

# UNDP MOLDOVA'S RESULTS IN 2025







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By 2027, more accountable, and transparent, human rights based, and gender responsive governance empowers all people of Moldova to participate in and to contribute to development processes.

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By 2027, all people of Moldova, especially the most vulnerable, benefit from inclusive, competitive and sustainable economic development and equal access to decent work and productive employment.

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By 2027, institutions and all people of Moldova benefit from and contribute to green and resilient development, sustainable use of natural resources and effective gender-responsive climate change action and disaster risk management.

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by **DANIELA GASPARIKOVA,**  
UNDP Resident Representative  
to the Republic of Moldova

## FOREWORD

The year 2025 marked a decisive phase in the Republic of Moldova's development trajectory, shaped by the rapid advancement of the European Union (EU) accession agenda, sustained macroeconomic pressures, and a complex electoral and security environment. As national priorities advanced from policy design to implementation, public institutions faced heightened demands for coordination, execution capacity, and evidence-informed decision-making.

UNDP's engagement throughout the year focused on supporting national institutions to moving forward Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and EU-aligned policymaking, strengthening results-based measurement of progress, and reinforcing integrated development solutions through improved cross-government coordination. This support contributed to more resilient public systems and steady progress towards the SDGs, helping authorities prioritize reforms, improve implementation sequencing, and track progress against EU accession commitments more consistently across sectors.

In democratic governance, UNDP's electoral assistance programme and broader governance portfolio played a central role in safeguarding institutional integrity during the 2025 parliamentary elections. Support strengthened the transparency, security, accessibility, and inclusiveness of democratic processes, while reinforcing public trust and institutional cooperation during a politically sensitive period. These efforts underscored the importance of credible, secure, and inclusive democratic institutions as Moldova advances on its European path.

Across governance, energy, climate, and economic systems, UNDP advanced gender equality by strengthening women's participation, skills, and access to resources. Targeted interventions supported women's leadership in green governance, digitalization, IT, and entrepreneurship. At the same time, evidence-based analysis of women's political participation informed the design of measures aimed at more inclusive democratic governance. As a result, women's voices and priorities for improving the quality of their lives were more systematically reflected in policy discussions and reform processes at both national and local levels.

Taken together, UNDP's portfolio in 2025 contributed to consolidating reforms, protecting vulnerable groups, and laying the institutional, digital, and analytical foundations required for the next phase of reform implementation and future growth investments absorption, so that combined they deliver on the country's poverty reduction gains. This system-level support proved especially important as Moldova sought to maintain reform momentum under conditions of continued economic and energy uncertainty.

Within this context, UNDP accelerated Moldova's green and resilient development agenda by strengthening energy security, climate resilience, and environmental governance. National commitments were translated into more actionable policies and institutional arrangements, enhancing the state's capacity to manage the green transition in a challenging environment. Support focused on expanding renewable energy communities in rural areas, establishing partnerships with privately operated companies to introduce smart metering and climate-resilient planning, and strengthening the foundations for more efficient energy use and better demand management. These efforts helped ensure that the green transition delivers tangible social, economic, and environmental benefits, particularly for those most exposed to energy and climate risks.

The results presented in this report were made possible thanks to close collaboration with over 330 central and local institutions, agencies, civil society organizations (CSOs), and private sector partners over the past year. UNDP is equally grateful to the development community, whose continued support and cooperation have been instrumental in advancing Moldova's development priorities.

As Moldova looks ahead to the next phase of its development journey, UNDP reaffirms its commitment to accompany national institutions and communities in building a more resilient, inclusive, and sustainable future – one that brings the country closer to its aspirations and secures better living conditions for present and future generations.

# OUTCOME 1

## OUR RESULTS



By 2027, institutions deliver human rights-based, evidence-informed and gender-responsive services for all with the focus on those who are left behind

## PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND LOCAL SERVICES

Public administration reform was advanced through the UNDP's technical assistance, policy advice, and analytics, including fiscal modelling and legal inputs. Combined, these provided central and local authorities with evidence-based tools to guide voluntary amalgamation at the local level. These interventions strengthened institutional coordination and local ownership of the reform process, while informing decisions on administrative consolidation and the reorganization of local governance structures.

UNDP's technical assistance contributed to amendments to the Law on administrative-territorial organization, enabling the formal establishment of the first two voluntarily amalgamated administrative-territorial units – Leova town and Călinești commune – in July 2025. This milestone demonstrated that voluntary amalgamation can move from policy commitments to practical implementation. Also, these interventions generated adapted lessons-learned which can be used in informing the next stages of the amalgamation reform process.



To advance the implementation of voluntary amalgamation, UNDP supported four local public administrations (LPAs) clusters in developing participatory and data-driven vision documents. They serve as guiding roadmaps for future planning, coordination, and improvements in service delivery, as communities progress through post-amalgamation transition processes.

Continuity of essential local public services during administrative transition was ensured through equipping and integrating local administrative services within 9 Centers for Unified Service Provision. They secured continued access to administrative services for more than 13,000 residents in communities engaged in the voluntary amalgamation process. This integrated service-delivery model can be scaled up under a broader territorial-administrative reform, bringing services closer to residents.



In 23 communities, UNDP improved access and quality of public utilities, social, cultural and educational services and infrastructure. These benefit over 60,500 people, including 49% women.

Through the targeted “altELE” programme, nearly 30 women leaders of hometown associations enhanced their abilities to lead community changes, gaining access to resources, knowledge and networks to support local initiatives.



Programme-based budgeting, public finance reviews, and support to the Ministry of Finance strengthened fiscal governance and supported the identification of more than US\$130 million in areas for improved allocation of social protection expenditures. This work supported evidence-informed budget decision-making and contributed to the institutionalization of spending reviews as a permanent instrument within the public finance management and budget planning framework. As a result, national authorities were better equipped to reprioritize public spending, improve the efficiency of social protection allocations, and strengthen fiscal sustainability under tight budgetary conditions.





## INTEGRATED SOCIAL PROTECTION SYSTEMS

The Energy Vulnerability Information System, developed in support of the Energy Vulnerability Reduction Fund back in 2022, serves as both an operational backbone and a large-scale social protection dataset. During the 2024-2025 heating season, over 719,784 households (approximately 1.47 million people) benefited from compensation, covering more than 60% of households in Moldova. At the same time, the case management module introduced in 2025 supported over 46,000 registrations, demonstrating the system's capacity to coordinate and interconnect social services and programmes delivery and institutional workflows at scale.

Building on this foundation, UNDP supports the continuous development of this integrated digital architecture. This entails progressive connection of existing systems, including the integration of additional social protection and employment digital modules and the establishment of a data warehouse, enabling interoperability and more coordinated, evidence-informed policy design and implementation. In 2025, this has led to the operationalization of the eSocial platform as a unified system for managing and delivering social protection programs. Designed as a modular and scalable architecture, eSocial integrates core systems – including the Energy Vulnerability Information System, the Register of Audiences, and Case Management – helping eliminate fragmentation, improve efficiency, and support citizen-centric service delivery with real-time evidence. The system is implemented in close connection with local social services, ensuring that digital solutions are embedded in day-to-day service delivery and are responsive to people's needs.





In early 2025, UNDP facilitated 473,166 monthly compensation payments under the Energy Vulnerability Reduction Fund, leveraging US\$31 million mobilized from Denmark, Norway, Sweden, Italy, and Poland. More than half of applications were supported through assisted registration by local social assistance services and a dedicated call center, highlighting the continued importance of combining digital systems with human support to ensure inclusive access, particularly for the most vulnerable groups.

Analytical assessments indicate that since its introduction in 2022, EVRF has been associated with a steady reduction in energy and monetary poverty, while also highlighting opportunities to further strengthen targeting and link social assistance with energy efficiency measures, particularly in rural areas. Over this period, energy poverty declined by 10.6 percentage points, while absolute poverty declined by 3.9 pp and food poverty declined by 3.3 pp. In parallel, UNDP strengthened the analytical foundations of the mechanism by updating the energy poverty threshold and improving welfare impact and targeting scenarios, supporting evidence-informed policy calibration. These insights informed ongoing policy adjustments aimed at improving the efficiency, equity, and sustainability of energy compensation and social protection measures.





# OUTCOME 2

## OUR RESULTS



By 2027, more accountable, and transparent, human rights based, and gender responsive governance empowers all people of Moldova to participate in and to contribute to development processes.

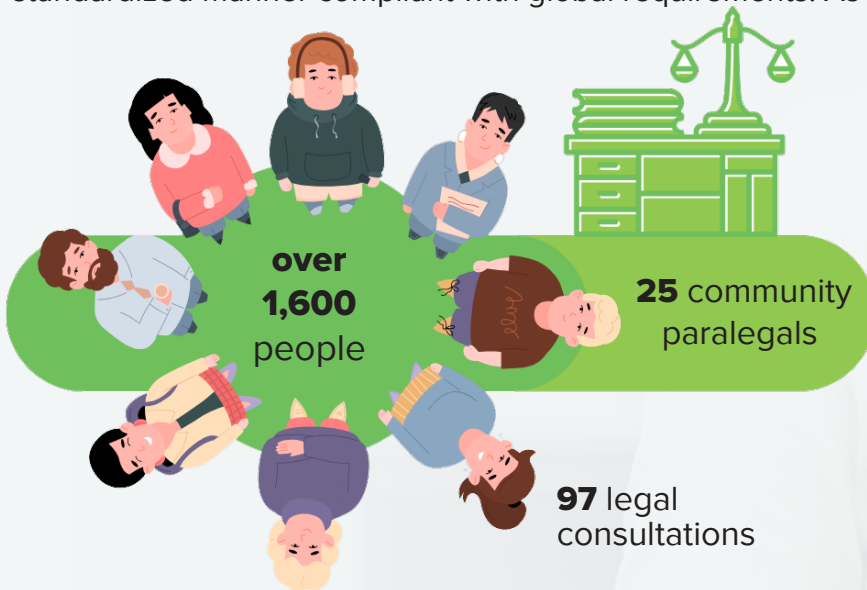




## ACCESS TO JUSTICE

UNDP work helped improve access to justice for the most vulnerable. Through remote legal aid support – a new service delivery model tested by the National Legal Aid Council – 97 legal consultations were offered to persons in detention, helping them address civil law matters. Additionally, through 25 community paralegals, over 1,600 people on both banks of Nistru River, including persons with disabilities and refugees, benefited from legal assistance.

UNDP strengthened Moldova’s capacity to produce internationally comparable justice and crime statistics by aligning national data with the International Classification of Crime for Statistical Purposes (ICCS). Through development of the Correspondence Table for crimes against persons, national crime records can now be systematically mapped to ICCS categories. This alignment enables the Government to report crime data to UNODC, Eurostat, and other international bodies in a standardized manner compliant with global requirements. As



UNDP increased public awareness of state guaranteed mediation by producing and broadcasting interactive informational videos that explain how citizens can access these services within the national legal aid system. As a result, the new legal provisions on state guaranteed mediation were effectively communicated to the public, helping citizens understand their rights and available dispute resolution options. This outreach effort strengthened the visibility of mediation services and supported the Government in operationalizing the expanded legal aid framework. According to UNDP national survey conducted in 2025, mediators’ services are highly appreciated by 78.5% of the population.







## ELECTIONS

Overall participation exceeded 1.6 million voters, including more than 38,000 first time voters, supported by improved voter information, accessible infrastructure, and stronger institutional cooperation during a politically sensitive electoral period.

Ahead of the 2025 parliamentary elections, UNDP supported legal reforms to counter electoral corruption and illicit political financing. International observers and the Venice Commission assessed this new legal framework as providing a sound basis for democratic elections.



Modern digital voter verification systems, biometric tools, and the new eID improved accuracy, security, and efficiency at polling stations, while nationwide civic education campaigns reached more than 900,000 people, including women and first-time voters.

UNDP expanded electoral accessibility through 2,000 mobile voting booths, 1,200 mobile ballot boxes, and audits of 1,974 polling stations – contributing to increasing fully accessible sites from 18 to 112.

1,200 mobile ballot boxes

2,000 mobile voting booths



18

112

Accessible polling stations

Electoral integrity measures included targeted trainings for 1,517 front-line police officers and 141 investigators, prosecutors, and judges to detect and adjudicate electoral offences, along with deployment of digital forensic and analytical tools. Leveraging these new capacities, authorities detected and disrupted large-scale vote buying and illicit political finance operations.



**1,517** police officers  
**141** investigators, prosecutors, and judges

Digital tools and specialized equipment were provided to key public institutions, including open-source intelligence (OSINT) and dark web investigative suites, network infrastructure, supporting detection, investigation, and adjudication capacities in electoral corruption and illicit political finance cases.

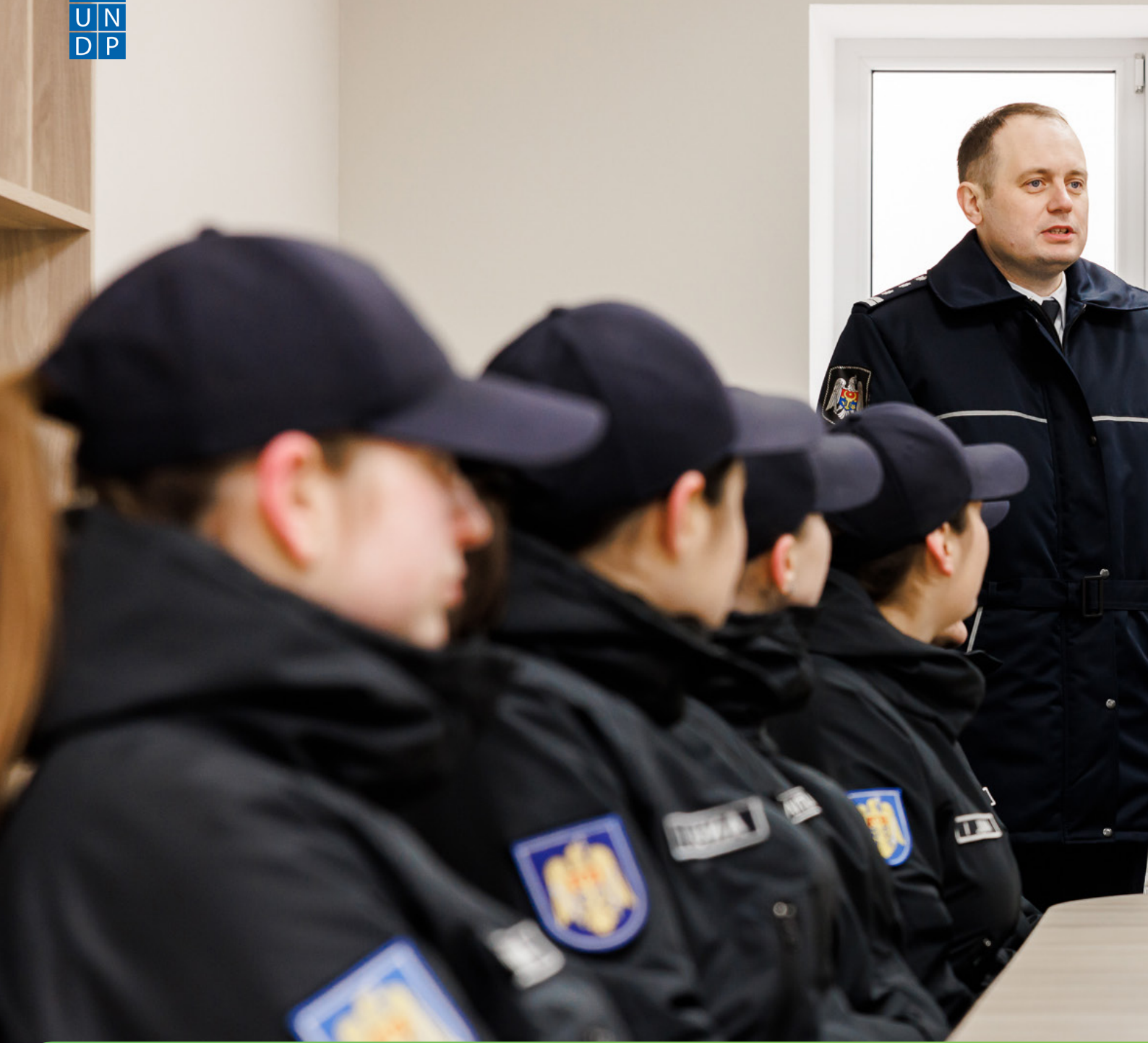


A new digital Electoral Complaints System developed with UNDP support improved dispute resolution and transparency.

Introduction of the advanced security protocols and stress testing proved critical on election day, enabling the e-system to respond to extensive external cyberattacks and to remain fully operational. These ensured the uninterrupted transmission of voting results and maintained the integrity of the digital electoral environment.

In line with its principle of evidence-based, data-informed interventions, UNDP invested in several unique analytical products on women's political participation in Moldova to inform future tailored initiatives in this area.







## CYBERCRIME RESPONSE & CYBERSECURITY

UNDP provided essential high-performance hardware and software solutions helping the National Police enhance capacities to investigate more than 300 cyber-enabled criminal cases (including homicide, kidnapping, electoral corruption, organized crime cases) throughout 2025. Taken together, these advanced IT solutions streamline work processes, improve quality of results and reduce investigation time allowing the user to unlock, detect, extract and analyze data from various mobile devices seized during criminal investigations.

The Ministry of Justice is equipped with policies and procedures, technologies and improved staff capacities to be able to respond to cybersecurity threats targeting essential justice processes.



## SOCIAL COHESION

Youth engagement played a central role in advancing social cohesion, with more than 220 young people strengthening their leadership, mediation, dialogue, and conflict management skills through peacebuilding programmes on both banks of Nistru River. UNDP further expanded community level resilience through the CSO-led Social Cohesion and Insider Mediation networks. They carried out de-tensioning and confidence building initiatives in ten localities, helping prevent escalation and sustain dialogue with over 1,300 community members.



UNDP strengthened the evidence base for social cohesion by operationalizing the Social Tension Monitoring Mechanism (STMM). 260 local stakeholders across 20 localities were engaged through STMM's Expert Community Scoring Tool, generating community validated insights on emerging tensions. In parallel, UNDP piloted the eMonitor+ digital monitoring tool, enabling real-time systematic identification of drivers of local tensions. Together, these tools enhanced the stakeholders' capacity to anticipate risks, inform responsive policymaking, and promote social cohesion at the local level.



Cooperation across the Nistru River was reinforced by supporting 45 civil society organizations to deliver legal aid, psychological counselling, disability support, HIV services, and other community-based services to vulnerable groups, contributing to more inclusive and connected communities.

A comprehensive training and mentorship programme strengthened the capacities of 33 women CSO leaders to engage in decision-making and policy dialogue, effective advocacy and coalition building, including through the use of digital and artificial intelligence (AI) tools.







# OUTCOME 3

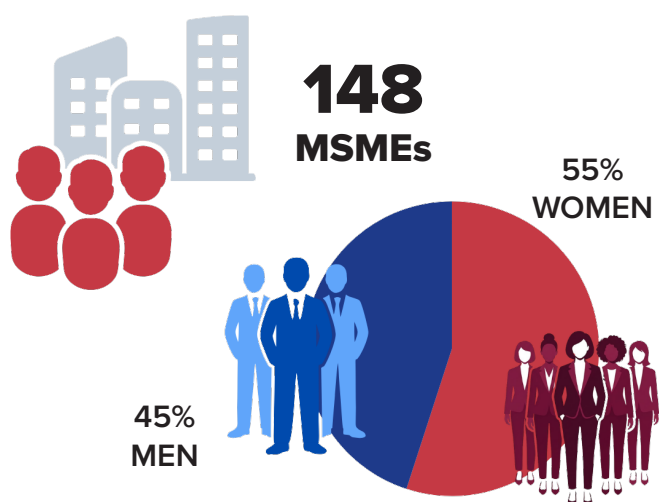
## OUR RESULTS

By 2027, all people of Moldova, especially the most vulnerable, benefit from inclusive, competitive and sustainable economic development and equal access to decent work and productive employment.



## ECONOMIC TRANSFORMATION AND SOCIAL INCLUSION

Support to 148 micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (MSME), 55% of which women-led, from various regions of the country resulted in increased competitiveness, diversification and innovations in production and export capacity, and the creation or improvement of 725 jobs, with women occupying more than a half.



Increased competitiveness

Diversification and innovations

Export capacity



UNDP also facilitated diaspora knowledge transfer to national stakeholders through 16 expert missions in various thematic areas that contributed to institutions strengthening, policy upgrades, public service modernization, and investment promotion.

As part of national economic governance efforts, UNDP supported deregulation packages, simplified administrative procedures, reduced compliance burdens for businesses, and generated estimated annual savings of 91 million MDL (approx. US\$5.35 million), improving predictability and stimulating private sector growth.

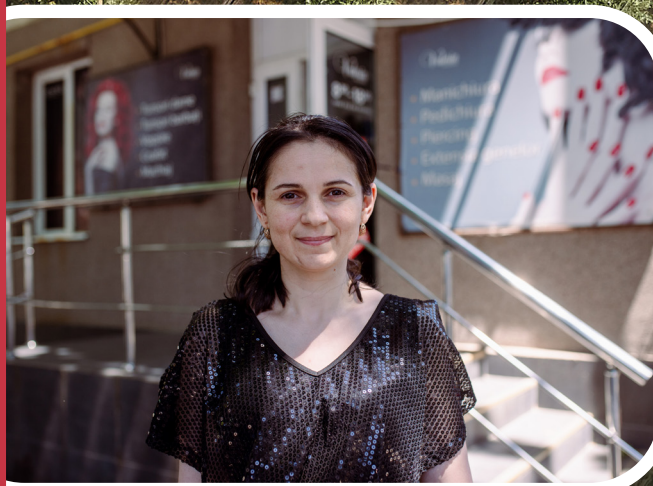


**91 million MDL**  
(approx. US\$5.35 million)

UNDP established a strategic partnership with the National Council for Economic Empowerment and Gender Equality, on the platform of the Economic Council to the Prime Minister of Moldova. UNDP supports programmes for women-led businesses, empowers women in social entrepreneurship, promotes women's economic empowerment principles and provides support for gender audits within private companies to assess gender gaps at the organizational level.

Employment and livelihoods support reached more than 4,100 people, including 56% women, by equipping them with skills and abilities that improve job prospects, entrepreneurship opportunities and promoted socio-economic inclusion.

**56% women** 4 100 people





Our work to enhance local economic development through the promotion of value chains and smart specialization expanded to include businesses from the left bank of the Nistru River. A total of 20 business clusters, covering more than a half of Moldova's districts – including those on the left bank of Nistru River – were strengthened, bringing together over 200 companies, 30 public institutions, and more than 10 research entities, and contributing to quality job creation.

In partnership with the Invest Moldova Agency, UNDP supported the development of digital investment and export promotion tools aimed at strengthening Moldova's visibility and attractiveness for trade and investment. The Export Platform was launched to support local companies in preparing for international markets and improving their export readiness. The interactive Investment Map enhances investor access to structured, region-specific information on socio-economic potential, sectoral profiles, human resources, and concrete investment opportunities. In addition, the SDG Investment Map identified 5 priority sectors and 11 concrete areas of sustainable investment. It aims to contribute to

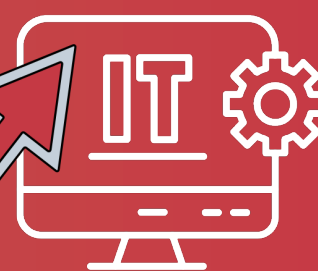


a more targeted, transparent, and strategic approach to investment promotion and facilitation, aligned with national development priorities and the SDGs, thus strengthening Invest Moldova’s institutional toolkit for investor outreach and engagement.

More than 90 women entrepreneurs on the left bank have launched careers in the IT sector. A “Tech Women Community” was created on the left bank of the Nistru River, fostering a women-led IT start-up ecosystem through networking, learning opportunities, and leadership development.



“Tech Women Community”



90 women



## EDUCATION AND HUMAN CAPITAL DEVELOPMENT

UNDP contributed to Moldova's education modernization through the Government's Model Schools reform, supporting altogether 15 of the 90 institutions prioritized by the Government from various regions of the country. Moreover, 46 educational spaces were upgraded, particularly STEAM laboratories, libraries and others, with improvements to learning environments covering 13 institutions, including 3 on the left bank of the Nistru River. To strengthen safe and equitable access to schooling, UNDP provided ten wheelchair accessible school buses, benefiting more than 7,600 children in 10 rural communities. The entire national fleet of 500 school buses was equipped with GPS tracking, improving safety, route management, and oversight.

More than 677 teachers were trained in STEAM methodologies, digital tools, and modern teaching approaches. Education modernization further advanced through the assessment of the national mathematics curriculum and the development of 1,491 lesson plans for science subjects, enhancing instructional quality, thus contributing to skills development aligned with labour market needs.







# OUTCOME 4

## OUR RESULTS



**By 2027, institutions and all people of Moldova benefit from and contribute to green and resilient development, sustainable use of natural resources and effective gender-responsive climate change action and disaster risk management.**

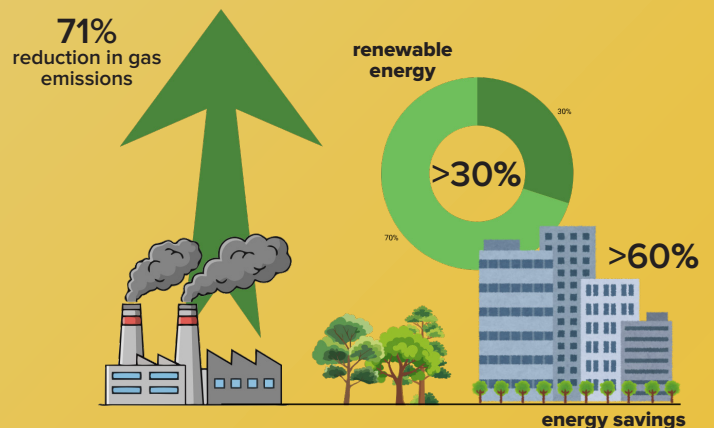


## ENERGY SECURITY AND GREEN TRANSITION

### Policy frameworks advancement for improved monitoring and reporting of international climate commitments

UNDP supported the drafting of key national policies that define the objectives to be achieved by the country in addressing climate change and energy sectors transformation. These include the Integrated National Energy and Climate Plan, the Digital Transformation Programme of the Energy Sector, and the Long-Term Buildings Renovation Strategy 2025-2050. Together, these frameworks set clear, measurable targets – a 71% reduction in greenhouse gas emissions and over 30% renewable energy in the energy mix by 2030. They also aim to reach more than 60% energy savings in renovated buildings by 2050, thus providing a coherent policy basis for Moldova's green and digital energy transition.

UNDP has supported gender equality and women empowerment mainstreaming into the Agriculture Policy Programme (2023-2030) and the inter-ministerial Working Groups on (1) Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) and the Green Economy, (2) Digitalization and (3) Smart Metering, ensuring women are fairly represented in planning and resource allocation and equitably benefit from all interventions.





## Energy sector digitalization readiness and resilience improvements

UNDP interventions significantly advanced Moldova's green transition. Smart metering expanded to 41,145 households in 2025 – compared to 3,244 households covered as of the end 2024, reducing electricity consumption and avoiding more than 1,417 tons of CO2 annually. Thanks to the smart meters installed, households are now able to better understand their energy consumption patterns. With the implementation of personal electricity consumption online cabinets, the households will be able to reduce their electricity bills through adjusting their consumption to dynamic tariffs.

UNDP established four technical smart-metering partnerships with private-sector energy operators and distributors, with a view to strengthen market and institutional readiness for large-scale deployment. All these while catalyzing private investments in the modernization and digitalization of Moldova's energy infrastructure in line with EU accession priorities.

UNDP conducted cybersecurity audits for seven state-owned energy enterprises. Based on the results, UNDP initiated a capacity building programme to address identified urgent needs.





## Innovation driving energy efficiency and renewables deployment

UNDP support in the public sector materialized through installation of photovoltaic and storage systems in three hospitals now covering 35 to 80% of electricity demand, benefiting more than 230,000 patients and avoiding 237 tons of CO<sub>2</sub> annually. The battery storage, implemented for the first time, helped overcome grid limitations and balance electricity supply, ensuring uninterrupted operation of critical hospital services and demonstrating a practical, scalable solution for energy resilience.

Energy audits for 12 medical institutions in the Republic of Moldova were conducted. Several energy efficiency and renewable energy measures were identified. Full implementation of these measures would generate cumulative annual energy savings of around 7,714 MWh. The audits provide a solid technical basis and facilitate future investments in the modernization of medical infrastructure, contributing to increased energy efficiency.

**237 TONS**  
emissions avoided annually



**35% - 80%**  
electricity demand covered



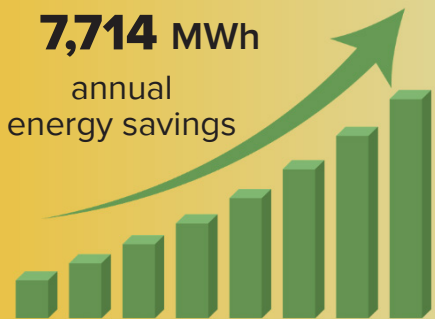
**3 hospitals**

**BATTERY STORAGE**  
first-time implemented

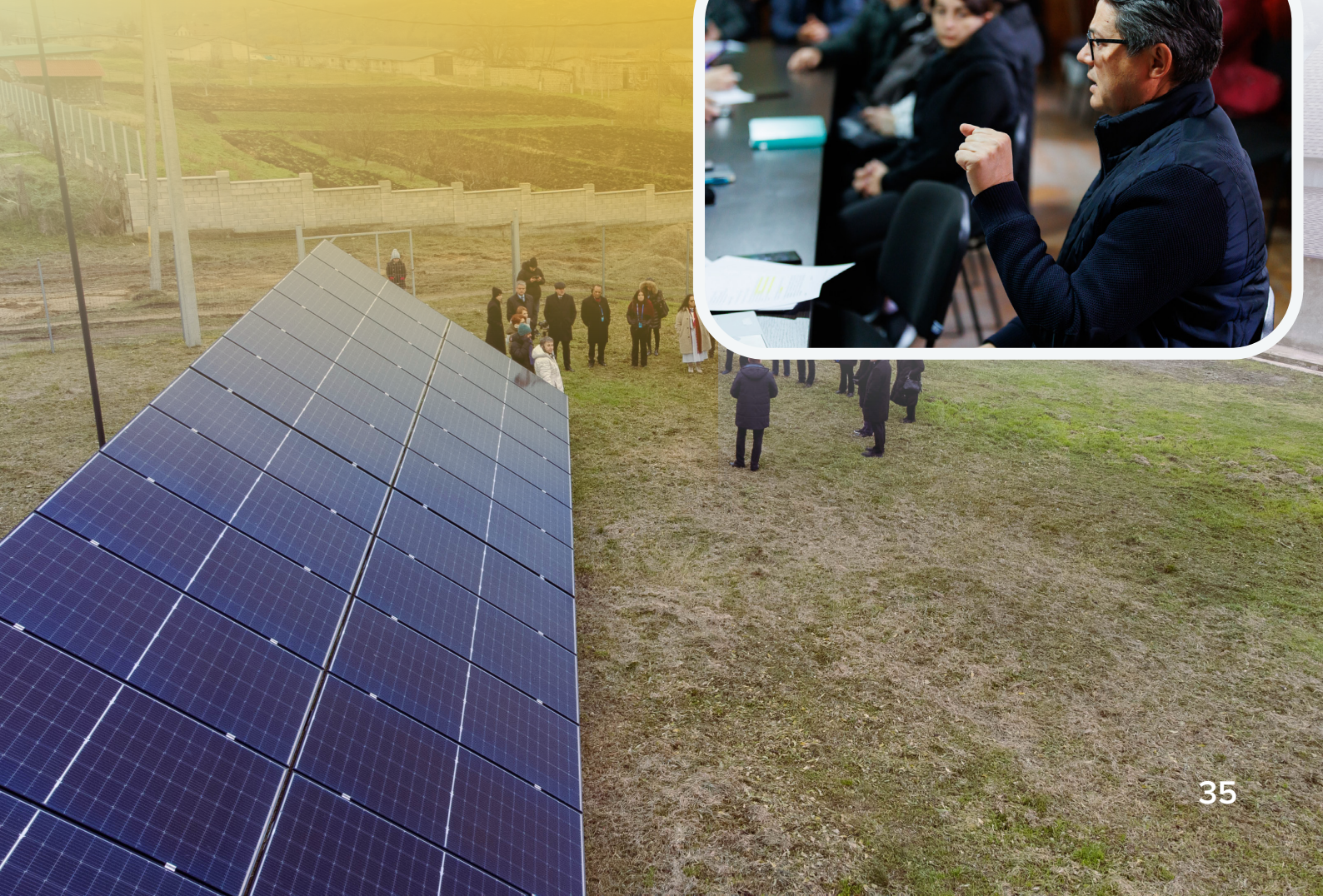


**12**  
medical institutions  
audits

**7,714 MWh**  
annual  
energy savings



Renewable Energy Communities are being piloted with UNDP support. Two rural municipality-led energy communities were launched in Logănești (25 members) and Cociulia (7 members), and two condominium-led communities in Chișinău and Codru, benefiting 92 apartments. Combined, they demonstrate the feasibility and impact of community-owned renewable energy models for local energy security, cost savings, and citizen engagement. This work contributes to advancing national models for energy communities and the concept of energy prosumers by creating the necessary groundwork for piloting the first functional models in Moldova. Through close collaboration with key national stakeholders – including the Ministry of Energy, National Agency for Energy Regulation of the Republic of Moldova, the Agency for Public Services, and National Center for Sustainable Energy – pilot business cases were developed, consulted, and aligned with existing regulatory requirements, ensuring their scalability at national level. Additionally, the full guidance package for establishing an Energy Community has been published, serving as an accessible information point for all potential members and supporting broader learning, replication, and uptake of the prosumer concept across the country.



National technical capacity was strengthened with 50 new certified energy auditors, including 15 women. Additional 30 energy auditors completed training to renew certification. Combined, this further expanded the nationally certified pool of energy auditors of about 88 at the end of 2024, to 130 at the end of 2025, gradually bridging the national gap in meeting the energy audits demand.



To underline the leading role of homeowners associations in promoting energy efficiency measures and inform them about the available financial mechanisms, trainings for 500 representatives from 7 major cities of Moldova, and the first Homeowners Associations Forum were organized in October 2025. This contributes to strengthening transparent and inclusive decision-making among the apartment owners – members of homeowner

associations – to embark on building retrofits investments in the residential sector. Going forward, 25 energy audits for multi-storey buildings will be conducted to facilitate further access to financial support for energy efficiency. For the residential sector to be able to access resources from the Residential Energy Efficiency Fund, managed by the National Center for Sustainable Energy, an energy audit report is required.

Energy Sandbox mechanism was institutionalized in Moldova, with UNDP support. The regulations on the mechanism activity were approved in February 2025, while the Sandbox Commission – in August 2025. The Government approved the very first project within the Sandbox in December. It aims to test and validate Vehicle-to-Grid (V2G) and smart charging technologies as a dynamic component of the electricity network and a solution to balance the grid during the peak hours.





## CLIMATE RESILIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY

In 2025, the number of localities in Moldova with integrated climate change and disaster risk reduction plans reached 43, enabling these communities to better anticipate and manage climate risks and prioritize resilient investments.

Through the revision of six national construction codes, climate adaptation has been institutionalized within sectoral regulations, enabling a shift from reactive to risk-informed infrastructure development.

The capacity of the State Hydrometeorological Service in weather forecasting has been improved. UNDP supports modernization of the monitoring system to better protect the population and agriculture from extreme weather events. 42 new-generation stations will provide accurate, real-time data to people and farmers in 17 districts of the country, as well as in Găgăuzia region. These include 14 agrometeorological stations in the southern part of the country, 16 hydrological stations and the 12 mini-weather out of which seven have already been put into operation. Data generated by these stations will enable more location-specific forecasts, improving accuracy and enhancing early warning and climate risk surveillance in those areas. All of them will be fully integrated into the national monitoring system by the end of 2026.



**42**

new-generation stations

**17**

district & Găgăuzia region

**14**

agrometeorological stations in the southern part of the country

**16**

hydrological stations

**12**

mini-weather stations

7/12 are already operational

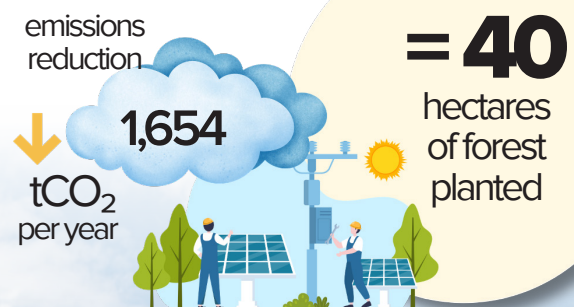


Integrated water resource management advanced with the approval of the Nistru River Basin Management Plan, while biodiversity and climate adaptation efforts were reinforced through 41 hectares of new afforestation in Talmaza, benefiting over 7,700 residents. These measures strengthened national and local institutions' ability to plan, monitor, and respond to climate risks and support Moldova's green transition.

The Environment Agency adopted new methods for detecting fats and oils in surface waters, significantly strengthening national water quality monitoring systems. Specialized training in water quality data analysis was delivered to 19 staff members (16 women and 3 men), strengthening their capacity to align processes with Water Framework Directive requirements and shifting from basic raw data reporting to analytical assessment.

National capacities for environmental risk management were strengthened through enhanced biodiversity enforcement and improved infrastructure safety. With UNDP support, the Environmental Inspectorate increased detection and deterrence of illegal activities in protected areas through anti-poaching tools. "Apele Moldovei" Agency applied advanced technologies such as ground-penetrating radar to improve dam safety and reduce flood risks.

UNDP actions contributed to reducing emissions by 1,654 tCO<sub>2</sub> per year which equals 40 hectares of forest planted.







# OUR FUNDING PARTNERS



**International Partnerships Austria**



In partnership with

**Canada**



**MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS OF DENMARK**



**MINISTÈRE DE L'EUROPE ET DES AFFAIRES ÉTRANGÈRES**  
*Liberté  
Égalité  
Fraternité*



From the People of Japan



**Norway**



Polish aid



GOOD IDEA SLOVAKIA



Sweden  
**Sverige**



Switzerland.



**UK Government**



global environment facility  
INVESTING IN OUR PLANET



GREEN CLIMATE FUND



UNITED NATIONS MOLDOVA

# OUR FINANCIALS

DEVELOPMENT PARTNER	2025
Republic of Moldova	616,728
Austria	626,114
Canada	316,044
Denmark	6,535,815
European Commission	10,565,068
France	221,572
Italy	11,518,020
Japan	542,699
Norway	12,870,534
Poland	1,074,264
Private Sector	112,588
Slovakia	143,291
Sweden	15,051,026
Switzerland	1,204,242
United Kingdom	1,533,612
United States of America	665,053
Global Environment Facility	218,656
Green Climate Fund	238,289
UN Multi-Partner Trust Fund	1,682,886
UNDP Regular Resources	618,865
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$66,355,366</b>



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