Fostering Humanitarian, Development, and Peace Building Nexus for Resilience among Refugees and Host Communities in Northern Uganda FACTSHEET

JSB2020 MARCH 2020-MARCH 2021 BUDGET: US\$727,272 KEY PARTNERS: Office of the Prime Minister (OPM), UNHCR and relevant Ministries and districts across Uganda and particularly in West Nile, and JICA

Objectives

The main objective of the project is to build refugees and host communities resilience for enhanced gender responsive livelihoods and sustainable environment, thereby contributing to fostering of humanitarian-development-peace building nexus.

As a result of this project, communities and local municipalities will increase capacities to generate the required livelihoods and employment opportunities and deliver basic services and security.

Project Outputs

Output 1: Expanded gender responsive livelihood opportunities and strengthened capacity of refugees and host communities to sustainably manage environmental resources

Output 2: Strengthened Central governance coordination in implementing the CRRF Action Plan

Output 3: Strengthened Lamwo local government capacity to engage into the refugee response

Contribution to SDGs

The project will contribute to SDG 1, 4, 5, 8, 9, 13, 15, 16 and 17.







From the People of Japan

Development Challenges

Since the outbreak of conflict in South Sudan in 2013, the high influx of refugee from South Sudan to Uganda has persisted to date. The power sharing agreement of August 2015 wherein the Rebel leader Riek Machar was to return a unity government as first of five vice presidents, was meant to pave the way to a final peace accord ending the conflict in South Sudan. However, to date this has not been fully realized and has far reaching implications for people of South Sudan. Despite the last revitalized power sharing agreement signed in September 2018 that led to the return of former rebel leader Riek Machar, conflict has intensified with hundreds of civilians encountering severe human rights violations by warring factions. Overall, an estimated 5 million people have been displaced from the Democratic Republic of Congo, South Sudan and other unstable countries with a significant displaced population from these neighbouring countries seeking asylum in Uganda, that has an open border policy that provides refugees with land for settlement and cultivation.