presence of police stations and fulfillment of documents, the checks are disturbing for the population. Some localities from the left bank have obtained some benefits for its residents, which facilitates the movement and creates the opportunity to sale their production.

There are various cases either go after shopping in some cases there are cheaper goods on the left side or go for the personal visits. (5IA mayor)

The people go in there and sell the goods. A lot of persons deal with potatoes, because they manage to do it, the ruble is more expensive than our Moldavian leu. The majority sells there and they make an income. (1FG, M)

They have a sales market and for us as farmers it is an opportunity. We often go there with goods for merchandise, for us it is welcome. (4IA mayor)

Villagers feel the need to achieve their personal production, as the village is the only source that brings income. The main purpose of border crossing is for sale and purchase, import-export. (Decision-maker, M, 38 years old)

We have a bus that travels 7 times per day on the route Chircaiesti-Bender and our people are going to

sell production (milk, cheese) at Bender and each time had to fulfill the statement when they passed on the other side. I went to Mr. Shevchuk and he allowed our residents to write this statement every 45 days. This rule applies to our village and Hagimus. (6IA, mayor)

We have a market at Ursoaia and they come in every Saturday and Sunday, they come after the products, they now have several advantages from us, than we have from them. (6IA, mayor)

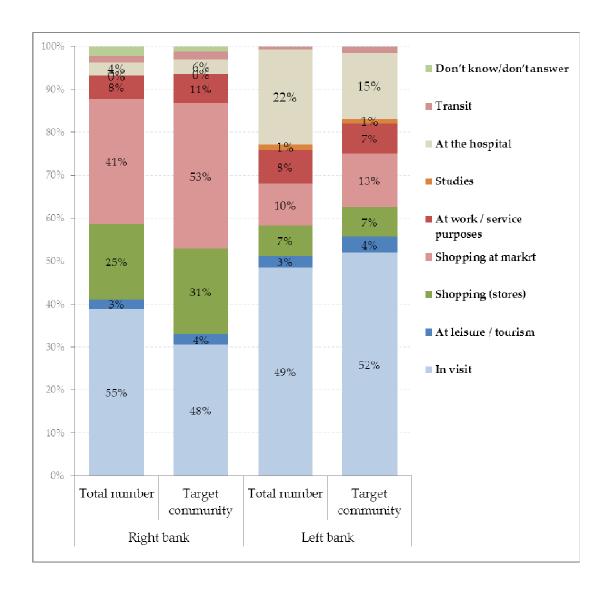
The citizens of the left bank instead often carry out visits on health grounds (hospital visits). Lack of medical specialists and service quality causes them to appeal to the right bank of the river Dniester for medical services.

We're going to visit our friends, to take a walk, and yet we come for medical services. The last two visits were made on the right side of the bank for the medical services. (3FG, M, 33 years old)

For shopping, visiting relatives and friends, for the medical services. (3FG, M, 33 years old)

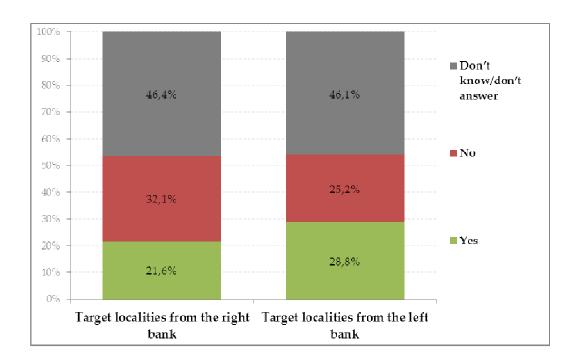
We move quite often to the opposite bank. First of all, in the past we had a certain connection. Medicine for example, in the Transnistrian region there is a lack of medical specialists, another link is the sale of production. (decision maker, F)

Figure 27. The purpose of visits to communities across the Dniester River



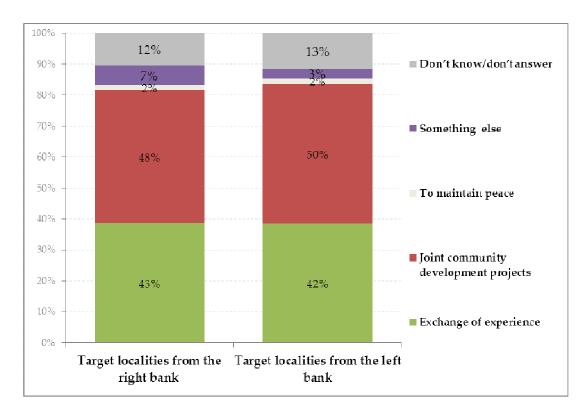
The low level of population awareness about the local government is reflected in the fact that almost half of respondents did not know whether their community LPA collaborates with communities on the other side of the Dniester River. Also, 21.6% of citizens from the right bank of the river and 28.8% of the citizens from the left bank believe that there is a collaboration between local administrations of such type.

Figure 28. Do the local public authorities from the locality cooperate with authorities from the other side of the Dniester River?



These collaborations, in the population perception, primarily relate to community development projects, and as an experience exchange.

Figure 29. Objective of cooperation between authorities



If there is some connection between the ordinary citizens from both sides of the Dniester river, we cannot say the same about the existence of a collaboration between local authorities. Local leaders reminded about the meetings and reciprocal visits related to cultural events (concerts, festivals) and sporting events. These joint activities have become very rare today, some communities no longer practice them.

In addition to projects / sub-projects funded by UNDP, in left bank LPA's representatives practice there were no projects carried out with colleagues / peers from the right bank of the river. The main reasons / causes of non - cooperation are the differentiated legislation, non - accepting at the central level of collaboration between local authorities, the lack of interest of both parties.

Officially we have no link with anyone. The only possibility that allowed us to talk was after the organization of trainings. (4IA, mayor)

With mayors, directors of kindergarten we met at seminars organized by UNDP, but as we did not meet before. (6IA, mayor)

I want to mention that particularly I came and the group gathers and presents, but when it is about the organization, they are forbidden to travel. We travel more freely at the celebration of the village day in Ciuburciu, Slobodzia district, on Christmas holidays we went at Nezavertalovca with ensemble Crai, with Christmas carols, we were received very well. (5IA, mayor)

We had such cases when from Nezavertailovca and Parcani, were invited at the celebration of the village day, festival of ethnic Bulgarians and ethnic groups from these villages. They got up at customs posts and

were returned. (5IA, mayor)

We always communicate, but officially we do not cooperate. In the most often cases the population collaborates at cultural level and meet with this aim in Cosnita locality. (8IA, mayor of Butova)

I come in visit at the celebration of May 9. We visit them, also with such occasions. Our relationship is a good one. (3FG, F, 70 years)

Before we had and now we carry out a wide cultural exchange, go with concerts and at sporting events in the village Copanca, we invite them to us. The collaboration between both sides can be improved through the houses of culture and concerts, cultural events. (Decision maker, F, 56 years)

In some localities there were certain tendencies to collaborate by making mini projects, but they remained at the level of discussions without taking any concrete steps or remained as future plans. In the vision of local leaders, these projects remain unimplemented because of the difficult process of collecting documents and the reluctance of the central authorities from Tiraspol.

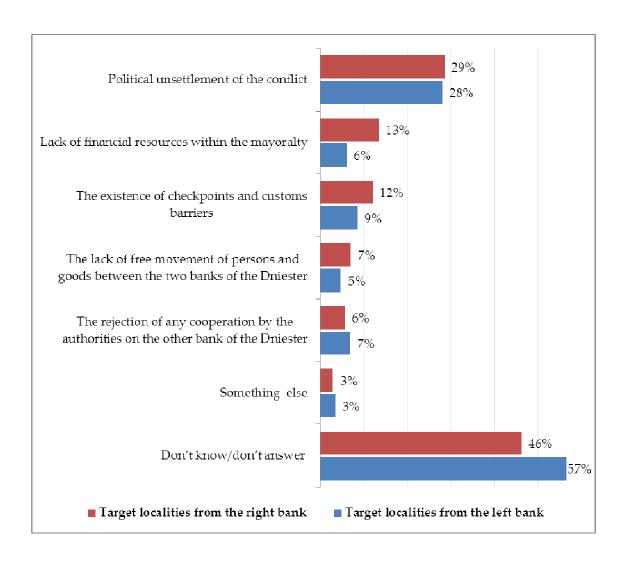
Our mayor cooperates with those from Dubasari. The Local Public Administration is afraid to cooperate with them, there was a case when some money was allocated - 20,000 USA dollars and they did not want to cooperate. It's difficult to deal with them, those who are at the management. (2IA, NGOs)

Last years it is about to bind us with a village from the left bank to make way to there. So it was when at the management was the formermayor and the situation did not change. (1FG, F6)

We now have a plan, it's a nice elbow on the Dniester River, it seems to me that the Ministry of Culture wants to take it under the evidence to make it as a tourist road. And we want to make it near Puhaceni, it is opposite to Grigoriopol ... Sometimes we even deepen ourselves in local problems and forget all these. If this question should be put at the central level, I think it would get well. Especially there would be forwarded some joint projects with the left side. (IIA mayor)

The failure to resolve politically the Transnistrian conflict is perceived by most respondents as a barrier for a closer collaboration between the communities. Other barriers, however, more pronounced by the citizens from the right bank are the lack of financial resources in possession of mayor offices and the existence of checkpoints.

Figure 30. Barriers for cooperation between both banks



Failure to resolve politically the conflict

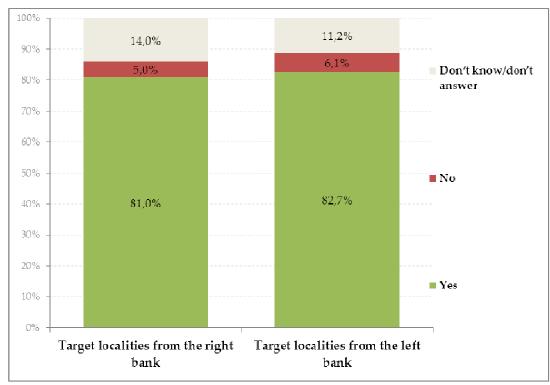
Lack of financial resources in Mayor Offices

Existence of control points and customs barriers

Lack of free circulation of persons and goods between those two banks of the river Dniester Rejecting any cooperation between the authorities from another bank of the river Other

The population massively is of opinion for the collaboration between the communities from the banks of the Dniester River at least at local government level. Would like the authorities from their community to cooperate more closely with the communities from the opposite bank of the river - 81% of respondents from the right bank and 83% from the left bank.

Figure 31. Would you like your community authorities to cooperate more closely with the communities from the opposite bank of the river?



Although there are barriers preventing close collaboration between local authorities and the population from the two banks of the river Dniester, during the study were identified several ways of cooperation between the two sides.

The LPA's representatives interviewed during the study, believe that it is necessary first of all to cooperate at the cultural level, as the culture, sports are the common points that could approach the population from both banks. Other participants of the study are of the opinion that the economic activities and common goals could be a good start of developing a friendly relationship.

Cooperation at cultural level (concerts, mutual visits, events);

Cultural activities or cultural events are considered the most effective in terms of rebuilding relations of cooperation between the two sides. This is the opinion of both banks' respondents, especially since there were such practices in the past.

They completely reject us, but we can approach them through cultural activities, here we could discuss and here a person can open its soul. (6IA, mayor)

It shall be organized joint events, even the same holidays. The collaboration can be developed through these cultural events. (opinion leader, M, 38 years old)

Within the house of culture it might be organize a youth center, but also for the whole population, that could approach us through various cultural events, jointly organized celebrations, such as celebrating the harvest day, Easter holidays, Christmas. They could unite and approach the residents of the villages from both sides. (opinion leader, F)

• Cooperation at economic level (partnerships between businessmen from both river banks of Dniester);

Joint activities for example of economic character, as for example 20 years ago from our village there were transported the vegetables at the processing plant from the village Crasnii Octeabr of Slobozia district or were transported at Tiraspol. (5IA, mayor)

First, to develop partnership relations should be found those activities that could unite us: for them and for us it is very important to economic well-being, here we can create projects that we develop jointly, the projects that would contribute at the development of business, integration of young people in various social activities. The main platform is business development. (opinion leader, F, 56 years old)

• Participation in sports events, sports competitions;

It seems to me that the collaboration depends on the fields as culture and sports. This is evident when Sheriff football team plays with another foreign team, and it's clear that Moldovan fans keep with Transnistrian football team. (opinion leader, F)

Joint participation in cultural and sporting events should be an interesting collaboration. It would help educate young generations, but even the adults to live together. That would be more interesting to live. (opinion leader, F, 56 years old)

• Exchange of experience between experts in various fields (education, health, sport, culture).

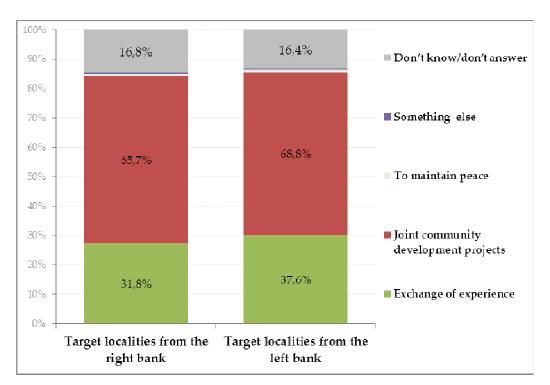
At the level of budgetary institutions, public officials - here it should be worked. As us to be unite, we must have some meetings, appointments can be made through a project. (1IA, mayor)

At the level of the budgetary institutions to have meetings, we have a high school that is the first in basketball, both boys and girls, in general they deal with sport, and in Chisinau took second place. Why do not we go there to play. (1IA, mayor)

• Collaborations regarding the implementation of joint community development projects.

In two thirds of cases the respondents were of opinion for namely the collaboration in the framework / in order to implement the joint community development projects.

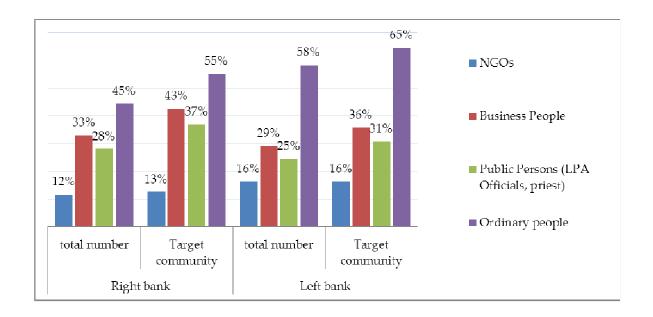
Figure 32. What should be the purpose of such cooperation



There are perceptions that should broaden the circle or the participants in inter-community collaboration. As well as the potential availability or local capacities for the cooperation between the communities, the respondents primarily relate to common people. The second group available would be the businessmen (29% -43%), followed by the public figures (between 25% and 37%) and finally by NGOs (12% -16%).

Also the implemented sub-projects appear to increase the visibility of the different potential actors. In the target communities, on both sides practically for all tested groups the share of respondents who mentioned is a little higher.

Figure 33. If there any in your community to cooperate with the authorities or population from the localities from the other side of the Dniester River?



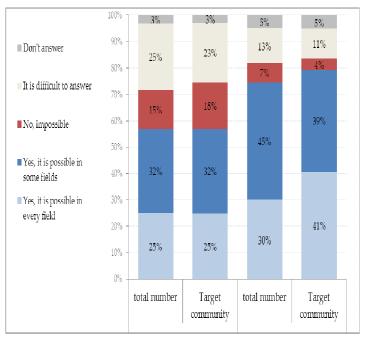
And the greater is the impact of sub-projects implemented in terms of population beliefs about the possibility of cooperation between both banks. Although things have not changed in this respect significantly in recent years (compared to 2011) people in the communities where projects have already been achieved in greater admit the possibility of such cooperation.

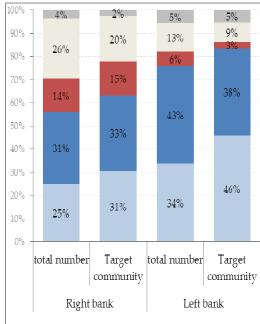
Another important point is that the population from the left bank seems to be significantly more confident about the possibility of collaboration than those on the right bank of the river, the latter probably sharing reserves due to unrecognized regime of the so called authorities from the left bank.

Overall, however, the majority of citizens on both sides believe that collaborations between communities from both river banks of the Dniester are possible.

Figure 34. Appreciations regarding the possibility of cooperation in various fields (economic, cultural, social development, etc.) with neighbors on the opposite bank of the Dniester River

2011





EU-UNDP projects had an impact not only on socio-economic development of the locality, but also on any inhabitant, and household was able to enjoy the positive effects generated by them.

Depending on the changes that have occurred in localities from the security zone (either a school renovation or construction of a market) we can identify the categories that due to a greater extent benefited from the implementation of UNDP projects:

- Young families with children of preschool and school age;
- Teenagers and young people;
- Children from vulnerable families;
- Persons employed in labor field;
- Households;
- Local public institutions (kindergartens, schools, cultural centers, health centers etc.

Not only individuals can call beneficiaries of the projects, as well as the public institutions that have achieved a number of advantages. These were either renovated or have access to drinking water, sewage disposal system. Once you are connecting to respective services, the respective institutions are favored when applying to other grants, projects.

At the moment there came a project from a District Council that in school and pre-school institutions should be repaired the sanitary blocks and it was emphasized - it is repaired where the sewerage system is present. Now all institutions in the village are connected to the sewerage system: high school, middle school, two kindergartens and health center. We have opened the doors for them, they are now switched in

the project. (1IA, mayor)

You cannot fix a road as long as on that road is not installed the aqueduct and sewerage system. We built the sewage system and this year we received nearly a million with the help of the government aid, 700,000 to repair the roads. (1IA, mayor)

According to local leaders opinion we cannot say that after solving a community problem, through the UNDP has benefited only a certain category of the population, but to a greater or lesser degree benefited all the residents. Mostly it refers to such changes that occurred in the locality, as well as the installation of street lighting systems, construction of water supply systems, sewerage systems and water treatment, renovation of health centers etc.

The category is diverse, have benefited from the project starting from the newborns to elderly retired people ... For all the population is beneficial this water supply work. (5IA, mayor)

From the project benefited all inhabitants, primarily youth, those who are working in the budgetary sector, and those who are working in the field and then returning in the evening from work and walked through the dark. (3IA, mayor)

Beneficiates all the categories, if there is a repair of medical institutions, here all persons benefit, if it regards the repair of the educational institutions here are happy the parents and the grandparents, and the children are equally satisfied, so in such cases it is difficult to determine exactly which categories have benefited. (opinion leader, F, 56 years old)

All the residents had benefited, because with their own forces and without the help of these projects, I think it could be not possible to make these changes. (expert, F)

In-depth interviews conducted with local leaders there were highlighted the many benefits that were obtained by the localities following the implementation of the EU-UNDP funded projects. According to LPA's representatives, the EU-UNDP projects, primarily, aimed at improving the living conditions of local people and the creation of new public services. For example, the supply of the households with drinking water by building an aqueduct or connecting the households to the sewerage system are services that practically did not exist in those localities.

The impact is overall beneficial because now are good conditions, until now the persons were bringing water barrels, bathtubs, tractor, car or even basic conditions were not present. At the moment they enjoy, the water comes to tap, they can take a shower, bath, use the washing machine. (5IA, mayor)

Not only the creation of new public services, but also the increasing of the accessibility to existing services of the residents, as well as the improving of the quality of local services. Repairs and equipping of kindergartens, schools contributed to the opening of new groups and

classes, thus more children are able to attend these educational institutions. A positive impact had the EU-UNDP projects on adolescents and young people, because they were created conditions for them to have a place to spend leisure time. Through the projects have been repaired and refurbished some sports schools, sports halls of educational institutions, offering young people the opportunity to participate in sport, to lead a healthy lifestyle.

Children, who were walking on the road, went over to bars, now they know that at 3 o'clock starts the training. We have successes in wrestling, we have champions. (6IA, mayor)

Most of all I like that vulnerable children, now have a place to go, they do not walk on the road to ruin anything, because in the sports hall they spend all their energy. It will operate to the next generation. (6IA, mayor)

First, it was improved the pupils' attendance in training, they behave better in trainings towards the results they must bring best. The conditions are very good and this resulted in high level of the pupils' attendance. (7IA, decision-maker)

Most guys spend a lot of time here. It was also slowed down with going on the bars and they now come here. Late at evening the young men had nowhere to go except the bar, but now they come to the wrestling room. (7IA, decision-maker)

If we shall talk of the town X, there was reconstructed a sports complex, a sports hall, where permanently are trained the young men from the locality, attending different sections. The school roof was repaired, the beneficiaries of both changes are the youth from the village, and even I would say all the residents. (Local leader, M, 38 years old)

By implementing these projects and their usefulness, the population of the left bank of the Dniester River gained more confidence in donor organizations, that are working on the right bank of the river Dniester. The confidence gained determined the population and representatives of local authorities to be open to new cooperation with the right bank of the river.

I believe that these projects have achieved their goals, especially contributed to the increase of population confidence towards these projects. In the villages where these projects were carried out, increased the people's access to social objects. (expert, F) It had a positive influence. People began to trust such projects. When the respective projects were discussed all were pessimistic. (expert, F)

Another major goal pursued by the financing institution is the development of cooperation relationships between LPA's representatives from both banks of the Dniester River, as well as in their proximity. On this occasion it were organized joint meetings with public authorities representatives and decision makers from municipalities involved in the EU-UNDP projects. For the majority of the respondents these seminars / meetings being the only during the last 5-10 years, where they had the opportunity to meet and communicate with their counterparts from the other bank of the Dniester River.

Prospects of development of localities in the security zone

Localities from the left bank of Dniester River in perspective (after 5 years)

In the last 10-15 years there have been significant changes in rural localities due to projects and grants offered by state institutions and international institutions / organizations working on the territory of the Republic of Moldova. There appeared the opportunities for solving community problems by applying to these projects and grants. Practically in every locality occurred some changes in infrastructure, were developed and improved the public services, which had as effect the creation of the living conditions for local people.

The study noted that local leaders work together in projects with several national and international structures:

• Create partnerships with European countries;

The president also collaborates with Mayor's offices, has friendly relations with Estonia, Poland, Italy. We often are visited by people from these countries who come up with ideas to invest money in some areas. (2IA, NGOs)

Besides this we have recently started a project with some partners from Poland, related to street lighting with photovoltaic panels, we are finishing now. (4IA mayor)

• Collaborations with international institutions (World Bank, Peace Corps, the US Government);

If to talk about agriculture we are finishing the project "Millennium Challenge" from the American Government sources. They funded \$ 5 million to renovate the irrigation system. (4IA, mayor)

In addition we had implemented a project through "Peace Corps" when we had a volunteer on the territory during two years where we have implemented a project on the creation of an information center in the public library. (4IA, mayor)

 Collaborations with national institutions (ministries, Ecological Fund, the National Integration Agency).

At the Integration Agency we won one million lei, so we renovated the kindergarten from the village X. (11A, mayor)

At the present moment there is an ongoing project on water supply, where again the local inhabitants have to contribute with 1000 MDL from a household ... That with the help of the National Environmental Fund. (3IA, mayor)

As we entered the spring based on 50 letters I did, I took it to ambition. At the Football Federation, the Ecological Fund, the World Bank, the Ministry of Culture that we have problems with the house of culture, and with the kindergarten. (1IA, mayor)

The future of the locality is seen by the local leaders as being one prosperous, and here they referred in the majority of cases to the prospects of socio-economic development of the locality. The citizens participating in group discussions are more reserved regarding the future of the locality, although they are happy with the changes that took place in the village in recent years.

The finishing of the infrastructure projects started is one of the main objectives to be met in the near future. Practically in every locality at the present moment is being conducted one or more projects, being at different stages of progress (projects related to irrigation of arable land, renovation of public institutions).

Some mayors are awaiting the replies from the projects they applied. In the coming years, the LPA's representatives intend to tackle the problem of roads from the locality, even the focus group participants noted the need for roads repair.

Over 2-3 years I see my locality in a radical change. We end with sewerage system and I think we shall begin with our roads. The perspective is, we should work. (1IA, mayor)

5 years is not a term so long, but I know for sure there would be sources for road repairs, just because there were started projects in this field. First we want to make water and sanitation and then focus on the road and then to have another sense. (4IA, mayor)

Other localities are proposing that in the next five years to supply with drinking water and connect to sewage system a large part of households.

The job creation in the locality is the next future objective of local leaders. They want that the businesses from rural area to develop in areas such as agriculture, animal livestock, processing industry.

However, the citizens who participated in group discussions, have a more pessimistic vision over the prospects of development of own localities, but also of all rural localities from the Republic of Moldova.

Participants in group discussions, consider that in the near future, the own locality, as well as the localities nearby will be depopulated because of the migration of young people from the village to the city in search of jobs and better living conditions. Another cause of rural depopulation is the migration of the working age population to other countries more developed looking for new sources of income.

Frankly speaking I do not see myself in the future in Molovata, I also would like to live in the city, but not in the village. (1FG, F)

We'll see, we will go abroad, we will bring the financial resources, reserves of money that we will spend them here and we'll go again. (2FG, F)

The working places will be, but everyone will be old, but of there will be any working places the young men will not leave. (1FG, F)

The mayor wants to do more and will do, but the young persons leave, there will be many old men and we will rarely see children, young persons leave, but the village perspective is youth. (2FG, F)

The localities of the right bank of the Dniester River in perspective (5 years)

The development of the Transnistrian region in the vision of survey respondents on the right bank is dependent on the situation in neighboring country of Ukraine and the Russian Federation. In the context of the crisis situation that has been felt in the last year because of military operations from Ukraine, the forecasts for future are more negative. First of all, it will worsen the living standards of ordinary citizens by increasing the prices on food, energy products, it will lower wages and pensions etc.

My wish is to be together, we are a quite small territory, a small country ... How is the situation now in Ukraine, on the left bank it is hard to say what will happen further. (1IA mayor)

I think the situation in Transnistrian region will get worse if Russia refuses it. (1FG, M, 39 years old)

I think that Russia will take Crimea and will refuse Transnistria. (1FG, M, 59 years old)

Transnistrian conflict settlement depends on the interstate relations between the Republic of Moldova, European Union, Russian Federation, while local authorities and ordinary citizens do not have any influence or a minimal role in its settlement. According to respondents, without the involvement of state power can only be improved the collaboration between people on both sides of the Dniester River at the cultural level.

It all depends on interstate relations Republic of Moldova, Russian Federation, EU. It's hard to predict today what will happen. (5IA, mayor)

I hope everything will be all right. Our leadership shall find common ground. Ordinary people have nothing to share. (1FG, F)

It all depends on leadership, whatever it is, those from above determine everything. We must be able to

circulate freely - sister to brother and to not have these borders. (1FG, F, 51 years old).

Participants in group discussions and some local leaders consider that Moldova will become attractive for the population from the left bank, if the socio-economic development of localities and of the whole country shall register considerable progress, if the population will have a higher standard of living, new places of job etc.

I am optimistic person and I think that someday the problem will be solved, people are for this issue. We have the same religion, the same language we speak, we must be together. There will happen progress, what we did for a year was a huge result, each of them have relatives and friends who all want to open enterprises. (2IA, NGOs)

In Transnistria I also don't see any change, they like stability, if the leadership shall change may be something will change. (2FG, F)

Local leaders from the left side of Dniester see the situation from Transnistrian region as one of perspective that aims at a better socio-economic development. Addressing key community issues will contribute to raising the living standards of the inhabitants. Encouraging the business development in rural areas is another objective of local leaders that will lead to the creation of jobs for citizens.

We think that everything will be fine, our village will live, the geographical location allows it, the population increases, the death rate decreases, and we think that our village will become part of the city Tiraspol. I'm sure that the problems relating to school shall be solved, shall be installed the street lighting. We will discuss repairing the house of culture. (Local leader, F)

New jobs, we already have a unit, dealing with drying fruits, we have a unit that produces meat, in neighboring villages have opened stores that sell these products. We must repair the house of culture and deal with road repairs. (Local leader, F, 26 years old)

Development of small and medium businesses to increase the local budget, which will allow us to pay salaries and to improve the standard of living of the population in our district. (local leader, F, 50 years old)

Conclusions and recommendations

The perceptions of the public regarding the socio-economic development of the community

The population from both sides of the Dniester is largely unhappy with the economic situation in the community. On the right bank of the river people's perceptions are that things are

improving slightly meantime, while on the left bank in opposite, mostly reported worsening of situation.

Perception of the public regarding the activity of the LPA and the participation

The appreciations given by the citizens regarding the activity of LPA on the right bank are moderately positive, at the same time being signaled improvements in this regard in recent years.

The frequency of contact of people with LPA is one quite low, as well as the level of information of citizens about the activities taking place in the community, the decision-making in LPA, as well as the participation of the citizens at this process.

Community services: current state and citizens' satisfaction

Spectrum of Community Services is divided into three parts - services provided at the satisfaction level for the population, those rendered at an unsatisfactory level and services absent in many communities. The community development approaches in the future must take into account the "group" any service is positioned in, when taking into account the decisions to which of them shall be granted the investments.

Until the present moment, the citizens do not perceive the involvement of other actors other than the LPA in implementing community projects, work to be considered in the planning of community projects in order to increase the involvement of NGOs, economic agents and ordinary residents.

Level of involvement and availability for involvement in community projects

The level of participation of the population in communities from the security zone though is not a massive one, it is still quite a high one. Almost every second household in communities from the right bank contributed directly to solving of some community issues in the past 3 years.

The level of availability for the contribution in the framework of community projects in the future is a very high. The specifics to be considered are that on the right bank the population mostly is willing to contribute financially, while on the left bank via labor.

Projects implemented: knowledge and satisfaction

The study shows that the community problems for the solution of which have been implemented the sub-projects were truly solved by priority.

It is recommended that an enhanced promotion campaign be conducted; though fewer respondents knew about the programme, the level of awareness about sub-projects is higher.

Project Implementation Unit

Positive practices of cooperation between local public authorities and UNDP-Moldova team

There were identified within the study, a series of practices undertaken in collaboration between LPA and UNDP, as well as the modality of activities organization, conforming the deadline, the correct resource management, responsibility of the persons involved in the project, monitoring and evaluation of works to ensure the fulfillment of the objectives proposed by this project.

Problems / obstacles in the implementation of the EU-UNDP projects

Within the group discussions, the LPA's representatives revealed several difficulties that they clashed during project implementation. One of the difficulties is the lack of the specialists in the

Mayor's Office to handle their coordination and implementation. Other difficulties have kept the cooperation between LPA and the economic agent, who carried out the works with delay, lack of specialists, poor quality work.

Interest for the cooperation between both banks of the river Dniester

On a daily basis the interactions of the population from the both sides are pretty intense and frequent.

The population is very open to intensify inter-community collaborations to implement community projects jointly. Also the sub-projects already implemented increase the confidence in the possibility of such cooperation.

The modalities of cooperation the most effective are the cooperation at cultural level, sporting events, joint implementation of community projects and exchange of experience between the specialists in different fields.

Development perspectives of the localities in the security zone

Addressing issues such as those relating to infrastructure, as well as (repairing roads, sewerage, water supply), creating new job places for locals, business development at the local level..

ANNEX No. 1: list of localities considered as part of the security zone, right bank

DISTRICT	LOCALITY
DISTRICT CRIULENI	CRIULENI CITY
DISTRICT REZINA	REZINA CITY
DISTRICT REZINA	BOSERNITA VILLAGE
DISTRICT REZINA	BUSAUCA VILLAGE
DISTRICT SOROCA	CERLINA VILLAGE
DISTRICT STEFAN VODA	CIOBURCIU VILLAGE
DISTRICT REZINA	CIORNA VILLAGE
DISTRICT SOLDANESTI	CLIMAUTII DE JOS VILLAGE
DISTRICT DUBASARI	COCIERI VILLAGE
DISTRICT CAUSENI	COPANCA VILLAGE
DISTRICT DUBASARI	CORJOVA VILLAGE
DISTRICT DUBASARI	COSNITA VILLAGE

DISTRICT	LOCALITY
DISTRICT SOLDANESTI	CURATURA VILLAGE
DISTRICT ANENII NOI	DELACAU VILLAGE
DISTRICT DUBASARI	DOROTCAIA VILLAGE
DISTRICT DUBASARI	FIRLADENI VILLAGE
DISTRICT ANENII NOI	GURA BICULUI VILLAGE
DISTRICT CAUSENI	HAGIMUS VILLAGE
DISTRICT ANENII NOI	HIRBOVAT VILLAGE
DISTRICT FLORESTI	JAPCA VILLAGE
DISTRICT ORHEI	JORA DE JOS VILLAGE
DISTRICT ORHEI	JORA DE MIJLOC VILLAGE
DISTRICT ORHEI	JORA DE SUS VILLAGE
DISTRICT REZINA	LALOVA VILLAGE
DISTRICT DUBASARI	MOLOVATA NOUA VILLAGE
DISTRICT FLORESTI	NAPADOVA VILLAGE
DISTRICT SOROCA	NIMEREUCA VILLAGE
DISTRICT DUBASARI	OXENTEA VILLAGE
DISTRICT DUBASARI	PIRITA VILLAGE
DISTRICT DUBASARI	POHREBEA VILLAGE
DISTRICT SOLDANESTI	POIANA VILLAGE
DISTRICT ANENII NOI	PUHACENI VILLAGE
DISTRICT STEFAN VODA	PURCARI VILLAGE
DISTRICT STEFAN VODA	RASCAIETI VILLAGE
DISTRICT DUBASARI	ROGHI VILLAGE
DISTRICT REZINA	SAHARNA VILLAGE
DISTRICT FLORESTI	SANATAUCA VILLAGE
DISTRICT ANENII NOI	SERPENI VILLAGE

DISTRICT	LOCALITY
DISTRICT SOLDANESTI	SOCOLA VILLAGE
DISTRICT REZINA	SOLONCENI VILLAGE
DISTRICT ANENII NOI	SPEIA VILLAGE
DISTRICT STEFAN VODA	TALMAZA VILLAGE
DISTRICT REZINA	TARASOVA VILLAGE
DISTRICT ANENII NOI	TELITA VILLAGE
DISTRICT REZINA	TIPOVA VILLAGE
DISTRICT FLORESTI	TIRGUL-VERTIUJENI VILLAGE
DISTRICT DUBASARI	USTIA VILLAGE
DISTRICT SOLDANESTI	VADUL-RASCOV VILLAGE
DISTRICT ANENII NOI	VARNITA VILLAGE
DISTRICT ORHEI	VISCAUTI VILLAGE
DISTRICT FLORESTI	ZALUCENI VILLAGE
DISTRICT DUBASARI	VASILIEVCA VILLAGE

ANNEX No. 2: Statistical tables

Contents

- Table 21. Have you personally ever participated at the locality budget approval?
- Table 22. Have you personally ever participated at attraction of investment?
- Table 23. Have you personally ever participated in strategic plan drafting of the community?
- Table 24. Have you personally ever participated at attraction of grants for the locality?
- Table 25. Have you personally ever participated in Drafting (preparation) community projects?
- Table 26. Have you personally ever participated in community meetings?
- Table 27. Have you personally ever participated in local council meeting?
- Table 28. How do you inform yourself about the activities taking place at the Mayor's Office?
- Table 29. How do you inform yourself about the activities taking place at the Mayor's Office?
- Table 30. Where would you prefer to inform yourself about the activities taking place at the Mayor's Office?
- Table 31. Where would you prefer to inform yourself about the activities taking place at the Mayor's Office?
- Table 32. To what extent are you satisfied generally with your level of information about the activity of Mayor's Office?
- Table 33. To what extent do you agree that Local Authority is flexible in making decisions and adapts easily to new conditions?
- Table 34. To what extent do you agree that Local Authority solves people's problems quickly and correctly?
- Table 35. To what extent do you agree that the Mayor's Office communicates frequently with citizens?
- Table 36. To what extent do you agree that the Mayor's Office has a local socio-economic development strategy?
- Table 37. To what extent do you agree that socio-economic development strategy was developed with mutual agreement with the citizens?
- Table 38. To what extent do you agree that Mayor's Office officials are qualified?
- Table 39. To what extent do you agree that the Mayor's Office is too bureaucratic in relation to citizens?
- Table 40. To what extent do you agree that Mayor's Office' representatives treat with respect the citizens?
- Table 41. To what extent do you agree that the Mayor's Office effectively manage the local budget?
- Table 42. To what extent do you agree that citizens know how is spent the local budget?
- Table 43. To what extent do you agree that in general I like to interact with officials from the Mayor's office?
- Table 44. To what extent do you agree that the Mayoralty officials are corrupt?
- Table 45. To what extent do you agree that Local Authority' representatives are always available and open to common citizens?
- Table 46. If you think about the community where you live, please tell me which of the services listed below have been improved in the last three years following community development projects?
- Table 47. If you think about the community where you live, please tell me which of the services listed below have been improved in the last three years following community development projects?
- Table 48. If you think about the community where you live, please tell me which of the services listed below have been improved in the last three years following community development projects?

Table 49. If you think about the community where you live, please tell me which of the services listed below have been improved in the last three years following community development projects?

Table 50. If you think about the community where you live, please tell me which of the services listed below do you think should be improved in the coming years?

Table 51. If you think about the community where you live, please tell me which of the services listed below do you think should be improved in the coming years?

Table 52. If you think about the community where you live, please tell me which of the services listed below do you think should be improved in the coming years?

Table 53. If you think about the community where you live, please tell me which of the services listed below do you think should be improved in the coming years?

Table 54. How satisfied are you generally with the spatial arrangement of the territory of the village or town?

Table 55. How satisfied are you generally with arrangement and repair, roads, streets?

Table 56. How satisfied are you generally with centralized water supply to the village?

Table 57. How satisfied are you generally with centralized sewerage system?

Table 58. How satisfied are you generally with centralized gas system?

Table 59. How satisfied are you generally with your heating supply?

Table 60. How satisfied are you generally with the collection and disposal of household waste?

Table 61. How satisfied are you generally with providing of local public transport?

Table 62. How satisfied are you generally by the local public baths functioning?

Table 63. How satisfied are you generally with small business development?

Table 64. How satisfied are you generally with the system of social protection of the population affected by unemployment?

Table 65. How satisfied are you generally with the repair and modernization of medical centers?

Table 66. How satisfied are you generally with educational institutions, including kindergartens and schools?

Table 67. How satisfied are you generally with Cultural centers, libraries, museums?

Table 68. How satisfied are you generally with buildings and sports bases?

Table 69. How satisfied are you generally by Youth activities at the local level?

Table 70. How satisfied are you generally with green spaces and parks?

Table 71. How satisfied are you generally with your markets generally and halls?

Table 72. How satisfied are you generally with ensuring public order?

Table 73. How satisfied are you generally with civil protection and fire protection?

Table 74. How satisfied are you generally with food and industrial goods shops?

Table 75. How satisfied are you generally with street lighting?

Table 76. Do you consider that in recent years the following public services in your community have improved, worsened or remained the same?

Table 77. Do you consider that in recent years the following public services in your community have improved, worsened or remained the same?

Table 78. Do you consider that in recent years the following public services in your community have improved, worsened or remained the same?

Table 79. Do you consider that in recent years the following public services in your community have improved, worsened or remained the same?

Table 80. Do you consider that in recent years the following public services in your community have improved, worsened or remained the same?

Table 81. Do you consider that in recent years the following public services in your community have improved, worsened or remained the same?

Table 82. Do you consider that in recent years the following public services in your community have improved, worsened or remained the same?

Table 83. Do you consider that in recent years the following public services in your community have improved, worsened or remained the same?

Table 84. Do you consider that in recent years the following public services in your community have improved, worsened or remained the same?

Table 85. Do you consider that in recent years the following public services in your community have improved, worsened or remained the same?

Table 86. Do you consider that in recent years the following public services in your community have improved, worsened or remained the same?

Table 87. To what extent do you consider the Local Public Administration (Mayor's Office) contributes to solving social and economic problems in your community?

Table 88. To what extent do you consider that non - governmental local organizations contribute to solving social and economic problems in your community?

Table 89. To what extent the Government contributes to solving social and economic problems in your community?

Table 90. To what extent do you consider that local economic agents contribute to solving social and economic problems in your locality?

Table 91. To what extent do you consider that that ordinary residents contribute to solving social and economic problems in your community?

Table 92. How much do you trust the following ...?

Table 93. How much do you trust the following ...?

Table 94. How much do you trust the following ...?

Table 95. Who in your opinion was most involved in the development and implementation of projects which were conducted in your community?

Table 96. Who in your opinion is the most able to achieve and implement a community development project that could take place in the locality?

Table 97. Please let me know if you / your household over the last three years has participated in solving community problems by contributing some of the material (money) or work?

Table 98. If you have the opportunity in the future you would be willing to contribute money or labor to community projects?

Table 99. How much money do you/ your household have available to contribute?

Table 100. How many hours / work would you / your household be available to contribute?

Table 101. Have you ever heard about the project "Enhancing of confidence measures on both sides of the Dniester River", which contribute to solving social economic community problems?

Table 102. Did you know ...

Table 103. Do you know that in your community was implemented the sub-project with the support of the project "Enhancing of confidence measures on both sides of the Dniester River"?

Table 104. Until the subproject implementation, did you know / were you informed of the following aspects:

Table 105. Until the subproject implementation, did you know / were you informed of the following aspects:

Table 106. From what sources do you received information about UNDP subproject?

Table 107. From what sources do you received information about UNDP subproject?

Table 108. In your opinion the problem that was solved in the community with the support of UNDP has been chosen correctly, it was a problem needing urgent improvement?

Table 109. To what extent do you consider that the community members have participated in the performance of the subproject implemented with UNDP support?

Table 110. To what extent are you satisfied with the quality of the renovation works / construction to object as outcome of UNDP subproject implementation?

Table 111. To what extent are you satisfied with the quality of the object currently maintaining?

Table 112. Do you consider that the UNDP subproject is a successful one?

Table 113. How do you appreciate the socio-economic development of the localities from the other side of the Dniester - on the right bank?

Table 114. How would you rate the standard of living of families from the other side of the Dniester?

Table 115. Compared to your locality, the localities from the other side of the Dniester are more developed or less developed?

Table 116. Compared with your family, the families from the other side of the Dniester have a better or worse standard of living?

Table 117. In your opinion on the other side of the Dniester?

Table 118. In your opinion on the other side of the Dniester?

Table 119. In your opinion on the other side of the Dniester?

Table 120. Have you ever been in any village on the other side of the Dniester?

Table 121. How often do you go to the other side of the Dniester?

Table 122. For what purpose you visited, or have been in a village on the other side of the Dniester?

Table 123. Do you have any ..., on the other side of the Dniester, with whom you communicate, keep in touch?

Table 124. Do you have any ..., on the other side of the Dniester, with whom you communicate, keep in touch?

Table 125. How do you keep in touch with relatives?

Table 126. How do you keep in touch with friends?

Table 127. How do you keep in touch with study fellows?

Table 128. How do you keep in touch with work colleagues?

Table 129. How do you keep in touch with acquaintances?

Table 130. How do you keep in touch with partners?

Table 131. Would you like to have more friends, acquaintances, on the other side of the Dniester?

Table 132. From what we know, the local public administration in your community cooperates with authorities on the other side of the Dniester?

Table 133. How cooperates LPA in your locality, with that on the other side of the Dniester?

Table 134. Why do you think the LPA in your locality, does not cooperate with that on the other side of the Dniester?

Table 135. But would you like the local public authorities from your locality to collaborate or cooperate more closely with the authorities on the other side of the Dniester?

Table 136. But in the future, how would you like to collaborate, LPA in your locality, at the other side of the Dniester?

Table 137. If there exists in your locality ... to collaborate with the authorities and population from the other side of the Dniester?

Table 138. If there exists in your locality ... to collaborate with the authorities and population from the other side of the Dniester?

Table 139. If there exists in your locality ... to collaborate with the authorities and population from the other side of the Dniester?

Table 140. How would you rate the interpersonal relationships between you and your neighbors on the opposite bank of the Dniester River in 2011?

Table 141. How would you rate the interpersonal relationships between you and your neighbors on the opposite bank of the Dniester River in 2014?

Table 142. In your opinion, is it possible the collaboration in various fields (economic, cultural, social, etc.) with your neighbors on the opposite bank of the Dniester in 2011?

Table 143. In your opinion, is it possible the collaboration in various fields (economic, cultural, social, etc.) with your neighbors on the opposite bank of the Dniester in 2014?

Table 144. Would you like to collaborate more effectively in various fields with your neighbors on the opposite bank of the Dniester?

Tabel 1. Structure of the sample

		Region									
			Right	bank		Left bank					
		To	otal	T	arget	T	otal	Target			
	18-29 years	85	10,7%	33	10,0%	65	20,2%	25	18,4%		
A	30-44 years	185	23,2%	76	23,0%	62	19,1%	29	20,8%		
Age	45-59 years	266	33,3%	115	34,8%	77	23,9%	29	21,0%		
	60 +	262	32,8%	106	32,1%	119	36,8%	54	39,8%		
Sex	Male	381	47,7%	157	47,6%	111	34,3%	41	30,1%		
Sex	Female	417	52,3%	173	52,4%	212	65,7%	96	69,9%		
	Low level	212	26,6%	81	24,5%	43	13,4%	24	17,6%		
Studies	Medium level	428	53,6%	184	55,8%	189	58,4%	73	53,5%		
	High level	158	19,8%	65	19,7%	91	28,2%	40	28,9%		
Environment	Urban	99	12,4%	68	20,6%	167	51,8%	81	59,2%		
	Rural	699	87,6%	262	79,4%	156	48,2%	56	40,8%		

Tabel 2. How do you appreciate the current economic situation of your locality as compared to that of last year?

							Reg	gion							
		Right bank							Left bank						
		Much better	A little better	Uncha nged	A little worse	Much worse	I do not know	Much better	A little better	Unchan ged	A little worse	Much worse	I do not know		
Total		1,0%	29,3%	39,0%	20,4%	8,3%	2,0%	2,1%	17,7%	18,9%	26,9%	31,6%	2,8%		
	18-29 years	1,2%	40,0%	36,5%	17,6%	2,4%	2,4%	2,5%	29,8%	11,1%	30,1%	25,3%	1,2%		
A	30-44 years	2,7%	28,1%	38,9%	20,5%	7,6%	2,2%	2,2%	9,1%	21,2%	35,3%	30,6%	1,6%		
Age	45-59 years	,8%	28,2%	39,1%	18,8%	10,9%	2,3%	4,2%	17,2%	19,7%	25,7%	30,6%	2,5%		
	60 +		27,9%	39,7%	22,9%	8,0%	1,5%	,3%	15,8%	21,5%	21,6%	36,4%	4,4%		
Sex	Male	,3%	29,4%	38,1%	21,0%	9,7%	1,6%	1,2%	11,6%	17,5%	38,5%	29,1%	2,1%		
Sex	Female	1,7%	29,3%	39,8%	19,9%	7,0%	2,4%	2,5%	20,8%	19,7%	20,9%	33,0%	3,1%		
	Low level		26,9%	41,0%	20,8%	8,0%	3,3%	3,8%	28,3%	14,9%	22,8%	23,8%	6,4%		
Studies	Medium level	1,2%	32,5%	37,1%	19,6%	8,2%	1,4%	2,5%	16,2%	19,3%	31,7%	27,6%	2,8%		
	High level	1,9%	24,1%	41,1%	22,2%	8,9%	1,9%	,4%	15,7%	20,1%	19,0%	43,7%	1,1%		
Environment	Urban	2,0%	24,2%	40,4%	22,2%	9,1%	2,0%	1,8%	14,4%	20,8%	24,1%	34,7%	4,1%		
Environment	Rural	,9%	30,0%	38,8%	20,2%	8,2%	2,0%	2,4%	21,1%	16,9%	29,9%	28,3%	1,4%		

Tabel 3. Considering the current economic situation, how do you think it will look like in three years?

							Reg	gion							
		Right bank							Left bank						
		Much better	A little better	Uncha nged	A little worse	Much worse	I do not know	Much better	A little better	Unchan ged	A little worse	Much worse	I do not know		
Total		1,4%	22,9%	20,1%	15,8%	10,5%	29,3%	4,2%	28,5%	17,5%	12,0%	11,7%	26,1%		
	18-29 years	1,2%	29,4%	22,4%	14,1%	10,6%	22,4%	3,6%	28,4%	17,7%	23,4%	14,8%	12,1%		
A ===	30-44 years	1,6%	21,6%	20,0%	11,9%	11,9%	33,0%	11,1%	25,4%	19,8%	6,4%	13,0%	24,3%		
Age	45-59 years	1,5%	26,7%	16,9%	16,5%	12,0%	26,3%	1,3%	29,2%	12,4%	14,6%	13,1%	29,4%		
	60 +	1,1%	17,9%	22,5%	18,3%	8,0%	32,1%	2,8%	29,7%	19,5%	6,9%	8,4%	32,7%		
Sex	Male	1,3%	20,7%	23,1%	15,7%	11,8%	27,3%	5,0%	20,7%	18,4%	11,7%	15,9%	28,2%		
Sex	Female	1,4%	24,9%	17,3%	15,8%	9,4%	31,2%	3,7%	32,6%	17,0%	12,1%	9,5%	25,0%		
	Low level	,9%	22,2%	23,1%	12,7%	8,5%	32,5%		20,3%	16,3%	3,8%	20,3%	39,3%		
Studies	Medium level	1,4%	24,3%	19,9%	17,8%	10,0%	26,6%	4,6%	27,2%	18,7%	14,8%	8,9%	25,8%		
	High level	1,9%	20,3%	16,5%	14,6%	14,6%	32,3%	5,3%	35,0%	15,6%	10,0%	13,5%	20,5%		
Environment	Urban	3,0%	19,2%	15,2%	16,2%	15,2%	31,3%	5,5%	33,7%	17,8%	11,6%	10,9%	20,3%		
Environment	Rural	1,1%	23,5%	20,7%	15,7%	9,9%	29,0%	2,7%	22,9%	17,2%	12,4%	12,6%	32,4%		

Tabel 4. How satisfied are you with the current economic situation of your locality?

							Re	egion						
				bank			Left bank							
		Very	Fairly	Neither	Not very	not at all	I do not	Very	Fairly	Neither	Not very	not at all	I do not	
		satisfied	satisfied	Neither	satisfied	satisfied	know	satisfied	satisfied	Neither	satisfied	satisfied	know	
Total		,5%	18,0%	27,7%	34,1%	18,4%	1,3%		14,0%	23,8%	28,4%	31,5%	2,2%	
	18-29 years		20,0%	29,4%	38,8%	9,4%	2,4%		13,6%	19,5%	25,4%	38,8%	2,7%	
A ~~	30-44 years	,5%	18,9%	24,3%	33,5%	21,1%	1,6%		15,1%	14,1%	30,5%	37,6%	2,6%	
Age	45-59 years	1,1%	13,5%	30,5%	33,1%	21,1%	,8%		16,1%	14,6%	30,9%	37,2%	1,3%	
	60 +		21,4%	26,7%	34,0%	16,8%	1,1%		12,4%	37,2%	27,4%	20,7%	2,3%	
Sex	Male		17,6%	26,0%	35,4%	20,2%	,8%		7,2%	17,7%	33,4%	39,0%	2,7%	
Sex	Female	1,0%	18,5%	29,3%	32,9%	16,8%	1,7%		17,6%	27,0%	25,9%	27,6%	1,9%	
	Low level		17,9%	33,5%	34,4%	12,3%	1,9%		10,1%	35,4%	35,7%	17,0%	1,9%	
Studies	Medium level	,7%	19,6%	26,4%	32,9%	19,6%	,7%		12,3%	25,4%	29,1%	30,3%	2,8%	
	High level	,6%	13,9%	23,4%	36,7%	23,4%	1,9%		19,4%	14,9%	23,7%	40,9%	1,1%	
Environment	Urban	1,0%	13,1%	21,2%	37,4%	26,3%	1,0%		12,5%	20,7%	32,5%	32,3%	2,0%	
	Rural	,4%	18,7%	28,6%	33,6%	17,3%	1,3%		15,6%	27,1%	24,0%	30,7%	2,5%	

Tabel 5. How satisfied are you, in general, with the way you live?

							Re	egion									
			Right bank							Left bank							
		Very	Fairly	Neither	Not very	not at all	I do not	Very	Fairly	Neither	Not very	not at all	I do not				
		satisfied	satisfied	Neither	satisfied	satisfied	know	satisfied	satisfied	Neither	satisfied	satisfied	know				
Total		,5%	23,9%	26,7%	29,7%	17,9%	1,3%	2,3%	30,9%	21,3%	25,7%	17,9%	1,9%				
	18-29 years	1,2%	30,6%	30,6%	20,0%	17,6%		2,1%	43,8%	15,9%	21,3%	9,6%	7,3%				
A ~~	30-44 years	1,1%	25,4%	29,2%	25,4%	18,4%	,5%	7,5%	24,2%	19,3%	21,3%	27,8%					
Age	45-59 years	,4%	20,3%	22,6%	36,1%	19,5%	1,1%		27,4%	17,6%	30,9%	24,1%					
	60 +		24,4%	27,9%	29,4%	16,0%	2,3%	1,1%	29,5%	27,9%	26,9%	13,4%	1,2%				
Sex	Male	,3%	24,7%	26,2%	28,3%	18,9%	1,6%	3,9%	33,0%	17,9%	25,9%	18,1%	1,2%				
Sex	Female	,7%	23,3%	27,1%	30,9%	17,0%	1,0%	1,4%	29,8%	23,1%	25,5%	17,9%	2,3%				
	Low level	1,4%	20,8%	29,2%	29,2%	17,0%	2,4%		17,8%	43,0%	27,9%	10,3%	,9%				
Studies	Medium level	,2%	23,1%	25,7%	30,6%	19,4%	,9%	2,5%	35,8%	18,4%	22,1%	20,9%	,4%				
	High level		30,4%	25,9%	27,8%	15,2%	,6%	3,0%	26,9%	17,1%	32,0%	15,5%	5,5%				
Environment	Urban		19,2%	25,3%	34,3%	21,2%		2,4%	30,7%	19,5%	25,6%	18,8%	3,0%				
	Rural	,6%	24,6%	26,9%	29,0%	17,5%	1,4%	2,1%	31,1%	23,3%	25,7%	17,1%	,8%				

Tabel 6. Considering your current life condition, how did it look 3 years ago?

							Reg	gion					
				Right	bank					Left b	ank		
		Much better	Better	Appro ximate ly the same	somethi ng worse	Much worse	I do not know	Much better	Better	Approxi mately the same	somethi ng worse	Much worse	I do not know
Total		,1%	17,7%	37,2%	33,8%	9,3%	1,9%	1,3%	24,9%	24,2%	32,5%	13,5%	3,6%
	18-29 years		29,4%	36,5%	27,1%	4,7%	2,4%	2,1%	42,4%	23,1%	16,5%	7,7%	8,2%
A 00	30-44 years		24,9%	38,4%	28,1%	8,1%	,5%	4,8%	25,1%	15,8%	41,2%	9,0%	4,1%
Age	45-59 years	,4%	15,0%	36,1%	38,0%	9,4%	1,1%		19,6%	24,7%	33,0%	21,4%	1,3%
	60 +		11,5%	37,8%	35,9%	11,5%	3,4%		18,5%	28,8%	36,4%	14,0%	2,3%
Sex	Male	,3%	17,1%	37,0%	33,3%	10,2%	2,1%	2,4%	28,8%	25,0%	30,7%	12,7%	,4%
Sex	Female		18,2%	37,4%	34,3%	8,4%	1,7%	,8%	22,9%	23,7%	33,4%	14,0%	5,3%
	Low level	,5%	11,8%	42,5%	31,6%	11,3%	2,4%		15,0%	28,3%	44,1%	11,5%	,9%
Studies	Medium level		18,5%	37,9%	32,2%	9,1%	2,3%	,7%	26,6%	26,4%	29,3%	13,1%	3,8%
	High level		23,4%	28,5%	41,1%	7,0%		3,3%	25,9%	17,6%	33,5%	15,4%	4,4%
Environment	Urban		15,2%	32,3%	44,4%	7,1%	1,0%	1,6%	27,2%	19,1%	32,7%	13,7%	5,7%
Environment	Rural	,1%	18,0%	37,9%	32,3%	9,6%	2,0%	1,0%	22,4%	29,6%	32,2%	13,4%	1,3%

Tabel 7. How will your life look in 3 years?

							Reg	gion					
				Right	bank					Left b	ank		
		Much better	Better	Appro ximate ly the same	somethi ng worse	Much worse	I do not know	Much better	Better	Approxi mately the same	somethi ng worse	Much worse	I do not know
Total		1,0%	18,0%	20,7%	17,5%	10,2%	32,6%	4,6%	36,4%	17,2%	11,1%	4,2%	26,6%
	18-29 years	2,4%	28,2%	16,5%	12,9%	5,9%	34,1%	12,3%	46,9%	14,3%	2,1%	6,1%	18,4%
A 000	30-44 years	2,7%	19,5%	22,2%	16,2%	6,5%	33,0%	8,3%	36,1%	11,3%	10,3%	4,6%	29,3%
Age	45-59 years	,4%	20,3%	20,3%	17,7%	12,8%	28,6%	2,1%	30,6%	14,4%	16,5%	1,3%	35,1%
	60 +		11,5%	21,4%	19,8%	11,5%	35,9%		34,6%	23,6%	12,9%	4,8%	24,1%
Sex	Male	1,3%	16,0%	20,5%	20,2%	11,0%	31,0%	8,3%	35,1%	12,8%	15,5%	3,6%	24,7%
Sex	Female	,7%	19,9%	20,9%	15,1%	9,4%	34,1%	2,6%	37,1%	19,5%	8,8%	4,5%	27,5%
	Low level	1,4%	10,4%	24,1%	16,0%	11,8%	36,3%		31,2%	9,9%	22,5%	3,8%	32,6%
Studies	Medium level	,5%	19,9%	22,0%	18,7%	9,6%	29,4%	5,9%	34,0%	16,7%	9,8%	4,3%	29,2%
	High level	1,9%	23,4%	12,7%	16,5%	9,5%	36,1%	4,0%	43,9%	21,6%	8,2%	4,0%	18,2%
Environment	Urban	1,0%	16,2%	11,1%	20,2%	16,2%	35,4%	3,4%	42,6%	17,6%	9,1%	5,3%	21,9%
Environment	Rural	1,0%	18,3%	22,0%	17,2%	9,3%	32,2%	5,8%	29,8%	16,7%	13,2%	3,0%	31,5%

Tabel 8. To what extent were you satisfied with the course of socio-economic development of your community 3 years ago (2011)?

							Reg	gion					
				Rig	ght bank					Left	bank		
		very satisfied	satisfi ed	so and	unsatisfi ed	absolutely unsatisfied	I do not know	very satisfied	satisfie d	so and	unsatisfi ed	absolutely unsatisfied	I do not know
Total		,1%	23,4%	37,8%	29,6%	5,9%	3,1%	1,6%	32,3%	26,9%	23,1%	13,6%	2,5%
	18-29 years		28,2%	36,5%	30,6%	2,4%	2,4%	1,2%	34,4%	31,1%	21,4%	10,1%	1,8%
Ago	30-44 years		25,4%	36,8%	30,3%	4,9%	2,7%	3,8%	40,6%	17,4%	15,9%	19,5%	2,8%
Age	45-59 years	,4%	22,6%	40,6%	25,9%	8,3%	2,3%		24,2%	33,1%	24,0%	17,4%	1,3%
	60 +		21,4%	36,3%	32,4%	5,3%	4,6%	1,7%	32,1%	25,5%	27,3%	9,9%	3,6%
Sex	Male	,3%	24,4%	36,0%	31,2%	5,8%	2,4%	3,8%	35,2%	26,2%	20,4%	12,4%	2,0%
Sex	Female		22,5%	39,6%	28,1%	6,0%	3,8%	,5%	30,7%	27,2%	24,5%	14,2%	2,8%
	Low level	,5%	22,2%	39,6%	27,4%	4,7%	5,7%	2,3%	16,6%	25,6%	46,4%	7,2%	1,9%
Studies	Medium level		23,8%	37,9%	29,9%	6,8%	1,6%	1,7%	36,2%	27,6%	19,6%	11,6%	3,2%
	High level		24,1%	35,4%	31,6%	5,1%	3,8%	1,1%	31,5%	25,9%	19,3%	20,7%	1,5%
Environment	Urban		19,2%	30,3%	37,4%	9,1%	4,0%	,6%	40,0%	22,6%	19,6%	13,3%	3,9%
Environment	Rural	,1%	24,0%	38,9%	28,5%	5,4%	3,0%	2,7%	24,0%	31,5%	26,9%	13,9%	1,0%

Tabel 9. How satisfied are you, in general, with the way the Local administration (local council) from you community/locality works?

							Regi	on					
				Right	bank					Left ba	nk		
		Very content	Fairly content	Neither Neither	Not very content	not at all	I do not know	Very content	Fairly content	Neither Neither	Not very content	not at all	I do not know
Total		3,6%	39,3%	30,2%	16,3%	8,1%	2,4%	4,6%	30,4%	18,6%	24,7%	12,8%	8,9%
	18-29 years	3,5%	49,4%	24,7%	15,3%	4,7%	2,4%	,6%	34,4%	7,1%	30,8%	9,2%	17,8%
1 00	30-44 years	4,9%	37,3%	31,9%	15,1%	9,7%	1,1%	4,2%	30,8%	13,7%	24,8%	20,6%	5,9%
Age	45-59 years	4,1%	37,2%	31,2%	14,7%	9,8%	3,0%	2,6%	31,1%	19,7%	22,7%	16,6%	7,2%
	60 +	2,3%	39,7%	29,8%	19,1%	6,5%	2,7%	8,2%	27,7%	26,7%	22,5%	8,3%	6,6%
Sex	Male	3,1%	41,7%	28,9%	15,2%	9,2%	1,8%	3,0%	25,4%	19,8%	27,9%	17,3%	6,7%
Sex	Female	4,1%	37,2%	31,4%	17,3%	7,2%	2,9%	5,4%	33,1%	18,0%	23,0%	10,5%	10,0%
	Low level	5,2%	41,0%	33,5%	12,7%	6,1%	1,4%	6,3%	23,1%	28,9%	23,0%	8,9%	9,7%
Studies	Medium level	3,5%	39,0%	30,4%	16,8%	8,4%	1,9%	5,5%	29,3%	15,9%	28,7%	11,3%	9,3%
	High level	1,9%	38,0%	25,3%	19,6%	10,1%	5,1%	1,8%	36,4%	19,3%	17,1%	17,8%	7,5%
Environment	Urban	2,0%	27,3%	30,3%	21,2%	15,2%	4,0%	3,7%	26,8%	21,4%	23,7%	12,2%	12,3%
Environment	Rural	3,9%	41,1%	30,2%	15,6%	7,2%	2,1%	5,6%	34,4%	15,6%	25,7%	13,5%	5,2%

Tabel 10. How do you appreciate their activity compared to that carried out three years ago?

							Re	egion					
				Right	bank					Left b	ank		
		Much better	A little better	Uncha nged	A little worse	Much worse	I do not know	Much better	A little better	Unchan ged	A little worse	Much worse	I do not know
Total		6,9%	36,0%	39,3%	10,5%	3,5%	3,8%	3,5%	25,1%	32,8%	17,0%	7,6%	14,1%
	18-29 years	7,1%	40,0%	42,4%	7,1%	1,2%	2,4%		19,9%	36,6%	12,8%	7,1%	23,6%
A	30-44 years	7,6%	31,4%	40,5%	10,8%	3,2%	6,5%	6,3%	23,1%	36,0%	11,5%	9,0%	14,1%
Age	45-59 years	7,9%	38,0%	35,3%	11,7%	3,4%	3,8%	2,1%	26,4%	36,5%	16,7%	9,3%	8,9%
	60 +	5,3%	35,9%	41,6%	10,3%	4,6%	2,3%	4,8%	28,1%	26,5%	22,4%	6,1%	12,1%
Sex	Male	7,1%	34,9%	39,1%	11,8%	3,4%	3,7%	4,7%	24,6%	34,2%	20,0%	5,8%	10,7%
Sex	Female	6,7%	36,9%	39,6%	9,4%	3,6%	3,8%	2,8%	25,3%	32,0%	15,5%	8,6%	15,8%
	Low level	6,6%	36,3%	43,9%	4,7%	3,8%	4,7%	5,4%	26,4%	23,7%	20,0%	5,0%	19,5%
Studies	Medium level	7,2%	35,0%	37,9%	12,6%	3,3%	4,0%	2,8%	25,2%	33,0%	18,5%	5,3%	15,1%
	High level	6,3%	38,0%	37,3%	12,7%	3,8%	1,9%	3,9%	24,1%	36,6%	12,6%	13,6%	9,2%
Environment	Urban	1,0%	34,3%	30,3%	24,2%	4,0%	6,1%	1,1%	25,2%	32,8%	14,5%	9,3%	17,1%
Environment	Rural	7,7%	36,2%	40,6%	8,6%	3,4%	3,4%	6,0%	24,9%	32,7%	19,8%	5,9%	10,8%

Tabel 11. Considering the current course of activity, how will it look like in three years?

							Re	gion					
				Right	bank					Left b	ank		
		Much better	A little better	Uncha nged	A little worse	Much worse	I do not know	Much better	A little better	Unchan ged	A little worse	Much worse	I do not know
Total		3,6%	25,9%	24,7%	7,4%	4,9%	33,5%	3,6%	25,7%	29,7%	8,5%	2,9%	29,5%
	18-29 years	7,1%	30,6%	21,2%	4,7%	2,4%	34,1%	,6%	14,3%	46,4%	14,9%	2,1%	21,7%
A ===	30-44 years	3,8%	22,7%	24,3%	7,0%	5,4%	36,8%	7,9%	23,7%	27,9%	3,6%	6,4%	30,6%
Age	45-59 years	3,0%	28,9%	23,3%	8,6%	4,1%	32,0%	1,0%	28,9%	23,6%	10,4%	4,0%	32,0%
	60 +	3,1%	23,7%	27,5%	7,3%	6,1%	32,4%	4,8%	31,0%	25,3%	6,4%	,8%	31,7%
Sex	Male	3,1%	22,3%	28,1%	9,4%	4,7%	32,3%	3,3%	19,0%	32,9%	10,5%	4,9%	29,4%
Sex	Female	4,1%	29,3%	21,6%	5,5%	5,0%	34,5%	3,8%	29,2%	28,0%	7,5%	1,9%	29,6%
	Low level	3,8%	24,1%	26,9%	4,7%	4,2%	36,3%	3,1%	18,9%	23,0%	6,9%	3,1%	44,9%
Studies	Medium level	3,5%	25,9%	25,2%	9,3%	4,7%	31,3%	3,7%	22,8%	27,5%	10,0%	2,8%	33,1%
	High level	3,8%	28,5%	20,3%	5,7%	6,3%	35,4%	3,9%	35,0%	37,2%	6,3%	3,0%	14,7%
Environment	Urban	2,0%	18,2%	19,2%	10,1%	12,1%	38,4%	3,8%	25,7%	26,7%	9,5%	3,6%	30,6%
Environment	Rural	3,9%	27,0%	25,5%	7,0%	3,9%	32,8%	3,5%	25,8%	32,8%	7,5%	2,2%	28,3%

Tabel 12. To what extent the members of your family (and you personally) are informed about the activities carried out in your village (community)?

							Regi	on					
				Righ	nt bank					Left	bank		
		I know everythin g	I largely know	so and	I know to a small extent	I know absolutely nothing	I do not know	I know everythin g	I largely know	so and so	I know to a small extent	I know absolutely nothing	I do not know
Total		1,9%	14,9%	29,4%	34,6%	16,2%	3,0%	4,9%	25,7%	15,7%	33,0%	11,6%	9,1%
	18-29 years	1,2%	10,6%	34,1%	30,6%	21,2%	2,4%	1,5%	38,2%	8,9%	30,7%	9,1%	11,6%
A 00	30-44 years	,5%	14,6%	30,3%	36,8%	16,2%	1,6%	1,6%	31,9%	16,5%	31,0%	10,5%	8,6%
Age	45-59 years	4,1%	19,5%	27,4%	32,7%	12,0%	4,1%	7,4%	20,0%	26,6%	31,6%	14,4%	<u>i</u>
	60 +	,8%	11,8%	29,4%	36,3%	18,7%	3,1%	6,7%	19,4%	11,9%	36,2%	11,8%	13,9%
Sex	Male	2,1%	16,8%	30,7%	31,8%	14,7%	3,9%	8,9%	19,4%	25,1%	29,2%	10,0%	7,3%
Sex	Female	1,7%	13,2%	28,3%	37,2%	17,5%	2,2%	2,7%	29,0%	10,8%	35,0%	12,5%	10,0%
	Low level		10,8%	29,2%	34,4%	21,2%	4,2%	3,1%	5,6%	13,6%	37,0%	12,7%	28,0%
Studies	Medium level	1,6%	14,5%	32,0%	34,1%	15,7%	2,1%	4,1%	28,0%	17,4%	31,6%	12,2%	6,7%
	High level	5,1%	21,5%	22,8%	36,1%	10,8%	3,8%	7,2%	30,6%	13,2%	33,9%	10,1%	4,9%
Environment	Urban		13,1%	26,3%	40,4%	14,1%	6,1%	4,9%	29,5%	19,4%	26,1%	12,6%	7,5%
Environment	Rural	2,1%	15,2%	29,9%	33,8%	16,5%	2,6%	4,9%	21,7%	11,7%	40,4%	10,6%	10,7%

Tabel 13. How often did you visit, in the last 12 months, the Local administration from your community?

							Reg	gion					
				Right b	ank					Left ba	nk		
		Once or a few times a week	Once or a few times a month	Once or a few times in 2-3 months	Once or several times to 6 months	Once or a few times a year	Not at all	Once or a few times a week	Once or a few times a month	Once or a few times in 2-3 months	Once or several times to 6 months	Once or a few times a year	Not at all
Total		3,5%	16,9%	12,3%	10,3%	28,3%	28,7%	5,7%	8,4%	5,4%	10,1%	20,4%	50,0%
	18-29 years	2,4%	15,3%	9,4%	18,8%	28,2%	25,9%	6,1%	5,0%	12,8%	14,3%	20,3%	41,5%
Ago	30-44 years	4,3%	17,8%	15,7%	3,8%	27,0%	31,4%	11,1%	3,9%	2,6%	11,5%	28,9%	41,9%
Age	45-59 years	5,3%	18,4%	12,8%	9,8%	30,1%	23,7%	3,9%	16,0%	4,8%	4,3%	10,1%	60,9%
	60 +	1,5%	15,3%	10,3%	12,6%	27,5%	32,8%	3,7%	7,8%	3,2%	10,8%	22,9%	51,7%
Sex	Male	3,4%	16,5%	11,8%	10,8%	26,2%	31,2%	7,9%	11,2%	7,8%	5,4%	14,0%	53,7%
Sex	Female	3,6%	17,3%	12,7%	9,8%	30,2%	26,4%	4,5%	7,0%	4,2%	12,5%	23,8%	48,0%
	Low level	2,4%	17,5%	14,2%	11,3%	26,9%	27,8%		16,0%	7,9%	10,1%	23,0%	43,0%
Studies	Medium level	2,1%	15,2%	11,2%	11,0%	31,1%	29,4%	2,8%	9,4%	5,8%	10,7%	20,8%	50,5%
	High level	8,9%	20,9%	12,7%	7,0%	22,8%	27,8%	14,3%	2,9%	3,4%	8,8%	18,6%	52,1%
Environment	Urban	1,0%	8,1%	6,1%	7,1%	21,2%	56,6%	4,5%	1,2%	,5%	9,9%	15,5%	68,4%
Environment	Rural	3,9%	18,2%	13,2%	10,7%	29,3%	24,7%	6,9%	16,2%	10,7%	10,3%	25,7%	30,2%

Tabel 14. To what extent do you, personally, know (informed) about the methods of decision taking applied by the Mayoralty from your village/town?

						Reg	ion				
				Right bank					Left bank		
		Very informed	Rather informed	Rather not informed	Not at all informed	I do not know	Very informed	Rather informed	Rather not informed	Not at all informed	I do not know
Total		2,4%	20,2%	30,6%	41,6%	5,3%	4,8%	21,6%	36,2%	31,9%	5,5%
	18-29 years		15,3%	36,5%	48,2%		2,1%	24,3%	50,6%	18,5%	4,5%
A 00	30-44 years	2,7%	22,7%	30,3%	38,4%	5,9%	5,7%	23,0%	32,2%	35,0%	4,1%
Age	45-59 years	4,5%	23,3%	28,2%	39,8%	4,1%	6,3%	21,2%	40,0%	25,6%	6,9%
	60 +	,8%	16,8%	31,3%	43,5%	7,6%	5,0%	19,6%	27,6%	42,0%	5,8%
Sex	Male	2,9%	21,3%	29,4%	40,7%	5,8%	7,4%	18,8%	35,9%	30,9%	7,1%
Sex	Female	1,9%	19,2%	31,7%	42,4%	4,8%	3,5%	23,1%	36,4%	32,4%	4,7%
	Low level	,5%	14,6%	24,5%	50,9%	9,4%		6,6%	36,9%	47,9%	8,7%
Studies	Medium level	1,6%	19,4%	31,8%	42,8%	4,4%	3,8%	21,6%	37,7%	30,7%	6,3%
	High level	7,0%	29,7%	35,4%	25,9%	1,9%	9,2%	28,0%	32,9%	27,4%	2,5%
Environment	Urban	2,0%	16,2%	36,4%	45,5%		3,3%	23,5%	38,6%	29,6%	5,1%
Environment	Rural	2,4%	20,7%	29,8%	41,1%	6,0%	6,5%	19,5%	33,6%	34,4%	6,0%

Tabel 15. To what extent do you, personally, know (informed) about the methods of decision taking applied by the local council from your village/town?

						Reg	ion				
				Right bank					Left bank		
		Very informed	Rather informed	Rather not informed	Not at all informed	I do not know	Very informed	Rather informed	Rather not informed	Not at all informed	I do not know
Total		2,4%	18,4%	30,6%	43,4%	5,3%	4,6%	20,0%	35,8%	32,9%	6,8%
	18-29 years	1,2%	12,9%	38,8%	47,1%		2,1%	26,4%	43,9%	23,1%	4,5%
A 000	30-44 years	2,2%	21,1%	28,1%	43,2%	5,4%	4,2%	18,8%	36,3%	35,1%	5,7%
Age	45-59 years	4,5%	20,7%	30,5%	39,5%	4,9%	5,0%	21,2%	39,6%	27,3%	6,9%
	60 +	,8%	16,0%	29,8%	46,2%	7,3%	5,9%	16,3%	28,3%	41,0%	8,6%
Sex	Male	3,1%	20,5%	27,8%	42,8%	5,8%	8,3%	15,8%	33,8%	33,8%	8,3%
Sex	Female	1,7%	16,5%	33,1%	43,9%	4,8%	2,6%	22,3%	36,8%	32,4%	6,0%
	Low level		13,7%	25,0%	51,4%	9,9%		8,7%	33,8%	47,9%	9,7%
Studies	Medium level	2,1%	17,8%	32,0%	44,2%	4,0%	3,3%	19,2%	37,0%	32,9%	7,5%
	High level	6,3%	26,6%	34,2%	30,4%	2,5%	9,2%	26,6%	34,0%	26,2%	4,0%
Environment	Urban	2,0%	15,2%	36,4%	46,5%		2,2%	21,7%	39,7%	29,3%	7,0%
Environment	Rural	2,4%	18,9%	29,8%	42,9%	6,0%	7,1%	18,2%	31,4%	36,8%	6,5%

Tabel 16. In your opinion, do you have the right as citizen to participate/assist any meetings of the local council?

						Regi	ion				
				Right bank		_			Left bank		
		Yes, right	Probably yes	Probably not	Definitely not	I do not know	Yes, right	Probably yes	Probably not	Definitely not	I do not know
Total		32,6%	36,0%	9,6%	7,4%	14,4%					
	18-29 years	31,8%	40,0%	3,5%	3,5%	21,2%					
A ===	30-44 years	37,8%	29,7%	11,4%	10,3%	10,8%					
Age	45-59 years	35,0%	37,2%	9,8%	7,9%	10,2%					
	60 +	26,7%	37,8%	10,3%	6,1%	19,1%					
Sex	Male	33,3%	35,2%	9,2%	7,1%	15,2%					
Sex	Female	31,9%	36,7%	10,1%	7,7%	13,7%					
	Low level	20,3%	34,0%	14,6%	11,3%	19,8%					
Studies	Medium level	30,8%	37,9%	9,3%	7,2%	14,7%					
	High level	53,8%	33,5%	3,8%	2,5%	6,3%					
Environment	Urban	40,4%	40,4%	5,1%	3,0%	11,1%					
Livironment	Rural	31,5%	35,3%	10,3%	8,0%	14,9%					

Tabel 17. In your opinion, is the Local administration obliged to make public the information about the time and hour of public meetings?

						Regi	on				
				Right bank					Left bank		
		Yes, right	Probably yes	Probably not	Definitely not	I do not know	Yes, right	Probably yes	Probably not	Definitely not	I do not know
Total		44,7%	31,8%	7,4%	2,3%	13,8%					
	18-29 years	42,4%	41,2%	4,7%	1,2%	10,6%					
A	30-44 years	55,1%	24,3%	5,4%	3,2%	11,9%					
Age	45-59 years	47,0%	33,1%	6,8%	2,3%	10,9%					
	60 +	35,9%	32,8%	10,3%	1,9%	19,1%					
Sex	Male	44,9%	30,4%	6,6%	2,6%	15,5%					
Sex	Female	44,6%	33,1%	8,2%	1,9%	12,2%					
	Low level	33,5%	29,7%	11,3%	4,2%	21,2%					
Studies	Medium level	44,4%	34,1%	6,1%	1,9%	13,6%					
	High level	60,8%	28,5%	5,7%	,6%	4,4%					
Environment	Urban	53,5%	29,3%	3,0%		14,1%					
Livitoninent	Rural	43,5%	32,2%	8,0%	2,6%	13,7%					

Tabel 18. In your opinion, do you have the right as citizen to demand from the Mayoralty information about any decison of public interest?

			yes not know yes not not ,4% 32,8% 5,8% 2,5% 14,5% ,1% 37,6% 5,9% 1,2% 8,2% ,1% 20,0% 5,4% 3,8% 15,7% ,9% 33,8% 6,4% 1,9% 12,0%											
			$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c } \hline Right bank & & & & & & & & \\ \hline Right bank & & & & & & & & & \\ \hline Probably & Probably & not & $											
		Yes, right	3	_	•	Yes, right		1	_	I do not know				
Total		44,4%	32,8%	5,8%	2,5%	14,5%								
	18-29 years	47,1%	37,6%	5,9%	1,2%	8,2%								
1 000	30-44 years	55,1%	20,0%	5,4%	3,8%	15,7%								
Age	45-59 years	45,9%	33,8%	6,4%	1,9%	12,0%								
	60 +	34,4%	39,3%	5,3%	2,7%	18,3%								
Sex	Male	43,8%	31,5%	6,3%	2,9%	15,5%								
Jex	Female	44,8%	34,1%	5,3%	2,2%	13,7%								
	Low level	30,7%	37,3%	9,9%	4,2%	17,9%								
Studies	Medium level	42,8%	33,6%	5,1%	2,6%	15,9%								
	High level	67,1%	24,7%	1,9%		6,3%								
Environment	Urban	55,6%	30,3%	3,0%		11,1%								
Environment	Rural	42,8%	33,2%	6,2%	2,9%	15,0%								

Tabel 19. In your opinion, is the Local administration obliged to consider the requests for public information submitted by citizens?

						Regi	ion				
				Right bank					Left bank		
		Yes, right	Probably yes	Probably not	Definitely not	I do not know	Yes, right	Probably yes	Probably not	Definitely not	I do not know
Total		45,9%	34,3%	4,6%	1,5%	13,7%					
	18-29 years	48,2%	38,8%	3,5%	1,2%	8,2%					
A ===	30-44 years	54,1%	25,4%	3,8%	2,2%	14,6%					
Age	45-59 years	48,1%	36,8%	4,9%	,8%	9,4%					
	60 +	37,0%	36,6%	5,3%	1,9%	19,1%					
Sex	Male	45,9%	31,5%	5,8%	1,8%	15,0%					
Sex	Female	45,8%	36,9%	3,6%	1,2%	12,5%					
	Low level	33,5%	36,8%	6,6%	3,8%	19,3%					
Studies	Medium level	44,6%	36,0%	4,4%	,9%	14,0%					
	High level	65,8%	26,6%	2,5%		5,1%					
Environment	Urban	56,6%	27,3%	2,0%		14,1%					
Livironment	Rural	44,3%	35,3%	5,0%	1,7%	13,6%					

Tabel 20. Did you ever, in person, participate at consultation meetings on the budget of your locality?

					Reg	gion			
			Right bank				Left bank		
		Yes, many times	Yes, several times	No	I do not know	Yes, many times	Yes, several times	No	I do not know
Total		1,1%	5,5%	92,9%	,5%	1,4%	2,5%	94,2%	1,9%
	18-29 years		7,1%	91,8%	1,2%		8,2%	91,2%	,6%
A 90	30-44 years	,5%	5,4%	93,5%	,5%			95,2%	4,8%
Age	45-59 years	2,3%	6,8%	90,6%	,4%	,5%		99,5%	
	60 +	,8%	3,8%	95,0%	,4%	3,5%	2,3%	92,0%	2,3%
Sex	Male	2,1%	6,0%	91,3%	,5%	4,0%	,9%	92,7%	2,5%
Sex	Female	,2%	5,0%	94,2%	,5%		3,4%	95,1%	1,6%
	Low level		3,8%	94,8%	1,4%		4,2%	90,7%	5,2%
Studies	Medium level	,2%	3,5%	96,0%	,2%		,5%	98,2%	1,2%
	High level	5,1%	13,3%	81,6%		4,8%	5,9%	87,5%	1,8%
Emzinommont	Urban		2,0%	98,0%			3,8%	94,8%	1,4%
Environment	Rural	1,3%	6,0%	92,1%	,6%	2,9%	1,1%	93,6%	2,4%

Table 21. Have you personally ever participated at the locality budget approval?

			times Yes, several times No know Yes, many times Yes, several times No know 1,3% 3,5% 94,7% ,5% 1,4% 2,6% 94,1% 1 3,5% 95,3% 1,2% 8,2% 91,2% ,5% 2,2% 96,8% ,5% 95,2% 4 2,3% 4,5% 92,9% ,4% ,5% 1,2% 98,3% 1,1% 3,4% 95,0% ,4% 3,5% 1,8% 92,5% 2 2,4% 3,4% 93,7% ,5% 4,0% 1,2% 92,4% 2											
			Right bank				Left bank							
		Yes, many times	Yes, several times	No	_	Yes, many times	Yes, several times	No	I do not know					
Total		1,3%	3,5%	94,7%	,5%	1,4%	2,6%	94,1%	1,9%					
	18-29 years		3,5%	95,3%	1,2%		8,2%	91,2%	,6%					
A	30-44 years	,5%	2,2%	96,8%	,5%			95,2%	4,8%					
Age	45-59 years	2,3%	4,5%	92,9%	,4%	,5%	1,2%	98,3%						
	60 +	1,1%	3,4%	95,0%	,4%	3,5%	1,8%	92,5%	2,3%					
Con	Male	2,4%	3,4%	93,7%	,5%	4,0%	1,2%	92,4%	2,5%					
Sex	Female	,2%	3,6%	95,7%	,5%		3,4%	95,1%	1,6%					
	Low level		3,3%	95,3%	1,4%		4,2%	90,7%	5,2%					
Studies	Medium level	,5%	2,6%	96,7%	,2%		,5%	98,3%	1,2%					
	High level	5,1%	6,3%	88,6%		4,8%	6,3%	87,1%	1,8%					
Environment	Urban		1,0%	99,0%			3,2%	95,4%	1,4%					
Environment	Rural	1,4%	3,9%	94,1%	,6%	2,9%	1,9%	92,8%	2,4%					

Tabel 22. Did you ever, in person, participate at Attracting investments actions?

		Yes, many times Yes, several times No Yes, many times Yes, several times No know ,9% 3,4% 95,1% ,6% ,8% 3,6% 94,2% 1 1,2% 2,4% 95,3% 1,2% 4,6% 94,8% 5% 2,2% 96,2% 1,1% 3,3% 3,3% 91,2% 2 1,5% 4,1% 94,0% ,4% ,5% 2,1% 97,4%								
			Right bank				Left bank			
		Yes, many times	Yes, several times	No	_	Yes, many times	Yes, several times	No	I do not know	
Total		,9%	3,4%	95,1%	,6%	,8%	3,6%	94,2%	1,4%	
	18-29 years	1,2%	2,4%	95,3%	1,2%		4,6%	94,8%	,6%	
A 000	30-44 years	,5%	2,2%	96,2%	1,1%	3,3%	3,3%	91,2%	2,2%	
Age	45-59 years	1,5%	4,1%	94,0%	,4%	,5%	2,1%	97,4%		
	60 +	,4%	3,8%	95,4%	,4%		4,3%	93,5%	2,3%	
Sex	Male	1,3%	4,2%	94,0%	,5%	,7%	1,8%	95,0%	2,5%	
Sex	Female	,5%	2,6%	96,2%	,7%	,8%	4,6%	93,9%	,8%	
	Low level		,9%	97,2%	1,9%		16,6%	78,2%	5,2%	
Studies	Medium level		2,3%	97,4%	,2%	,2%	1,1%	97,5%	1,2%	
	High level	4,4%	9,5%	86,1%		2,2%	3,3%	94,5%		
Environment	Urban		2,0%	98,0%			,8%	97,8%	1,4%	
Environment	Rural	1,0%	3,6%	94,7%	,7%	1,6%	6,7%	90,3%	1,3%	

Tabel 23.Did you ever, in person, participate at the Elaboration of community strategy plan?

					Reg	gion			
			Right bank				Left bank		
		Yes, many times	Yes, several times	No	I do not know	Yes, many times	Yes, several times	No	I do not know
Total		,9%	4,0%	94,5%	,6%	,1%	2,7%	95,3%	1,9%
	18-29 years		2,4%	96,5%	1,2%		4,1%	95,2%	,6%
A 000	30-44 years	,5%	2,7%	95,7%	1,1%		2,6%	92,5%	4,8%
Age	45-59 years	1,9%	5,3%	92,5%	,4%	,5%		99,5%	
	60 +	,4%	4,2%	95,0%	,4%		3,8%	93,9%	2,3%
Sex	Male	1,6%	5,2%	92,7%	,5%	,4%	5,2%	92,0%	2,5%
Sex	Female	,2%	2,9%	96,2%	,7%		1,4%	97,0%	1,6%
	Low level		1,4%	96,7%	1,9%			94,8%	5,2%
Studies	Medium level		2,6%	97,2%	,2%			98,8%	1,2%
	High level	4,4%	11,4%	84,2%		,4%	9,6%	88,2%	1,8%
Environment	Urban		4,0%	96,0%			,8%	97,8%	1,4%
Environment	Rural	1,0%	4,0%	94,3%	,7%	,3%	4,9%	92,5%	2,4%

Tabel 24. Did you ever, in person, participate at Attracting funds for the locality?

					Reg	gion			
			Right bank				Left bank		
		Yes, many times	Yes, several times	No	I do not know	Yes, many times	Yes, several times	No	I do not know
Total		,8%	3,9%	94,5%	,9%	1,3%	2,8%	94,5%	1,4%
	18-29 years	1,2%	1,2%	96,5%	1,2%		4,1%	95,2%	,6%
A 90	30-44 years	,5%	2,7%	95,7%	1,1%	3,3%	7,5%	87,0%	2,2%
Age	45-59 years	1,1%	5,6%	92,5%	,8%	2,6%		97,4%	
	60 +	,4%	3,8%	95,0%	,8%		1,4%	96,3%	2,3%
Sex	Male	1,0%	5,2%	93,2%	,5%	2,2%	2,4%	92,9%	2,5%
Sex	Female	,5%	2,6%	95,7%	1,2%	,8%	3,0%	95,4%	,8%
	Low level		,9%	97,2%	1,9%		4,2%	90,7%	5,2%
Studies	Medium level		2,1%	97,4%	,5%	,2%	,9%	97,7%	1,2%
	High level	3,8%	12,7%	82,9%	,6%	4,0%	6,3%	89,7%	
Environment	Urban		4,0%	96,0%			,8%	97,8%	1,4%
Environment	Rural	,9%	3,9%	94,3%	1,0%	2,7%	5,0%	91,0%	1,3%

Tabel 25. Did you ever, in person, participate at the Elaboration (drafting) of community projects?

					Reg	gion			
			Right bank				Left bank		
		Yes, many times	Yes, several times	No	I do not know	Yes, many times	Yes, several times	No	I do not know
Total		1,1%	5,0%	93,1%	,8%	,5%	4,5%	93,6%	1,4%
	18-29 years	1,2%	3,5%	94,1%	1,2%		7,3%	92,1%	,6%
A ===	30-44 years	,5%	4,3%	94,6%	,5%	2,6%	2,6%	92,5%	2,2%
Age	45-59 years	1,9%	5,6%	91,7%	,8%		,5%	99,5%	
	60 +	,8%	5,3%	93,1%	,8%		6,6%	91,1%	2,3%
Sex	Male	1,8%	6,0%	91,3%	,8%		8,8%	88,7%	2,5%
Sex	Female	,5%	4,1%	94,7%	,7%	,8%	2,2%	96,2%	,8%
	Low level		2,4%	96,2%	1,4%		4,2%	90,7%	5,2%
Studies	Medium level	,2%	4,0%	95,3%	,5%		2,1%	96,6%	1,2%
	High level	5,1%	11,4%	82,9%	,6%	1,8%	9,6%	88,6%	
Environment	Urban		4,0%	96,0%	·		1,4%	97,2%	1,4%
Environment	Rural	1,3%	5,2%	92,7%	,9%	1,1%	7,9%	89,7%	1,3%

Table 26. Did you ever, in person, participate at Community meetings?

					Reg	gion			
			Right bank				Left bank		
		Yes, many times	Yes, several times	No	I do not know	Yes, many times	Yes, several times	No	I do not know
Total		4,0%	30,3%	64,7%	1,0%	8,7%	24,6%	65,2%	1,5%
	18-29 years	5,9%	22,4%	70,6%	1,2%		36,9%	62,5%	,6%
A 000	30-44 years	2,2%	29,2%	68,1%	,5%	9,1%	18,8%	69,3%	2,8%
Age	45-59 years	6,4%	33,8%	58,6%	1,1%	12,3%	29,3%	58,4%	
	60 +	2,3%	30,2%	66,4%	1,1%	10,9%	17,7%	69,1%	2,3%
Sex	Male	5,5%	31,2%	61,9%	1,3%	11,3%	21,7%	64,1%	2,8%
Sex	Female	2,6%	29,5%	67,1%	,7%	7,3%	26,2%	65,8%	,8%
	Low level	1,9%	26,4%	70,3%	1,4%	5,0%	23,8%	66,1%	5,2%
Studies	Medium level	2,1%	32,2%	64,7%	,9%	8,6%	27,3%	62,7%	1,4%
	High level	12,0%	30,4%	57,0%	,6%	10,5%	19,5%	70,0%	
Environment	Urban	4,0%	14,1%	81,8%		2,9%	21,7%	74,0%	1,4%
Environment	Rural	4,0%	32,6%	62,2%	1,1%	15,0%	27,9%	55,5%	1,6%

Tabel 27. Have you personally ever participated in local council meeting?

					Reg	gion			
			Right bank				Left bank		
		Yes, many times	Yes, several times	No	I do not know	Yes, many times	Yes, several times	No	I do not know
Total		2,0%	5,5%	91,6%	,9%	5,3%	5,7%	87,7%	1,4%
	18-29 years	1,2%	5,9%	91,8%	1,2%		10,7%	88,7%	,6%
A ===	30-44 years	1,1%	2,7%	95,1%	1,1%	5,3%	1,5%	91,1%	2,2%
Age	45-59 years	3,0%	7,5%	88,7%	,8%	5,9%	6,8%	87,3%	
	60 +	1,9%	5,3%	92,0%	,8%	7,8%	4,5%	85,5%	2,3%
Sex	Male	3,1%	6,0%	90,3%	,5%	6,5%	2,2%	88,8%	2,5%
Sex	Female	1,0%	5,0%	92,8%	1,2%	4,6%	7,6%	87,0%	,8%
	Low level		4,7%	92,9%	2,4%	2,5%	6,2%	86,2%	5,2%
Studies	Medium level	1,2%	4,0%	94,6%	,2%	4,1%	4,3%	90,3%	1,2%
	High level	7,0%	10,8%	81,6%	,6%	8,9%	8,4%	82,8%	
Environment	Urban	1,0%	5,1%	93,9%			7,0%	91,6%	1,4%
Environment	Rural	2,1%	5,6%	91,3%	1,0%	11,1%	4,3%	83,3%	1,3%

									Region tht bank						
		local newspaper	local radio	local TV	information panel	informational sheets	phone	Meetings with counselors	General Assembly	public Hearings	Neighbors, friends, acquaintances	Website of the City Hall	Other sources (indicates)	I did not inform about the activities of City Hall	I do not know
Total		5,3%													
	18-29 years	3,5%		4,7%	17,6%	1,2%	2,4%	8,2%	14,1%	2,4%	82,4%	4,7%	1,2%	7,1%	
A 00	30-44 years	6,5%	1,1%	7,0%	11,9%	2,2%	1,1%	8,6%	11,4%	2,2%	72,4%	4,9%	1,6%	4,9%	0,5%
Age	45-59 years	6,0%	3,0%	6,4%	17,7%	2,3%	1,9%	10,9%	14,3%	3,0%	67,7%	0,8%	3,4%	5,3%	0,8%
	60 +	4,2%	1,5%	6,9%	8,0%	2,3%	1,5%	5,3%	11,1%	1,9%	72,9%		3,1%	11,1%	1,5%
Con	Male	6,3%	2,6%	6,6%	11,0%	3,1%	1,3%	11,8%	12,6%	3,1%	71,1%	1,6%	2,9%	6,3%	1,6%
Sex	Female	4,3%	1,0%	6,5%	15,1%	1,2%	1,9%	5,0%	12,5%	1,7%	72,9%	2,2%	2,4%	8,2%	0,2%
	Low level	2,4%	0,5%	3,8%	9,9%	1,4%	0,9%	3,8%	12,3%	1,9%	75,0%	0,5%	0,5%	7,5%	0,5%
Studies	Medium level	4,0%	1,9%	6,1%	11,7%	2,6%	1,9%	6,8%	11,0%	1,4%	72,9%	0,9%	3,5%	7,9%	1,2%
	High level	12,7%	3,2%	11,4%	21,5%	1,9%	1,9%	18,4%	17,1%	5,7%	65,8%	6,3%	3,2%	5,1%	0,6%
Environment	Urban	20,2%	7,1%	32,3%	4,0%		1,0%	3,0%	5,1%	2,0%	58,6%	6,1%		12,1%	
Environment	Rural	3,1%	1,0%	2,9%	14,4%	2,4%	1,7%	9,0%	13,6%	2,4%	74,0%	1,3%	3,0%	6,6%	1,0%

Tabel 27. Did you ever, in person, participate at the meetings of the Local Council?

Tabel 28. Where do you find information about the activities developed by the Mayoralty?

									egiunea eft bank						
		local newspaper	local radio	local TV	information panel	informational sheets	phone	Meetings with counselors	General Assembly	public Hearings	Neighbors, friends, acquaintances	Website of the Mayoralty	Other sources (indicates)	I did not inform about the activities of Mayoralty	I do not know
Total		21,5%	10,7%	54,6%	3,2%	10,9%	1,9%	8,9%	7,2%	3,9%	43,8%	11,4%	1,8%	4,2%	0,9%
	18-29 years	22,9%	7,8%	44,5%	0,6%	11,8%	4,1%	12,8%	14,3%	12,6%	46,2%	26,9%		2,1%	3,3%
A	30-44 years	5,2%	7,4%	62,8%	3,3%			7,5%	7,5%	3,7%	34,1%	24,2%	2,2%	1,5%	
Age	45-59 years	31,5%	14,2%	59,4%	4,2%	10,7%		8,7%	7,1%	2,1%	53,9%	2,2%	0,5%	3,4%	
	60 +	22,7%	11,8%	52,8%	3,8%	16,4%	3,0%	7,4%	2,9%	0,4%	40,7%	2,0%	3,5%	7,3%	0,7%
C	Male	18,5%	7,7%	41,4%	2,2%	8,4%	2,5%	6,1%	3,5%	1,5%	52,7%	7,1%	4,8%	4,4%	2,0%
Sex	Female	23,1%	12,3%	61,6%	3,7%	12,2%	1,6%	10,3%	9,1%	5,2%	39,0%	13,7%	0,2%	4,0%	0,4%
	Low level	28,0%	14,0%	49,7%	9,3%	8,7%	4,2%	5,2%	4,2%		37,6%	2,3%		4,5%	3,1%
Studies	Medium level	18,5%	8,7%	57,4%	2,0%	8,3%	0,7%	8,1%	6,8%	3,1%	52,1%	8,8%	0,7%	5,2%	0,9%
	High level	24,8%	13,5%	50,9%	2,9%	17,2%	3,4%	12,1%	9,2%	7,4%	29,2%	20,8%	4,8%	1,9%	
Environment	Urban	29,5%	17,7%	75,8%	1,8%	2,8%	1,6%	8,0%	6,6%	4,3%	26,4%	20,0%	1,1%	4,0%	0,8%
Environment	Rural	12,7%	3,0%	31,2%	4,7%	19,8%	2,2%	9,8%	7,8%	3,5%	63,0%	2,0%	2,6%	4,3%	1,1%

Tabel 30. Where would you prefer to find information about the activities developed by the Mayoralty?

									Region						
								Ri	ght bank						
		local newspaper	local radio	local TV	information panel	informational sheets	phone	Meetings with counselors	General Assembly	public Hearings	Neighbors, friends, acquaintances	Website of the Mayoralty	Other sources (indicates)	I did not inform about the activities of Mayoralty	I do not know
Total		15,7%	% 18,2% 12,5% 21,3% 6,1% 2,8% 14,5% 27,6% 6,8% 23,3% 7,0% 4,5% 4,3% 6												6,1%
	18-29 years	27,1%	24,7%	11,8%	28,2%	2,4%	2,4%	12,9%	30,6%	8,2%	17,6%	29,4%	3,5%	3,5%	1,2%
A 00	30-44 years	15,7%	13,5%	15,7%	20,5%	8,1%	2,2%	12,4%	29,7%	5,4%	20,0%	8,6%	4,3%	3,2%	5,9%
Age	45-59 years	13,2%	19,9%	10,5%	25,6%	7,5%	2,6%	16,5%	33,8%	8,3%	20,7%	4,1%	6,0%	2,6%	4,5%
	60 +	14,5%	17,6%	12,6%	15,3%	4,6%	3,4%	14,5%	18,7%	5,7%	30,2%	1,5%	3,4%	6,9%	9,5%
Sex	Male	16,0%	18,9%	11,3%	23,9%	5,5%	2,9%	17,3%	24,1%	6,6%	24,1%	7,9%	3,9%	4,2%	5,8%
Sex	Female	15,3%	17,5%	13,7%	18,9%	6,7%	2,6%	12,0%	30,7%	7,0%	22,5%	6,2%	5,0%	4,3%	6,5%
	Low level	5,7%	10,4%	8,0%	14,6%	6,1%	4,2%	9,9%	24,5%	6,1%	33,0%	1,9%	3,8%	6,6%	11,3%
Studies	Medium level	15,2%	16,8%	13,3%	18,7%	5,1%	2,6%	15,9%	28,5%	7,0%	20,6%	4,4%	4,4%	3,7%	4,7%
	High level	30,4%	32,3%	16,5%	37,3%	8,9%	1,3%	17,1%	29,1%	7,0%	17,7%	20,9%	5,7%	2,5%	3,2%
Envisonment	Urban	41,4%	23,2%	38,4%	17,2%	8,1%		8,1%	16,2%	3,0%	7,1%	13,1%	2,0%	3,0%	4,0%
Environment	Rural	12,0%	17,5%	8,9%	21,9%	5,9%	3,1%	15,5%	29,2%	7,3%	25,6%	6,2%	4,9%	4,4%	6,4%

Tabel 31. Where would you prefer to find information about the activities developed by the Mayoralty?

									Region eft bank						
		local newspaper	local radio	local TV	information panel	informational sheets	phone	Meetings with counselors	General Assembly	public Hearings	Neighbors, friends, acquaintances	Website of the Mayoralty	Other sources (indicates)	I did not inform about the activities of Mayoralty	I do not know
Total		17,7%	16,2%	26,8%	12,3%	13,9%	4,2%	27,2%	27,8%	10,8%	8,5%	10,2%	2,4%	2,7%	10,2%
	18-29 years	21,2%	20,8%	22,4%	10,2%	9,6%	4,0%	48,9%	38,2%	10,3%	6,3%	24,1%	0,6%	2,1%	2,5%
A	30-44 years	13,1%	12,4%	33,7%	13,5%	21,3%	2,8%	12,8%	21,0%	5,8%	5,7%	13,7%			12,2%
Age	45-59 years	18,0%	16,8%	28,8%	9,1%	6,7%	2,1%	20,4%	29,3%	8,9%	13,3%	7,4%	2,5%		18,5%
	60 +	17,9%	15,2%	24,3%	15,1%	17,3%	6,5%	27,2%	24,5%	15,1%	8,1%	2,4%	4,7%	6,2%	7,8%
Carr	Male	12,8%	17,0%	27,2%	11,3%	12,4%	1,9%	29,6%	34,0%	11,7%	10,7%	8,1%	4,9%	1,2%	5,1%
Sex	Female	20,3%	15,8%	26,6%	12,9%	14,7%	5,4%	25,9%	24,5%	10,4%	7,3%	11,4%	1,1%	3,4%	12,8%
	Low level	22,2%	22,4%	8,2%	13,5%	17,7%	8,6%	27,6%	21,9%	13,1%	6,6%		1,0%	3,4%	25,0%
Studies	Medium level	14,3%	17,2%	29,3%	12,3%	11,0%	4,6%	26,6%	31,1%	9,3%	10,3%	7,0%	1,0%	3,8%	8,7%
	High level	22,8%	11,4%	29,7%	11,9%	18,3%	1,5%	28,3%	23,5%	13,0%	5,6%	21,4%	5,9%		6,6%
Emiliana	Urban	22,3%	21,2%	31,4%	11,4%	17,1%	5,6%	25,8%	24,4%	15,3%	5,0%	16,1%	2,0%	2,4%	6,8%
Environment	Rural	12,7%	10,7%	21,7%	13,3%	10,4%	2,7%	28,8%	31,5%	5,8%	12,4%	3,7%	2,9%	2,9%	13,9%

Tabel 32. To what extent are you satisfied in general with you level of awareness about the activity of the Mayoralty?

						Regi	on				
				Right bank					Left bank		
		completely satisfied	Largely satisfied	to a small extent	very small extent / not at all	I do not know	completely satisfied	Largely satisfied	to a small extent	very small extent / not at all	I do not know
Total		3,9%	18,5%	45,9%	25,6%	6,1%	6,3%	20,0%	48,3%	16,2%	9,2%
	18-29 years		11,8%	56,5%	20,0%	11,8%	2,7%	21,8%	40,2%	29,0%	6,3%
A	30-44 years	3,2%	20,5%	48,6%	22,7%	4,9%	4,7%	23,1%	44,6%	18,2%	9,3%
Age	45-59 years	6,0%	20,7%	44,0%	24,4%	4,9%	7,2%	15,0%	57,5%	12,1%	8,2%
	60 +	3,4%	17,2%	42,4%	30,5%	6,5%	8,6%	20,7%	48,6%	10,7%	11,4%
Sex	Male	4,2%	19,9%	44,1%	24,9%	6,8%	12,3%	16,4%	43,8%	21,4%	6,0%
Sex	Female	3,6%	17,3%	47,5%	26,1%	5,5%	3,1%	21,9%	50,7%	13,5%	10,9%
	Low level	1,4%	15,6%	43,9%	29,7%	9,4%	8,0%	12,8%	57,1%	7,5%	14,6%
Studies	Medium level	4,7%	18,0%	46,5%	25,2%	5,6%	6,1%	19,9%	46,8%	17,3%	9,8%
	High level	5,1%	24,1%	46,8%	20,9%	3,2%	5,9%	23,3%	47,4%	17,8%	5,6%
Environment	Urban	3,0%	12,1%	59,6%	20,2%	5,1%	3,4%	23,3%	43,7%	17,4%	12,2%
Environment	Rural	4,0%	19,5%	43,9%	26,3%	6,3%	9,5%	16,5%	53,3%	14,9%	5,8%

Tabel 33. To what extent do you agree that the Local Administration is flexible in the decision taking process and adjusts itself to the new conditions?

						Reg	ion				
			Rig	ght bank				I	eft bank		
		total disagreeme nt	Rather disagreemen t	Rather agree	I totally agree	I do not know	total disagreeme nt	Rather disagreeme nt	Rather agree	I totally agree	I do not know
Total		4,5%	24,8%	40,1%	6,9%	23,7%	11,6%	33,3%	28,6%	7,2%	19,3%
	18-29 years	1,2%	25,9%	42,4%	7,1%	23,5%	12,8%	42,5%	25,3%	2,1%	17,4%
A	30-44 years	7,6%	25,4%	36,8%	7,0%	23,2%	16,1%	32,2%	24,3%	15,5%	11,9%
Age	45-59 years	3,4%	26,7%	40,2%	7,1%	22,6%	5,2%	28,6%	31,5%	5,0%	29,7%
	60 +	4,6%	22,1%	41,6%	6,5%	25,2%	12,9%	31,8%	30,9%	7,0%	17,4%
Sex	Male	4,5%	24,7%	39,6%	8,4%	22,8%	12,0%	35,2%	27,2%	6,7%	18,9%
Sex	Female	4,6%	24,9%	40,5%	5,5%	24,5%	11,5%	32,3%	29,4%	7,4%	19,5%
	Low level	3,3%	18,4%	43,9%	6,1%	28,3%	12,8%	34,0%	16,9%	8,6%	27,7%
Studies	Medium level	5,1%	27,1%	38,8%	7,7%	21,3%	7,9%	31,0%	31,6%	6,3%	23,3%
	High level	4,4%	27,2%	38,6%	5,7%	24,1%	18,9%	37,8%	27,5%	8,4%	7,3%
Environment	Urban	9,1%	27,3%	34,3%	1,0%	28,3%	14,5%	34,0%	25,1%	7,7%	18,8%
Livironnient	Rural	3,9%	24,5%	40,9%	7,7%	23,0%	8,5%	32,5%	32,5%	6,6%	19,8%

Tabel 34. To what extent do you agree that the Local Administration can solve the issues of citizens in a fast and efficient way?

						Regi	ion				
			Rig	tht bank				L	eft bank		
		total disagreeme nt	Rather disagreemen t	Rather agree	I totally agree	I do not know	total disagreeme nt	Rather disagreeme nt	Rather agree	I totally agree	I do not know
Total		8,0%	29,9%	39,2%	8,6%	14,2%	19,2%	36,8%	26,3%	5,7%	12,0%
	18-29 years	5,9%	34,1%	42,4%	3,5%	14,1%	32,5%	27,5%	32,6%	2,1%	5,4%
1 000	30-44 years	11,4%	29,7%	35,7%	10,3%	13,0%	23,6%	31,4%	27,6%	9,1%	8,3%
Age	45-59 years	6,4%	31,2%	39,1%	10,2%	13,2%	17,4%	42,7%	28,0%	,5%	11,4%
	60 +	8,0%	27,5%	40,8%	7,6%	16,0%	10,6%	41,1%	20,8%	9,3%	18,2%
Sex	Male	7,9%	30,2%	38,6%	8,7%	14,7%	18,6%	31,3%	27,0%	7,5%	15,6%
Sex	Female	8,2%	29,7%	39,8%	8,6%	13,7%	19,5%	39,8%	25,9%	4,7%	10,1%
	Low level	5,2%	25,9%	41,5%	10,4%	17,0%	11,4%	37,5%	15,3%	11,1%	24,7%
Studies	Medium level	9,1%	31,1%	38,1%	8,4%	13,3%	18,4%	37,8%	27,4%	4,8%	11,5%
	High level	8,9%	32,3%	39,2%	7,0%	12,7%	24,3%	34,5%	28,7%	5,1%	7,5%
Environment	Urban	12,1%	32,3%	28,3%	1,0%	26,3%	20,9%	40,4%	20,1%	3,6%	15,0%
Environment	Rural	7,4%	29,6%	40,8%	9,7%	12,4%	17,3%	32,9%	33,1%	7,9%	8,7%

Tabel 35. To what extent do you agree that the Mayoralty communicates frequently with the citizens?

						Regi	ion				
			Rig	ght bank				I	eft bank		
		total disagreeme nt	Rather disagreemen t	Rather agree	I totally agree	I do not know	total disagreeme nt	Rather disagreeme nt	Rather agree	I totally agree	I do not know
Total		7,8%	27,9%	42,0%	15,4%	6,9%	13,3%	31,8%	29,1%	10,1%	15,7%
	18-29 years	9,4%	25,9%	45,9%	9,4%	9,4%	11,2%	33,4%	48,3%		7,1%
A ===	30-44 years	10,3%	30,8%	34,6%	16,8%	7,6%	13,9%	33,1%	28,7%	12,2%	12,1%
Age	45-59 years	6,0%	30,1%	38,7%	20,3%	4,9%	15,1%	30,9%	23,3%	11,4%	19,3%
	60 +	7,3%	24,4%	49,2%	11,5%	7,6%	13,1%	30,7%	22,2%	13,9%	20,1%
Sex	Male	7,3%	26,8%	42,5%	16,8%	6,6%	19,9%	20,3%	32,1%	13,3%	14,4%
Sex	Female	8,2%	29,0%	41,5%	14,1%	7,2%	9,9%	37,9%	27,4%	8,4%	16,4%
	Low level	5,7%	21,2%	48,1%	16,5%	8,5%	17,0%	24,9%	18,6%	9,3%	30,2%
Studies	Medium level	7,9%	29,2%	41,6%	14,7%	6,5%	9,9%	32,6%	29,9%	11,1%	16,6%
	High level	10,1%	33,5%	34,8%	15,8%	5,7%	19,0%	33,1%	31,9%	8,3%	7,7%
Environment	Urban	9,1%	35,4%	39,4%	7,1%	9,1%	15,4%	32,5%	31,8%	3,1%	17,2%
Livitonment	Rural	7,6%	26,9%	42,3%	16,6%	6,6%	11,1%	30,9%	26,1%	17,8%	14,1%

Tabel 36. To what extent do you agree that the Mayoralty has a strategy of local socio-economic development?

						Regi	ion				
			Rig	ght bank				L	eft bank		
		total disagreeme nt	Rather disagreemen t	Rather agree	I totally agree	I do not know	total disagreeme nt	Rather disagreeme nt	Rather agree	I totally agree	I do not know
Total		3,8%	13,3%	34,3%	12,4%	36,2%	7,6%	14,2%	46,7%	7,6%	23,9%
	18-29 years	3,5%	12,9%	41,2%	5,9%	36,5%	11,9%	18,4%	56,1%	8,2%	5,4%
100	30-44 years	5,4%	13,5%	29,2%	15,7%	36,2%	8,9%	14,8%	39,3%	9,6%	27,4%
Age	45-59 years	2,3%	14,7%	31,2%	15,4%	36,5%	5,9%	14,0%	44,8%	1,3%	34,1%
	60 +	4,2%	11,8%	38,9%	9,2%	35,9%	5,5%	11,7%	46,8%	10,4%	25,7%
Sex	Male	2,9%	15,2%	35,4%	12,9%	33,6%	10,7%	17,6%	46,7%	8,2%	16,7%
Sex	Female	4,6%	11,5%	33,3%	12,0%	38,6%	5,9%	12,4%	46,7%	7,3%	27,7%
	Low level	3,3%	13,7%	32,1%	9,4%	41,5%	6,9%	21,4%	23,2%	12,1%	36,4%
Studies	Medium level	4,4%	13,8%	31,8%	12,9%	37,1%	4,8%	14,3%	50,0%	5,6%	25,4%
	High level	2,5%	11,4%	44,3%	15,2%	26,6%	13,6%	11,0%	50,2%	9,8%	15,4%
Environment	Urban	5,1%	12,1%	34,3%	15,2%	33,3%	8,5%	16,5%	47,3%	7,5%	20,2%
Liiviioiiiieiit	Rural	3,6%	13,4%	34,3%	12,0%	36,6%	6,5%	11,7%	46,1%	7,7%	28,0%

Tabel 37. To what extent do you agree that the local socio-economic strategy has been developed by mutual agreement with the citizens?

						Regi	on				
			Rig	ght bank				L	eft bank		
		total disagreeme nt	Rather disagreemen t	Rather agree	I totally agree	I do not know	total disagreeme nt	Rather disagreeme nt	Rather agree	I totally agree	I do not know
Total		8,5%	23,3%	25,6%	6,6%	36,0%	17,5%	37,3%	14,4%	1,4%	29,5%
	18-29 years	3,5%	28,2%	22,4%	5,9%	40,0%	19,0%	46,9%	18,3%		15,8%
A 000	30-44 years	12,4%	24,3%	22,7%	5,9%	34,6%	22,3%	32,8%	12,1%	3,8%	29,0%
Age	45-59 years	7,5%	22,2%	27,1%	10,9%	32,3%	14,8%	36,8%	5,8%	2,1%	40,5%
	60 +	8,4%	22,1%	27,1%	3,1%	39,3%	15,8%	34,5%	19,1%	,4%	30,2%
Sex	Male	8,1%	26,8%	21,3%	7,6%	36,2%	23,0%	29,5%	11,4%	2,1%	34,0%
Sex	Female	8,9%	20,1%	29,5%	5,8%	35,7%	14,5%	41,4%	16,0%	1,0%	27,1%
	Low level	4,2%	18,9%	27,4%	6,1%	43,4%	14,7%	37,9%	9,4%	2,5%	35,5%
Studies	Medium level	10,7%	24,1%	23,8%	6,8%	34,6%	15,8%	38,7%	12,2%	1,1%	32,2%
	High level	8,2%	27,2%	27,8%	7,0%	29,7%	22,2%	34,0%	21,0%	1,5%	21,3%
Environment	Urban	14,1%	24,2%	20,2%	2,0%	39,4%	24,1%	34,9%	16,1%	1,0%	24,0%
Environment	Rural	7,7%	23,2%	26,3%	7,3%	35,5%	10,2%	39,9%	12,4%	1,8%	35,6%

Tabel 38. To what extent do you agree that the civil servants of the Mayoralty are qualified specialists?

						Regi	ion				
			Rig	ght bank				L	eft bank		
		total disagreeme nt	Rather disagreemen t	Rather agree	I totally agree	I do not know	total disagreeme nt	Rather disagreeme nt	Rather agree	I totally agree	I do not know
Total		3,6%	20,4%	47,6%	14,0%	14,3%	10,6%	24,9%	37,2%	11,6%	15,7%
	18-29 years	2,4%	20,0%	51,8%	8,2%	17,6%	9,2%	23,0%	46,7%	5,2%	15,9%
A	30-44 years	3,8%	24,3%	41,6%	16,2%	14,1%	16,7%	26,4%	30,6%	15,1%	11,2%
Age	45-59 years	3,0%	21,8%	47,0%	15,8%	12,4%	10,5%	17,4%	40,5%	6,1%	25,5%
	60 +	4,6%	16,4%	51,1%	12,6%	15,3%	8,3%	30,1%	33,1%	17,1%	11,3%
Sex	Male	3,1%	26,2%	44,6%	12,1%	13,9%	9,7%	20,0%	39,6%	15,5%	15,2%
Sex	Female	4,1%	15,1%	50,4%	15,8%	14,6%	11,2%	27,4%	35,9%	9,6%	15,9%
	Low level	4,2%	12,7%	49,1%	16,0%	17,9%	3,4%	28,3%	29,8%	15,6%	22,8%
Studies	Medium level	3,0%	24,1%	46,0%	15,2%	11,7%	10,4%	19,7%	42,0%	9,0%	18,9%
	High level	4,4%	20,9%	50,0%	8,2%	16,5%	14,4%	34,0%	30,5%	15,2%	5,9%
Environment	Urban	1,0%	29,3%	33,3%	13,1%	23,2%	12,7%	26,3%	38,3%	8,4%	14,4%
Environment	Rural	4,0%	19,2%	49,6%	14,2%	13,0%	8,4%	23,3%	36,0%	15,2%	17,1%

Table 39. To what extent do you agree that the Mayor's Office is too bureaucratic in relation to citizens?

						Regi	on				
			Rig	tht bank				L	eft bank		
		total disagreeme nt	Rather disagreemen t	Rather agree	I totally agree	I do not know	total disagreeme nt	Rather disagreeme nt	Rather agree	I totally agree	I do not know
Total		13,0%	25,7%	27,7%	7,1%	26,4%	8,9%	22,0%	33,4%	17,2%	18,5%
	18-29 years	9,4%	27,1%	29,4%	2,4%	31,8%	4,6%	30,7%	17,4%	30,7%	16,6%
A	30-44 years	14,1%	28,6%	27,0%	9,7%	20,5%	11,0%	16,3%	34,5%	23,4%	14,7%
Age	45-59 years	15,8%	26,3%	27,1%	6,8%	24,1%	2,6%	24,9%	37,8%	12,5%	22,2%
	60 +	10,7%	22,5%	28,2%	7,3%	31,3%	14,4%	18,2%	39,0%	9,5%	19,0%
Sex	Male	12,6%	26,5%	28,3%	7,1%	25,5%	9,9%	23,2%	24,8%	21,8%	20,3%
Sex	Female	13,4%	24,9%	27,1%	7,2%	27,3%	8,3%	21,4%	37,9%	14,8%	17,5%
	Low level	10,8%	27,4%	26,9%	5,7%	29,2%	19,4%	23,2%	24,3%	6,0%	27,1%
Studies	Medium level	13,6%	24,8%	27,3%	7,2%	27,1%	5,6%	26,2%	29,7%	19,8%	18,7%
	High level	14,6%	25,9%	29,7%	8,9%	20,9%	11,2%	12,9%	44,9%	16,7%	14,3%
Environment	Urban	8,1%	24,2%	24,2%	12,1%	31,3%	7,3%	16,8%	28,3%	25,7%	21,9%
Environment	Rural	13,7%	25,9%	28,2%	6,4%	25,8%	10,6%	27,7%	39,0%	7,9%	14,8%

Tabel 40. To what extent do you agree that the representatives of the Mayoralty treat its citizens with respect?

						Regi	ion				
			Rig	ght bank				L	eft bank		
		total disagreeme nt	Rather disagreemen t	Rather agree	I totally agree	I do not know	total disagreeme nt	Rather disagreeme nt	Rather agree	I totally agree	I do not know
Total		3,5%	19,9%	48,5%	17,2%	10,9%	7,9%	22,2%	43,4%	13,1%	13,4%
	18-29 years	3,5%	18,8%	49,4%	11,8%	16,5%	8,4%	28,3%	57,0%	2,7%	3,6%
A 000	30-44 years	4,3%	21,1%	48,1%	19,5%	7,0%	9,3%	15,2%	39,7%	23,0%	12,8%
Age	45-59 years	3,0%	20,3%	46,6%	19,2%	10,9%	11,1%	21,1%	40,6%	10,4%	16,8%
	60 +	3,4%	19,1%	50,4%	15,3%	11,8%	4,8%	23,2%	39,5%	15,5%	17,1%
Sex	Male	2,6%	21,5%	49,6%	15,7%	10,5%	9,8%	18,5%	44,8%	14,1%	12,8%
Sex	Female	4,3%	18,5%	47,5%	18,5%	11,3%	6,9%	24,1%	42,7%	12,5%	13,7%
	Low level	3,8%	17,0%	48,1%	17,9%	13,2%	3,4%	36,2%	26,6%	12,4%	21,4%
Studies	Medium level	3,5%	22,4%	47,0%	16,8%	10,3%	6,7%	17,9%	48,8%	14,0%	12,6%
	High level	3,2%	17,1%	53,2%	17,1%	9,5%	12,4%	25,0%	39,5%	11,5%	11,6%
Environment	Urban	2,0%	23,2%	42,4%	14,1%	18,2%	11,2%	24,4%	36,7%	9,8%	18,0%
Environment	Rural	3,7%	19,5%	49,4%	17,6%	9,9%	4,4%	19,8%	50,8%	16,7%	8,4%

Tabel 41. To what extent do you agree that the Mayoralty manages efficiently the local budget?

						Reg	ion				
			Rig	ght bank				I	eft bank		
		total disagreeme nt	Rather disagreemen t	Rather agree	I totally agree	I do not know	total disagreeme nt	Rather disagreeme nt	Rather agree	I totally agree	I do not know
Total		6,9%	18,3%	26,6%	6,8%	41,5%	14,0%	27,4%	17,5%	5,1%	36,1%
	18-29 years	5,9%	18,8%	31,8%	4,7%	38,8%	23,1%	30,4%	26,2%	4,2%	16,2%
A ===	30-44 years	8,6%	21,1%	22,2%	5,4%	42,7%	21,6%	26,6%	19,2%	5,5%	27,1%
Age	45-59 years	5,6%	17,3%	28,2%	9,4%	39,5%	7,6%	21,7%	17,1%	6,0%	47,6%
	60 +	7,3%	17,2%	26,3%	5,7%	43,5%	9,1%	29,9%	11,8%	4,7%	44,5%
Sex	Male	5,2%	21,5%	25,5%	7,3%	40,4%	15,0%	23,0%	21,0%	4,1%	36,9%
Sex	Female	8,4%	15,3%	27,6%	6,2%	42,4%	13,5%	29,7%	15,6%	5,6%	35,6%
	Low level	5,7%	18,9%	25,0%	6,6%	43,9%	5,2%	32,3%	17,7%	7,9%	36,9%
Studies	Medium level	7,9%	18,2%	25,2%	6,5%	42,1%	14,1%	23,1%	19,2%	4,8%	38,8%
	High level	5,7%	17,7%	32,3%	7,6%	36,7%	17,6%	34,1%	13,9%	4,5%	30,0%
Environment	Urban	3,0%	25,3%	21,2%	3,0%	47,5%	19,9%	28,5%	19,1%	7,3%	25,3%
Environment	Rural	7,4%	17,3%	27,3%	7,3%	40,6%	7,5%	26,1%	15,7%	2,7%	47,9%

Tabel 42. To what extent do you agree that the citizens know how is the local budget spent?

						Regi	ion				
			Rig	ght bank				I	eft bank		
		total disagreeme nt	Rather disagreemen t	Rather agree	I totally agree	I do not know	total disagreeme nt	Rather disagreeme nt	Rather agree	I totally agree	I do not know
Total		20,2%	28,1%	20,8%	5,6%	25,3%	26,8%	26,0%	12,4%	6,6%	28,3%
	18-29 years	17,6%	36,5%	12,9%	4,7%	28,2%	32,6%	22,9%	21,1%	11,3%	12,2%
A 000	30-44 years	25,4%	23,2%	22,2%	5,4%	23,8%	39,4%	28,5%	10,1%	4,8%	17,2%
Age	45-59 years	19,5%	28,9%	23,7%	7,1%	20,7%	20,9%	31,2%	9,4%	6,7%	31,7%
	60 +	17,9%	27,9%	19,5%	4,6%	30,2%	20,6%	23,0%	10,6%	4,7%	41,1%
Sex	Male	19,2%	30,2%	22,3%	4,7%	23,6%	27,0%	28,2%	8,4%	9,5%	26,8%
Sex	Female	21,1%	26,1%	19,4%	6,5%	26,9%	26,6%	24,9%	14,5%	5,0%	29,0%
	Low level	17,0%	26,9%	16,5%	7,1%	32,5%	8,0%	41,6%	3,5%	3,4%	43,5%
Studies	Medium level	21,7%	27,8%	18,9%	6,5%	25,0%	26,0%	26,3%	10,6%	7,2%	29,9%
	High level	20,3%	30,4%	31,6%	1,3%	16,5%	36,5%	18,7%	19,9%	6,7%	18,2%
Environment	Urban	22,2%	18,2%	22,2%	3,0%	34,3%	34,4%	24,3%	15,5%	5,8%	19,9%
Environment	Rural	19,9%	29,5%	20,6%	6,0%	24,0%	18,4%	27,9%	8,9%	7,4%	37,4%

Tabel 43. To what extent do you agree that in general you like to interact with the civil servants of the Mayoralty?

			t Rather theme I totally agree not know disagreeme nt thought Rather agree I totally agree not know disagreeme nt thought Rather agree I may agree Rather agree I may													
			Rig	ght bank				L	eft bank							
		total disagreeme nt			,	not	disagreeme	disagreeme		I totally agree	I n kr					
Total		7,0%	25,3%	40,6%	11,5%	15,5%	13,0%	20,6%	33,6%	7,5%	2.					
	18-29 years	4,7%	24,7%	38,8%	10,6%	21,2%	13,7%	25,9%	38,4%	3,6%	18					
100	30-44 years	8,6%	29,2%	37,3%	11,4%	13,5%	17,1%	21,9%	25,7%	8,6%	2					
Age	45-59 years	7,5%	22,2%	43,6%	13,9%	12,8%	13,2%	10,9%	36,6%	6,9%	32					
	60 +	6,1%	26,0%	40,5%	9,5%	17,9%	10,2%	23,2%	33,0%	9,6%	24					
Sex	Male	6,6%	23,9%	42,3%	10,8%	16,5%	14,3%	15,3%	41,8%	3,9%	24					
Sex	Female	7,4%	26,6%	39,1%	12,2%	14,6%	12,3%	23,4%	29,2%	9,4%	2.					
	Low level	6,6%	25,0%	37,3%	11,3%	19,8%	9,6%	31,3%	22,7%	8,6%	2					
Studies	Medium level	7,5%	27,3%	38,8%	12,4%	14,0%	10,8%	19,7%	36,8%	6,5%	2					
	High level	6,3%	20,3%	50,0%	9,5%	13,9%	19,0%	17,7%	31,5%	9,1%	2:					
Environment	Urban	13,1%	13,1%	33,3%	10,1%	30,3%	14,8%	25,6%	17,8%	8,0%	33					
Environment	Rural	6,2%	27,0%	41,6%	11,7%	13,4%	11,0%	15,0%	50,9%	7,0%	1					

Tabel 44. To what extent do you agree that the civil servants of the Mayoralty are corrupt?

					•						
						Regi	on				
			Rig	ght bank				L	eft bank		
		total	Rather	Dathan	T 4 = 4 = 11 = -	I do	total	Rather	D - 41	T + a + a 11-	Ι
		disagreeme	disagreemen	Rather	I totally	not	disagreeme	disagreeme	Rather	I totally	n
		nt	t	agree	agree	know	nt	nt	agree	agree	kr
Total		22,8%	19,0%	15,2%	4,9%	38,1%					
	18-29 years	22,4%	20,0%	11,8%	2,4%	43,5%					
A	30-44 years	21,6%	21,6%	15,7%	5,9%	35,1%					
Age	45-59 years	25,6%	16,9%	17,7%	5,3%	34,6%					
	60 +	21,0%	19,1%	13,4%	4,6%	42,0%					
Cov	Male	23,6%	18,4%	17,3%	4,7%	36,0%					
Sex	Female	22,1%	19,7%	13,2%	5,0%	40,0%					
	Low level	21,7%	19,3%	10,8%	2,8%	45,3%					
Studies	Medium level	23,1%	19,2%	18,2%	5,8%	33,6%					
	High level	23,4%	18,4%	12,7%	5,1%	40,5%					
Environment	Urban	16,2%	15,2%	19,2%	6,1%	43,4%					
Environment	Rural	23,7%	19,6%	14,6%	4,7%	37,3%					

Tabel 45. To what extent do you agree that the representatives of the Local Administration are always available and open for common citizens?

			disagreemen t agree t not know disagreeme nt know disagreeme nt know agree nt <													
			Rig	ght bank				L	eft bank							
		total disagreeme nt			,	not	disagreeme	disagreeme		I totally agree	I n kr					
Total		4,8%	22,3%	43,4%	15,2%	14,4%	13,8%	24,9%	33,0%	12,4%	1.					
	18-29 years	1,2%	21,2%	43,5%	10,6%	23,5%	18,6%	34,2%	40,4%	,6%						
A	30-44 years	5,4%	24,9%	41,1%	15,7%	13,0%	19,5%	20,4%	31,8%	13,8%	14					
Age	45-59 years	6,4%	22,9%	42,1%	17,7%	10,9%	7,6%	17,2%	34,6%	16,8%	23					
	60 +	3,8%	20,2%	46,2%	13,7%	16,0%	12,1%	27,2%	28,4%	15,5%	1					
Sex	Male	4,5%	23,1%	42,8%	15,5%	14,2%	13,8%	22,9%	34,9%	15,1%	13					
Sex	Female	5,0%	21,6%	43,9%	14,9%	14,6%	13,8%	26,0%	32,0%	11,0%	1:					
i	Low level	3,3%	18,9%	47,6%	14,2%	16,0%	9,6%	39,6%	18,4%	14,6%	1					
Studies	Medium level	5,6%	23,4%	42,1%	15,4%	13,6%	12,8%	19,7%	36,5%	14,0%	10					
	High level	4,4%	24,1%	41,1%	15,8%	14,6%	17,6%	29,2%	31,9%	8,1%	13					
Environment	Urban	4,0%	27,3%	37,4%	10,1%	21,2%	19,4%	32,4%	23,0%	6,2%	1					
Liiviioiiment	Rural	4,9%	21,6%	44,2%	15,9%	13,4%	7,5%	16,6%	44,0%	19,3%	13					

Tabel 46. If you think about the community you live in, could you tell us which of the following services have been improved in the last three years as a result of community development projects?

							R	egion					
								ht bank					
		Arrange ment of the territory of village or city	repairing of roads, streets	Centrali zed water supply of the village	Centralize d sewage system	Centrali zed gasificat ion system	Provisi on of centrali zed heating	Collection and disposal of household waste	Ensurin g the local public transpor t	The function ing of local public baths	Develo pment of small busine ss	social protection system of population affected by unemploy ment	Repairing and moderniz ation of medical centers
Total		21,2%	50,0%	33,1%	4,1%	9,8%	0,8%	9,6%	8,6%	0,6%	3,4%	3,8%	38,0%
	18-29 years	25,9%	40,0%	32,9%	1,2%	8,2%		12,9%	17,6%		8,2%	4,7%	50,6%
A 99	30-44 years	25,9%	53,0%	31,4%	3,8%	10,8%	1,1%	8,1%	7,0%	0,5%	1,1%	4,3%	35,1%
Age	45-59 years	21,4%	50,4%	36,1%	6,0%	9,8%	1,1%	10,5%	8,6%	0,8%	4,5%	4,1%	37,2%
	60 +	16,0%	50,8%	31,3%	3,4%	9,5%	0,4%	8,8%	6,9%	0,8%	2,3%	2,7%	36,6%
Sex	Male	19,9%	52,2%	32,0%	4,2%	8,9%	1,0%	9,2%	9,4%	0,5%	3,4%	2,9%	35,7%
Sex	Female	22,3%	48,0%	34,1%	4,1%	10,6%	0,5%	10,1%	7,9%	0,7%	3,4%	4,6%	40,0%
	Low level	16,5%	46,7%	32,5%	3,8%	9,9%	0,9%	9,0%	5,7%	0,5%	0,5%	2,8%	35,8%
Studies	Medium level	18,2%	48,8%	33,9%	4,0%	8,4%	0,7%	10,0%	6,8%	0,7%	3,0%	3,3%	36,2%
	High level	35,4%	57,6%	31,6%	5,1%	13,3%	0,6%	9,5%	17,7%	0,6%	8,2%	6,3%	45,6%
Environment	Urban	46,5%	71,7%	1,0%				4,0%	4,0%		5,1%	2,0%	45,5%
Environment	Rural	17,6%	46,9%	37,6%	4,7%	11,2%	0,9%	10,4%	9,3%	0,7%	3,1%	4,0%	36,9%

Tabel 47. If you think about the community you live in, could you tell us which of the following services have been improved in the last three years as a result of community development projects?

							Regi	on					
							Right l	oank					
		Educational institutions, including kindergartens and schools	Cultural centers, libraries , museum s	Edifice s and sports centers	Local youth activities	Green spaces and parks	Marke ts and halls	Ensuring public order	Civil protection and fire prevention	Shops of food and industrial goods	street lightin g	Others (indica tes)	Have not been made project s
Total		55,9%	17,5%	12,3%	5,9%	11,4%	10,7%	6,3%	1,4%	10,7%	44,9%	7,5%	5,1%
	18-29 years	62,4%	24,7%	15,3%	12,9%	14,1%	11,8%	9,4%	1,2%	20,0%	47,1%	6,0%	4,7%
A	30-44 years	60,5%	18,4%	14,6%	4,9%	9,7%	9,7%	5,9%	1,6%	7,6%	43,8%	6,8%	3,8%
Age	45-59 years	55,6%	14,7%	11,3%	6,4%	13,9%	15,0%	6,4%	1,5%	10,9%	47,7%	7,3%	5,3%
	60 +	50,8%	17,6%	10,7%	3,8%	9,2%	6,5%	5,3%	1,1%	9,5%	42,0%	8,4%	6,1%
Carr	Male	52,0%	17,3%	12,9%	6,8%	9,7%	9,2%	6,3%	1,6%	9,4%	45,4%	6,8%	6,3%
Sex	Female	59,5%	17,7%	11,8%	5,0%	12,9%	12,0%	6,2%	1,2%	11,8%	44,4%	7,8%	4,1%
	Low level	54,2%	13,7%	9,4%	2,8%	9,4%	12,3%	5,7%	2,4%	10,4%	36,8%	4,7%	8,5%
Studies	Medium level	54,9%	19,6%	12,1%	3,7%	10,0%	8,4%	4,9%	0,9%	6,3%	47,0%	9,5%	4,7%
	High level	60,8%	17,1%	16,5%	15,8%	17,7%	14,6%	10,8%	1,3%	22,8%	50,0%	5,0%	1,9%
Englishman	Urban	32,3%	6,1%	29,3%	8,1%	4,0%	8,1%	6,1%	1,0%	9,1%	31,3%	9,0%	3,0%
Environment	Rural	59,2%	19,2%	9,9%	5,6%	12,4%	11,0%	6,3%	1,4%	10,9%	46,8%	7,0%	5,4%

Tabel 48. If you think about the community you live in, could you tell us which of the following services have been improved in the last three years as a result of community development projects?

							R	egion					
							Lef	t bank					
		Arrange ment of the territory of village or city	Repairin g of roads, streets	Centrali zed water supply of the village	Centralize d sewage system	Centrali zed gasificat ion system	Provisi on of centrali zed heating	Collection and storage of household waste	provide d the local public transpor t	The function ing of local public baths	Develo pment of small busine ss	social protection system of population affected by unemploy ment	Repairing and moderniz ation of medical centers
Total		36,1%	36,6%	35,0%	21,4%	42,9%	25,1%	25,8%	30,7%	2,2%	7,3%	7,0%	28,7%
	18-29 years	29,0%	38,6%	32,3%	22,0%	40,1%	26,4%	34,1%	34,1%	4,9%	9,8%	21,7%	25,7%
A ===	30-44 years	38,2%	32,9%	28,1%	17,7%	31,1%	26,9%	24,8%	31,5%	2,9%	8,0%	8,9%	35,7%
Age	45-59 years	37,3%	36,1%	28,3%	21,7%	36,9%	20,3%	14,5%	26,4%	1,7%	5,7%		30,4%
	60 +	38,8%	37,5%	45,0%	22,8%	55,4%	26,7%	28,7%	30,8%	0,5%	6,4%	1,2%	25,6%
C	Male	40,2%	40,5%	35,4%	26,9%	48,8%	25,6%	24,5%	35,8%	1,6%	4,7%	4,7%	32,3%
Sex	Female	33,9%	34,4%	34,8%	18,4%	39,8%	24,9%	26,6%	27,9%	2,6%	8,7%	8,3%	26,7%
	Low level	30,1%	25,0%	35,7%	24,4%	53,7%	23,2%	23,5%	19,1%		10,1%		9,9%
Studies	Medium level	36,4%	36,7%	33,4%	20,1%	40,1%	18,1%	20,1%	27,7%	1,0%	5,7%	6,2%	34,7%
	High level	37,8%	40,4%	37,8%	22,8%	44,5%	39,0%	37,5%	40,3%	5,4%	9,3%	11,0%	24,0%
Envisorment	Urban	47,0%	43,9%	33,9%	28,3%	43,4%	39,0%	37,6%	30,5%	4,0%	9,8%	12,1%	41,6%
Environment	Rural	24,3%	28,7%	36,2%	13,9%	42,5%	10,1%	13,2%	30,8%	0,3%	4,6%	1,5%	14,7%

Tabel 49. If you think about the community you live in, could you tell us which of the following services have been improved in the last three years as a result of community development projects?

							Regiur	nea					
							Left ba	nk					
		Educational institutions, including kindergartens and schools	Cultural centers, libraries , museum s	Edifice s and sports centers	Local youth activities	Green spaces and parks	market centers and market houses	Ensuring public order	Civil protection and fire safety	stores of food and industrial products	street lightin g	Others (indica tes)	Have not been made project s
Total		45,2%	22,3%	17,1%	9,7%	23,0%	33,6%	20,5%	14,7%	31,6%	32,4%		
	18-29 years	54,6%	20,7%	26,5%	10,1%	31,7%	37,8%	25,5%	21,3%	19,9%	39,9%		
A 00	30-44 years	38,0%	27,3%	12,3%	11,4%	23,0%	32,8%	18,9%	13,7%	40,7%	29,5%		
Age	45-59 years	44,7%	17,2%	13,1%	12,0%	10,0%	33,7%	10,5%	11,4%	31,0%	20,1%		1
	60 +	43,3%	24,0%	16,2%	7,1%	26,1%	31,2%	24,8%	13,3%	34,8%	37,5%		1
Sex	Male	38,8%	18,0%	18,1%	7,0%	30,5%	30,4%	21,7%	17,5%	34,4%	45,4%		1
Sex	Female	48,7%	24,6%	16,5%	11,3%	18,9%	35,3%	19,8%	13,3%	30,1%	25,3%		
	Low level	33,0%	39,6%	22,4%	1,5%	25,2%	24,3%	19,0%	5,1%	29,9%	18,8%		
Studies	Medium level	47,7%	21,0%	17,1%	8,8%	20,8%	33,8%	21,6%	14,0%	27,3%	34,9%		1
	High level	44,8%	18,5%	15,1%	14,4%	26,4%	36,4%	19,0%	19,6%	40,4%	32,5%		
English and and	Urban	39,5%	23,6%	22,6%	14,9%	32,2%	50,1%	23,8%	21,5%	39,7%	32,6%		
Environment	Rural	51,4%	20,8%	11,1%	4,2%	13,0%	15,7%	16,9%	7,4%	22,9%	32,1%		

Tabel 50. If you think about the community you live in, could you tell us which of the following services do you think need to be improved in the following years?

							R	egion					
							Rig	ht bank					
		Arrange ment of the territory of village or city	Repairin g of roads, streets	Centrali zed water supply of the village	Centralize d sewage system	Centrali zed gasificat ion system	Provisi on of centrali zed heating	Collection and disposal of household waste	Ensurin g the local public transpor	The function ing of local public baths	Develo pment of small busine ss	social protection system of population affected by unemploy ment	Repairing and moderniz ation of medical centers
Total		27,4%	61,0%	16,8%	22,8%	7,3%	4,8%	25,2%	12,8%	14,3%	20,1%	27,6%	12,8%
	18-29 years	32,9%	71,8%	17,6%	18,8%	5,9%	4,7%	24,7%	23,5%	14,1%	32,9%	23,5%	11,8%
100	30-44 years	30,3%	60,5%	14,1%	23,2%	9,7%	4,3%	28,6%	13,0%	10,3%	20,0%	25,9%	14,6%
Age	45-59 years	26,3%	63,2%	19,5%	24,8%	7,1%	4,5%	26,7%	11,3%	16,2%	19,5%	30,8%	10,2%
	60 +	24,8%	55,7%	15,6%	21,8%	6,1%	5,3%	21,4%	10,7%	15,3%	16,4%	26,7%	14,5%
Sex	Male	24,1%	57,2%	17,6%	24,9%	6,6%	3,7%	22,8%	10,8%	14,2%	19,9%	26,0%	12,3%
Sex	Female	30,5%	64,5%	16,1%	20,9%	7,9%	5,8%	27,3%	14,6%	14,4%	20,1%	29,0%	13,2%
	Low level	23,6%	64,6%	17,9%	18,9%	10,4%	5,2%	24,1%	12,7%	16,5%	17,9%	26,9%	12,7%
Studies	Medium level	23,6%	55,8%	16,1%	24,3%	5,8%	4,7%	22,7%	8,6%	14,5%	16,6%	27,6%	11,7%
	High level	43,0%	70,3%	17,1%	24,1%	7,0%	4,4%	33,5%	24,1%	10,8%	32,3%	28,5%	15,8%
Environment	Urban	37,4%	55,6%	10,1%	23,2%	3,0%	2,0%	19,2%	13,1%	17,2%	21,2%	30,3%	28,3%
Environment	Rural	26,0%	61,8%	17,7%	22,7%	7,9%	5,2%	26,0%	12,7%	13,9%	19,9%	27,2%	10,6%

Tabel 51. If you think about the community you live in, could you tell us which of the following services do you think need to be improved in the following years?

							Regi	on					
							Right l	oank					
		Educational institutions, including kindergartens and schools	Cultural centers, libraries , museum s	Edifice s and sports centers	Local youth activities	Green spaces and parks	market centers and market houses	Ensuring public order	Civil protection and fire safety	stores of food and industrial products	street lightin g	Others (indica tes)	Have not been made project s
Total		9,6%	21,2%	20,3%	27,3%	24,8%	12,7%	9,3%	7,3%	3,3%	29,8%	5,0%	6,4%
	18-29 years	10,6%	35,3%	29,4%	31,8%	43,5%	10,6%	9,4%	9,4%	3,5%	41,2%	3,6%	7,1%
A 00	30-44 years	15,1%	18,4%	25,9%	31,9%	27,0%	13,0%	7,0%	4,9%	2,2%	29,2%	3,5%	5,4%
Age	45-59 years	8,3%	23,3%	18,4%	26,3%	24,8%	14,3%	10,2%	8,6%	4,1%	28,6%	4,3%	5,3%
	60 +	6,9%	16,4%	15,3%	23,7%	17,2%	11,5%	9,9%	6,9%	3,1%	27,9%	7,0%	8,0%
Sex	Male	7,6%	21,0%	19,7%	26,2%	22,6%	12,9%	10,8%	6,6%	3,9%	29,4%	5,4%	6,0%
Sex	Female	11,5%	21,3%	20,9%	28,3%	26,9%	12,5%	7,9%	7,9%	2,6%	30,2%	4,5%	6,7%
	Low level	8,5%	18,9%	16,5%	20,8%	18,4%	12,7%	9,0%	8,5%	2,4%	26,4%	4,8%	10,4%
Studies	Medium level	7,2%	18,5%	18,7%	27,1%	22,2%	11,2%	8,9%	5,6%	2,8%	25,7%	3,9%	5,4%
	High level	17,7%	31,6%	29,7%	36,7%	40,5%	16,5%	10,8%	10,1%	5,7%	45,6%	7,4%	3,8%
Environment	Urban	21,2%	20,2%	16,2%	40,4%	37,4%	14,1%	14,1%	3,0%	7,1%	46,5%	15,1%	6,1%
Environment	Rural	8,0%	21,3%	20,9%	25,5%	23,0%	12,4%	8,6%	7,9%	2,7%	27,5%	3,1%	6,4%

Tabel 52. If you think about the community you live in, could you tell us which of the following services do you think need to be improved in the following years?

	0,						Re	egion					
							Lef	t bank					
		Arrange ment of the territory of village or city	Repairin g of roads, streets	Centrali zed water supply of the village	Centralize d sewage system	Centrali zed gasificat ion system	Provisi on of centrali zed heating	Collection and disposal of household waste	Ensurin g the local public transpor t	The function ing of local public baths	Develo pment of small busine ss	social protection system of population affected by unemploy ment	Repairing and moderniz ation of medical centers
Total		55,0%	65,6%	25,0%	28,1%	11,2%	22,8%	36,5%	25,4%	27,8%	39,8%	44,7%	39,2%
	18-29 years	61,8%	65,9%	32,9%	32,8%	10,2%	33,3%	43,4%	38,0%	47,0%	64,0%	52,6%	52,7%
A ~~	30-44 years	45,4%	55,4%	17,3%	27,1%	9,3%	16,9%	34,4%	14,9%	22,9%	39,8%	40,5%	30,3%
Age	45-59 years	52,3%	72,5%	25,5%	23,9%	13,5%	20,2%	36,9%	17,9%	24,8%	30,9%	37,6%	40,3%
	60 +	58,2%	66,5%	24,5%	28,7%	11,3%	21,8%	33,5%	29,0%	21,8%	32,1%	47,1%	35,9%
Sex	Male	53,8%	64,4%	30,5%	29,4%	10,3%	26,4%	40,1%	25,0%	32,4%	44,7%	51,3%	46,0%
Sex	Female	55,6%	66,3%	22,1%	27,3%	11,7%	20,9%	34,6%	25,6%	25,4%	37,1%	41,1%	35,6%
	Low level	52,3%	71,2%	35,1%	31,5%	9,6%	27,9%	47,7%	35,3%	34,4%	31,5%	50,3%	44,6%
Studies	Medium level	53,6%	67,6%	21,5%	23,8%	10,2%	20,9%	33,4%	21,5%	26,7%	34,2%	39,8%	37,4%
	High level	59,0%	59,4%	27,7%	35,0%	13,8%	24,3%	37,9%	28,9%	27,2%	54,3%	51,8%	40,5%
Environment	Urban	42,3%	58,5%	26,5%	22,0%	8,9%	16,9%	28,7%	27,9%	25,7%	44,8%	52,4%	41,5%
Environment	Rural	68,6%	73,3%	23,4%	34,5%	13,7%	29,1%	44,8%	22,7%	30,1%	34,3%	36,3%	36,8%

						Regio	n					
						Left ba	nk					
	Educational institutions, including kindergartens and schools	Cultural centers, libraries , museum s	Edifice s and sports centers	Local youth activities	Green spaces and parks	market centers and market houses	Ensuring public order	Civil protection and fire safety	stores of food and industrial products	street lightin g	Others (indica tes)	Have not been made project
	27,5%	31,3%	34,6%	37,8%	32,7%	24,6%	22,8%	20,5%	15,8%	30,6%		
18-29 years	33,4%	48,3%	43,8%	58,6%	41,4%	32,2%	27,8%	21,5%	19,9%	38,8%		
30-44 years	32,7%	26,6%	37,5%	33,1%	28,0%	24,2%	20,2%	20,4%	11,7%	29,7%		
45-59 years	22,2%	23,8%	33,4%	31,9%	36,2%	20,7%	25,2%	24,0%	10,6%	29,6%		
60 +	25,0%	29,4%	28,8%	32,8%	28,2%	23,3%	20,0%	17,8%	19,2%	27,2%		
Male	28,1%	35,2%	42,5%	51,3%	33,7%	26,2%	16,6%	23,9%	14,9%	24,2%		
Female	27,2%	29,3%	30,5%	30,8%	32,2%	23,8%	26,1%	18,8%	16,3%	34,0%		
Low level	24,0%	27,3%	35,3%	36,5%	28,3%	23,7%	13,3%	13,5%	17,8%	40,4%		
Medium level	21,9%	27,5%	33,3%	35,1%	32,9%	24,8%	22,2%	16,9%	15,1%	26,8%		
High level	40,2%	40,5%	37,0%	43,8%	34,2%	24,6%	28,2%	30,6%	16,3%	33,9%		
Urban	31,7%	33,6%	35,0%	32,8%	30,7%	16,3%	27,5%	18,5%	12,3%	38,4%		
Rural	23,1%	28,8%	34,2%	43,3%	34,8%	33,6%	17,8%	22,8%	19,5%	22,2%		
	30-44 years 45-59 years 60 + Male Female Low level Medium level High level Urban	institutions, including kindergartens and schools 27,5% 18-29 years 30-44 years 45-59 years 60 + 25,0% Male 28,1% Female 27,2% Low level 24,0% Medium level 21,9% High level 40,2% Urban 31,7%	Educational institutions, libraries libraries libraries museum and schools s	Educational institutions, libraries s and sports museum and schools 18-29 years 33,4% 48,3% 43,8% 30-44 years 32,7% 26,6% 37,5% 45-59 years 22,2% 23,8% 33,4% 60 + 25,0% 29,4% 28,8% Male 28,1% 35,2% 42,5% Female 27,2% 29,3% 30,5% Low level 24,0% 27,3% 35,3% Medium level 21,9% 27,5% 33,3% High level 40,2% 40,5% 37,0% Urban 31,7% 33,6% 35,0%	Educational institutions, including kindergartens and schools 18-29 years 33,4% 48,3% 43,8% 58,6% 30-44 years 22,2% 23,8% 33,4% 31,9% 45-59 years 22,2% 23,8% 33,4% 31,9% 60 + 25,0% 29,4% 28,8% 32,8% 18-29,1% 35,2% 42,5% 51,3% 1,3%	Educational institutions, including kindergartens and schools 18-29 years 33,4% 48,3% 43,8% 58,6% 41,4% 30-44 years 22,2% 23,8% 33,4% 31,9% 36,2% 45-59 years 22,2% 23,8% 33,4% 31,9% 36,2% 60 + 25,0% 29,4% 28,8% 32,8% 28,2% Male 28,1% 35,2% 42,5% 51,3% 33,7% 18-29 years 27,2% 29,3% 30,5% 30,8% 32,2% 10 youth activities was and parks 32,7% 34,6% 37,8% 32,7% 33,1% 28,0% 30,2% 30,2% 30,5% 30,5% 30,8% 32,2% 30,5% 30,8% 32,2% 30,5% 30,5% 30,8% 32,2% 30,5	Educational institutions, including kindergartens and schools 18-29 years 33,4% 48,3% 43,8% 58,6% 41,4% 32,2% 30-44 years 22,2% 23,8% 33,4% 34,5% 33,4% 34,9% 36,2% 20,7% 60 + 25,0% 29,4% 28,8% 32,8% 32,2% 23,3% 34,6% 37,8% 32,2% 23,3% 34,6% 37,5% 33,1% 28,0% 24,2% 25,59 years 22,2% 23,8% 33,4% 31,9% 36,2% 20,7% 60 + 25,0% 29,4% 28,8% 32,8% 28,2% 23,3% 34,6% 35,2% 42,5% 51,3% 33,7% 26,2% 26,6% 29,4% 28,8% 32,8% 32,2% 23,3% 36,5% 28,3% 23,7% 24,6% 41,4% 32,2% 33,3% 35,3% 36,5% 28,3% 23,3% 36,5% 28,3% 23,7% 33,3% 35,3% 36,5% 28,3% 23,7% 33,3% 35,1% 32,9% 24,8% 41,4% 32,2% 33,3% 35,3% 36,5% 28,3% 23,3% 36,5% 28,3% 23,7% 33,3% 35,1% 32,9% 24,8% 34,2% 24,6% 41,4% 32,2% 33,3% 35,1% 32,2% 23,3% 35,2% 33,3% 35,1% 32,9% 24,8% 42,5% 42,5% 33,3% 35,1% 32,9% 24,8% 44,6% 44,5% 33,3% 35,1% 32,9% 24,8% 44,6% 44,5% 33,0% 33,0% 33,0% 33,0% 33,0% 33,0% 33,0% 34,2% 24,6% 44,6% 44,5% 33,0%	Educational institutions, including kindergartens and schools 27,5% 31,3% 34,6% 37,8% 32,7% 24,6% 22,8% 18-29 years 33,4% 48,3% 43,8% 58,6% 41,4% 32,2% 27,8% 30-44 years 32,7% 26,6% 37,5% 33,1% 28,0% 24,2% 20,2% 45-59 years 22,2% 23,8% 33,4% 31,9% 36,2% 20,7% 25,2% 60 + 25,0% 29,4% 28,8% 32,8% 28,2% 23,3% 20,0% Male 28,1% 35,2% 42,5% 51,3% 33,7% 26,2% 16,6% Female 27,2% 29,3% 30,5% 30,5% 30,8% 32,2% 23,8% 26,1% Low level 24,0% 27,3% 33,3% 35,1% 32,9% 24,8% 22,2% High level 40,2% 40,5% 37,0% 43,8% 34,2% 24,6% 28,2% Urban 31,7% 33,6% 35,0% 32,8% 30,7% 16,3% 27,5%	Educational institutions, including kindergartens and schools S 13,3% 34,6% 37,8% 32,7% 24,6% 22,8% 20,5% 20,4% 25,99 vars 22,2% 23,8% 33,4% 31,9% 36,2% 23,3% 26,1% 25,2% 24,0% 24,0% 25,2% 24,0% 26,1% 26,	Educational institutions, including kindergartens and schools 27,5% 31,3% 34,6% 37,8% 32,7% 24,6% 22,8% 20,5% 21,5% 19,9% 30-44 years 32,2% 23,8% 32,7% 24,2% 20,2% 24,0% 21,5% 11,7% 45-59 years 22,2% 23,8% 35,2% 24,5% 31,3% 35,2% 24,5% 31,3% 32,8% 32,8% 28,2% 23,3% 20,0% 17,8% 19,2% 14,9% 14,9% 14,0%	Educational institutions, including kindergartens and schools Street lighting activities Street stand schools Street s	Educational institutions, including kindergartens and schools S

Tabel 53. If you think about the community you live in, could you tell us which of the following services do you think need to be improved in the following years?

Tabel 54. How satisfied are you, in general, with the territory landscaping of the town or village?

							Reg	ion					
				Righ	t bank					Left	bank		
		Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatisfi ed	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer	Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatis fied	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer
Total		2,8%	45,4%	29,1%	8,3%	4,1%	10,4%	7,6%	40,0%	39,2%	11,9%	,8%	,5%
	18-29 years	2,4%	55,3%	28,2%	3,5%	4,7%	5,9%	10,1%	37,1%	39,5%	9,2%	2,1%	2,1%
A	30-44 years	2,7%	49,2%	30,8%	6,5%	2,2%	8,6%	3,8%	52,4%	26,8%	16,4%		,7%
Age	45-59 years	3,8%	41,4%	30,1%	10,5%	3,4%	10,9%	1,8%	40,8%	49,6%	7,9%		
	60 +	1,9%	43,5%	27,1%	8,8%	6,1%	12,6%	12,0%	34,6%	38,7%	13,6%	1,1%	
Sex	Male	2,9%	43,8%	30,7%	6,6%	3,4%	12,6%	8,8%	43,8%	39,8%	6,0%	1,2%	,4%
Sex	Female	2,6%	46,8%	27,6%	9,8%	4,8%	8,4%	7,0%	38,0%	38,8%	15,0%	,6%	,6%
	Low level	,9%	42,0%	29,2%	6,6%	5,2%	16,0%	13,9%	23,2%	47,5%	12,2%	3,1%	
Studies	Medium level	3,5%	43,2%	29,9%	9,3%	4,0%	10,0%	5,6%	43,9%	42,6%	7,8%		,2%
	High level	3,2%	55,7%	26,6%	7,6%	3,2%	3,8%	8,8%	39,9%	28,2%	20,1%	1,5%	1,5%
Environment	Urban	2,0%	63,6%	25,3%	8,1%		1,0%	11,1%	47,6%	30,5%	9,3%	1,6%	
Environment	Rural	2,9%	42,8%	29,6%	8,3%	4,7%	11,7%	3,9%	31,8%	48,5%	14,6%		1,1%

Tabel 55. How satisfied are you, in general, with the landscaping, repair of roads and streets?

							Regi	ion					
				Righ	t bank					Left	bank		
		Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatisfi ed	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer	Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatis fied	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer
Total		5,8%	33,6%	37,8%	16,9%	1,3%	4,6%	7,4%	29,9%	39,0%	22,8%	,4%	,5%
	18-29 years	2,4%	23,5%	49,4%	15,3%	1,2%	8,2%	12,7%	31,0%	31,8%	20,3%	2,1%	2,1%
A ~~	30-44 years	4,9%	31,9%	39,5%	19,5%	,5%	3,8%	3,5%	35,3%	35,6%	24,9%		,7%
Age	45-59 years	6,8%	31,6%	38,3%	18,4%	,4%	4,5%	1,0%	27,9%	43,1%	27,9%		
	60 +	6,5%	40,1%	32,4%	14,1%	2,7%	4,2%	10,7%	27,6%	42,0%	19,7%		
Sex	Male	6,8%	34,1%	34,4%	17,6%	1,3%	5,8%	11,8%	31,2%	33,2%	23,5%		,4%
Sex	Female	4,8%	33,1%	41,0%	16,3%	1,2%	3,6%	5,1%	29,2%	42,0%	22,4%	,6%	,6%
	Low level	7,1%	27,4%	40,6%	15,6%	3,3%	6,1%	3,1%	19,9%	62,4%	14,6%		
Studies	Medium level	6,8%	36,0%	34,3%	18,2%	,5%	4,2%	7,5%	30,8%	39,5%	21,9%		,2%
	High level	1,3%	35,4%	43,7%	15,2%	,6%	3,8%	9,2%	32,6%	26,7%	28,4%	1,5%	1,5%
Environment	Urban	4,0%	43,4%	41,4%	10,1%		1,0%	10,7%	33,0%	34,4%	21,1%	,8%	
Environment	Rural	6,0%	32,2%	37,3%	17,9%	1,4%	5,2%	3,9%	26,5%	43,9%	24,6%		1,1%

Tabel 56. How satisfied are you, in general, with the centralized water supply of the locality?

							Regi	ion					
				Righ	t bank					Left	bank		
		Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatisfi ed	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer	Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatis fied	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer
Total		17,3%	47,0%	12,5%	3,6%	11,3%	8,3%	12,2%	57,5%	17,2%	7,3%	5,2%	,6%
	18-29 years	25,9%	43,5%	15,3%	3,5%	7,1%	4,7%	6,5%	52,3%	21,9%	9,6%	8,2%	1,5%
A ===	30-44 years	13,5%	48,6%	11,4%	3,2%	15,7%	7,6%	17,3%	58,2%	10,8%	6,3%	7,4%	
Age	45-59 years	15,0%	47,4%	15,0%	3,4%	10,9%	8,3%	7,1%	66,2%	17,7%	2,8%	5,0%	1,3%
	60 +	19,5%	46,6%	9,9%	4,2%	9,9%	9,9%	16,1%	54,2%	17,6%	9,5%	2,5%	
Sex	Male	13,9%	47,8%	12,6%	4,5%	10,2%	11,0%	11,0%	57,2%	16,8%	5,4%	9,7%	
Sex	Female	20,4%	46,3%	12,5%	2,9%	12,2%	5,8%	12,9%	57,6%	17,4%	8,3%	2,8%	,9%
	Low level	12,7%	46,2%	9,0%	2,8%	16,5%	12,7%	10,0%	56,0%	25,4%	6,8%	1,9%	
Studies	Medium level	17,3%	46,0%	14,3%	4,0%	10,7%	7,7%	11,4%	58,6%	15,8%	6,8%	6,8%	,5%
	High level	23,4%	50,6%	12,7%	3,8%	5,7%	3,8%	15,0%	55,8%	16,2%	8,5%	3,5%	1,1%
Environment	Urban	21,2%	58,6%	14,1%	4,0%	1,0%	1,0%	9,8%	58,4%	23,5%	7,2%		1,2%
Environment	Rural	16,7%	45,4%	12,3%	3,6%	12,7%	9,3%	14,9%	56,5%	10,5%	7,4%	10,7%	

Tabel 57. How satisfied are you, in general, with the Centralized sewage system?

							Regi	ion					
				Righ	t bank					Left	bank		
		Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatisfi ed	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer	Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatis fied	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer
Total		1,8%	11,3%	12,9%	4,1%	55,8%	14,2%	11,4%	46,6%	12,9%	8,4%	19,9%	,9%
	18-29 years	1,2%	8,2%	11,8%	1,2%	57,6%	20,0%	6,5%	55,9%	11,6%	13,2%	11,3%	1,5%
A 000	30-44 years	1,6%	15,1%	11,9%	2,7%	57,3%	11,4%	12,4%	47,3%	16,0%	4,4%	19,3%	,7%
Age	45-59 years	2,6%	13,2%	13,5%	4,9%	53,0%	12,8%	10,6%	53,5%	11,0%	2,8%	21,5%	,5%
	60 +	1,1%	7,6%	13,4%	5,3%	56,9%	15,6%	14,1%	36,5%	13,1%	11,4%	23,8%	1,0%
Sex	Male	1,8%	10,5%	15,7%	3,4%	53,3%	15,2%	13,9%	45,0%	7,2%	5,8%	27,4%	,7%
Sex	Female	1,7%	12,0%	10,3%	4,8%	58,0%	13,2%	10,1%	47,4%	15,8%	9,7%	15,9%	1,0%
	Low level	1,4%	6,1%	9,0%	4,2%	62,3%	17,0%	16,3%	39,0%	12,9%	9,4%	22,5%	
Studies	Medium level	1,2%	10,0%	15,9%	4,2%	57,2%	11,4%	11,5%	48,7%	11,4%	5,0%	22,5%	,9%
	High level	3,8%	21,5%	10,1%	3,8%	43,0%	17,7%	8,8%	45,9%	15,9%	14,9%	13,1%	1,5%
Environment	Urban	3,0%	49,5%	18,2%	2,0%	26,3%	1,0%	13,4%	58,2%	17,6%	8,3%	1,9%	,6%
Environment	Rural	1,6%	5,9%	12,2%	4,4%	59,9%	16,0%	9,2%	34,1%	7,8%	8,4%	39,1%	1,3%

Tabel 58. How satisfied are you, in general, with the Centralized gas supply system?

							Regi	ion					
				Righ	t bank					Left	bank		
		Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatisfi ed	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer	Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatis fied	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer
Total		11,9%	52,1%	8,4%	1,6%	16,7%	9,3%	21,0%	64,6%	6,2%	3,5%	3,1%	1,7%
	18-29 years	21,2%	54,1%	7,1%	2,4%	9,4%	5,9%	9,7%	72,0%	12,2%	2,5%		3,6%
A ~~	30-44 years	9,7%	52,4%	6,5%	,5%	21,6%	9,2%	16,7%	71,5%	8,4%		,7%	2,6%
Age	45-59 years	10,5%	51,5%	10,9%	3,4%	15,8%	7,9%	13,1%	69,6%	3,7%	2,8%	9,1%	1,8%
	60 +	11,8%	51,9%	7,6%	,4%	16,4%	11,8%	34,5%	53,7%	3,4%	6,2%	2,2%	
Sex	Male	12,1%	52,8%	7,1%	1,3%	15,5%	11,3%	25,8%	59,6%	4,3%	2,7%	6,3%	1,2%
Sex	Female	11,8%	51,6%	9,6%	1,9%	17,7%	7,4%	18,4%	67,2%	7,2%	3,8%	1,4%	1,9%
	Low level	8,5%	44,8%	10,4%	2,4%	20,8%	13,2%	28,7%	61,0%	4,7%	4,7%		,9%
Studies	Medium level	10,5%	53,5%	7,7%	1,6%	16,8%	9,8%	19,3%	64,6%	5,3%	4,1%	5,1%	1,6%
	High level	20,3%	58,2%	7,6%	,6%	10,8%	2,5%	20,8%	66,3%	8,8%	1,5%	,4%	2,1%
Environment	Urban	14,1%	75,8%	6,1%	1,0%	2,0%	1,0%	21,4%	65,3%	6,2%	4,5%	,5%	2,0%
Environment	Rural	11,6%	48,8%	8,7%	1,7%	18,7%	10,4%	20,5%	63,8%	6,2%	2,4%	5,9%	1,3%

Tabel 59. How satisfied are you, in general, with the Centralized heating system?

							Reg	ion					
				Righ	t bank					Left	bank		
		Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatisfi ed	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer	Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatis fied	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer
Total		,9%	1,9%	2,4%	1,4%	86,3%	7,1%	15,1%	54,1%	10,5%	4,5%	13,5%	2,2%
	18-29 years		1,2%	3,5%	1,2%	91,8%	2,4%	18,8%	45,6%	13,5%	2,1%	10,3%	9,7%
A 000	30-44 years	2,2%	1,6%	1,6%	1,1%	85,4%	8,1%	12,8%	57,8%	16,0%	3,6%	9,1%	,7%
Age	45-59 years	,8%	2,3%	3,4%	2,6%	83,5%	7,5%	6,5%	69,9%	9,5%	4,1%	9,5%	,5%
	60 +	,4%	1,9%	1,5%	,4%	88,2%	7,6%	19,9%	46,7%	6,7%	6,6%	20,1%	
Sex	Male	1,0%	1,6%	2,4%	1,0%	84,8%	9,2%	12,3%	54,4%	6,8%	4,0%	21,7%	,7%
Sex	Female	,7%	2,2%	2,4%	1,7%	87,8%	5,3%	16,6%	54,0%	12,4%	4,8%	9,2%	3,0%
	Low level	1,4%	1,4%	1,4%	1,4%	84,9%	9,4%	14,7%	44,0%	11,5%	8,7%	21,0%	
Studies	Medium level	,5%	2,1%	3,5%	1,9%	85,0%	7,0%	14,9%	57,0%	11,4%	3,4%	13,1%	,2%
	High level	1,3%	1,9%	,6%		91,8%	4,4%	15,7%	53,0%	8,3%	4,9%	10,7%	7,4%
Environment	Urban		5,1%	2,0%		92,9%		19,7%	55,3%	14,5%	6,5%	1,1%	3,0%
Environment	Rural	1,0%	1,4%	2,4%	1,6%	85,4%	8,2%	10,2%	52,9%	6,3%	2,4%	26,8%	1,4%

Tabel 60. How satisfied are you, in general, with the Collection and storage of household waste?

							Regi	ion					
				Righ	t bank					Left	bank		
		Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatisfi ed	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer	Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatis fied	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer
Total		2,9%	30,3%	13,3%	9,9%	34,7%	8,9%	7,0%	45,7%	23,2%	10,7%	11,0%	2,5%
	18-29 years	1,2%	29,4%	8,2%	14,1%	41,2%	5,9%	7,8%	42,9%	30,7%	13,9%	2,7%	2,1%
A 000	30-44 years	1,1%	37,3%	13,5%	7,0%	34,1%	7,0%	7,1%	48,9%	32,9%	4,4%	4,1%	2,6%
Age	45-59 years	3,4%	25,9%	16,2%	11,3%	34,2%	9,0%	,5%	45,4%	24,9%	17,2%	10,8%	1,2%
	60 +	4,2%	30,2%	11,8%	9,2%	33,6%	11,1%	10,7%	45,8%	12,8%	7,9%	19,3%	3,5%
Sex	Male	3,4%	30,2%	13,4%	10,2%	31,0%	11,8%	4,5%	44,0%	23,1%	15,6%	10,8%	2,0%
Sex	Female	2,4%	30,5%	13,2%	9,6%	38,1%	6,2%	8,3%	46,6%	23,2%	8,1%	11,1%	2,7%
	Low level	1,4%	25,0%	9,9%	11,8%	38,2%	13,7%	3,1%	45,3%	22,2%	9,7%	19,7%	
Studies	Medium level	3,7%	32,5%	15,2%	9,3%	30,6%	8,6%	7,7%	46,2%	23,7%	8,4%	10,5%	3,5%
	High level	2,5%	31,6%	12,7%	8,9%	41,1%	3,2%	7,3%	44,9%	22,6%	15,9%	7,8%	1,5%
Emzinomment	Urban	3,0%	72,7%	20,2%	3,0%	1,0%		8,8%	54,7%	24,0%	9,5%		3,0%
Environment	Rural	2,9%	24,3%	12,3%	10,9%	39,5%	10,2%	5,0%	36,1%	22,3%	11,9%	22,8%	1,9%

Tabel 61. How satisfied are you, in general, with the provided local public transportation?

							Regi	ion					
				Righ	t bank					Left	bank		
		Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatisfi ed	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer	Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatis fied	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer
Total		12,0%	49,2%	9,5%	4,0%	15,3%	9,9%	5,2%	59,9%	16,8%	8,9%	2,2%	7,1%
	18-29 years	11,8%	45,9%	15,3%	7,1%	15,3%	4,7%	5,7%	56,3%	18,3%	12,8%	5,5%	1,5%
A ===	30-44 years	10,8%	48,1%	9,7%	4,3%	16,8%	10,3%	4,9%	66,1%	15,4%	2,6%	4,1%	6,8%
Age	45-59 years	12,4%	50,0%	9,0%	4,1%	16,5%	7,9%	4,2%	55,5%	23,3%	11,3%		5,8%
	60 +	12,6%	50,4%	8,0%	2,7%	13,0%	13,4%	5,6%	61,5%	12,6%	8,5%	,7%	11,2%
Sex	Male	14,7%	49,3%	9,2%	2,6%	12,1%	12,1%	2,0%	59,2%	17,2%	11,4%	3,3%	6,8%
Sex	Female	9,6%	49,2%	9,8%	5,3%	18,2%	7,9%	6,8%	60,2%	16,6%	7,6%	1,6%	7,3%
	Low level	10,8%	42,9%	8,5%	4,2%	18,4%	15,1%	6,9%	54,2%	17,2%	4,1%	,9%	16,7%
Studies	Medium level	15,0%	49,8%	7,2%	3,7%	14,7%	9,6%	5,7%	60,0%	15,9%	11,6%	1,7%	5,1%
	High level	5,7%	56,3%	17,1%	4,4%	12,7%	3,8%	3,2%	62,3%	18,5%	5,6%	3,7%	6,7%
Environment	Urban	8,1%	75,8%	11,1%	3,0%		2,0%	7,2%	58,1%	14,4%	7,4%	2,7%	10,1%
Environment	Rural	12,6%	45,5%	9,3%	4,1%	17,5%	11,0%	2,9%	61,7%	19,3%	10,5%	1,6%	3,9%

Tabel 62. How satisfied are you, in general, with the functioning of local public baths?

							Reg	ion					
				Righ	t bank					Left	bank		
		Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatisfi ed	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer	Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatis fied	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer
Total		,8%	1,4%	3,8%	1,6%	84,8%	7,6%	3,4%	10,0%	9,0%	5,1%	25,1%	47,4%
	18-29 years		2,4%	4,7%	1,2%	88,2%	3,5%	12,3%	9,7%	13,8%	7,1%	23,8%	33,2%
A 00	30-44 years	,5%	,5%	3,8%	1,1%	86,5%	7,6%	2,6%	10,1%	9,5%	4,8%	26,8%	46,1%
Age	45-59 years	,8%	1,5%	4,5%	2,3%	83,8%	7,1%		10,3%	8,5%	5,1%	26,7%	49,4%
	60 +	1,1%	1,5%	2,7%	1,5%	83,6%	9,5%	1,1%	9,8%	6,5%	4,0%	24,0%	54,5%
Sex	Male	,8%	1,8%	3,1%	1,8%	82,4%	10,0%	2,4%	9,1%	8,7%	2,8%	37,4%	39,6%
Sex	Female	,7%	1,0%	4,3%	1,4%	87,1%	5,5%	3,9%	10,4%	9,2%	6,3%	18,7%	51,4%
	Low level		2,4%	2,8%	1,9%	81,1%	11,8%	3,1%	16,3%	5,6%	9,4%	31,8%	33,8%
Studies	Medium level	1,2%	,7%	4,7%	1,9%	84,1%	7,5%	4,4%	7,1%	9,4%	4,6%	23,5%	51,1%
	High level	,6%	1,9%	2,5%	,6%	91,8%	2,5%	1,5%	12,9%	10,0%	4,0%	25,4%	46,2%
Environment	Urban		2,0%	3,0%	1,0%	92,9%	1,0%	5,6%	12,4%	13,3%	5,6%	15,5%	47,5%
Liiviioiiiient	Rural	,9%	1,3%	3,9%	1,7%	83,7%	8,6%	1,0%	7,3%	4,4%	4,5%	35,5%	47,2%

Tabel 63. How satisfied are you, in general, with the development of small business?

							Reg	ion					
				Righ	t bank					Left	bank		
		Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatisfi ed	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer	Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatis fied	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer
Total		,4%	17,9%	27,8%	12,5%	15,4%	25,9%	,8%	12,1%	23,1%	16,6%	9,3%	38,0%
	18-29 years		14,1%	44,7%	7,1%	15,3%	18,8%	2,1%	18,7%	27,8%	16,2%	8,3%	26,9%
A 000	30-44 years	,5%	23,8%	27,6%	14,1%	15,7%	18,4%		11,6%	28,9%	32,3%	2,6%	24,5%
Age	45-59 years		20,3%	27,1%	15,8%	13,2%	23,7%		9,8%	20,3%	22,3%	6,6%	41,1%
	60 +	,8%	12,6%	23,3%	9,9%	17,6%	35,9%	1,1%	10,2%	19,4%	5,0%	15,1%	49,1%
Sex	Male	,8%	18,4%	26,2%	13,4%	16,8%	24,4%		14,7%	29,2%	20,2%	6,2%	29,6%
Sex	Female		17,5%	29,3%	11,8%	14,1%	27,3%	1,3%	10,8%	20,0%	14,8%	10,9%	42,3%
	Low level	,5%	12,7%	18,9%	10,4%	20,8%	36,8%		18,5%	18,7%	10,9%	18,2%	33,7%
Studies	Medium level	,2%	18,2%	29,2%	14,7%	14,5%	23,1%	,7%	12,3%	21,1%	14,8%	9,1%	41,9%
	High level	,6%	24,1%	36,1%	9,5%	10,8%	19,0%	1,5%	8,6%	29,5%	23,1%	5,4%	31,8%
Environment	Urban		32,3%	29,3%	8,1%	7,1%	23,2%	1,6%	11,7%	24,5%	22,4%	4,6%	35,1%
Environment	Rural	,4%	15,9%	27,6%	13,2%	16,6%	26,3%		12,6%	21,6%	10,4%	14,3%	41,0%

Tabel 64. How satisfied are you, in general, with the system of social protection of people affected by unemployment?

							Regi	ion					
				Righ	t bank					Left	bank		
		Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatisfi ed	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer	Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatis fied	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer
Total		2,6%	13,7%	20,2%	24,6%	19,7%	19,3%	2,4%	11,1%	25,3%	23,5%	7,4%	30,3%
	18-29 years	8,2%	15,3%	18,8%	22,4%	20,0%	15,3%	6,1%	15,1%	38,6%	19,6%	5,6%	15,0%
A 00	30-44 years	1,6%	16,2%	20,0%	23,2%	18,9%	20,0%	2,2%	14,2%	25,9%	35,5%	4,8%	17,3%
Age	45-59 years	2,3%	13,2%	19,5%	27,8%	20,3%	16,9%	3,3%	7,7%	22,3%	21,5%	6,5%	38,8%
	60 +	1,9%	11,8%	21,4%	22,9%	19,5%	22,5%		9,5%	19,6%	20,7%	10,3%	39,9%
Sex	Male	2,6%	13,6%	16,8%	22,3%	23,1%	21,5%	2,0%	10,2%	27,9%	26,0%	7,2%	26,6%
Sex	Female	2,6%	13,7%	23,3%	26,6%	16,5%	17,3%	2,7%	11,6%	23,9%	22,2%	7,5%	32,2%
	Low level	,9%	9,9%	19,8%	24,5%	18,9%	25,9%		12,2%	13,4%	25,9%	16,7%	31,8%
Studies	Medium level	1,9%	14,5%	18,5%	26,4%	20,6%	18,2%	2,3%	9,4%	28,3%	19,9%	7,4%	32,8%
	High level	7,0%	16,5%	25,3%	19,6%	18,4%	13,3%	4,0%	14,1%	24,8%	29,9%	3,0%	24,3%
Environment	Urban	1,0%	24,2%	23,2%	23,2%	16,2%	12,1%	3,9%	13,1%	31,0%	30,1%	1,6%	20,2%
Environment	Rural	2,9%	12,2%	19,7%	24,7%	20,2%	20,3%	,9%	9,0%	19,2%	16,4%	13,6%	41,0%

Tabel 65. How satisfied are you, in general, with the repair and modernization of medical institutions?

							Regi	ion					
				Righ	t bank					Left	bank		
		Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatisfi ed	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer	Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatis fied	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer
Total		18,2%	50,9%	14,9%	4,9%	2,9%	8,3%	3,6%	45,1%	35,6%	11,6%	1,3%	2,7%
	18-29 years	22,4%	50,6%	15,3%	2,4%		9,4%	7,6%	37,4%	44,8%	10,2%		
A	30-44 years	18,4%	56,8%	13,0%	3,8%	1,6%	6,5%	1,5%	37,2%	36,0%	18,5%	2,6%	4,2%
Age	45-59 years	18,0%	51,1%	16,9%	5,3%	1,9%	6,8%	1,2%	41,6%	42,2%	14,6%		,5%
	60 +	16,8%	46,6%	14,1%	6,1%	5,7%	10,7%	4,2%	55,8%	26,1%	6,9%	2,3%	4,7%
Sex	Male	18,1%	48,3%	17,3%	4,5%	2,4%	9,4%	2,8%	45,3%	36,3%	14,3%		1,2%
Sex	Female	18,2%	53,2%	12,7%	5,3%	3,4%	7,2%	4,1%	45,0%	35,3%	10,2%	2,1%	3,4%
	Low level	17,5%	49,1%	9,4%	5,2%	4,2%	14,6%	3,1%	44,8%	33,1%	10,4%	3,1%	5,4%
Studies	Medium level	18,2%	49,8%	16,8%	5,4%	2,8%	7,0%	3,8%	45,9%	34,7%	10,7%	1,6%	3,3%
	High level	19,0%	56,3%	17,1%	3,2%	1,3%	3,2%	3,5%	43,7%	38,7%	14,1%		
En-inches at	Urban	9,1%	48,5%	33,3%	6,1%		3,0%	6,2%	32,9%	39,9%	15,4%	1,6%	3,9%
Environment	Rural	19,5%	51,2%	12,3%	4,7%	3,3%	9,0%	,9%	58,2%	31,0%	7,6%	1,0%	1,3%

Tabel 66. How satisfied are you, in general, with the education institutions, including kindergartens and schools?

							Regi	ion					
				Righ	t bank					Left	bank		
		Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatisfi ed	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer	Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatis fied	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer
Total		20,9%	55,3%	8,5%	1,5%	1,8%	12,0%	5,5%	52,9%	22,1%	8,2%	,8%	10,4%
	18-29 years	35,3%	49,4%	9,4%		3,5%	2,4%	6,7%	43,0%	28,4%	12,3%	2,1%	7,6%
A ===	30-44 years	20,5%	60,5%	8,1%	2,2%	,5%	8,1%	7,9%	46,8%	27,7%	15,9%		1,6%
Age	45-59 years	20,3%	53,8%	9,0%	2,6%	1,1%	13,2%	3,4%	61,6%	16,3%	9,0%		9,7%
	60 +	17,2%	55,0%	8,0%	,4%	2,7%	16,8%	4,8%	55,9%	19,6%	1,5%	1,1%	17,1%
Sex	Male	19,9%	52,8%	8,4%	1,0%	2,6%	15,2%	1,5%	57,4%	22,5%	7,8%	1,2%	9,6%
Sex	Female	21,8%	57,6%	8,6%	1,9%	1,0%	9,1%	7,5%	50,5%	21,9%	8,5%	,6%	10,9%
	Low level	21,2%	51,9%	7,5%	,9%	3,3%	15,1%	7,5%	35,0%	25,6%	,9%	3,1%	27,8%
Studies	Medium level	20,1%	55,1%	8,2%	2,1%	1,4%	13,1%	5,3%	58,2%	16,4%	8,1%	,7%	11,3%
	High level	22,8%	60,1%	10,8%	,6%	,6%	5,1%	4,8%	50,6%	32,3%	11,9%		,4%
Environment	Urban	8,1%	52,5%	17,2%	4,0%		18,2%	3,9%	50,9%	23,8%	12,0%	1,6%	7,8%
Environment	Rural	22,7%	55,7%	7,3%	1,1%	2,0%	11,2%	7,2%	55,1%	20,4%	4,2%		13,2%

Tabel 67. How satisfied are you, in general, with the cultural institutions, libraries, museusms?

							Regi	ion					
				Righ	t bank					Left	bank		
		Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatisfi ed	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer	Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatis fied	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer
Total		6,6%	39,6%	21,2%	7,1%	10,9%	14,5%	4,6%	41,2%	18,8%	18,2%	4,7%	12,5%
	18-29 years	9,4%	43,5%	12,9%	12,9%	10,6%	10,6%	6,6%	25,4%	29,6%	20,4%	12,3%	5,6%
A 000	30-44 years	8,6%	43,8%	19,5%	6,5%	10,3%	11,4%	2,2%	42,7%	20,1%	25,8%		9,2%
Age	45-59 years	5,3%	35,0%	27,8%	6,4%	9,8%	15,8%	5,1%	48,4%	15,4%	16,4%	,5%	14,1%
	60 +	5,7%	40,1%	18,3%	6,5%	12,6%	16,8%	4,5%	44,4%	14,3%	14,3%	5,7%	16,9%
Sex	Male	6,3%	38,3%	19,4%	8,1%	11,5%	16,3%	3,9%	37,0%	22,1%	15,1%	7,3%	14,6%
Sex	Female	7,0%	40,8%	22,8%	6,2%	10,3%	12,9%	5,0%	43,4%	17,0%	19,8%	3,4%	11,4%
	Low level	7,1%	30,7%	18,4%	9,4%	12,7%	21,7%	10,7%	42,5%	22,3%	4,1%	6,2%	14,2%
Studies	Medium level	7,2%	42,3%	19,9%	6,5%	10,5%	13,6%	2,8%	43,7%	16,0%	17,9%	5,0%	14,6%
	High level	4,4%	44,3%	28,5%	5,7%	9,5%	7,6%	5,5%	35,3%	22,7%	25,6%	3,4%	7,4%
Environment	Urban	5,1%	55,6%	23,2%	1,0%	3,0%	12,1%	5,2%	44,4%	24,1%	11,2%	4,3%	10,8%
Environment	Rural	6,9%	37,3%	20,9%	8,0%	12,0%	14,9%	4,0%	37,7%	13,1%	25,8%	5,1%	14,3%

Tabel 68. How satisfied are you, in general, with the sports institutions and centers?

							Regi	ion					
				Righ	t bank					Left	bank		
		Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatisfi ed	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer	Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatis fied	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer
Total		3,0%	23,8%	20,1%	6,9%	30,8%	15,4%	4,7%	34,2%	22,9%	20,3%	5,8%	12,2%
	18-29 years	2,4%	30,6%	20,0%	5,9%	30,6%	10,6%	6,6%	22,8%	35,8%	18,2%	7,7%	8,8%
A 000	30-44 years	3,8%	25,4%	21,1%	6,5%	32,4%	10,8%		35,1%	28,2%	24,1%	8,5%	4,1%
Age	45-59 years	3,4%	18,4%	23,3%	7,9%	32,3%	14,7%	6,4%	36,4%	21,1%	22,4%		13,7%
	60 +	2,3%	26,0%	16,0%	6,5%	28,2%	21,0%	4,8%	38,5%	14,3%	18,0%	7,2%	17,2%
Sex	Male	4,2%	22,0%	21,8%	7,3%	28,9%	15,7%	5,1%	28,0%	30,4%	23,2%	3,3%	9,9%
Sex	Female	1,9%	25,4%	18,5%	6,5%	32,6%	15,1%	4,4%	37,4%	19,0%	18,7%	7,1%	13,3%
	Low level	3,3%	20,3%	12,7%	5,2%	34,4%	24,1%	13,8%	40,0%	22,9%	,9%	6,3%	16,1%
Studies	Medium level	3,0%	25,5%	19,9%	8,2%	29,0%	14,5%	2,6%	35,1%	24,6%	18,5%	5,5%	13,6%
	High level	2,5%	24,1%	30,4%	5,7%	31,0%	6,3%	4,5%	29,5%	19,5%	33,0%	6,2%	7,3%
Environment	Urban	1,0%	39,4%	31,3%	4,0%	10,1%	14,1%	5,0%	42,1%	24,7%	11,7%	4,4%	12,1%
Environment	Rural	3,3%	21,6%	18,5%	7,3%	33,8%	15,6%	4,3%	25,7%	21,1%	29,4%	7,3%	12,2%

Tabel 69. How satisfied are you, in general, with the local youth activities?

							Regi	ion					
				Righ	t bank					Left	bank		
		Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatisfi ed	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer	Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatis fied	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer
Total		2,4%	22,4%	22,6%	11,0%	24,9%	16,7%	3,1%	26,5%	27,6%	14,7%	4,1%	23,8%
	18-29 years	7,1%	24,7%	18,8%	8,2%	29,4%	11,8%	8,8%	31,3%	23,7%	19,5%	8,1%	8,6%
A 000	30-44 years	2,7%	26,5%	21,6%	13,0%	24,9%	11,4%	2,6%	25,9%	31,4%	13,6%	6,4%	20,1%
Age	45-59 years	2,3%	21,4%	24,8%	10,5%	24,4%	16,5%		31,7%	26,8%	17,8%	,5%	23,1%
	60 +	,8%	19,8%	22,1%	11,1%	24,0%	22,1%	2,3%	20,9%	28,4%	10,6%	3,1%	34,7%
Sex	Male	2,6%	19,4%	24,9%	11,3%	25,2%	16,5%	2,7%	25,5%	30,5%	20,0%	5,7%	15,7%
Sex	Female	2,2%	25,2%	20,4%	10,8%	24,7%	16,8%	3,4%	27,1%	26,1%	12,0%	3,3%	28,1%
	Low level	,9%	21,7%	17,9%	8,0%	25,5%	25,9%		18,5%	34,9%	10,2%	5,4%	31,0%
Studies	Medium level	1,6%	23,1%	22,9%	11,2%	25,9%	15,2%	3,9%	29,8%	27,6%	11,9%	3,4%	23,4%
	High level	6,3%	21,5%	27,8%	14,6%	21,5%	8,2%	3,0%	23,5%	24,2%	22,7%	5,1%	21,4%
Environment	Urban	1,0%	21,2%	36,4%	9,1%	21,2%	11,1%	4,0%	37,7%	22,3%	13,9%	2,7%	19,4%
Environment	Rural	2,6%	22,6%	20,6%	11,3%	25,5%	17,5%	2,2%	14,6%	33,3%	15,6%	5,7%	28,6%

Tabel 70. How satisfied are you, in general, with the green spaces and parks?

							Regi	ion					
				Righ	t bank					Left	bank		
		Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatisfi ed	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer	Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatis fied	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer
Total		2,5%	29,4%	28,9%	7,3%	20,7%	11,2%	6,6%	45,4%	20,4%	17,9%	5,7%	4,0%
	18-29 years	1,2%	34,1%	30,6%	3,5%	23,5%	7,1%	7,1%	44,9%	20,9%	14,9%	8,2%	4,1%
A ~~	30-44 years	2,7%	28,6%	33,0%	6,5%	20,0%	9,2%	4,4%	56,9%	14,9%	13,0%	10,1%	,7%
Age	45-59 years	3,4%	30,1%	29,7%	10,2%	15,8%	10,9%	4,8%	45,5%	21,2%	25,2%	,5%	2,9%
	60 +	1,9%	27,9%	24,8%	6,1%	25,2%	14,1%	8,8%	39,6%	22,5%	17,2%	5,3%	6,6%
Sex	Male	2,1%	28,9%	28,1%	6,6%	20,5%	13,9%	6,7%	44,9%	26,3%	12,3%	6,0%	3,9%
Sex	Female	2,9%	30,0%	29,7%	7,9%	20,9%	8,6%	6,6%	45,7%	17,3%	20,8%	5,5%	4,1%
	Low level	1,9%	27,4%	24,5%	8,0%	21,2%	17,0%	13,1%	43,0%	28,7%	5,0%	3,1%	7,1%
Studies	Medium level	3,0%	29,9%	25,9%	7,7%	22,7%	10,7%	6,4%	44,1%	21,0%	17,3%	7,1%	4,0%
	High level	1,9%	31,0%	43,0%	5,1%	14,6%	4,4%	4,0%	49,1%	15,1%	25,1%	4,0%	2,6%
Environment	Urban		41,4%	38,4%	9,1%	7,1%	4,0%	10,2%	56,2%	15,9%	11,5%	2,5%	3,7%
Environment	Rural	2,9%	27,8%	27,6%	7,0%	22,6%	12,2%	2,8%	33,8%	25,2%	24,6%	9,1%	4,4%

Tabel 71. How satisfied are you, in general, with the market centers and market houses?

							Regi	ion					
				Righ	t bank					Left	bank		
		Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatisfi ed	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer	Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatis fied	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer
Total		5,8%	36,3%	18,9%	2,9%	26,8%	9,3%	5,5%	59,8%	9,4%	11,8%	10,5%	3,0%
	18-29 years	4,7%	36,5%	20,0%		34,1%	4,7%	5,1%	52,9%	17,0%	7,7%	12,4%	4,9%
A 000	30-44 years	7,6%	38,9%	18,4%	1,6%	25,4%	8,1%	2,2%	68,2%	7,5%	14,4%	4,4%	3,3%
Age	45-59 years	7,1%	38,0%	18,0%	3,8%	24,1%	9,0%	4,7%	78,6%	5,4%	3,9%	5,7%	1,7%
	60 +	3,4%	32,8%	19,8%	3,8%	28,2%	11,8%	7,9%	47,0%	8,9%	17,8%	15,8%	2,6%
Sex	Male	5,0%	32,0%	21,5%	3,7%	26,2%	11,5%	6,3%	62,1%	5,5%	3,7%	16,1%	6,3%
Sex	Female	6,5%	40,3%	16,5%	2,2%	27,3%	7,2%	5,0%	58,6%	11,5%	16,0%	7,6%	1,3%
	Low level	5,7%	35,4%	14,6%	2,4%	28,8%	13,2%	6,2%	39,3%	17,1%	17,8%	18,7%	,9%
Studies	Medium level	5,6%	35,7%	22,4%	2,1%	25,5%	8,6%	5,4%	69,2%	8,1%	6,2%	8,3%	3,0%
	High level	6,3%	39,2%	15,2%	5,7%	27,8%	5,7%	5,3%	50,2%	8,7%	20,5%	11,2%	4,0%
Environment	Urban	2,0%	76,8%	18,2%	1,0%		2,0%	10,3%	72,0%	6,0%	5,8%	3,3%	2,5%
Environment	Rural	6,3%	30,6%	19,0%	3,1%	30,6%	10,3%	,3%	46,7%	13,1%	18,1%	18,3%	3,5%

Tabel 72. How satisfied are you, in general, with the public order security?

							Reg	ion					
				Righ	t bank					Left	bank		
		Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatisfi ed	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer	Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatis fied	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer
Total		4,8%	54,1%	16,3%	3,9%	7,0%	13,9%	4,8%	49,0%	20,8%	10,8%	1,7%	12,9%
	18-29 years	9,4%	58,8%	14,1%	3,5%	3,5%	10,6%	7,2%	43,0%	20,6%	9,2%	6,2%	13,9%
A 90	30-44 years	3,8%	63,8%	13,0%	5,4%	4,3%	9,7%	7,0%	41,6%	19,9%	17,9%		13,6%
Age	45-59 years	4,9%	53,0%	20,3%	3,4%	4,5%	13,9%		53,5%	25,4%	12,8%		8,4%
	60 +	3,8%	46,9%	15,3%	3,4%	12,6%	17,9%	5,4%	53,3%	18,4%	6,7%	1,1%	15,1%
Sex	Male	4,7%	50,4%	17,1%	4,2%	7,6%	16,0%	4,6%	55,2%	14,9%	5,3%	2,4%	17,6%
Sex	Female	4,8%	57,6%	15,6%	3,6%	6,5%	12,0%	4,9%	45,7%	23,9%	13,7%	1,3%	10,5%
	Low level	3,3%	53,3%	10,8%	3,3%	9,4%	19,8%	4,1%	48,4%	16,9%	7,8%		22,8%
Studies	Medium level	3,5%	52,1%	19,4%	4,2%	7,7%	13,1%	5,7%	47,3%	22,1%	9,9%	1,4%	13,6%
	High level	10,1%	60,8%	15,2%	3,8%	1,9%	8,2%	3,2%	52,8%	19,9%	14,1%	3,0%	7,0%
Environment	Urban	5,1%	61,6%	20,2%	1,0%		12,1%	6,6%	48,4%	20,4%	10,6%	3,3%	10,7%
Environment	Rural	4,7%	53,1%	15,7%	4,3%	8,0%	14,2%	2,8%	49,6%	21,3%	11,1%		15,3%

Tabel 73. How satisfied are you, in general, with the civil protection and fire safety?

							Reg	ion					
				Righ	t bank					Left	bank		
		Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatisfi ed	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer	Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatis fied	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer
Total		4,9%	41,9%	7,8%	2,3%	28,3%	14,9%	5,3%	45,3%	21,4%	9,7%	2,3%	16,0%
	18-29 years	7,1%	43,5%	9,4%	1,2%	28,2%	10,6%	6,3%	45,0%	29,8%	9,1%	2,7%	7,1%
A 00	30-44 years	4,9%	48,1%	5,9%	2,2%	26,5%	12,4%	7,0%	39,3%	13,5%	11,4%		28,7%
Age	45-59 years	6,8%	38,3%	11,7%	1,5%	27,1%	14,7%	1,8%	56,0%	23,3%	16,3%		2,6%
	60 +	2,3%	40,5%	4,6%	3,4%	30,9%	18,3%	6,2%	41,6%	19,7%	4,8%	4,9%	22,9%
Sex	Male	3,9%	40,9%	7,9%	1,6%	29,1%	16,5%	4,0%	48,8%	17,5%	8,2%	4,0%	17,4%
Sex	Female	5,8%	42,7%	7,7%	2,9%	27,6%	13,4%	6,0%	43,4%	23,5%	10,4%	1,5%	15,2%
	Low level	2,8%	32,1%	6,6%	3,8%	34,4%	20,3%	3,1%	40,8%	19,5%	4,7%	,9%	31,0%
Studies	Medium level	4,0%	43,0%	8,4%	1,4%	28,5%	14,7%	6,7%	46,6%	20,8%	10,9%	,7%	14,3%
	High level	10,1%	51,9%	7,6%	2,5%	19,6%	8,2%	3,6%	44,6%	23,6%	9,5%	6,3%	12,3%
Environment	Urban	8,1%	70,7%	6,1%			15,2%	9,3%	48,4%	19,6%	9,8%	1,6%	11,3%
Environment	Rural	4,4%	37,8%	8,0%	2,6%	32,3%	14,9%	1,0%	42,0%	23,4%	9,5%	3,1%	21,0%

Tabel 74. How satisfied are you, in general, with the stores of food and industrial products?

							Regi	ion					
				Righ	t bank					Left	bank		
		Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatisfi ed	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer	Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatis fied	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer
Total		16,8%	59,8%	8,5%	1,1%	4,4%	9,4%	9,4%	66,2%	16,4%	2,8%	1,3%	3,9%
	18-29 years	23,5%	61,2%	4,7%	2,4%	2,4%	5,9%	15,2%	50,7%	15,5%	2,1%	4,1%	12,4%
A ~~	30-44 years	18,4%	63,2%	8,1%		2,2%	8,1%	9,1%	71,9%	11,4%	1,5%	2,2%	3,9%
Age	45-59 years	16,2%	59,0%	10,9%	1,9%	3,0%	9,0%	3,0%	83,7%	9,7%	1,8%		1,8%
	60 +	14,1%	57,6%	7,6%	,8%	8,0%	11,8%	10,4%	60,4%	23,9%	4,6%		,7%
Sex	Male	16,3%	56,2%	8,7%	1,8%	4,7%	12,3%	12,5%	67,2%	10,3%	2,5%	1,2%	6,3%
Sex	Female	17,3%	63,1%	8,4%	,5%	4,1%	6,7%	7,8%	65,7%	19,6%	3,0%	1,3%	2,7%
	Low level	14,2%	57,5%	6,6%	,5%	6,6%	14,6%	13,1%	50,0%	28,7%	6,3%		1,9%
Studies	Medium level	14,7%	61,0%	8,6%	1,9%	4,4%	9,3%	9,7%	68,3%	13,7%	2,6%	,7%	4,9%
	High level	25,9%	59,5%	10,8%		1,3%	2,5%	6,8%	69,5%	16,3%	1,5%	3,0%	3,0%
Environment	Urban	20,2%	60,6%	17,2%	2,0%			15,4%	62,0%	14,7%	4,4%	2,4%	1,2%
Environment	Rural	16,3%	59,7%	7,3%	1,0%	5,0%	10,7%	3,0%	70,7%	18,3%	1,1%		6,9%

Tabel 75. How satisfied are you, in general, with the street lighting?

							Reg	ion					
				Righ	t bank					Left	bank		
		Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatisfi ed	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer	Very satisfied	Rather satisfied	Rather unsatisfied	Very unsatis fied	We do not have such services	It is difficult to answer
Total		11,2%	44,0%	22,6%	8,0%	7,1%	7,1%	5,3%	39,0%	30,7%	19,9%	2,3%	2,8%
	18-29 years	9,4%	41,2%	32,9%	5,9%	4,7%	5,9%	12,3%	42,3%	22,2%	18,4%	2,7%	2,1%
A	30-44 years	14,1%	45,4%	20,0%	7,0%	7,6%	5,9%	10,8%	38,2%	21,1%	27,8%	2,1%	
Age	45-59 years	13,5%	41,0%	25,2%	7,5%	6,8%	6,0%		46,8%	24,8%	25,8%		2,6%
	60 +	7,3%	46,9%	18,3%	9,9%	8,0%	9,5%	2,0%	32,5%	44,2%	12,7%	3,7%	4,9%
Sex	Male	11,3%	42,5%	24,1%	6,3%	6,3%	9,4%	7,5%	47,0%	23,4%	16,0%	2,8%	3,4%
Sex	Female	11,0%	45,3%	21,1%	9,6%	7,9%	5,0%	4,1%	34,8%	34,5%	21,9%	2,1%	2,5%
	Low level	12,3%	45,3%	14,6%	8,5%	11,8%	7,5%	2,3%	24,1%	53,8%	15,1%	,9%	3,8%
Studies	Medium level	10,5%	43,2%	23,6%	8,6%	5,4%	8,6%	6,4%	40,7%	26,7%	21,8%	1,8%	2,6%
	High level	11,4%	44,3%	30,4%	5,7%	5,7%	2,5%	4,5%	42,7%	27,8%	18,2%	3,9%	3,0%
Environment	Urban	7,1%	43,4%	42,4%	6,1%	1,0%		6,2%	40,8%	27,8%	22,8%	1,6%	,8%
Environment	Rural	11,7%	44,1%	19,7%	8,3%	8,0%	8,2%	4,3%	37,1%	33,8%	16,8%	3,0%	5,0%

Tabel 76. Do you consider that in the last years, the following public services in your community improved, became worse or remained the same?

						Righ	t bank				
		Arra	ngement of t	he territory	of village o	city		Repairir	ng of roads, s	treets	
		We do not have such services	Have been improved	Remaine d the same	have been worsened	It is difficult to answer	We do not have such services	Have been improved	Remained the same	have been worsened	It is difficult to answer
Total		4,1%	38,6%	39,0%	10,0%	8,3%	1,3%	45,5%	29,7%	17,9%	5,6%
	18-29 years	4,7%	48,2%	35,3%	4,7%	7,1%	1,2%	35,3%	37,6%	18,8%	7,1%
A	30-44 years	2,2%	42,7%	38,9%	9,2%	7,0%	0,5%	43,2%	29,7%	21,1%	5,4%
Age	45-59 years	3,4%	37,2%	37,6%	13,2%	8,6%	0,4%	45,5%	29,3%	19,2%	5,6%
	60 +	6,1%	34,0%	41,6%	9,2%	9,2%	2,7%	50,4%	27,5%	14,1%	5,3%
Sex	Male	3,4%	38,1%	40,9%	9,7%	7,9%	1,3%	45,1%	30,2%	18,4%	5,0%
Sex	Female	4,8%	39,1%	37,2%	10,3%	8,6%	1,2%	45,8%	29,3%	17,5%	6,2%
	Low level	5,2%	32,1%	38,2%	10,4%	14,2%	3,3%	38,2%	31,1%	19,3%	8,0%
Studies	Medium level	4,0%	35,5%	42,8%	11,2%	6,5%	0,5%	48,8%	27,3%	18,7%	4,7%
	High level	3,2%	55,7%	29,7%	6,3%	5,1%	0,6%	46,2%	34,2%	13,9%	5,1%
Environment	Urban		65,7%	24,2%	6,1%	4,0%		56,6%	33,3%	5,1%	5,1%
Environment	Rural	4,7%	34,8%	41,1%	10,6%	8,9%	1,4%	43,9%	29,2%	19,7%	5,7%

Tabel 77. Do you consider that in the last years, the following public services in your community improved, became worse or remained the same?

						Region	n: Right bank				
			Centralize	ed water sup	ply of the v	rillage		Centraliz	ed sewage sy	ystem	
		We do not have such services	Have been improve d	Remained the same	have been worsene d	It is difficult to answer	We do not have such services	Have been improved	Remained the same	have been worsened	It is difficult to answer
Total		11,3%	52,0%	27,2%	2,5%	7,0%	55,8%	9,4%	15,5%	3,6%	15,7%
	18-29 years	7,1%	58,8%	25,9%		8,2%	57,6%	8,2%	12,9%	1,2%	20,0%
A	30-44 years	15,7%	49,2%	28,6%	1,6%	4,9%	57,3%	11,9%	14,1%	2,7%	14,1%
Age	45-59 years	10,9%	53,8%	22,6%	3,4%	9,4%	53,0%	12,0%	15,4%	4,5%	15,0%
	60 +	9,9%	50,0%	31,3%	3,1%	5,7%	56,9%	5,3%	17,6%	4,2%	16,0%
Carr	Male	10,2%	47,8%	30,7%	3,7%	7,6%	53,3%	8,9%	18,4%	3,7%	15,7%
Sex	Female	12,2%	55,9%	24,0%	1,4%	6,5%	58,0%	9,8%	12,9%	3,6%	15,6%
	Low level	16,5%	48,1%	21,7%	2,4%	11,3%	62,3%	5,7%	13,7%	0,9%	17,5%
Studies	Medium level	10,7%	50,0%	30,4%	3,3%	5,6%	57,2%	7,9%	16,4%	5,4%	13,1%
	High level	5,7%	62,7%	25,9%	0,6%	5,1%	43,0%	18,4%	15,8%	2,5%	20,3%
Engineers	Urban	1,0%	53,5%	41,4%		4,0%	26,3%	38,4%	29,3%		6,1%
Environment	Rural	12,7%	51,8%	25,2%	2,9%	7,4%	59,9%	5,3%	13,6%	4,1%	17,0%

Tabel 78. Do you consider that in the last years, the following public services in your community improved, became worse or remained the same?

						Region	Right bank				
			Centralize	d gasificatio	on system			Provision	n of centraliz	ed heating	
	'otal		Have been improved	Remaine d the same	have been worsened	It is difficult to answer	We do not have such services	Have been improved	Remained the same	have been worsened	It is difficult to answer
Total		16,7%	35,0%	38,1%	1,5%	8,8%	86,3%	1,1%	3,9%	0,9%	7,8%
	18-29 years	9,4%	40,0%	42,4%	1,2%	7,1%	91,8%	1,2%	2,4%	1,2%	3,5%
A ===	30-44 years	21,6%	35,7%	35,7%		7,0%	85,4%	1,6%	4,3%	0,5%	8,1%
Age	45-59 years	15,8%	37,2%	34,6%	3,4%	9,0%	83,5%	0,8%	5,3%	1,5%	9,0%
	60 +	16,4%	30,5%	42,0%	0,8%	10,3%	88,2%	1,1%	2,7%	0,4%	7,6%
Carr	Male	15,5%	35,4%	38,1%	1,8%	9,2%	84,8%	1,3%	3,9%	0,8%	9,2%
Sex	Female	17,7%	34,5%	38,1%	1,2%	8,4%	87,8%	1,0%	3,8%	1,0%	6,5%
	Low level	20,8%	27,8%	39,2%	2,4%	9,9%	84,9%	1,9%	2,4%	0,9%	9,9%
Studies	Medium level	16,8%	32,5%	40,2%	1,6%	8,9%	85,0%	0,9%	5,4%	1,2%	7,5%
	High level	10,8%	51,3%	31,0%		7,0%	91,8%	0,6%	1,9%		5,7%
Emzinomaczt	Urban	2,0%	52,5%	33,3%		12,1%	92,9%	1,0%	1,0%		5,1%
Environment	Rural	18,7%	32,5%	38,8%	1,7%	8,3%	85,4%	1,1%	4,3%	1,0%	8,2%

Tabel 79. Do you consider that in the last years, the following public services in your community improved, became worse or remained the same?

						Regio	n: Right bank				
		Colle	ection and c	disposal of h	ousehold w	aste		Ensuring t	he local pub	lic transport	
		We do not have such services	Have been improve d	Remained the same	have been worsene d	It is difficult to answer	We do not have such services	Have been improved	Remained the same	have been worsened	It is difficult answe
Total		34,7%	23,8%	27,1%	6,5%	7,9%	15,3%	36,8%	33,7%	4,4%	9,
	18-29 years	41,2%	20,0%	22,4%	8,2%	8,2%	15,3%	31,8%	40,0%	5,9%	7,
A	30-44 years	34,1%	25,4%	29,2%	2,7%	8,6%	16,8%	38,4%	28,1%	5,9%	10,
Age	45-59 years	34,2%	24,4%	24,1%	9,8%	7,5%	16,5%	38,0%	33,5%	3,0%	9,
	60 +	33,6%	23,3%	30,2%	5,3%	7,6%	13,0%	36,3%	35,9%	4,2%	10,
C	Male	31,0%	22,0%	29,9%	6,8%	10,2%	12,1%	38,3%	34,9%	3,9%	10,
Sex	Female	38,1%	25,4%	24,5%	6,2%	5,8%	18,2%	35,5%	32,6%	4,8%	8,
	Low level	38,2%	18,4%	25,9%	6,6%	10,8%	18,4%	31,1%	34,0%	3,8%	12,
Studies	Medium level	30,6%	25,7%	28,7%	6,5%	8,4%	14,7%	38,3%	32,7%	4,4%	9,
_	High level	41,1%	25,9%	24,1%	6,3%	2,5%	12,7%	40,5%	36,1%	5,1%	5,
	Urban	1,0%	43,4%	47,5%	2,0%	6,1%		48,5%	40,4%		11,
Environment	Rural	39,5%	21,0%	24,2%	7,2%	8,2%	17,5%	35,2%	32,8%	5,0%	9,

Tabel 80. Do you consider that in the last years, the following public services in your community improved, became worse or remained the same?

						Region	n: Right bank				
		Tl	ne function	ing of local p	oublic bath	s		Developn	nent of smal	l business	
		We do not have such services	Have been improve d	Remained the same	have been worsene d	It is difficult to answer	We do not have such services	Have been improved	Remained the same	have been worsened	It is difficult answer
Total		84,8%	1,9%	2,5%	1,5%	9,3%	15,4%	11,4%	37,8%	9,6%	25,2
	18-29 years	88,2%	2,4%	1,2%		8,2%	15,3%	9,4%	48,2%	4,7%	22,4
A 000	30-44 years	86,5%	0,5%	2,7%	1,6%	8,6%	15,7%	13,5%	41,1%	10,8%	18,9
Age	45-59 years	83,8%	2,6%	2,6%	2,3%	8,6%	13,2%	12,8%	39,5%	12,8%	21,8
	60 +	83,6%	1,9%	2,7%	1,1%	10,7%	17,6%	9,2%	30,5%	7,3%	35,5
Con	Male	82,4%	2,6%	3,7%	1,6%	9,7%	16,8%	12,1%	38,6%	10,8%	21,8
Sex	Female	87,1%	1,2%	1,4%	1,4%	8,9%	14,1%	10,8%	37,2%	8,6%	29,3
	Low level	81,1%	1,9%	1,9%	0,5%	14,6%	20,8%	6,6%	30,2%	8,5%	34,0
Studies	Medium level	84,1%	1,6%	3,0%	2,3%	8,9%	14,5%	11,9%	38,6%	11,0%	24,1
<u> </u>	High level	91,8%	2,5%	1,9%	0,6%	3,2%	10,8%	16,5%	46,2%	7,6%	19,0
1	Urban	92,9%	1,0%	1,0%		5,1%	7,1%	14,1%	35,4%	12,1%	31,3
Environment	Rural	83,7%	2,0%	2,7%	1,7%	9,9%	16,6%	11,0%	38,2%	9,3%	24,9

Tabel 81. Do you consider that in the last years, the following public services in your community improved, became worse or remained the same?

						Region	n: Right bank				
		social pr	-	stem of popu		cted by	Repa	iring and mo	dernization	of medical co	enters
		We do not have such services	Have been improve d	Remained the same	have been worsene d	It is difficult to answer	We do not have such services	Have been improved	Remained the same	have been worsened	It is difficult answer
Total		19,7%	11,3%	29,7%	21,1%	18,3%	2,9%	60,0%	23,3%	4,4%	9,4
	18-29 years	20,0%	17,6%	29,4%	16,5%	16,5%		68,2%	23,5%	1,2%	7,1
A ===	30-44 years	18,9%	12,4%	30,3%	16,8%	21,6%	1,6%	64,9%	20,0%	worsened 4,4% 4,4% 1,2% 4,3% 4,3% 4,5% 5,3% 4,7% 4,1% 2,8% 4,7% 5,7% 9,1%	9,2
Age	45-59 years	20,3%	10,9%	27,1%	27,4%	14,3%	1,9%	59,8%	24,1%	4,5%	9,8
	60 +	19,5%	8,8%	32,1%	19,1%	20,6%	5,7%	54,2%	24,8%	5,3%	9,9
C	Male	23,1%	10,8%	28,3%	19,4%	18,4%	2,4%	58,8%	24,1%	4,7%	10,0
Sex	Female	16,5%	11,8%	30,9%	22,5%	18,2%	3,4%	61,2%	22,5%	4,1%	8,9
	Low level	18,9%	8,0%	29,2%	18,9%	25,0%	4,2%	60,4%	21,2%	2,8%	11,3
Studies	Medium level	20,6%	9,8%	28,0%	24,8%	16,8%	2,8%	57,7%	25,5%	4,7%	9,3
	High level	18,4%	19,6%	34,8%	13,9%	13,3%	1,3%	65,8%	20,3%	5,7%	7,0
Englishment	Urban	16,2%	10,1%	40,4%	18,2%	15,2%		59,6%	23,2%	9,1%	8,1
Environment	Rural	20,2%	11,4%	28,2%	21,5%	18,7%	3,3%	60,1%	23,3%	have been worsened 4,4% 1,2% 4,3% 4,5% 5,3% 4,7% 4,1% 2,8% 4,7% 5,7%	9,6

Tabel 82. Do you consider that in the last years, the following public services in your community improved, became worse or remained the same?

						Region	n: Right bank				
		Education	al institutio	ons, includin schools	g kinderga	rtens and		Cultural cer	nters, librarie	es, museums	
		We do not have such services	Have been improve d	Remained the same	have been worsene d	It is difficult to answer	We do not have such services	Have been improved	Remained the same	have been worsened	It is difficult answer
Total		1,8%	68,2%	16,2%	1,9%	12,0%	10,9%	32,1%	36,7%	6,9%	13,4
	18-29 years	3,5%	81,2%	10,6%		4,7%	10,6%	40,0%	31,8%	8,2%	9,4
A	30-44 years	0,5%	73,0%	14,6%	1,6%	10,3%	10,3%	40,0%	31,4%	31,4% 9,2%	9,2
Age	45-59 years	1,1%	68,0%	16,2%	1,9%	12,8%	9,8%	25,2%	44,0%	6,0%	15,0
	60 +	2,7%	60,7%	19,1%	2,7%	14,9%	12,6%	30,9%	34,7%	5,7%	16,0
C	Male	2,6%	65,9%	16,8%	2,4%	12,3%	11,5%	29,9%	39,1%	6,3%	13,1
Sex	Female	1,0%	70,3%	15,6%	1,4%	11,8%	10,3%	34,1%	34,5%	7,4%	13,2
	Low level	3,3%	63,2%	15,6%	1,9%	16,0%	12,7%	23,6%	36,3%	7,5%	19,8
Studies	Medium level	1,4%	66,8%	18,0%	1,6%	12,1%	10,5%	34,3%	35,5%	6,3%	13,3
	High level	0,6%	78,5%	12,0%	2,5%	6,3%	9,5%	37,3%	40,5%	7,6%	5,1
Englishment	Urban		51,5%	25,3%	1,0%	22,2%	3,0%	34,3%	40,4%	4,0%	18,2
Environment	Rural	2,0%	70,5%	14,9%	2,0%	10,6%	12,0%	31,8%	36,2%	7,3%	12,2

Tabel 83. Do you consider that in the last years, the following public services in your community improved, became worse or remained the same?

						Region	n: Right bank				
			Edifices	and sports	centers			Loca	ıl youth activ	ities	
		We do not have such services	Have been improve d	Remained the same	have been worsene d	It is difficult to answer	We do not have such services	Have been improved	Remained the same	have been worsened	It is difficult answer
Total		30,8%	20,3%	28,7%	3,6%	16,5%	24,9%	16,3%	32,6%	9,8%	16,
	18-29 years	30,6%	24,7%	32,9%	2,4%	9,4%	29,4%	28,2%	27,1%	3,5%	11,
A 00	30-44 years	32,4%	25,4%	24,9%	4,3%	13,0%	24,9%	16,8%	34,6%	13,0%	10,
Age	45-59 years	32,3%	17,7%	29,3%	3,8%	16,9%	24,4%	14,3%	34,2%	10,2%	16,
	60 +	28,2%	17,9%	29,4%	3,4%	21,0%	24,0%	14,1%	31,3%	9,2%	21,
Sex	Male	28,9%	19,7%	29,9%	5,0%	16,5%	25,2%	14,7%	34,1%	11,5%	14,
Sex	Female	32,6%	20,9%	27,6%	2,4%	16,5%	24,7%	17,7%	31,2%	8,2%	18,
	Low level	34,4%	17,5%	20,8%	4,2%	23,1%	25,5%	13,7%	27,4%	7,5%	25,
Studies	Medium level	29,0%	19,9%	30,1%	4,0%	17,1%	25,9%	14,7%	35,5%	9,3%	14,
	High level	31,0%	25,3%	35,4%	1,9%	6,3%	21,5%	24,1%	31,6%	13,9%	8,
Empirement	Urban	10,1%	39,4%	31,3%	3,0%	16,2%	21,2%	18,2%	38,4%	10,1%	12,
Environment	Rural	33,8%	17,6%	28,3%	3,7%	16,6%	25,5%	16,0%	31,8%	9,7%	17,

Tabel 84. Do you consider that in the last years, the following public services in your community improved, became worse or remained the same?

						Region	n: Right bank				
			Green	spaces and	parks			Ma	arkets and h	alls	
		We do not have such services	Have been improve d	Remained the same	have been worsene d	It is difficult to answer	We do not have such services	Have been improved	Remained the same	have been worsened	It is difficult answer
Total		20,7%	21,1%	41,1%	6,6%	10,5%	26,8%	25,7%	35,8%	3,0%	8,6
I	18-29 years	23,5%	24,7%	43,5%	1,2%	7,1%	34,1%	17,6%	41,2%	1,2%	5,9
A 000	30-44 years	20,0%	20,5%	44,3%	7,0%	8,1%	25,4%	28,6%	34,6%	2,7%	8,6
Age	45-59 years	15,8%	22,9%	43,2%	8,3%	9,8%	24,1%	32,0%	33,5%	1,5%	9,0
	60 +	25,2%	18,3%	35,9%	6,5%	14,1%	28,2%	19,8%	37,4%	3,0% 1,2% 2,7%	9,2
Sex	Male	20,5%	19,7%	42,5%	6,6%	10,8%	26,2%	22,6%	39,4%	3,7%	8,3
Sex	Female	20,9%	22,3%	39,8%	6,7%	10,3%	27,3%	28,5%	32,6%	2,4%	9,1
	Low level	21,2%	17,9%	39,2%	7,1%	14,6%	28,8%	24,5%	30,2%	4,2%	12,3
Studies	Medium level	22,7%	22,0%	39,3%	6,8%	9,3%	25,5%	24,1%	41,1%	2,1%	7,2
_	High level	14,6%	22,8%	48,7%	5,7%	8,2%	27,8%	31,6%	29,1%	3,8%	7,6
1	Urban	7,1%	22,2%	52,5%	11,1%	7,1%		48,5%	42,4%	3,0%	6,1
Environment	Rural	22,6%	20,9%	39,5%	6,0%	11,0%	30,6%	22,5%	34,9%	3,0%	9,0

Tabel 85. Do you consider that in the last years, the following public services in your community improved, became worse or remained the same?

						Region	n: Right bank				
			Ensu	ring public o	rder			Civil protec	ction and fire	prevention	
		We do not have such services	Have been improve d	Remained the same	have been worsene d	It is difficult to answer	We do not have such services	Have been improved	Remained the same	have been worsened	It is difficult answer
Total		7,0%	28,8%	46,6%	5,5%	12,0%	28,3%	24,6%	29,6%	2,8%	14,8
	18-29 years	3,5%	38,8%	43,5%	5,9%	8,2%	28,2%	25,9%	31,8%	2,4%	11,8
Λαο	30-44 years	4,3%	33,5%	46,5%	5,4%	10,3%	26,5%	27,6%	28,6%	2,2%	15,1
Age	45-59 years	4,5%	26,7%	50,0%	6,0%	12,8%	27,1%	26,7%	30,1%	me worsened d .6% 2,8% .8% 2,4% .6% 2,2% .1% 2,6% .0% 3,4% .4% 2,9% .8% 2,6% .6% 4,2% .1% 2,6%	13,5
Age 45	60 +	12,6%	24,4%	44,3%	5,0%	13,7%	30,9%	19,8%	29,0%	3,4%	16,8
Carr	Male	7,6%	27,8%	47,5%	5,0%	12,1%	29,1%	22,3%	30,4%	2,9%	15,2
Sex	Female	6,5%	29,7%	45,8%	6,0%	12,0%	27,6%	26,6%	28,8%	2,6%	14,4
	Low level	9,4%	28,3%	42,5%	5,2%	14,6%	34,4%	19,8%	23,6%	4,2%	17,9
Studies	Medium level	7,7%	25,5%	49,5%	5,6%	11,7%	28,5%	22,7%	31,1%	2,6%	15,2
	High level	1,9%	38,6%	44,3%	5,7%	9,5%	19,6%	36,1%	33,5%	1,3%	9,5
	Urban		33,3%	45,5%	5,1%	16,2%		41,4%	35,4%	1,0%	22,2
Environment	Rural	8,0%	28,2%	46,8%	5,6%	11,4%	32,3%	22,2%	28,8%	3,0%	13,2

Tabel 86. Do you consider that in the last years, the following public services in your community improved, became worse or remained the same?

						Region	n: Right bank				
		S	hops of foo	od and indus	trial goods			9	Street lightin	g	
		We do not have such services	Have been improve d	Remained the same	have been worsene d	It is difficult to answer	We do not have such services	Have been improved	Remained the same	have been worsened	It is difficult answer
Total		4,4%	50,8%	33,8%	3,4%	7,6%	7,1%	57,0%	23,1%	5,6%	7,3
	18-29 years	2,4%	55,3%	36,5%	2,4%	3,5%	4,7%	50,6%	30,6%	4,7%	9,4
A 00	30-44 years	2,2%	54,1%	30,8%	4,3%	8,6%	7,6%	61,1%	19,5%	4,3%	7,0
Age	45-59 years	3,0%	49,2%	36,8%	3,0%	7,9%	6,8%	57,1%	22,9%	5,6%	7,5
	60 +	8,0%	48,5%	32,1%	3,4%	8,0%	8,0%	56,1%	23,3%	have been worsened 5,6% 4,7% 4,3%	5,2
Sex	Male	4,7%	49,1%	34,4%	4,7%	7,1%	6,3%	58,0%	23,4%	5,5%	6,8
Sex	Female	4,1%	52,3%	33,3%	2,2%	8,2%	7,9%	56,1%	22,8%	5,8%	7,4
	Low level	6,6%	47,6%	34,4%	1,4%	9,9%	11,8%	54,2%	18,4%	7,1%	8,5
Studies	Medium level	4,4%	50,5%	34,6%	2,8%	7,7%	5,4%	60,3%	22,9%	4,4%	7,0
<u> </u>	High level	1,3%	55,7%	31,0%	7,6%	4,4%	5,7%	51,9%	29,7%	7,0%	5,2
1	Urban		48,5%	33,3%	11,1%	7,1%	1,0%	52,5%	30,3%	9,1%	7,1
Environment	Rural	5,0%	51,1%	33,9%	2,3%	7,7%	8,0%	57,7%	22,0%	5,2%	7,2

Tabel 87. To what extent do you consider that the Local public administration (Mayoralty) contributes to the solving of socio-economic issues from your locality?

							Reg	ion					
				Right	bank					Left 1	oank		
		Absolut	T1	So and	Small	Not at	I do not	Absolut	T1	So and	Small	Not at	I do r
		ely	Largely	so	extent	all	know	ely	Largely	so	extent	all	knov
Total		9,8%	43,4%	27,6%	12,0%	3,4%	3,9%	10,4%	44,5%	21,5%	13,7%	2,8%	7,
	18-29 years	9,4%	43,5%	29,4%	12,9%	2,4%	2,4%	6,7%	50,6%	24,3%	10,6%	2,9%	4,
A	30-44 years	9,7%	37,8%	29,2%	14,1%	3,2%	5,9%	11,6%	38,7%	7,4%	26,9%	2,2%	13,
Ασρ –	45-59 years	11,3%	44,4%	24,1%	12,8%	3,8%	3,8%	13,0%	45,1%	22,8%	9,0%	3,5%	6,
	60 +	8,4%	46,2%	29,4%	9,5%	3,4%	3,1%	10,1%	43,8%	26,5%	11,5%	2,6%	5,
Con	Male	9,4%	43,3%	26,5%	12,1%	4,2%	4,5%	8,6%	43,4%	25,8%	13,1%	2,0%	7,
Sex	Female	10,1%	43,4%	28,5%	12,0%	2,6%	3,4%	11,4%	45,1%	19,3%	13,9%	3,2%	7,
	Low level	9,9%	44,8%	29,2%	7,5%	3,8%	4,7%	10,5%	31,4%	30,9%	12,4%	7,2%	7,
Studies	Medium level	9,8%	41,8%	26,4%	14,7%	3,3%	4,0%	11,0%	45,4%	19,6%	12,0%	1,9%	10,
<u> </u>	High level	9,5%	45,6%	28,5%	10,8%	3,2%	2,5%	9,1%	49,0%	21,1%	17,8%	2,6%	
	Urban	4,0%	32,3%	33,3%	24,2%	2,0%	4,0%	6,7%	45,4%	18,2%	16,7%	5,2%	7,
Environment	Rural	10,6%	44,9%	26,8%	10,3%	3,6%	3,9%	14,4%	43,6%	25,1%	10,4%	,3%	6,

Tabel 88. To what extent do you consider that the local non-governmental organizations contribute to the solving of socio-economic issues from your locality?

							Reg	ion					
				Right	t bank					Left 1	bank		
		Absolut	T 1	So and	Small	Not at	I do not	Absolut	T 1	So and	Small	Not at	I do r
		ely	Largely	so	extent	all	know	ely	Largely	so	extent	all	knov
Total		1,3%	12,5%	18,3%	10,8%	9,6%	47,5%	2,5%	12,1%	37,4%	18,6%	10,6%	18
	18-29 years		22,4%	20,0%	9,4%	4,7%	43,5%	6,3%	11,1%	30,3%	10,9%	24,9%	16,
A = -	30-44 years	1,6%	12,4%	16,2%	8,6%	14,6%	46,5%	3,8%	11,9%	38,9%	19,4%	7,7%	18,
Age	45-59 years	1,9%	12,4%	18,0%	10,2%	10,2%	47,4%	2,1%	20,2%	38,7%	18,0%	4,7%	16,
	60 +	,8%	9,5%	19,5%	13,4%	7,3%	49,6%		7,4%	39,6%	22,9%	all 10,6% 24,9% 7,7%	22
Sex	Male	1,8%	10,2%	21,5%	12,3%	8,7%	45,4%	4,2%	13,7%	36,7%	16,6%	12,1%	16
Sex	Female	,7%	14,6%	15,3%	9,4%	10,6%	49,4%	1,6%	11,2%	37,7%	19,7%	9,8%	20,
	Low level		12,3%	16,0%	7,1%	8,0%	56,6%		11,2%	26,7%	28,7%	15,1%	18,
Studies	Medium level	1,6%	10,7%	18,9%	12,1%	10,0%	46,5%	2,3%	12,1%	40,7%	13,8%	6,6%	24
	High level	1,9%	17,7%	19,6%	12,0%	10,8%	38,0%	4,0%	12,4%	35,5%	23,9%	16,7%	7,
Environment	Urban		17,2%	14,1%	13,1%	9,1%	46,5%	2,2%	16,6%	35,4%	16,6%	11,5%	17,
	Rural	1,4%	11,9%	18,9%	10,4%	9,7%	47,6%	2,8%	7,2%	39,4%	20,8%	9,6%	20,

Tabel 89. To what extent do you consider that the Government (state) contributes to the solving of socio-economic issues from your locality?

							Reg	ion					
				Right	bank					Left 1	bank		
		Absolut	Tamaaler	So and	Small	Not at	I do not	Absolut	T amosales	So and	Small	Not at	I do r
		ely	Largely	so	extent	all	know	ely	Largely	so	extent	all	kno
Total		,3%	12,0%	20,6%	21,9%	21,1%	24,2%	10,7%	30,1%	26,5%	17,1%	7,2%	8,
	18-29 years	2,4%	5,9%	20,0%	24,7%	17,6%	29,4%	7,2%	28,7%	41,4%	12,3%	4,1%	6,
Age	30-44 years		11,9%	17,8%	20,5%	26,5%	23,2%	6,6%	37,2%	17,2%	19,8%	4,4%	14,
	45-59 years		11,3%	22,2%	21,1%	21,4%	24,1%	15,1%	26,1%	18,5%	21,1%	13,3%	5,
	60 +		14,9%	21,0%	22,9%	17,9%	23,3%	11,9%	29,9%	28,3%	15,7%	6,4%	7,
Carr	Male	,3%	12,3%	21,3%	22,0%	22,8%	21,3%	15,6%	24,5%	25,4%	21,2%	6,4%	6,
Sex	Female	,2%	11,8%	19,9%	21,8%	19,4%	26,9%	8,1%	33,1%	27,0%	14,9%	7,6%	9,
	Low level	,5%	13,2%	22,6%	13,7%	17,5%	32,5%	5,1%	5,0%	28,4%	36,0%	8,1%	17,
Studies	Medium level	,2%	12,1%	20,3%	23,4%	22,9%	21,0%	12,3%	34,3%	24,0%	14,3%	5,9%	9
<u> </u>	High level		10,1%	18,4%	29,1%	20,9%	21,5%	10,1%	33,6%	30,7%	13,9%	9,4%	2,
	Urban		16,2%	12,1%	26,3%	22,2%	23,2%	10,4%	36,6%	21,1%	14,3%	9,5%	8,
Environment	Rural	,3%	11,4%	21,7%	21,3%	20,9%	24,3%	11,0%	23,2%	32,2%	20,1%	4,7%	8,

Tabel 90. To what extent do you consider that the Local economic agents contribute to the solving of socio-economic issues from your locality?

							Reg	ion					
				Right	bank					Left l	bank		
		Absolut	T amos les	So and	Small	Not at	I do not	Absolut	T amos les	So and	Small	Not at	I do r
		ely	Largely	so	extent	all	know	ely	Largely	so	extent	all	knov
Total		1,1%	15,9%	20,9%	20,3%	15,9%	25,8%	3,0%	10,5%	37,8%	29,8%	7,9%	11,
	18-29 years		12,9%	17,6%	25,9%	12,9%	30,6%		6,8%	34,4%	37,2%	13,2%	8,
A	30-44 years	1,6%	15,7%	20,0%	19,5%	16,2%	27,0%	3,0%	11,9%	40,3%	22,9%	8,7%	13,
	45-59 years	1,1%	18,0%	21,1%	21,8%	13,5%	24,4%	1,2%	10,9%	44,1%	34,4%	3,5%	5,
	60 +	1,1%	14,9%	22,5%	17,6%	19,1%	24,8%	5,9%	11,4%	34,2%	26,3%	7,3%	14,
Con	Male	,8%	18,4%	22,0%	20,5%	16,8%	21,5%	1,7%	11,0%	33,5%	38,1%	7,1%	8,
Sex	Female	1,4%	13,7%	19,9%	20,1%	15,1%	29,7%	3,7%	10,2%	40,0%	25,4%	8,3%	12,
	Low level	,5%	13,7%	20,8%	14,6%	15,6%	34,9%	2,3%	13,3%	27,3%	31,0%	10,1%	16,
Studies	Medium level	1,2%	16,4%	19,2%	20,6%	18,5%	24,3%	1,8%	10,5%	43,3%	26,1%	4,3%	14,
	High level	1,9%	17,7%	25,9%	27,2%	9,5%	17,7%	5,9%	9,0%	31,4%	36,9%	14,3%	2,
Environment	Urban	1,0%	19,2%	16,2%	26,3%	10,1%	27,3%	1,4%	11,0%	36,3%	30,6%	9,9%	10,
Environment	Rural	1,1%	15,5%	21,6%	19,5%	16,7%	25,6%	4,8%	9,9%	39,3%	28,9%	5,7%	11,

Tabel 91. To what extent do you consider that common people contribute to the solving of socio-economic issues from your locality?

							Reg	ion					
				Right	bank					Left 1	bank		
		Absolut	Lamooler	So and	Small	Not at	I do not	Absolut	Lamasler	So and	Small	Not at	I do r
		ely	Largely	so	extent	all	know	ely	Largely	so	extent	all	knov
Total		1,5%	24,4%	32,6%	20,3%	11,4%	9,8%	7,9%	20,8%	32,5%	23,4%	6,5%	8,
	18-29 years	1,2%	24,7%	35,3%	16,5%	8,2%	14,1%	6,1%	7,2%	39,4%	28,5%	11,9%	6,
A 20	30-44 years	2,2%	26,5%	23,8%	22,7%	14,1%	10,8%	8,9%	19,6%	28,4%	22,8%	4,4%	15,
	45-59 years	1,9%	20,3%	34,6%	21,8%	11,7%	9,8%	5,8%	24,5%	30,1%	27,2%	6,4%	6,
	60 +	,8%	27,1%	35,9%	18,3%	10,3%	7,6%	9,9%	26,5%	32,5%	18,4%	4,6%	8,
Sex	Male	1,6%	24,9%	36,0%	19,2%	10,5%	7,9%	8,7%	18,8%	40,1%	24,0%	2,8%	5,
Sex	Female	1,4%	24,0%	29,5%	21,3%	12,2%	11,5%	7,6%	21,8%	28,6%	23,0%	8,4%	10,
	Low level	,9%	29,2%	33,5%	16,5%	7,1%	12,7%	17,7%	7,2%	27,3%	27,9%	3,8%	16,
Studies	Medium level	1,9%	24,1%	32,0%	20,6%	12,9%	8,6%	5,9%	23,9%	31,9%	23,5%	5,6%	9,
	High level	1,3%	19,0%	32,9%	24,7%	13,3%	8,9%	7,6%	20,8%	36,3%	20,9%	9,6%	4,
Environment	Urban		18,2%	20,2%	26,3%	23,2%	12,1%	9,6%	20,1%	28,6%	25,6%	8,8%	7,
Environment	Rural	1,7%	25,3%	34,3%	19,5%	9,7%	9,4%	6,2%	21,5%	36,7%	21,0%	3,9%	10

Tabel 92. How much do you trust the following?

]	Region: R	ight bank					
			Local public	c administ	ration (may	oralty)			Local non-g	overnmen	tal organiza	tions	
		37		So and	Less	Not at	I do	V1-		So and	Less	Not at	I do
		Very much	much	so	confidence	all	not	Very much	much	so	confidence	all	not
		confidence	confidence				know	confidence	confidence				know
Total		6,6%	32,3%	32,2%	19,2%	8,9%	0,8%	0,9%	12,5%	19,3%	13,4%	12,0%	41,9%
	18-29 years	4,7%	35,3%	29,4%	21,2%	8,2%	1,2%		18,8%	21,2%	12,9%	12,9%	34,1%
A ===	30-44 years	4,9%	28,1%	36,2%	19,5%	10,8%	0,5%	1,1%	9,2%	18,4%	14,1%	14,1%	43,2%
Age	45-59 years	9,8%	29,7%	33,5%	16,9%	10,2%		1,5%	12,8%	19,2%	12,4%	13,5%	40,6%
	60 +	5,3%	37,0%	29,0%	20,6%	6,5%	1,5%	0,4%	12,6%	19,5%	14,1%	8,8%	44,7%
Carr	Male	5,8%	34,1%	33,3%	16,5%	9,4%	0,8%	1,0%	14,4%	17,8%	13,6%	13,6%	39,4%
Sex	Female	7,4%	30,7%	31,2%	21,6%	8,4%	0,7%	0,7%	10,8%	20,6%	13,2%	10,6%	44,1%
	Low level	7,1%	33,0%	31,6%	18,4%	7,5%	2,4%	1,4%	10,4%	20,3%	9,4%	11,8%	46,7%
Studies	Medium level	6,3%	31,3%	34,1%	19,2%	8,9%	0,2%	0,9%	11,2%	21,3%	14,5%	12,4%	39,7%
	High level	7,0%	34,2%	27,8%	20,3%	10,8%			19,0%	12,7%	15,8%	11,4%	41,1%
Emilianos	Urban	3,0%	25,3%	34,3%	27,3%	9,1%	1,0%		10,1%	20,2%	20,2%	8,1%	41,4%
Environment	Rural	7,2%	33,3%	31,9%	18,0%	8,9%	0,7%	1,0%	12,9%	19,2%	12,4%	12,6%	41,9%

Tabel 93. How much do you trust the following?

]	Region: R	ight bank				
			Governme	nt of Righ	t bank (the	state)	_		Loca	al econom	ic agents	
		Very much confidence	much confidence	So and so	Less confidence	Not at all	I do not know	Very much confidence	much confidence	So and so	Less confidence	Not at all
Total		0,3%	6,6%	21,7%	27,8%	38,2%	5,4%	1,3%	14,8%	28,1%	25,3%	14,2%
	18-29 years	1,2%	2,4%	25,9%	32,9%	32,9%	4,7%	1,2%	7,1%	28,2%	27,1%	18,8%
A ===	30-44 years		5,9%	18,9%	24,9%	47,0%	3,2%	2,2%	17,3%	27,6%	28,6%	16,2%
Age	45-59 years	0,4%	8,3%	20,3%	27,1%	38,7%	5,3%	1,9%	15,8%	30,1%	25,9%	11,7%
	60 +		6,9%	23,7%	29,0%	33,2%	7,3%		14,5%	26,3%	21,8%	13,7%
C	Male	0,3%	5,8%	23,6%	26,8%	39,1%	4,5%	1,0%	15,7%	31,5%	23,1%	13,9%
Sex	Female	0,2%	7,4%	19,9%	28,8%	37,4%	6,2%	1,4%	13,9%	24,9%	27,3%	14,4%
	Low level	0,9%	9,9%	28,3%	21,2%	31,1%	8,5%	1,4%	16,0%	25,5%	24,1%	14,6%
Studies	Medium level		6,1%	20,3%	29,4%	40,4%	3,7%	1,4%	13,1%	30,1%	25,2%	15,7%
	High level		3,8%	16,5%	32,3%	41,8%	5,7%	0,6%	17,7%	25,9%	27,2%	9,5%
F	Urban		3,0%	14,1%	33,3%	45,5%	4,0%		16,2%	23,2%	26,3%	7,1%
Environment	Rural	0,3%	7,2%	22,7%	27,0%	37,2%	5,6%	1,4%	14,6%	28,8%	25,2%	15,2%

Tabel 94. How much do you trust the following?

			Reg	ion: Right bank			
			Со	mmon people			
		Very much confidence	much confidence	So and so	Less confidence	Not at all	I do not know
Total		3,5%	39,8%	35,6%	14,4%	4,1%	2,5%
	18-29 years	1,2%	44,7%	34,1%	14,1%	4,7%	1,2%
A	30-44 years	2,7%	36,2%	39,5%	15,1%	5,4%	1,1%
Age	45-59 years	4,9%	40,6%	32,7%	15,4%	4,5%	1,9%
-	60 +	3,4%	40,1%	36,3%	13,0%	2,7%	4,6%
Carr	Male	4,5%	40,9%	35,7%	12,6%	3,9%	2,4%
Sex	Female	2,6%	38,8%	35,5%	16,1%	4,3%	2,6%
	Low level	3,8%	42,9%	32,5%	14,2%	1,9%	4,7%
Studies	Medium level	3,5%	36,2%	39,7%	15,0%	4,7%	0,9%
	High level	3,2%	45,6%	28,5%	13,3%	5,7%	3,8%
Envisonment	Urban		38,4%	29,3%	22,2%	10,1%	
Environment	Rural	4,0%	40,1%	36,5%	13,3%	3,3%	2,9%

Tabel 95. Who, in your opinion, got involved in the carrying out and implementation of projects that were conducted in your locality?

			, 0		7 0	-		Danion						
				D; al	ht bank			Region			Left ba	n1c		
		Local public administr ation (city hall)	Local NGOs	Local economic agents	Teache rs	Common people	Other s	I do not know	Local public adminis tration (city hall)	Local NGOs	Local economic agents	Teache rs	Commo n people	Others
Total		72,8%	2,4%	2,0%	1,3%	9,6%	5,1%	6,9%	60,2%	10,7%	6,1%	0,9%	21,8%	0,3%
	18-29 years	71,8%	3,5%	1,2%	1,2%	10,6%	4,8%	7,1%	62,2%	23,5%	6,2%		8,1%	
A	30-44 years	70,3%	3,8%	3,8%	1,1%	10,3%	4,7%	5,9%	55,7%	14,6%	3,0%		26,7%	
Age	45-59 years	72,9%	1,5%	1,9%	1,1%	10,5%	4,5%	7,5%	67,4%	8,0%	4,2%		19,1%	1,3%
	60 +	74,8%	1,9%	1,1%	1,5%	8,0%	5,8%	6,9%	56,6%	3,3%	9,0%	2,5%	28,5%	
Sex	Male	72,4%	2,9%	1,3%	0,8%	10,2%	5,8%	6,6%	51,1%	11,9%	7,8%	1,2%	28,0%	
Sex	Female	73,1%	1,9%	2,6%	1,7%	9,1%	4,3%	7,2%	64,9%	10,0%	5,3%	0,8%	18,5%	0,5%
	Low level	70,8%	0,9%	2,8%	1,4%	12,3%	4,8%	7,1%	60,3%	4,7%	3,1%	6,9%	25,0%	
Studies	Medium level	73,4%	1,9%	1,6%	0,5%	9,6%	5,1%	7,9%	62,1%	8,9%	5,7%		22,7%	0,5%
	High level	74,1%	5,7%	1,9%	3,2%	6,3%	5,0%	3,8%	56,0%	17,3%	8,4%		18,3%	
Empirement	Urban	66,7%	6,1%	3,0%		4,0%	8,1%	12,1%	52,9%	11,7%	8,0%	0,8%	26,0%	0,6%
Environment 🛏	Rural	73,7%	1,9%	1,9%	1,4%	10,4%	4,4%	6,2%	67,9%	9,6%	4,1%	1,0%	17,3%	

Tabel 96. Who, in your opinion, is the most relevant to carry out and implement a community development project which could be developed in your locality?

]							
				Rigl	nt bank						Left ba	nk		
		Local public adminis tration (city hall)	Local NGOs	Local economic agents	Teache rs	Commo n people	nobody	others	Local public adminis tration (city hall)	Local NGOs	Local economic agents	Teache rs	Commo n people	Others
Total		63,8%	2,4%	4,8%	2,9%	10,8%	16,5%	0,6%	58,8%	11,8%	7,8%	1,5%	12,1%	8,2%
	18-29 years	63,5%	2,4%	5,9%	1,2%	12,9%	15,3%	0,0%	54,9%	18,5%	10,2%	1,5%	12,2%	2,7%
A = =	30-44 years	61,6%	2,7%	6,5%	3,2%	11,4%	15,1%	2,0%	63,7%	14,5%	4,9%		8,2%	8,7%
Age	45-59 years	64,3%	1,1%	4,9%	3,4%	10,2%	17,7%	0,4%	65,0%	7,7%	6,9%	1,8%	9,0%	10,1%
	60 +	64,9%	3,4%	3,1%	2,7%	10,3%	16,8%	0,4%	54,2%	9,2%	8,5%	2,0%	16,2%	9,9%
C	Male	64,0%	2,6%	5,2%	2,4%	12,1%	15,2%	0,9%	53,4%	15,0%	6,2%	2,5%	10,2%	13,2%
Sex	Female	63,5%	2,2%	4,3%	3,4%	9,6%	17,7%	0,6%	61,6%	10,1%	8,6%	0,9%	13,1%	5,6%
	Low level	67,0%	0,5%	3,8%	2,8%	8,5%	17,9%	0,0%	57,6%	11,8%	4,5%	3,4%	13,8%	8,8%
Studies	Medium level	61,0%	3,0%	4,7%	2,1%	12,1%	18,7%	0,4%	62,2%	10,2%	6,2%	0,7%	10,5%	10,4%
	High level	67,1%	3,2%	6,3%	5,1%	10,1%	8,9%	2,4%	52,3%	15,1%	12,5%	2,1%	14,5%	3,5%
Engine	Urban	59,6%	3,0%	9,1%	1,0%	8,1%	19,2%	3,0%	52,4%	10,6%	9,5%	2,6%	16,1%	8,9%
Environment	Rural	64,4%	2,3%	4,1%	3,1%	11,2%	16,2%	0,3%	65,8%	13,2%	5,9%	0,3%	7,7%	7,5%

Tabel 97. Could you tell us if you/your family participated in solving any community issues by material (financial) or work contributions in the last 3 years?

				Regi	on		
			Right bank			Left bank	
		Yes	No	I do not know	Yes	No	I do not know
Total		45,7%	50,8%	3,5%	37,2%	59,4%	3,4%
	18-29 years	43,5%	51,8%	4,7%	37,8%	57,6%	4,6%
A	30-44 years	48,1%	49,2%	2,7%	40,0%	60,0%	
Ασρ	45-59 years	50,4%	46,2%	3,4%	45,6%	51,9%	2,5%
	60 +	40,1%	56,1%	3,8%	30,0%	65,0%	5,0%
Sex	Male	46,7%	49,1%	4,2%	43,1%	53,3%	3,6%
Sex	Female	44,8%	52,3%	2,9%	34,1%	62,6%	3,2%
	Low level	39,2%	55,2%	5,7%	33,8%	57,8%	8,5%
Studies	Medium level	45,8%	51,2%	3,0%	36,7%	60,0%	3,3%
	High level	54,4%	43,7%	1,9%	40,0%	58,9%	1,1%
Environment	Urban	38,4%	60,6%	1,0%	27,8%	70,4%	1,8%
Environment	Rural	46,8%	49,4%	3,9%	47,3%	47,6%	5,1%

Tabel 98. If you have the possibility in the future to contribute financially or by work to community projects implementation, will you get involved?

						Reg	ion				
			R	ight bank					Left bank		
		Yes, with money and work	Yes, only with money	Yes, only with work	No	I do not know	Yes, with money and work	Yes, only with money	Yes, only with work	No	I do not know
Total		43,1%	20,4%	12,7%	13,8%	10,0%	25,6%	5,0%	39,9%	19,5%	10,0%
	18-29 years	54,1%	16,5%	15,3%	8,2%	5,9%	27,3%	5,4%	37,8%	13,6%	15,9%
Age 30	30-44 years	51,9%	16,2%	16,2%	8,1%	7,6%	24,8%	4,1%	50,0%	13,0%	8,1%
Age 4	45-59 years	47,4%	18,0%	17,3%	9,4%	7,9%	30,4%	9,6%	38,5%	14,8%	6,8%
	60 +	29,0%	27,1%	4,6%	24,0%	15,3%	22,1%	2,3%	36,6%	29,1%	9,9%
Sex	Male	46,2%	18,4%	16,3%	10,5%	8,7%	29,8%	6,5%	38,5%	16,6%	8,6%
Sex	Female	40,3%	22,3%	9,4%	16,8%	11,3%	23,5%	4,3%	40,5%	21,0%	10,7%
	Low level	33,0%	22,6%	9,4%	21,7%	13,2%	35,7%	3,2%	33,0%	20,0%	8,2%
Studies	Medium level	44,6%	20,3%	13,6%	11,4%	10,0%	24,3%	6,5%	42,1%	20,4%	6,7%
	High level	52,5%	17,7%	14,6%	9,5%	5,7%	23,5%	2,9%	38,5%	17,3%	17,7%
Environment	Urban	40,4%	17,2%	18,2%	13,1%	11,1%	17,1%	3,6%	41,0%	23,5%	14,7%
Environment	Rural	43,5%	20,9%	11,9%	13,9%	9,9%	34,7%	6,6%	38,6%	15,2%	5,0%

Tabel 99. How much money could you/your family provide in this respect?

						•			Regio	on							
					Right	bank							Left b	ank			
		0 lei / I will not help at all	Up to 50 lei.	50 lei – 100 lei.	100 lei – 200 lei	200 lei – 500 lei	500 lei – 1000 lei	More than 1,000 lei	Do not know / Difficult to answer	0 lei / I will not help at all	Up to 50 lei.	50 lei – 100 lei.	100 lei – 200 lei	200 lei – 500 lei	500 lei – 1000 lei	More than 1,000 lei	Do not know / Difficult to answer
Total		15,2%	3,1%	14,3%	19,3%	14,0%	5,9%	4,9%	23,3%	41,8%	10,1%	11,6%	3,6%	3,1%	1,3%	,9%	27,6%
	18-29 years	14,1%	1,2%	9,4%	23,5%	18,8%	5,9%	4,7%	22,4%	27,2%	12,0%	13,3%	2,0%	10,9%		2,1%	32,5%
Age	30-44 years	14,1%	1,6%	14,6%	22,7%	14,1%	7,0%	5,9%	20,0%	44,1%	7,2%	13,8%	4,8%		1,3%	2,6%	26,2%
Age	45-59 years	12,8%	3,8%	13,5%	19,5%	16,9%	7,9%	4,9%	20,7%	45,0%	8,7%	11,6%	4,0%	2,6%	3,0%		25,0%
	60 +	18,7%	4,2%	16,4%	15,3%	9,5%	3,1%	4,2%	28,6%	46,4%	11,5%	9,5%	3,6%	,8%	,8%		27,3%
Sex	Male	13,6%	2,9%	12,6%	17,8%	17,1%	5,8%	5,2%	24,9%	41,3%	11,9%	8,4%	4,8%	5,2%	1,2%	1,2%	26,0%
Jex	Female	16,5%	3,4%	15,8%	20,6%	11,3%	6,0%	4,6%	21,8%	42,0%	9,2%	13,3%	3,0%	2,1%	1,3%	,8%	28,4%
	Low level	21,2%	3,8%	12,7%	17,0%	11,3%	4,2%	2,8%	26,9%	34,3%	14,8%	17,5%	3,8%	,9%			28,7%
Studies	Medium level	14,0%	2,6%	16,1%	20,3%	11,7%	5,1%	5,8%	24,3%	43,8%	10,9%	10,6%	3,6%	3,7%	1,7%		25,8%
	High level	10,1%	3,8%	11,4%	19,6%	24,1%	10,1%	5,1%	15,8%	41,1%	6,3%	10,9%	3,5%	3,0%	1,1%	3,3%	30,8%
Environme	Urban	16,2%	6,1%	13,1%	18,2%	13,1%	5,1%	4,0%	24,2%	37,9%	9,4%	11,8%	2,8%	2,4%	1,4%		34,3%
nt	Rural	15,0%	2,7%	14,4%	19,5%	14,2%	6,0%	5,0%	23,2%	45,9%	10,8%	11,4%	4,5%	3,9%	1,1%	1,9%	20,4%

Tabel 100. How many hours/work could you/your family provide in this respect?

			Region														
					Right	bank							Left b	oank			
		0 ore / I will not help at all	no more than 8 hours (a working day)	no more than 16 hours (two working days)	no more than 40 hours (five working days)	no more than 110 hours (a month of work)	no more than 330 hours (three months of work)	More than 330 hours	Do not know / Difficult to answer	0 ore / I will not help at all	no more than 8 hours (a working day)	no more than 16 hours (two working days)	no more than 40 hours (five working days)	no more than 110 hours (a month of work)	no more than 330 hours (three months of work)	More than 330 hours	Do not know / Difficult to answer
Total		22,6%	12,0%	19,9%	14,9%	3,9%	1,0%	,9%	24,8%	18,7%	26,1%	19,2%	8,9%	2,0%	,4%	2,5%	22,1%
	18-29 years	21,2%	7,1%	27,1%	21,2%	7,1%		2,4%	14,1%	11,2%	30,0%	14,7%	8,5%	6,2%	2,1%	2,1%	25,2%
Age	30-44 years	14,6%	15,1%	26,5%	15,7%	3,8%	2,2%	1,1%	21,1%	8,3%	17,7%	27,9%	14,5%	,7%			30,9%
Age	45-59 years	15,8%	15,8%	22,6%	17,7%	4,9%	1,1%	1,1%	21,1%	24,8%	34,9%	21,1%	8,6%				10,6%
	60 +	35,5%	7,6%	10,3%	9,5%	1,9%	,4%		34,7%	24,4%	22,5%	15,9%	6,4%	1,7%		5,8%	23,3%
Sex	Male	19,4%	11,3%	19,7%	19,2%	5,0%	1,0%	1,0%	23,4%	18,5%	23,7%	18,5%	9,4%	2,6%	1,2%	6,6%	19,5%
Sex	Female	25,4%	12,7%	20,1%	11,0%	2,9%	1,0%	,7%	26,1%	18,8%	27,3%	19,6%	8,7%	1,7%		,4%	23,4%
	Low level	29,7%	8,0%	19,8%	6,1%	2,4%		,9%	33,0%	25,2%	12,4%	17,8%	12,0%	5,6%			27,0%
Studies	Medium level	21,7%	11,4%	21,3%	18,2%	3,0%	,7%	,5%	23,1%	18,7%	31,8%	20,6%	7,3%	2,2%		1,0%	18,4%
	High level	15,2%	19,0%	16,5%	17,7%	8,2%	3,2%	1,9%	18,4%	15,8%	20,8%	16,9%	10,7%		1,5%	6,9%	27,5%
Environme	Urban	17,2%	18,2%	17,2%	12,1%	3,0%	3,0%		29,3%	14,4%	30,4%	17,3%	9,5%		,8%	,5%	27,0%
nt	Rural	23,3%	11,2%	20,3%	15,3%	4,0%	,7%	1,0%	24,2%	23,3%	21,4%	21,3%	8,2%	4,2%		4,7%	16,9%

Tabel 101. Have you ever heard about the project "Confidence building measures on both sides of Dniester river", which contributes to the solving of community socio-economic issues?

				Reg	ion		
			Right bank			Left bank	
		Yes	No	I do not know	Yes	No	I do not know
Total		23,3%	72,9%	3,8%	28,8%	57,0%	14,2%
	18-29 years	20,3%	75,7%	4,1%	34,0%	47,6%	18,4%
A	30-44 years	21,4%	75,9%	2,8%	45,4%	51,5%	3,1%
Δαα	45-59 years	24,8%	72,0%	3,3%	28,0%	67,3%	4,7%
	60 +	24,4%	70,6%	5,0%	18,1%	58,8%	23,2%
Sex	Male	28,4%	67,0%	4,6%	35,1%	51,0%	13,8%
Sex	Female	18,7%	78,2%	3,0%	26,1%	59,6%	14,4%
	Low level	14,9%	81,4%	3,7%	15,8%	37,9%	46,3%
Studies	Medium level	21,2%	75,2%	3,5%	22,0%	68,6%	9,4%
	High level	38,8%	56,7%	4,5%	49,3%	47,2%	3,4%
Environment	Urban	25,3%	69,7%	5,1%	35,4%	55,7%	8,9%
Environment	Rural	23,0%	73,5%	3,6%	19,3%	58,9%	21,8%

Tabel 102. Did you know that?

			This proj	ect is imple	mented by	UNDP?		This pro	ject is imp	olemented wi Uni		ort of the E	uropean
				Regi	on					Reg	ion		
		R	ight bank			Left bank			Right ban	k		Left bank	
		Yes	know know					Yes	No	I do not know	Yes	No	I do not know
Total		11,2%	74,0%	14,8%	12,8%	68,4%	18,8%	26,0%	60,6%	13,4%	6,8%	72,8%	20,4%
	18-29 years	9,5%	85,1%	5,4%	16,2%	56,8%	27,0%	32,4%	60,8%	6,8%	17,8%	55,2%	27,0%
A	30-44 years	10,3%	74,5%	15,2%	14,1%	69,7%	16,2%	29,7%	58,6%	11,7%	9,3%	68,3%	22,4%
Age	45-59 years	14,0%	72,9%	13,1%	11,3%	84,0%	4,7%	25,2%	62,6%	12,1%	2,8%	92,5%	4,7%
	60 +	9,5%	70,6%	19,9%	11,4%	64,7%	23,9%	21,9%	59,7%	18,4%	2,5%	72,8%	24,7%
Sex	Male	11,6%	70,3%	18,2%	18,9%	56,6%	24,5%	29,4%	54,8%	15,8%	15,9%	58,5%	25,5%
Sex	Female	10,9%	77,3%	11,8%	10,2%	73,4%	16,4%	23,0%	65,9%	11,2%	2,8%	79,0%	18,2%
	Low level	5,0%	78,9%	16,1%	8,5%	63,9%	27,7%	12,4%	72,7%	14,9%	1,7%	70,7%	27,7%
Studies M	Medium level	10,3%	74,6%	15,0%	11,6%	65,4%	23,0%	26,5%	59,6%	13,9%	5,5%	70,4%	24,1%
	High level	20,9%	66,4%	12,7%	17,8%	76,5%	5,7%	41,0%	48,5%	10,4%	12,3%	78,5%	9,1%
Environment	Urban	11,1%	76,8%	12,1%	15,0%	69,3%	15,7%	39,4%	52,5%	8,1%	8,8%	73,3%	17,8%
Environment	Rural	11,2%	73,5%	15,3%	9,7%	66,9%	23,4%	23,6%	62,1%	14,4%	3,9%	72,0%	24,1%

Tabel 103. Did you know that the sub-project was implemented in your community with the support of the project "Confidence building measures on both sides of Dniester river"?

				Reg	ion		
			Right bank			Left bank	
		Yes	No	I do not	Yes	No	I do not
				know			know
Total		34,4%	56,2%	9,5%	46,4%	45,8%	7,8%
	18-29 years	35,1%	54,1%	10,8%	48,7%	40,5%	10,8%
Age	30-44 years	37,9%	56,6%	5,5%	53,2%	33,9%	12,9%
	45-59 years	32,7%	56,1%	11,2%	41,1%	56,1%	2,8%
	60 +	33,3%	56,7%	10,0%	44,7%	49,1%	6,3%
Sex	Male	35,6%	54,5%	9,9%	39,3%	55,5%	5,2%
Sex	Female	33,2%	57,7%	9,1%	49,5%	41,6%	8,8%
	Low level	26,7%	65,2%	8,1%	37,0%	56,2%	6,8%
Studies	Medium level	32,7%	56,0%	11,2%	51,5%	39,2%	9,3%
F	High level	47,8%	45,5%	6,7%	42,9%	51,6%	5,5%
Environment	Urban	32,3%	52,5%	15,2%	34,0%	62,1%	3,9%
Environment	Rural	34,8%	56,8%	8,4%	64,4%	22,3%	13,4%

Tabel 104. Until the implementation of the sub-project, did you know anything/had you been informed about the following aspects:

		Wh	at is the so	cial proble	n that will	be resolve	d?	Yes No know Yes No know 14,0% 75,2% 10,7% 21,3% 64,7% 1						
				Regi	on					Reg	ion			
		I	Right bank			Left bank			Right ban	k		Left bank		
		Yes	No	I do not know	Yes	No	I do not know	Yes	No	_	Yes	No	I do kno	
Total		24,9%	65,5%	9,6%	26,9%	59,8%	13,3%	14,0%	75,2%	10,7%	21,3%	64,7%	14	
	18-29 years	28,4%	66,2%	5,4%	23,6%	44,3%	32,2%	14,9%	79,7%	5,4%	22,0%	45,9%	32	
Age	30-44 years	26,2%	64,1%	9,7%	42,2%	40,2%	17,6%	13,8%	73,8%	12,4%	24,8%	57,5%	17	
Age	45-59 years	28,0%	61,7%	10,3%	10,2%	88,4%	1,4%	15,9%	72,0%	12,1%	10,2%	85,3%		
	60 +	19,4%	70,1%	10,4%	29,2%	62,1%	8,7%	11,9%	78,1%	10,0%	25,1%	66,2%	-	
Sex	Male	23,4%	67,7%	8,9%	13,4%	70,3%	16,3%	13,5%	77,6%	8,9%	18,9%	64,8%	10	
Sex	Female	26,3%	63,4%	10,3%	32,7%	55,3%	12,1%	14,5%	73,1%	12,4%	22,4%	64,6%	13	
	Low level	20,5%	68,3%	11,2%	22,0%	71,2%	6,8%	13,0%	75,2%	11,8%	24,1%	69,1%	(
Studies	Medium level	22,4%	67,6%	10,0%	21,0%	62,4%	16,6%	11,5%	77,0%	11,5%	21,6%	61,8%	10	
	High level	36,6%	56,7%	6,7%	40,6%	48,1%	11,3%	21,6%	70,9%	7,5%	19,1%	67,3%	13	
Environment	Urban	14,1%	71,7%	14,1%	19,5%	68,9%	11,6%	9,1%	77,8%	13,1%	20,5%	66,8%	12	
Environment	Rural	26,9%	1% 71,7% 1		37,6%	46,6%	15,8%	15,0%	74,8%	10,3%	22,5%	61,7%	1.	

Tabel 105. Until the implementation of the sub-project, did you know anything/had you been informed about the following aspects:

			1	Who will implen	nent the project	?	
				Reg	ion		
			Right bank			Left bank	
		Yes	No	I do not know	Yes	No	I do not know
Total		14,8%	76,8%	8,4%	22,9%	63,1%	14,0%
	18-29 years	16,2%	78,4%	5,4%	32,5%	38,9%	28,6%
Ασρ –	30-44 years	17,2%	73,8%	9,0%	23,3%	52,8%	23,9%
	45-59 years	15,4%	74,3%	10,3%	10,2%	88,4%	1,4%
	60 +	11,9%	81,1%	7,0%	24,9%	66,4%	8,7%
Cov	Male	13,5%	80,2%	6,3%	15,4%	68,3%	16,3%
Sex	Female	16,0%	73,7%	10,3%	26,1%	60,9%	13,0%
	Low level	12,4%	76,4%	11,2%	24,1%	69,1%	6,8%
Studies	Medium level	12,4%	79,4%	8,3%	23,9%	59,5%	16,6%
I	High level	23,9%	70,9%	5,2%	20,3%	66,2%	13,6%
Environment	Urban	11,1%	83,8%	5,1%	17,2%	70,1%	12,7%
Environment	Rural	15,5%	75,5%	9,0%	31,1%	53,1%	15,8%

Tabel 106. From what sources did you receive the information about the UNDP sub-project?

					Re	egion: Right	bank					
		From discussi ons with represen tatives of UNDP	From the local public administra tion(mayor alty)	From the local public administrati on (district council)	From talks with members of the subproject implementation Agency	From the General Assembly of the communit y	From the republica n press, television , radio	From local media	from neighbo rs, acquain tances	Intern et	Others	I do not know
Total		3,0%	40,6%	13,9%	0,6%	18,8%	11,5%	7,3%	33,9%	1,8%	9,0%	8,5%
	18-29 years	4,8%	52,4%	23,8%		23,8%	14,3%		47,6%	4,8%	9,6%	
A 00	30-44 years		42,5%	12,5%		12,5%	7,5%	15,0%	22,5%	2,5%	15,0%	2,5%
Age	45-59 years	1,6%	36,5%	14,3%		22,2%	14,3%	4,8%	34,9%	1,6%	6,4%	11,1%
	60 +	7,3%	39,0%	9,8%	2,4%	17,1%	9,8%	7,3%	36,6%		7,3%	14,6%
Carr	Male	2,6%	39,5%	15,8%	1,3%	22,4%	11,8%	9,2%	28,9%	1,3%	10,5%	7,9%
Sex	Female	3,4%	41,6%	12,4%		15,7%	11,2%	5,6%	38,2%	2,2%	7,8%	9,0%
	Low level	6,1%	45,5%	3,0%		21,2%	12,1%	6,1%	27,3%		3,0%	18,2%
Studies	Medium level	1,2%	35,8%	11,1%		17,3%	8,6%	8,6%	34,6%		6,2%	6,2%
	High level	3,9%	45,1%	25,5%	2,0%	19,6%	15,7%	5,9%	37,3%	5,9%	17,7%	5,9%
Envisonment	Urban		25,0%	18,8%			43,8%	12,5%	37,5%	18,8%	18,8%	
Environment	Rural	3,4%	42,3%	13,4%	0,7%	20,8%	8,1%	6,7%	33,6%		8,1%	9,4%

Tabel 107. From what sources did you receive the information about the UNDP sub-project?

					Regi	on: Left bank					
		From discussi ons with represen tatives of UNDP	From the local public administrati on(mayoralt y)		From talks with members of the subproject implementation Agency	From the General Assembly of the community	From the republica n press, television , radio	From local media	from neighbo rs, acquain tances	Intern et	Others
Total		2,4%	7,1%	7,1%	6,0%	23,8%	13,2%	5,6%	56,8%	4,0%	0,7%
	18-29 years	12,0%				29,0%	8,0%	12,0%	69,9%		3,6%
	30-44 years				2,7%	2,7%	26,4%	5,9%	82,8%	5,9%	
Age	45-59 years			51,1%		20,9%	16,6%	11,5%	32,3%		
	60 +		17,9%		13,4%	36,5%	5,8%		41,1%	6,1%	
C	Male				4,1%	20,6%	39,4%	22,8%	52,4%	9,1%	4,1%
Sex	Female	2,9%	8,6%	8,6%	6,4%	24,5%	7,7%	1,9%	57,7%	2,9%	
	Low level		39,2%		16,0%	48,1%			40,9%		3,9%
Studies	Medium level			13,6%	6,0%	26,0%	21,0%	4,6%	49,5%	4,6%	
	High level	8,0%				5,3%	7,7%	10,6%	79,0%	5,3%	
г .	Urban	5,9%			5,9%	3,9%	31,0%	13,8%	65,0%	9,9%	
Environment	Rural		11,8%	11,8%	6,0%	37,2%	1,2%		51,2%		1,2%

Tabel 108. In your opinion, was the issue that had been solved in the community with the support of UNDP chosen correctly, was it an issue needing urgent improvement??

			Region Right bank Left bank										
			F	Right bank					Left bank				
		Yes, it requires a very urgent improvemen	Yes, it requires an urgent improveme	Yes, it requires an improveme	Generally it does not need an improvemen	I do not know	Yes, it requires a very urgent improvemen	Yes, it requires an urgent improvem	Yes, it requires an improveme	Generally it does not need an improveme	I do not know		
		t	nt	nt	t		t	ent	nt	nt			
Total		24,4%	26,5%	26,2%	6,8%	16,1%	34,2%	28,4%	13,8%	2,0%	21,6%		
	18-29 years	24,3%	20,3%	23,0%	14,9%	17,6%	36,8%	27,9%	19,8%		15,6%		
Ago	30-44 years	29,0%	23,4%	27,6%	4,8%	15,2%	39,2%	18,7%	10,8%		31,2%		
Age	45-59 years	22,9%	29,0%	26,6%	6,5%	15,0%	39,7%	28,0%	8,9%		23,4%		
	60 +	22,9%	28,4%	25,9%	5,5%	17,4%	27,4%	33,9%	15,3%	5,1%	18,3%		
Sex	Male	26,7%	25,7%	26,4%	6,6%	14,5%	23,9%	30,9%	24,1%		21,1%		
Sex	Female	22,4%	27,2%	26,0%	6,9%	17,5%	38,6%	27,3%	9,5%	2,8%	21,8%		
	Low level	25,5%	29,2%	20,5%	3,7%	21,1%	19,2%	50,8%	11,3%		18,8%		
Studies	Medium level	24,8%	28,3%	26,5%	4,4%	15,9%	38,2%	23,4%	12,4%	3,8%	22,3%		
	High level	22,4%	18,7%	32,1%	16,4%	10,4%	36,2%	23,7%	18,0%		22,1%		
Environment	Urban	7,1%	24,2%	45,5%		23,2%	21,4%	33,3%	21,3%	3,4%	20,5%		
Environment	Rural	27,7%	26,9%	22,6%	8,0%	14,8%	52,5%	21,3%	3,1%		23,1%		

Tabel 109. To what extent do you consider that the members of the community have participated at the development of the sub-project which has been implemented with the support of UNDP?

							Regio	on					
				Right ban	k					Left ban	ık		
		very large extent	largely	So and sao	small extent	not at all	I do not know	very large extent	largely	So and sao	small extent	not at all	I do not know
Total		12,5%	34,1%	13,6%	9,3%	9,8%	20,8%	6,4%	20,0%	16,4%	8,5%	8,5%	40,8%
	18-29 years	12,2%	36,5%	14,9%	5,4%	9,5%	21,6%	16,6%	15,9%	19,8%	5,4%	5,4%	40,5%
A 000	30-44 years	13,8%	39,3%	11,7%	4,8%	12,4%	17,9%		26,5%	15,7%	7,9%		49,9%
Age	45-59 years	13,6%	34,6%	13,6%	12,1%	8,9%	17,3%	5,7%	29,2%	4,5%	20,2%	7,8%	32,6%
	60 +	10,4%	28,9%	14,4%	10,9%	9,0%	26,4%	5,5%	13,6%	21,4%	4,1%	14,8%	40,6%
Sex	Male	12,9%	31,7%	14,2%	11,2%	6,6%	23,4%	6,1%	21,4%	18,5%	5,3%	3,3%	47,6%
Sex	Female	12,1%	36,3%	13,0%	7,6%	12,7%	18,4%	6,5%	19,4%	15,5%	9,9%	10,8%	37,9%
	Low level	11,8%	31,7%	14,3%	7,5%	11,8%	23,0%	13,6%	12,4%	3,7%		27,8%	42,4%
Studies	Medium level	10,6%	31,3%	14,5%	11,2%	10,6%	21,8%	7,5%	26,5%	16,6%	8,0%	1,8%	40,7%
	High level	17,9%	44,0%	10,4%	6,7%	5,2%	15,7%		12,4%	23,7%	14,7%	9,1%	40,0%
Environment	Urban	3,0%	28,3%	11,1%	9,1%	2,0%	46,5%	2,8%	5,6%	21,0%	14,4%	9,5%	47,9%
Environment	Rural	14,2%	35,1%	14,0%	9,3%	11,2%	16,1%	11,7%	40,9%	9,6%		7,2%	30,6%

Tabel 110. To what extent are you satisfied with the quality of object renovation/construction works after the implementation of the UNDP sub-project?

							Regio	on					
				Right ban	k					Left bar	ık		
		very large extent	largely	So and sao	small extent	not at all	I do not know	very large extent	largely	So and sao	small extent	not at all	I do not know
Total		25,6%	43,5%	10,9%	3,6%	1,7%	14,7%	38,5%	15,8%	3,9%	2,0%	2,7%	37,2%
	18-29 years	33,8%	43,2%	5,4%	2,7%	2,7%	12,2%	35,6%	21,9%		11,2%		31,3%
A	30-44 years	28,3%	46,2%	9,7%	1,4%	2,1%	12,4%	37,6%	18,7%			3,1%	40,5%
Age	45-59 years	23,8%	43,9%	13,6%	4,7%	,5%	13,6%	42,8%	4,2%	13,9%			39,1%
	60 +	22,4%	41,3%	10,9%	4,5%	2,5%	18,4%	37,9%	17,6%	2,5%		5,0%	37,0%
Sex	Male	23,4%	42,2%	11,2%	4,6%	3,0%	15,5%	24,0%	26,8%	4,4%	3,4%	2,2%	39,2%
Sex	Female	27,5%	44,7%	10,6%	2,7%	,6%	13,9%	44,5%	11,1%	3,8%	1,4%	2,8%	36,3%
	Low level	26,7%	38,5%	11,2%	3,1%	,6%	19,9%	40,7%	15,8%				43,6%
Studies	Medium level	23,3%	43,7%	11,5%	4,4%	2,7%	14,5%	40,9%	14,6%	5,0%		1,9%	37,7%
	High level	29,9%	49,3%	9,0%	2,2%	,7%	9,0%	32,6%	18,0%	4,4%	6,9%	5,7%	32,4%
Environment	Urban	9,1%	46,5%	15,2%	4,0%		25,3%	19,6%	19,5%	6,7%	3,4%	4,5%	46,3%
Environment	Rural	28,6%	43,0%	10,1%	3,6%	2,1%	12,7%	65,5%	10,4%				24,1%

Tabel 111. To what extent are you satisfied with the object's condition at present?

							Regio	on					
				Right ban	k					Left ban	ık		
		very large extent	largely	So and sao	small extent	not at all	I do not know	very large extent	largely	So and sao	small extent	not at all	I do not know
Total		22,1%	36,9%	11,5%	7,7%	1,9%	19,9%	38,5%	10,9%	5,2%	3,3%	2,6%	39,4%
	18-29 years	20,3%	40,5%	9,5%	4,1%	2,7%	23,0%	43,3%	14,1%	10,8%		5,4%	26,4%
A 00	30-44 years	24,8%	31,7%	12,4%	9,0%	2,1%	20,0%	29,7%	18,7%		3,1%	3,1%	45,2%
Age	45-59 years	21,5%	38,8%	11,7%	10,7%	1,4%	15,9%	39,7%	5,9%	10,6%			43,8%
	60 +	21,4%	37,3%	11,4%	5,0%	2,0%	22,9%	40,3%	7,9%	2,5%	6,6%	2,5%	40,2%
Sex	Male	21,5%	34,3%	15,2%	5,6%	2,3%	21,1%	26,8%	20,2%	8,5%	4,4%	2,2%	38,0%
Sex	Female	22,7%	39,3%	8,2%	9,7%	1,5%	18,7%	43,6%	6,9%	3,8%	2,8%	2,8%	40,1%
	Low level	28,0%	30,4%	9,9%	6,8%	1,2%	23,6%	40,7%	14,1%				45,2%
Studies	Medium level	21,2%	38,6%	11,2%	6,8%	2,4%	19,8%	43,5%	7,8%	5,5%	3,1%	1,8%	38,3%
	High level	17,2%	40,3%	14,2%	11,2%	1,5%	15,7%	28,1%	14,6%	7,9%	5,7%	5,7%	38,1%
Environment	Urban	4,0%	28,3%	15,2%	17,2%	3,0%	32,3%	20,0%	13,2%	8,3%	5,6%	4,5%	48,5%
Environment	Rural	25,4%	38,5%	10,8%	6,0%	1,7%	17,6%	65,5%	7,5%	,7%			26,3%

Tabel 112. Do you consider the UNDP sub-project a successful one?

	Yes No know Yes No know											
		Region Right bank Left bank Yes No I do not know Yes No I do not know 76,8% 4,9% 18,3% 58,9% 1,9% 39,2 86,5% 4,1% 9,5% 66,2% 33,8 80,0% 2,1% 17,9% 51,7% 3,1% 45,2 76,6% 6,1% 17,3% 59,7% 1,4% 38,9										
			Right bank			Left bank						
		Yes	No		Yes	No	I do not know					
Total		76,8%	4,9%	18,3%	58,9%	1,9%	39,2%					
	18-29 years	86,5%	4,1%	9,5%	66,2%		33,8%					
A 90	30-44 years	80,0%	2,1%	17,9%	51,7%	3,1%	45,2%					
	45-59 years	76,6%	6,1%	17,3%	59,7%	1,4%	38,9%					
	60 +	71,1%	6,0%	22,9%	58,8%	2,5%	38,7%					
Sex	Male	75,6%	5,3%	19,1%	46,6%	3,2%	50,2%					
Sex	Female	77,9%	4,5%	17,5%	64,2%	1,4%	34,4%					
	Low level	70,8%	6,2%	23,0%	62,1%	5,6%	32,3%					
Studies	Medium level	76,4%	4,7%	18,9%	59,1%		40,9%					
I	High level	85,1%	3,7%	11,2%	56,5%	3,3%	40,2%					
Environment	Urban	67,7%	7,1%	25,3%	47,2%	3,3%	49,6%					
Environment	Rural	78,5%	4,5%	17,0%	75,9%		24,1%					

Tabel 113. How do you appreciate the socio-economic level of development of localities from the other bank of Dniester river on the right bank?

							Regio	n					
				Right	bank					Left b	ank		
		Very high	High	Interme diate	Low	Very low	I do not know	Very high	High	Interme diate	Low	Very low	I do kn
Total		4,6%	34,7%	33,5%	12,5%	,5%	14,2%	,4%	9,1%	28,5%	38,4%	5,2%	18
	18-29 years	8,2%	40,0%	30,6%	9,4%		11,8%		8,8%	43,9%	36,4%	5,5%	ļ
1 1 00	30-44 years	4,3%	33,0%	35,1%	14,1%		13,5%		17,8%	29,7%	40,5%	9,3%	1
Age	45-59 years	3,0%	39,5%	34,6%	10,9%	,4%	11,7%		7,8%	23,9%	43,3%	1,7%	23
l	60 +	5,3%	29,4%	32,1%	14,1%	1,1%	17,9%	1,1%	5,7%	22,4%	35,3%	5,2%	30
Sex	Male	6,0%	33,1%	34,6%	15,7%	,3%	10,2%		10,8%	30,4%	36,7%	9,7%	12
Jex	Female	3,4%	36,2%	32,4%	9,6%	,7%	17,7%	,6%	8,3%	27,5%	39,3%	2,9%	2
	Low level	8,0%	27,8%	29,7%	7,1%	,9%	26,4%		6,0%	29,7%	32,4%	3,2%	28
Studies	Medium level	3,5%	34,8%	38,8%	13,1%	,5%	9,3%	,7%	7,0%	29,0%	37,9%	5,9%	19
	High level	3,2%	43,7%	24,1%	18,4%		10,8%		15,2%	27,0%	42,4%	4,8%	10
Environment	Urban	3,0%	46,5%	31,3%	12,1%		7,1%	,8%	7,1%	29,7%	44,8%	6,5%	1
Livitoninent	Rural	4,9%	33,0%	33,8%	12,6%	,6%	15,2%		11,3%	27,2%	31,5%	3,8%	20

Tabel 114. How do you appreciate the living conditions of families from the other bank of Dniester river?

							Region	1					
				Right	bank		J			Left b	ank		
		Very high	High	Interme	Low	Very low	I do not	Very	High	Interme	Low	Very	I do
		1 62 9 === 6==	8	diate	20	. 01	know	high		diate	20	low	kn
Total		4,6%	35,0%	32,8%	11,2%	1,3%	15,2%	,4%	2,9%	27,9%	40,9%	10,7%	17
	18-29 years	4,7%	40,0%	30,6%	9,4%		15,3%	2,1%		36,3%	45,1%	10,0%	
Age	30-44 years	4,3%	33,0%	34,6%	11,9%	1,1%	15,1%		8,1%	25,4%	38,2%	20,4%]
	45-59 years	4,9%	38,0%	35,7%	10,2%	1,1%	10,2%		2,1%	31,6%	36,6%	5,3%	24
1	60 +	4,6%	31,7%	29,4%	12,2%	1,9%	20,2%	·	2,3%	22,1%	42,8%	9,5%	23
Sex	Male	5,5%	33,3%	36,5%	12,9%	1,0%	10,8%	·	2,4%	26,7%	42,9%	14,0%	14
Sex	Female	3,8%	36,5%	29,5%	9,6%	1,4%	19,2%	,6%	3,2%	28,5%	39,8%	8,9%	19
	Low level	6,1%	27,4%	29,2%	7,5%	,9%	28,8%	·		40,8%	30,3%	8,4%	20
Studies	Medium level	3,7%	37,9%	35,7%	11,4%	1,2%	10,0%		,7%	27,8%	42,4%	10,9%	18
	High level	5,1%	37,3%	29,7%	15,2%	1,9%	10,8%	1,5%	8,7%	21,9%	42,9%	11,2%	13
Envisonment	Urban	8,1%	44,4%	26,3%	12,1%		9,1%	,8%	2,2%	27,1%	45,8%	13,6%	10
Environment	Rural	4,1%	33,6%	33,8%	11,0%	1,4%	16,0%		3,6%	28,7%	35,6%	7,6%	24

Tabel 115. Considering your locality, are those from the other bank of Dniester river more or less developed?

							Reg	ion					
				Right	bank					Left l	oank		
		More	More	Neither	Less	Much less	I do not	More	More	Neither	Less	Much less	I do not
		develope	develop	Nor	develop	develope	_	develope	develop	Nor	develop		_
		d /good	ed/good	Nor	ed / bad	d	know	d/good	ed/good	Nor	ed / bad	developed	know
Total		6,9%	38,3%	31,7%	9,0%	,3%	13,8%	1,8%	19,0%	30,1%	28,9%	5,2%	15,1%
	18-29 years	7,1%	37,6%	28,2%	10,6%		16,5%	2,7%	21,0%	45,0%	23,8%	6,2%	1,4%
Age	30-44 years	7,6%	34,6%	31,9%	11,9%	,5%	13,5%	4,2%	22,2%	34,7%	22,5%	10,6%	5,7%
	45-59 years	7,5%	44,0%	29,7%	9,0%		9,8%		13,1%	31,5%	33,2%	1,3%	20,9%
	60 +	5,7%	35,5%	34,7%	6,5%	,4%	17,2%	1,1%	20,0%	18,6%	32,1%	4,3%	23,8%
Sex	Male	8,4%	36,2%	36,0%	10,2%	,3%	8,9%	2,7%	12,4%	32,9%	32,3%	11,0%	8,8%
Sex	Female	5,5%	40,3%	27,8%	7,9%	,2%	18,2%	1,3%	22,5%	28,6%	27,1%	2,1%	18,4%
	Low level	8,5%	34,0%	32,5%	3,3%		21,7%		22,4%	28,5%	24,2%	7,3%	17,6%
Studies	Medium level	5,8%	40,7%	32,5%	10,5%	,5%	10,0%	1,8%	18,2%	29,2%	28,7%	5,2%	16,9%
<u> </u>	High level	7,6%	38,0%	28,5%	12,7%		13,3%	2,6%	19,0%	32,7%	31,5%	4,1%	10,2%
Environment	Urban	9,1%	47,5%	29,3%	7,1%		7,1%	2,2%	15,2%	35,1%	30,2%	7,4%	9,8%
	Rural	6,6%	37,1%	32,0%	9,3%	,3%	14,7%	1,3%	23,0%	24,7%	27,4%	2,8%	20,8%

Tabel 116. Considering your family, have the families from the other bank of Dniester river better or worse living conditions?

							Reg	ion					
				Right	bank					Left l	oank		
		More develope d/good	More develop ed/good	Neither Nor	Less develop ed/bad	Much less develope d	I do not know	More develope d/good	More develop ed /good	Neither Nor	Less develop ed/bad	Much less developed	I do not know
Total		6,8%	39,5%	30,2%	8,6%	,6%	14,3%	,4%	7,9%	28,0%	36,7%	7,7%	19,2%
	18-29 years	7,1%	34,1%	30,6%	9,4%		18,8%	2,1%	12,9%	24,0%	38,3%	9,6%	13,2%
Age	30-44 years	8,1%	38,9%	29,2%	8,6%	1,1%	14,1%		15,4%	30,0%	28,7%	12,6%	13,2%
	45-59 years	6,4%	45,9%	28,6%	9,4%	,4%	9,4%		1,8%	38,4%	31,9%	5,7%	22,1%
	60 +	6,1%	35,1%	32,4%	7,6%	,8%	17,9%		5,2%	22,5%	43,1%	5,4%	23,7%
Sex	Male	8,1%	37,0%	34,9%	10,2%	,5%	9,2%		3,7%	27,8%	39,3%	10,5%	18,7%
Jex	Female	5,5%	41,7%	25,9%	7,2%	,7%	18,9%	,6%	10,1%	28,2%	35,4%	6,3%	19,4%
	Low level	7,5%	33,5%	31,6%	3,3%	,9%	23,1%		4,7%	42,7%	26,7%	3,2%	22,7%
Studies	Medium level	6,3%	42,5%	30,4%	9,6%	,7%	10,5%		5,1%	25,5%	40,5%	10,0%	18,9%
<u> </u>	High level	7,0%	39,2%	27,8%	13,3%		12,7%	1,5%	15,4%	26,4%	33,6%	5,1%	18,0%
Environment	Urban	11,1%	42,4%	30,3%	9,1%		7,1%	,8%	7,9%	28,0%	38,8%	12,1%	12,4%
	Rural	6,2%	39,1%	30,2%	8,6%	,7%	15,3%		8,0%	28,1%	34,4%	3,0%	26,5%

Tabel 117. According to your opinion, on the other bank of Dniester river?

					Region: F	Right bank			
		L	ocal public authoritie	s work better		Ec	onomic agents are mo	re developed	
		Lagrag	Agreement and	Disagreeme	I do not	Lagrag	Agreement and	Disagreeme	I do no
		I agree	disagreement	nt	know	I agree	disagreement	nt	know
Total		23,4%	25,1%	8,4%	43,1%	27,1%	21,8%	8,1%	43,09
	18-29 years	23,5%	18,8%	9,4%	48,2%	28,2%	20,0%	9,4%	42,49
Age	30-44 years	29,7%	19,5%	10,8%	40,0%	30,8%	20,5%	10,8%	37,89
	45-59 years	25,2%	27,4%	8,3%	39,1%	28,9%	22,9%	6,8%	41,49
	60 +	17,2%	28,6%	6,5%	47,7%	22,1%	22,1%	7,3%	48,59
Car	Male	21,3%	28,6%	11,0%	39,1%	26,0%	24,9%	9,4%	39,69
Sex	Female	25,4%	21,8%	6,0%	46,8%	28,1%	18,9%	7,0%	46,09
	Low level	18,9%	24,1%	5,2%	51,9%	21,2%	19,3%	4,7%	54,79
Studies	Medium level	24,3%	25,9%	9,1%	40,7%	28,7%	22,4%	9,1%	39,79
	High level	27,2%	24,1%	10,8%	38,0%	30,4%	23,4%	10,1%	36,19
Environment	Urban	36,4%	20,2%	4,0%	39,4%	35,4%	23,2%	3,0%	38,49
Environment	Rural	21,6%	25,8%	9,0%	43,6%	25,9%	21,6%	8,9%	43,69

Tabel 118. According to your opinion, on the other bank of Dniester river?

					Region: I	Right bank			
		The pop	ulation is more unite	d, more coope	rative	The centra	al authorities finance development pr		nunity
		I agree	Agreement and disagreement	Disagreeme nt	I do not know	I agree	Agreement and disagreement	Disagreeme nt	I do no know
Total		37,8%	22,9%	8,5%	30,7%	21,8%	17,3%	12,5%	48,49
	18-29 years	50,6%	16,5%	4,7%	28,2%	32,9%	11,8%	11,8%	43,59
A 00	30-44 years	40,0%	18,4%	10,3%	31,4%	22,7%	15,7%	14,6%	47,09
Age	45-59 years	39,8%	24,8%	10,5%	24,8%	23,7%	19,2%	12,0%	45,19
	60 +	30,2%	26,3%	6,5%	37,0%	15,6%	18,3%	11,8%	54,29
Cov	Male	39,4%	22,8%	11,8%	26,0%	20,5%	18,1%	16,0%	45,49
Sex	Female	36,5%	23,0%	5,5%	35,0%	23,0%	16,5%	9,4%	51,19
	Low level	29,2%	24,1%	4,7%	42,0%	20,3%	17,9%	4,7%	57,19
Studies	Medium level	39,0%	23,1%	10,3%	27,6%	20,6%	18,0%	14,5%	47,09
	High level	46,2%	20,9%	8,9%	24,1%	27,2%	14,6%	17,7%	40,59
Environment	Urban	51,5%	18,2%	4,0%	26,3%	21,2%	11,1%	19,2%	48,59
Environment	Rural	35,9%	23,6%	9,2%	31,3%	21,9%	18,2%	11,6%	48,49

Tabel 119. According to your opinion, on the other bank of Dniester river?

			Region Right bank		
		In localities from	there, international organizations	finance more the co	ommunity
			development projects		
		I agree	Agreement and disagreement	Disagreement	I do not know
Total		21,1%	15,5%	11,4%	52,0%
	18-29 years	30,6%	9,4%	10,6%	49,4%
A 000	30-44 years	22,2%	13,0%	15,1%	49,7%
Age	45-59 years	22,2%	16,5%	11,7%	49,6%
	60 +	16,0%	18,3%	8,8%	56,9%
Sex	Male	20,5%	16,0%	13,9%	49,6%
Sex	Female	21,6%	15,1%	9,1%	54,2%
	Low level	17,9%	16,5%	4,2%	61,3%
Studies	Medium level	18,5%	16,4%	13,6%	51,6%
	High level	32,3%	12,0%	15,2%	40,5%
Environment	Urban	27,3%	12,1%	16,2%	44,4%
Environment	Rural	20,2%	16,0%	10,7%	53,1%

Tabel 120. Have you ever been in any locality from the other bank of Dniester river?

			Region		
		Right ban	k	Left bank	(
		Yes	No	Yes	No
Total		80,1%	19,9%	79,6%	20,4%
	18-29 years	81,2%	18,8%	88,6%	11,4%
A	30-44 years	81,6%	18,4%	83,7%	16,3%
Age	45-59 years	84,2%	15,8%	81,3%	18,7%
Age	60 +	74,4%	25,6%	71,3%	28,7%
C	Male	86,1%	13,9%	82,4%	17,6%
Sex	Female	74,6%	25,4%	78,1%	21,9%
	Low level	66,5%	33,5%	69,0%	31,0%
Studies	Medium level	84,3%	15,7%	79,4%	20,6%
	High level	86,7%	13,3%	84,9%	15,1%
F	Urban	91,9%	8,1%	82,6%	17,4%
Environment	Rural	78,4%	21,6%	76,3%	23,7%

Tabel 121. How often do you visit the other bank of Dniester river?

			Region												
					Right bank							Left bank			
		At least once a week	Severa l times per month	Once a month	Once or a few times to 3 months	Once or few times to 6 month s	Once or a few times a year	Less than once a year	At least once a week	Severa l times per month	Once a month	Once or a few times to 3 months	Once or few times to 6 month s	Once or a few times a year	Less than once a year
Total		12,1%	13,5%	13,6%	10,0%	7,2%	17,7%	26,0%	4,0%	8,6%	5,1%	5,1%	12,9%	20,3%	44,1%
	18-29 years	15,9%	15,9%	17,4%	10,1%	5,8%	18,8%	15,9%	5,4%	25,4%	6,4%	2,8%	19,6%	13,7%	26,7%
Ago	30-44 years	17,2%	15,2%	16,6%	9,9%	9,3%	16,6%	15,2%	2,5%	3,9%	2,6%	8,8%	26,2%	25,0%	30,9%
Age	45-59 years	10,3%	14,3%	12,5%	9,8%	5,4%	18,3%	29,5%		3,4%	5,2%	6,4%	7,0%	22,6%	55,4%
	60 +	8,7%	10,3%	11,3%	10,3%	8,2%	17,4%	33,8%	6,9%	3,7%	5,7%	3,4%	4,6%	20,1%	55,6%
Sex	Male	16,5%	14,3%	13,1%	10,4%	6,7%	19,2%	19,8%	2,9%	5,3%	5,3%	5,8%	11,1%	26,5%	43,1%
Jex	Female	7,4%	12,5%	14,1%	9,6%	7,7%	16,1%	32,5%	4,6%	10,4%	5,0%	4,7%	13,9%	16,8%	44,6%
	Low level	7,8%	8,5%	14,2%	10,6%	6,4%	14,9%	37,6%		5,9%	14,7%	3,3%	8,5%	8,6%	59,1%
Studies	Medium level	12,7%	15,0%	12,2%	10,5%	8,0%	19,1%	22,4%	3,9%	7,9%	2,2%	5,3%	12,6%	20,5%	47,6%
-	High level	14,6%	14,6%	16,8%	8,0%	5,8%	16,8%	23,4%	5,8%	10,8%	7,0%	5,3%	15,3%	24,2%	31,5%
Environment	Urban	9,9%	14,3%	13,2%	9,9%	6,6%	24,2%	22,0%	3,0%	10,0%	5,0%	5,7%	11,7%	22,1%	42,4%
Environment	Rural	12,4%	13,3%	13,7%	10,0%	7,3%	16,6%	26,6%	5,2%	6,9%	5,2%	4,3%	14,4%	18,1%	46,0%

Tabel 122. What was the scope of your visit, or had you been in any locality from the other bank of Dniester river?

									F	Region								
					Righ	t bank								Left ba	nk			
		In visit	At leisure / tourism	Shopping (shop)	Shopping at markrt	At work / service purposes	At the hospital	Transit	Something else	I do not know	In visit	At leisure / tourism	Shopping (shop)	Shopping at markrt	At work / service purposes	To study	At the hospital	I do not know
Total		55,2%	3,1%	24,9%	41,3%	7,7%	4,1%	1,3%	1,8%	2,3%	48,6%	2,7%	6,9%	9,8%	7,9%	1,3%	22,1%	0,7%
	18-29 years	62,3%	7,2%	33,3%	40,6%	11,6%	4,3%		1,4%	2,9%	51,9%	3,0%	12,6%	6,3%	8,1%	1,7%	16,3%	
A 90	30-44 years	55,0%	6,0%	27,2%	35,1%	13,9%	4,0%	1,3%	2,0%	2,0%	44,3%	5,5%	6,1%	10,5%	13,0%	1,7%	18,9%	
Age	45-59 years	56,3%	1,8%	20,1%	46,0%	7,6%	4,0%	0,4%	1,2%	3,1%	61,0%	3,7%	4,4%	10,5%	3,8%	2,2%	13,7%	0,6%
	60 +	51,8%	1,0%	25,6%	41,0%	1,5%	4,1%	2,6%	2,0%	1,5%	39,9%		5,3%	11,3%	7,8%		34,2%	1,6%
Sex	Male	56,4%	4,0%	23,5%	39,0%	11,6%	2,7%	1,2%	2,7%	2,7%	51,9%	5,0%	5,0%	6,4%	9,4%	0,4%	21,4%	0,4%
Sex	Female	54,0%	2,3%	26,4%	43,7%	3,5%	5,5%	1,3%	0,6%	1,9%	46,8%	1,4%	7,9%	11,7%	7,1%	1,7%	22,5%	0,8%
	Low level	46,1%	1,4%	24,8%	41,1%	5,7%	3,5%	2,8%	1,4%	2,8%	34,8%		5,5%	34,4%	1,3%		24,0%	
Studies	Medium level	57,1%	2,5%	23,3%	40,7%	7,8%	3,6%	1,1%	1,4%	2,8%	51,1%	2,4%	6,3%	9,1%	4,2%	0,7%	25,3%	0,9%
	High level	59,9%	6,6%	29,2%	43,1%	9,5%	5,8%		2,8%	0,7%	49,2%	4,3%	8,7%	1,7%	17,6%	2,9%	15,1%	0,5%
Environm	Urban	63,7%	4,4%	23,1%	42,9%	6,6%	1,1%		2,2%	2,2%	42,1%	5,0%	9,7%	2,1%	11,9%	2,1%	26,2%	1,0%
ent	Rural	53,8%	2,9%	25,2%	41,1%	7,8%	4,6%	1,5%	1,7%	2,4%	56,2%		3,7%	18,8%	3,3%	0,3%	17,3%	0,3%

Tabel 123. Do you have any ..., on the other bank of Dniester river with whom you communicate or keep in touch?

	Relatives						Frie	nds			school	mates	
			Reg	ion			Reg	ion			Reg	ion	
		Right	bank	Left b	ank	Right	bank	Left b	ank	Right l	bank	Left b	ank
		Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Total		54,8%	45,2%	45,8%	54,2%	39,8%	60,2%	35,9%	64,1%	11,2%	88,8%	11,5%	88,5%
	18-29 years	56,5%	43,5%	52,7%	47,3%	47,1%	52,9%	43,9%	56,1%	10,6%	89,4%	17,0%	83,0%
Age	30-44 years	61,1%	38,9%	49,9%	50,1%	45,4%	54,6%	43,0%	57,0%	16,2%	83,8%	12,7%	87,3%
	45-59 years	53,8%	46,2%	58,5%	41,5%	42,9%	57,1%	25,8%	74,2%	12,8%	87,2%	13,1%	86,9%
	60 +	50,8%	49,2%	31,7%	68,3%	30,5%	69,5%	34,4%	65,6%	6,1%	93,9%	6,8%	93,2%
Sex	Male	59,6%	40,4%	46,4%	53,6%	50,4%	49,6%	36,4%	63,6%	13,6%	86,4%	15,1%	84,9%
Sex	Female	50,4%	49,6%	45,6%	54,4%	30,2%	69,8%	35,7%	64,3%	8,9%	91,1%	9,6%	90,4%
	Low level	43,9%	56,1%	34,8%	65,2%	24,5%	75,5%	22,2%	77,8%	4,2%	95,8%	2,1%	97,9%
Studies	Medium level	57,9%	42,1%	46,3%	53,7%	43,7%	56,3%	30,9%	69,1%	10,5%	89,5%	9,3%	90,7%
	High level	60,8%	39,2%	50,1%	49,9%	50,0%	50,0%	52,9%	47,1%	22,2%	77,8%	20,6%	79,4%
Envisonment	Urban	63,6%	36,4%	43,9%	56,1%	49,5%	50,5%	29,5%	70,5%	18,2%	81,8%	11,6%	88,4%
Environment -	Rural	53,5%	46,5%	47,9%	52,1%	38,5%	61,5%	42,8%	57,2%	10,2%	89,8%	11,4%	88,6%

Tabel 124. Do you have any ..., on the other bank of Dniester river with whom you communicate or keep in touch?

				Acquair	ntances			Parti	ners				
			Reg	ion			Reg	ion			Reg	ion	
		Right	bank	Left l	oank	Right	bank	Left b	ank	Right	bank	Left b	ank
		Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Total		15,4%	84,6%	10,8%	89,2%	35,0%	65,0%	25,4%	74,6%	4,0%	96,0%	4,4%	95,6%
	18-29 years	14,1%	85,9%	12,5%	87,5%	45,9%	54,1%	36,5%	63,5%	2,4%	97,6%	8,3%	91,7%
Age	30-44 years	19,5%	80,5%	14,6%	85,4%	38,4%	61,6%	29,4%	70,6%	8,1%	91,9%	7,1%	92,9%
	45-59 years	18,0%	82,0%	5,6%	94,4%	33,8%	66,2%	27,1%	72,9%	3,8%	96,2%	4,7%	95,3%
	60 +	10,3%	89,7%	11,4%	88,6%	30,2%	69,8%	16,2%	83,8%	1,9%	98,1%	,8%	99,2%
Sex	Male	22,3%	77,7%	18,4%	81,6%	42,3%	57,7%	24,6%	75,4%	6,6%	93,4%	7,6%	92,4%
Sex	Female	9,1%	90,9%	6,9%	93,1%	28,3%	71,7%	25,8%	74,2%	1,7%	98,3%	2,8%	97,2%
	Low level	8,0%	92,0%	,9%	99,1%	20,3%	79,7%	15,4%	84,6%	,5%	99,5%		100,0%
Studies	Medium level	16,8%	83,2%	6,3%	93,7%	37,1%	62,9%	21,9%	78,1%	4,7%	95,3%	1,9%	98,1%
	High level	21,5%	78,5%	25,0%	75,0%	48,7%	51,3%	37,4%	62,6%	7,0%	93,0%	11,9%	88,1%
Envisonment	Urban	28,3%	71,7%	14,3%	85,7%	55,6%	44,4%	33,4%	66,6%	5,1%	94,9%	4,7%	95,3%
Environment -	Rural	13,6%	86,4%	7,1%	92,9%	32,0%	68,0%	16,9%	83,1%	3,9%	96,1%	4,1%	95,9%

Tabel 125. How do you communicate with the relatives?

							Region					
				Right ba	nk				Lef	t bank		
		Telepho ne	Internet	Letters	Meeting s	Another way	Telepho ne	Internet	Letters	Meeting s	Another way	
Total		64,1%	18,8%		61,8%	3,0%	69,2%	53,2%	10,3%	12,6%	25,5%	
	18-29 years	66,7%	47,9%		41,7%	2,1%	84,7%	68,4%	15,1%	15,3%	19,2%	
A	30-44 years	77,0%	27,4%		51,3%	2,7%	55,4%	50,7%	10,4%	16,1%	34,0%	
Age	45-59 years	61,5%	14,0%		67,1%	2,8%	87,1%	32,3%	4,6%	5,0%	24,2%	
	60 +	54,9%	6,0%		72,2%	3,8%	57,5%	60,6%	11,4%	13,9%	24,0%	
Carr	Male	61,7%	15,9%		64,8%	3,1%	68,5%	50,7%	18,5%	23,6%	27,4%	
Sex	Female	66,7%	21,9%		58,6%	2,9%	69,5%	54,4%	6,0%	6,9%	24,6%	
	Low level	57,0%	12,9%		67,7%	3,2%	67,0%	48,6%	5,3%		21,6%	
Studies	Medium level	65,7%	14,1%		64,5%	3,2%	76,6%	42,9%	5,3%	7,5%	20,6%	
	High level	66,7%	36,5%		49,0%	2,1%	58,5%	70,1%	19,4%	24,1%	34,2%	
Envisorment	Urban	50,8%	23,8%		65,1%	7,9%	70,0%	43,2%	6,5%	12,0%	28,8%	
Environment	Rural	66,3%	17,9%		61,2%	2,1%	68,3%	63,3%	14,2%	13,4%	22,2%	

Tabel 126. How do you communicate with the friends?

							Region					
				Right ba	nk				Lef	t bank		
		Telepho	Internet	Letters	Meeting	Another	Telepho	Internet	Letters	Meeting	Another	
	1	ne			S	way	ne			S	way	
Total		60,4%	16,4%	,3%	68,6%	2,5%	66,7%	52,4%	15,0%	22,5%	42,9%	
	18-29 years	72,5%	37,5%		55,0%		57,1%	53,4%	6,1%	21,0%	48,2%	
Age	30-44 years	64,3%	27,4%		58,3%	3,6%	53,6%	52,7%	18,4%	27,4%	48,6%	
	45-59 years	59,6%	10,5%	,9%	72,8%	1,8%	93,3%	45,8%	28,3%	20,7%	41,8%	
	60 +	51,3%	2,5%		80,0%	3,8%	67,0%	59,1%	9,0%	21,2%	26,3%	
Sex	Male	59,4%	15,1%	,5%	67,7%	3,1%	53,3%	51,1%	19,9%	38,4%	35,0%	
Sex	Female	61,9%	18,3%		69,8%	1,6%	70,8%	52,9%	13,5%	17,6%	45,3%	
	Low level	50,0%	15,4%		65,4%	3,8%	100,0%					
Studies	Medium level	59,9%	13,9%		70,6%	2,1%	63,9%	53,1%	11,9%	19,0%	40,1%	
——	High level	68,4%	22,8%	1,3%	65,8%	2,5%	67,4%	56,6%	21,0%	29,9%	51,0%	
Environment	Urban	49,0%	12,2%		75,5%	8,2%	60,5%	61,5%	15,1%	25,7%	54,3%	
Environment	Rural	62,5%	17,1%	,4%	67,3%	1,5%	80,6%	32,2%	14,8%	15,5%	17,3%	•

Tabel 127. How do you communicate with the school mates?

							Region					
				Right ba	ınk				Lef	t bank		
		Telepho	Internet	Letters	Meeting	Another	Telepho	Internet	Letters	Meeting	Another	
		ne	Internet	Letters	s	way	ne	internet	Letters	s	way	
Total		55,1%	14,6%		69,7%	2,2%	58,1%			100,0%		
	18-29 years	66,7%	33,3%		66,7%							
	30-44 years	50,0%	23,3%		63,3%	6,7%	58,1%			100,0%		
Age	45-59 years	58,8%	8,8%		70,6%							
	60 +	50,0%			81,3%							
Cov	Male	55,8%	11,5%		71,2%	1,9%						
Sex	Female	54,1%	18,9%		67,6%	2,7%	58,1%			100,0%		
	Low level	77,8%	11,1%		33,3%	11,1%						
Studies	Medium level	51,1%	8,9%		77,8%							
	High level	54,3%	22,9%		68,6%	2,9%	58,1%			100,0%		
Envisonment	Urban	44,4%	11,1%		83,3%		58,1%			100,0%		
Environment	Rural	57,7%	15,5%		66,2%	2,8%						

Tabel 128. How do you communicate with the work colleagues?

							Region					
				Right ba	ınk				Lef	t bank		
		Telepho ne	Internet	Letters	Meeting s	Another way	Telepho ne	Internet	Letters	Meeting s	Another way	
Total		58,5%	13,8%		70,7%	1,6%	70,4%	49,2%	10,3%	21,0%	29,2%	
	18-29 years	83,3%	41,7%		33,3%	•	68,7%	67,8%	1,8%	27,9%	29,6%	
Δαο	30-44 years	66,7%	19,4%		72,2%		57,2%	39,0%	19,3%	31,9%	19,2%	
Age	45-59 years	52,1%	8,3%		72,9%	4,2%	78,0%	45,2%	11,8%	8,7%	38,9%	
	60 +	48,1%	3,7%		81,5%		72,5%	48,6%	7,7%	22,2%	25,4%	
Sex	Male	61,2%	11,8%		70,6%	1,2%	73,6%	55,9%	6,0%	24,0%	23,4%	
Sex	Female	52,6%	18,4%		71,1%	2,6%	68,0%	44,3%	13,4%	18,8%	33,5%	
	Low level	35,3%	23,5%		70,6%		84,1%	51,0%	8,1%	3,6%	39,2%	
Studies	Medium level	62,5%	8,3%		73,6%	1,4%	72,3%	50,1%	4,3%	12,8%	25,9%	
	High level	61,8%	20,6%		64,7%	2,9%	64,3%	47,6%	19,2%	36,8%	31,4%	
Environment	Urban	46,4%	10,7%		89,3%		54,2%	52,9%	13,8%	33,5%	45,8%	
Environment	Rural	62,1%	14,7%		65,3%	2,1%	85,8%	45,7%	6,9%	9,1%	13,3%	

Tabel 129. How do you communicate with the acquaintances?

							Region					
				Right ba	nk				Lef	t bank		
		Telepho	Intonest	Letters	Meeting	Another	Telepho	Intonost	Lattere	Meeting	Another	
		ne	Internet	Letters	s	way	ne	Internet	Letters	s	way	6
Total		53,0%	19,0%		68,1%	3,6%	100,0%	100,0%				
	18-29 years	48,7%	56,4%		59,0%		100,0%	100,0%				
A 000	30-44 years	63,4%	22,5%		60,6%	1,4%						
	45-59 years	53,3%	14,4%		70,0%	1,1%						
	60 +	45,6%	2,5%		77,2%	10,1%						
Con	Male	54,0%	17,4%		67,7%	3,7%						
Sex	Female	51,7%	21,2%		68,6%	3,4%	100,0%	100,0%				
	Low level	53,5%	16,3%		65,1%							
Studies	Medium level	49,7%	15,1%		71,1%	3,8%						
	High level	59,7%	28,6%		63,6%	5,2%	100,0%	100,0%				
Environment	Urban	40,0%	18,2%		67,3%	9,1%						
Environment	Rural	56,3%	19,2%		68,3%	2,2%	100,0%	100,0%				_

Tabel 130. How do you communicate with the partners?

			Re	egion: Righ	nt bank	
		Telepho	Internet	Letters	Meeting	Another
		ne	2110022100	200015	s	way
Total		43,8%	15,6%		78,1%	
	18-29 years	50,0%			100,0%	
Age	30-44 years	60,0%	20,0%		66,7%	
	45-59 years	40,0%	20,0%		80,0%	
	60 +				100,0%	
C	Male	40,0%	20,0%		80,0%	
Sex	Female	57,1%			71,4%	
	Low level				100,0%	
Studies	Medium level	45,0%	10,0%		75,0%	
	High level	45,5%	27,3%		81,8%	
Environment -	Urban	80,0%			100,0%	
	Rural	37,0%	18,5%		74,1%	

Tabel 131. Would you like to have more friends, acquaintances from the other bank of Dniester river?

		Reg	gion: Right bank	
		Yes	Yes	Yes
Total		63,3%	33,2%	3,5%
	18-29 years	72,9%	24,7%	2,4%
A 00	30-44 years	70,3%	28,6%	1,1%
Age	45-59 years	66,9%	28,6%	4,5%
	60 +	51,5%	43,9%	4,6%
Sex	Male	68,5%	27,0%	4,5%
Sex	Female	58,5%	38,8%	2,6%
	Low level	55,7%	42,0%	2,4%
Studies	Medium level	65,0%	30,8%	4,2%
	High level	69,0%	27,8%	3,2%
Environment	Urban	60,6%	34,3%	5,1%
Environment	Rural	63,7%	33,0%	3,3%

Tabel 132. From what do you know, do the local public authorities from your locality collaborate with those from the other bank of Dniester river?

		Re	21,6% 32,1% 46, 16,5% 30,6% 52, 18,9% 30,3% 50, 25,9% 33,8% 40, 20,6% 32,1% 47, 25,7% 33,9% 40, 17,7% 30,5% 51, 16,0% 29,2% 54,			
		Yes	No	I do not know		
Total		21,6%	32,1%	46,4%		
	18-29 years	16,5%	30,6%	52,9%		
A	30-44 years	18,9%	30,3%	50,8%		
Age	45-59 years	25,9%	33,8%	40,2%		
	60 +	20,6%	32,1%	47,3%		
Sex	Male	25,7%	33,9%	40,4%		
Sex	Female	17,7%	30,5%	51,8%		
	Low level	16,0%	29,2%	54,7%		
Studies	Medium level	21,5%	29,9%	48,6%		
	High level	29,1%	41,8%	29,1%		
Environment	Urban	23,2%	29,3%	47,5%		
Environment	Rural	21,3%	32,5%	46,2%		

Tabel 133. How does the LPA from your locality collaborate with that from the other bank of Dniester river?

			R	egion: Right ban	k		
		Exchange of experience	Joint community development projects	To maintain peace	Free Migration	Anything else	I do not know
Total		43,0%	48,3%	1,7%	4,7%	2,40%	11,6%
	18-29 years	50,0%	35,7%	7,1%			14,3%
Ago	30-44 years	54,3%	42,9%	2,9%	11,4%		2,9%
Age	45-59 years	36,2%	55,1%	1,4%	2,9%	1,40%	15,9%
	60 +	42,6%	46,3%		3,7%	5,70%	11,1%
Sex	Male	46,9%	42,9%	2,0%	3,1%	2,00%	14,3%
Sex	Female	37,8%	55,4%	1,4%	6,8%	2,80%	8,1%
	Low level	32,4%	52,9%	2,9%	2,9%		14,7%
Studies	Medium level	44,6%	44,6%	2,2%	4,3%	2,20%	10,9%
	High level	47,8%	52,2%		6,5%	4,40%	10,9%
Environment	Urban	39,1%	56,5%				8,7%
Environment	Rural	43,6%	47,0%	2,0%	5,4%	2,80%	12,1%

Tabel 134. How do you think, why the LPA from your locality does not collaborate with that from the other bank of Dniester river?

				Region: Rig	ht bank			
Total		The rejection of any cooperation by the authorities on the other side of the Dniester	The existence of checkpoints and customs barriers	Lack of financial resources within the town halls	The lack of free movement of persons and goods between the two banks of the Dniester	Political unsettlem ent of the conflict	Anything else	I do not know
Total		5,6%	12,1%	13,4%	7,0%	28,6%	2,9%	46,3%
	18-29 years	2,8%	9,9%	15,5%	1,4%	21,1%	1,4%	52,1%
Age 30 45 60 Sex M Fe Studies M H: Environment	30-44 years	6,0%	8,0%	11,3%	8,0%	28,7%	5,3%	44,7%
	45-59 years	2,5%	14,2%	16,2%	8,1%	26,9%	3,6%	49,2%
	60 +	9,1%	13,9%	11,5%	7,2%	32,7%	1,0%	42,8%
Cov	Male	6,7%	14,5%	15,2%	5,7%	32,5%	2,6%	41,3%
Sex	Female	4,7%	10,2%	12,0%	8,2%	25,4%	3,2%	50,4%
	Low level	5,6%	7,9%	15,2%	6,2%	24,2%	1,1%	53,4%
Studies	Medium level	5,4%	15,2%	14,3%	8,0%	28,0%	2,4%	46,4%
	High level	6,3%	9,8%	8,0%	5,4%	37,5%	7,2%	34,8%
Envisorment	Urban		6,6%	13,2%	1,3%	28,9%	13,1%	39,5%
Environment	Rural	6,4%	12,9%	13,5%	7,8%	28,5%	1,5%	47,3%

Tabel 135. Would you like the local public authorities from your locality to collaborate or to have a closer collaboration with the authorities from the other bank of Dniester river?

		Reg	gion: Right ba	nk
		Yes	No	I do not know
Total		81,0%	5,0%	14,0%
	18-29 years	84,7%	3,5%	11,8%
Acc	30-44 years	83,8%	5,9%	10,3%
Age	45-59 years	84,2%	4,9%	10,9%
	60 +	74,4%	5,0%	20,6%
Sex	Male	86,1%	4,5%	9,4%
Sex	Female	76,3%	5,5%	18,2%
	Low level	70,3%	6,1%	23,6%
Studies	Medium level	83,9%	4,4%	11,7%
	High level	87,3%	5,1%	7,6%
Envisonment	Urban	83,8%	6,1%	10,1%
Environment	Rural	80,5%	4,9%	14,6%

Tabel 136. Would you like the LPA from your locality to collaborate with those from the other bank of Dniester river in the future?

			R	egion: Right ban	k		
		Exchange of experience	Joint community development projects	To maintain peace	Free Migration	Anything else	I do not know
Total		31,8%	65,7%	,9%	,5%	0,60%	16,8%
	18-29 years	23,5%	76,5%				16,5%
Acc	30-44 years	35,1%	73,5%	,5%	,5%		11,9%
Age	45-59 years	33,8%	66,5%	1,5%	,8%	0,40%	15,8%
	60 +	30,2%	55,7%	,8%	,4%	1,20%	21,4%
Sex	Male	33,9%	69,0%	,3%	,8%	0,50%	12,1%
Sex	Female	30,0%	62,6%	1,4%	,2%	0,50%	21,1%
	Low level	25,0%	53,3%	1,4%	,5%	1,40%	27,4%
Studies	Medium level	34,1%	66,4%	,7%	,7%	0,20%	14,3%
	High level	34,8%	80,4%	,6%			9,5%
Environment	Urban	31,3%	75,8%	1,0%			13,1%
Environment	Rural	31,9%	64,2%	,9%	,6%	0,60%	17,3%

Tabel 137. Is there in your locality a ... which collaborates with the authorities or population from the localities of the other bank of Dniester river?

				NG	Os					Business	People			
				Regi	ion			Region						
]	Right bank			Left bank			Right ban	k	Left bank			
		Yes	No	I do not know	Yes	No	I do not know	Yes	No	I do not know	Yes	No	I do kno	
Total		11,7%	65,8%	22,6%	16,4%	83,6%		33,1%	49,0%	17,9%	29,2%	70,8%		
A	18-29 years	20,0%	55,3%	24,7%	21,2%	78,8%		37,6%	43,5%	18,8%	43,0%	57,0%		
	30-44 years	14,6%	59,5%	25,9%	29,0%	71,0%		35,1%	43,2%	21,6%	26,2%	73,8%		
Age	45-59 years	11,3%	71,4%	17,3%	17,0%	83,0%		34,6%	51,1%	14,3%	31,4%	68,6%		
	60 +	7,3%	67,9%	24,8%	7,0%	93,0%		28,6%	52,7%	18,7%	21,8%	78,2%		
Sex	Male	13,1%	68,0%	18,9%	18,5%	81,5%		37,0%	49,3%	13,6%	39,2%	60,8%		
Sex	Female	10,3%	63,8%	25,9%	15,4%	84,6%		29,5%	48,7%	21,8%	24,0%	76,0%		
	Low level	6,1%	70,3%	23,6%	7,8%	92,2%		25,9%	53,3%	20,8%	31,5%	68,5%		
Studies	Medium level	9,1%	66,6%	24,3%	13,0%	87,0%		32,9%	48,6%	18,5%	29,3%	70,7%		
	High level	25,9%	57,6%	16,5%	27,8%	72,2%		43,0%	44,3%	12,7%	28,1%	71,9%		
Environment	Urban	13,1%	55,6%	31,3%	19,7%	80,3%		42,4%	33,3%	24,2%	34,0%	66,0%		
Environment	Rural	11,4%	67,2%	21,3%	13,0%	87,0%		31,8%	51,2%	17,0%	24,1%	75,9%		

Tabel 138. Is there in your locality a ... which collaborates with the authorities or population from the localities of the other bank of Dniester river?

			Public P	ersons (LPA	A Officials,	priest)				Commor	n people			
				Regi	ion			Region						
		F	Right bank		<u> </u>	Left bank	_		Right ban	k		Left bank		
		Yes	No	I do not know	Yes	No	I do not know	Yes	No	I do not know	Yes	No	I do kno	
Total		28,2%	53,0%	18,8%	24,5%	75,5%		44,5%	42,0%	13,5%	58,3%	41,7%		
	18-29 years	34,1%	48,2%	17,6%	29,6%	70,4%		51,8%	36,5%	11,8%	68,5%	31,5%		
A 20	30-44 years	28,1%	47,0%	24,9%	12,2%	87,8%		43,8%	39,5%	16,8%	53,9%	46,1%		
Age	45-59 years	29,7%	55,3%	15,0%	30,0%	70,0%		45,1%	43,6%	11,3%	55,8%	44,2%		
	60 +	24,8%	56,5%	18,7%	24,4%	75,6%		42,0%	43,9%	14,1%	56,6%	43,4%		
Sex	Male	31,0%	53,8%	15,2%	24,7%	75,3%		48,0%	41,5%	10,5%	55,5%	44,5%		
Sex	Female	25,7%	52,3%	22,1%	24,4%	75,6%		41,2%	42,4%	16,3%	59,8%	40,2%		
	Low level	24,1%	54,7%	21,2%	24,4%	75,6%		38,7%	44,8%	16,5%	56,7%	43,3%		
Studies	Medium level	26,9%	54,0%	19,2%	25,5%	74,5%		46,7%	40,7%	12,6%	57,1%	42,9%		
	High level	37,3%	48,1%	14,6%	22,4%	77,6%		46,2%	41,8%	12,0%	61,6%	38,4%		
Environment	Urban	34,3%	41,4%	24,2%	28,5%	71,5%		52,5%	30,3%	17,2%	52,3%	47,7%		
Environment	Rural	27,3%	54,6%	18,0%	20,2%	79,8%		43,3%	43,6%	13,0%	64,8%	35,2%		

Tabel 139. Is there in your locality a ... which collaborates with the authorities or population from the localities of the other bank of Dniester river?

			Teachers	
			Right bank	
		Yes	No	I do not know
Total		29,4%	52,8%	17,8%
	18-29 years	36,5%	45,9%	17,6%
A	30-44 years	30,3%	48,6%	21,1%
Age	45-59 years	31,6%	53,4%	15,0%
	60 +	24,4%	57,3%	18,3%
Sex	Male	31,0%	54,9%	14,2%
Sex	Female	28,1%	50,8%	21,1%
	Low level	22,6%	57,1%	20,3%
Studies	Medium level	29,2%	53,0%	17,8%
Studies	High level	39,2%	46,2%	14,6%
Environment	Urban	35,4%	42,4%	22,2%
Environment	Rural	28,6%	54,2%	17,2%

Tabel 140. How would you appreciate the interpersonal relationships between you and your neighbors from the other bank of Dniester river in 2011?

			Region												
		Right bank							Left bank						
		Very good	Good	Satisfact ory	Bad	Very bad	It is difficult to answer	Very good	Good	Satisfact ory	Bad	Very bad	It is difficult to answer		
Total		7,1%	49,7%	26,9%	3,6%	,6%	11,9%	8,8%	56,7%	20,6%	4,8%	2,0%	7,0%		
	18-29 years	3,5%	52,9%	29,4%	2,4%		11,8%	10,0%	46,5%	22,5%	10,7%	3,6%	6,8%		
A	30-44 years	10,8%	51,4%	20,0%	6,5%	1,1%	10,3%	10,1%	50,5%	31,2%	2,9%		5,3%		
Age	45-59 years	7,1%	53,4%	28,2%	2,6%	,4%	8,3%	10,6%	66,4%	15,5%	1,7%	1,2%	4,7%		
	60 +	5,7%	43,9%	29,8%	3,1%	,8%	16,8%	6,4%	59,3%	17,5%	4,4%	2,8%	9,6%		
Sex	Male	8,1%	47,5%	28,6%	5,5%	,5%	9,7%	6,5%	63,8%	15,6%	4,1%	2,7%	7,3%		
Sex	Female	6,2%	51,8%	25,4%	1,9%	,7%	13,9%	10,1%	53,0%	23,2%	5,1%	1,7%	6,9%		
	Low level	4,2%	41,0%	29,7%	3,8%	,5%	20,8%	12,8%	56,1%	19,7%		3,8%	7,6%		
Studies	Medium level	8,6%	51,2%	27,1%	3,0%	,9%	9,1%	8,1%	57,0%	21,2%	4,5%	2,1%	7,1%		
	High level	7,0%	57,6%	22,8%	5,1%		7,6%	8,4%	56,4%	20,0%	7,5%	1,0%	6,7%		
Environment	Urban	3,0%	62,6%	29,3%	2,0%		3,0%	8,7%	45,3%	27,9%	6,8%	1,9%	9,3%		
Livironment	Rural	7,7%	47,9%	26,6%	3,9%	,7%	13,2%	9,0%	68,9%	12,8%	2,6%	2,1%	4,6%		

Tabel 141. How would you appreciate the interpersonal relationships between you and your neighbors from the other bank of Dniester river in 2014?

			Region												
		Right bank							Left bank						
		Very good	Good	Satisfact ory	Bad	Very bad	It is difficult to answer	Very good	Good	Satisfact ory	Bad	Very bad	It is difficult to answer		
Total		4,6%	43,4%	30,1%	8,8%	1,0%	12,2%	10,9%	60,1%	17,2%	4,2%	2,1%	5,4%		
	18-29 years	1,2%	41,2%	37,6%	9,4%		10,6%	10,0%	56,7%	19,9%	3,6%	5,1%	4,7%		
A ===	30-44 years	6,5%	44,9%	25,9%	11,9%	,5%	10,3%	12,8%	61,3%	21,4%	2,9%	1,6%			
Age	45-59 years	5,6%	45,9%	30,8%	6,8%	1,5%	9,4%	10,6%	70,5%	12,6%	1,7%		4,7%		
	60 +	3,4%	40,5%	29,8%	8,4%	1,1%	16,8%	10,5%	54,6%	16,6%	7,0%	2,2%	9,1%		
Sex	Male	4,5%	43,6%	29,9%	9,7%	1,0%	11,3%	6,1%	61,7%	15,7%	6,9%	3,6%	6,0%		
Sex	Female	4,8%	43,2%	30,2%	7,9%	1,0%	12,9%	13,4%	59,3%	18,0%	2,9%	1,4%	5,1%		
	Low level	3,8%	34,4%	29,7%	7,1%	,9%	24,1%	9,7%	65,1%	16,7%			8,6%		
Studies	Medium level	5,6%	47,0%	30,6%	8,2%	,9%	7,7%	12,3%	59,6%	16,6%	2,9%	3,7%	5,0%		
	High level	3,2%	45,6%	29,1%	12,7%	1,3%	8,2%	8,4%	58,8%	18,9%	8,9%		4,9%		
Environment	Urban	2,0%	58,6%	27,3%	8,1%		4,0%	8,7%	52,7%	22,5%	5,2%	3,1%	7,7%		
Liiviioiiiieiit	Rural	5,0%	41,2%	30,5%	8,9%	1,1%	13,3%	13,2%	68,0%	11,6%	3,2%	1,0%	3,0%		

Tabel 142. In your opinion, is the collaboration in different fields possible (economic, cultural, social development, etc.) with your neighbors from the other bank of Dniester river in 2011?

			Region											
			I	Right bank		Left bank								
		Yes, it is possible in every field	Yes, it is possible in some fields	No, impossibl e	It is difficult to answer	I do not answer	Yes, it is possible in every field	Yes, it is possible in some fields	No, impossibl e	It is difficult to answer	I d an			
Total		25,1%	31,7%	14,8%	25,4%	3,0%	30,1%	44,5%	7,4%	13,1%				
	18-29 years	23,5%	29,4%	12,9%	31,8%	2,4%	19,8%	50,2%	11,6%	13,8%				
A 90	30-44 years	29,2%	29,2%	16,2%	22,7%	2,7%	27,6%	49,5%	10,0%	8,7%				
Age	45-59 years	28,2%	35,3%	12,4%	21,1%	3,0%	30,2%	51,4%	6,0%	12,4%				
Age 30 48 60 Sex	60 +	19,5%	30,5%	16,8%	29,8%	3,4%	37,0%	34,4%	4,7%	15,4%				
Cov	Male	26,5%	34,4%	14,7%	21,8%	2,6%	32,8%	45,1%	10,6%	10,3%				
Sex	Female	23,7%	29,3%	14,9%	28,8%	3,4%	28,7%	44,2%	5,8%	14,5%				
	Low level	16,5%	33,5%	14,6%	32,1%	3,3%	21,0%	35,3%	4,1%	19,4%				
Studies	Medium level	26,2%	31,3%	15,4%	24,3%	2,8%	27,1%	46,8%	10,0%	12,3%				
	High level	33,5%	30,4%	13,3%	19,6%	3,2%	40,8%	44,1%	3,6%	11,6%				
Environment	Urban	24,2%	34,3%	16,2%	17,2%	8,1%	32,0%	49,5%	5,8%	9,0%				
Environment	Rural	25,2%	31,3%	14,6%	26,6%	2,3%	28,1%	39,2%	9,1%	17,5%				

Tabel 143. In your opinion, is the collaboration in different fields possible (economic, cultural, social development, etc.) with your neighbors from the other bank of Dniester river in 2014?

		Region										
			I	Right bank					Left bank			
		Yes, it is possible in every field	Yes, it is possible in some fields	No, impossibl e	It is difficult to answer	I do not answer	Yes, it is possible in every field	Yes, it is possible in some fields	No, impossibl e	It is difficult to answer	I d	
Total		24,9%	31,1%	14,3%	26,1%	3,6%	33,7%	42,5%	5,9%	12,6%		
	18-29 years	16,5%	36,5%	10,6%	34,1%	2,4%	29,8%	47,4%	13,0%	3,3%		
1 000	30-44 years	25,9%	30,3%	15,7%	24,3%	3,8%	28,7%	57,0%	2,9%	6,6%		
Age	45-59 years	27,8%	31,6%	13,2%	23,3%	4,1%	34,4%	48,9%	5,5%	11,2%		
-	60 +	24,0%	29,4%	15,6%	27,5%	3,4%	38,0%	28,0%	3,7%	21,7%		
Carr	Male	27,8%	30,7%	13,4%	24,4%	3,7%	32,4%	46,6%	9,9%	9,0%		
Sex	Female	22,3%	31,4%	15,1%	27,6%	3,6%	34,4%	40,3%	3,8%	14,5%		
	Low level	19,3%	25,5%	16,5%	34,9%	3,8%	21,7%	28,5%	,9%	28,6%		
Studies	Medium level	27,8%	31,5%	13,1%	23,8%	3,7%	33,2%	43,0%	8,1%	11,8%		
	High level	24,7%	37,3%	14,6%	20,3%	3,2%	40,4%	47,9%	3,6%	6,6%		
Englishment	Urban	28,3%	37,4%	8,1%	19,2%	7,1%	35,3%	49,6%	5,1%	6,8%		
Environment	Rural	24,5%	30,2%	15,2%	27,0%	3,1%	31,9%	34,8%	6,7%	18,8%		

Tabel 144. Would you like a more efficient collaboration in different fields with your neighbors from the other bank of Dniester

			Re	egion: Right bank		
		Yes, in any field	Yes, in some fields	No	It is difficult to answer	I do not answer
Total		42,7%	21,6%	10,4%	22,1%	3,3%
	18-29 years	37,6%	32,9%	5,9%	20,0%	3,5%
Ago	30-44 years	49,7%	20,5%	10,8%	16,2%	2,7%
Age	45-59 years	44,4%	21,4%	8,3%	22,9%	3,0%
	60 +	37,8%	18,7%	13,7%	26,0%	3,8%
Sex	Male	46,7%	20,7%	9,2%	19,4%	3,9%
Sex	Female	39,1%	22,3%	11,5%	24,5%	2,6%
	Low level	30,7%	20,8%	15,6%	28,8%	4,2%
Studies	Medium level	45,6%	22,4%	8,4%	20,6%	3,0%
	High level	51,3%	20,3%	8,9%	17,1%	2,5%
Environment	Urban	53,5%	24,2%	3,0%	14,1%	5,1%
Environment	Rural	41,2%	21,2%	11,4%	23,2%	3,0%