

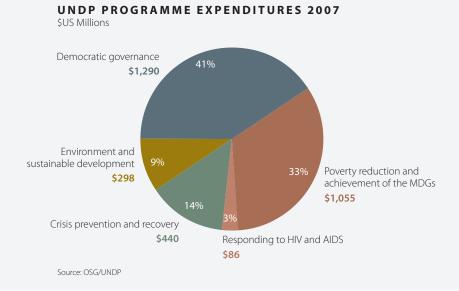
UNDP programmes: Capacity development in action

apacity development is the key to sustainable human development. Without an enabling environment, efficient organizations and a dynamic human resource base, countries lack the foundation to plan, implement and review their national and local development strategies and promote human development.

Over the last decade, the development community has come to realize that it is impossible to work on policies without at the same time working on the capacities of people, organizations and the larger community. It is institutions that sustain policies, allowing policies to evolve from words into actions governing the development process. The development of the institution – at the grassroots level, at the community level, at the national level – is at the centre of the development challenge, be it about its human resource base, the systems or the environment in which it must function. It is for this reason that capacity development is at the heart of everything UNDP does.

UNDP places priority on strategies that create opportunities to develop and sustain capacity at national and local levels. These include institutional reform and incentives; scaling up leadership capacities; promoting education, training and learning; and enhancing accountability and broad engagement on achieving development results.

Above all, capacity development is about transformations – in people, organizations and societies – that lead to sustainable human development. The following pages present examples of UNDP's work in its four focus areas: poverty reduction and achievement of the MDGs; democratic governance; crisis prevention and recovery; and environment and sustainable development. Capacity development cuts across these four areas, and defines how the organization contributes to development results.



JNDP CUMULATIVE PROGRAMME EXPENDITURE 2004-2007 POVERTY REDUCTION AND ACHIEVEMENT OF THE MDGs	(US\$ million
MDG country reporting and poverty monitoring	58
Pro-poor policy reform to achieve MDG targets	61
Local poverty initiatives including microfinance	1,39
Globalization benefiting the poor	1,3.
Private sector development Gender mainstreaming	: : 1:
Making ICTD work for the poor	16
Responding to HIV and AIDS	19
Governance of HIV and AIDS responses	20
HIV and AIDS, human rights and gender	-
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Other programme activities Subtotal	3,70
	5,7.5
DEMOCRATIC GOVERNANCE	
Policy support for democratic governance	57
Parliamentary development	
Electoral systems and processes	9
Justice and human rights	4
E-governance and access to information	
Decentralization, local governance and urban/rural development	91
Public administration reform and anti-corruption	2,1:
Other programme activities	
Subtotal	5,18
CRISIS PREVENTION AND RECOVERY Conflict prevention and peacebuilding	23
	56
Recovery Small arms reduction, disarmament and demobilization	
Mine action	1.
	11
Natural disaster reduction	20
Special initiatives for countries in transition Subtotal	35 1,5 6
Subtotal	1,50
ENVIRONMENT AND SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT	
Frameworks and strategies for sustainable development	39
Effective water governance	12
Access to sustainable energy services	24
Sustainable land management to combat desertification and land degradation	
Conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity	32
National/sectoral policy and planning to control emissions	8
Other programme activities	
Subtotal	1,26
Total linked to practice areas	11,7
Not linked to practice areas at the time of reporting	1,3.
Countries sub-total	13,04
Global, regional, inter-regional, Programme of Assistance to the Palestinian People	1,24
Grand total	\$14,28