



Lebanon

UNDP's Stabilization and Recovery Programme seeks to support the resilience of vulnerable host communities, promote peacebuilding and conflict prevention, while also strengthening the capacity of key national institutions to coordinate recovery and manage the response to the crisis.

UN RC/HC and UNDP RR: Robert Watkins [robert.watkins@undp.org]
UNDP Country Director: Luca Renda [luca.renda@undp.org]

Some current and planned activities include:

- Helping civil society organizations and local governments cope with the increasing presence of Syrian refugees - by working to improve the delivery of health, education, water, sanitation, and waste management for over 300,000 people. This has so far included schemes to improve drinking water infrastructure and waste management systems, giving equipment to schools and primary health care clinics, and supporting youth and cultural centres;
- Providing emergency employment schemes, linked with vocational training, especially for women and young people in host communities. This will eventually reach more than 300,000 people;
- Working with local economic development agencies to promote business links and create employment. In Bekaa, for example, local bakeries were established and are now producing bread that provides hundreds of school children with a school lunch, while creating over 200 jobs;
- Improving living conditions for Palestinians in Lebanon by providing emergency employment schemes that will fix dilapidated local infrastructure, enhance access to housing and mend basic urban services. There has been an influx of some 30,000 Palestinian refugees from Syria since the crisis began, placing an additional strain on Palestinian refugees already in the country, many of whom were already living with deteriorated urban services. These activities will target an estimated 60,000 beneficiaries; and
- Fostering social cohesion and promoting peace by helping community leaders address some of the underlying causes of conflict, creating 'safe spaces' for community groups to discuss their concerns openly, while engaging with and training national media to promote a culture of peace and tolerance. For example, in Wadi Khaled, one of the areas with the highest concentration of Syrian refugees, UNDP has trained local officials in conflict resolution, mediation, and crisis management. Teachers have also been trained in conflict resolution, in order to help them better manage the rising tensions within classrooms between Lebanese and Syrian students.

Lebanon Funding Requirements

Outputs	Resources required (US\$ million)
Livelihoods and Economic Opportunities	15.0
Local Capacity to Deliver Basic Services	16.5
Living Conditions in Palestinian Gatherings	4.6
Mitigating the Environmental Impact of the Crisis	7.5
Local Mechanisms for Peaceful Coexistence & Conflict Resolution	4.5
Government Capacity for Crisis Management and Response	2.8
LAF CIMIC Programme	3.5
Management, Policy Advocacy and Coordination	1.5
TOTAL	55.9

Responding to the Syrian Crisis in Lebanon - UNDP Projects

-  Waste Management
-  Environment
-  Governance
-  Health
-  Economic Development
-  Tourism
-  Infrastructure
-  Livelihood
-  Education
-  Social Infrastructure
-  Water Related
-  Municipalities Training Programme
-  Green Houses

