



















ERRY III JP Progress Brief as of December-2023

Programme Overview:

Supporting Resilient Livelihoods, Food Security, and Climate Adaptation in Yemen - ERRY III joint programme strives to strengthen crisis-affected communities, enhancing their resilience and self-reliance. It focuses on creating economic opportunities, enhancing employment oppertunities, improving productive capacities, and supporting sustainable livelihoods to strengthen food security.

channel project in Bajel district,

Hodeidah Governorate.

The joint programme gives special attention to restoring community assets, developing agricultural value chains, promoting gender equality, empowering women economically, and facilitating improved access to clean solar energy. Furthermore, ERRY III Joint programme also focuses on enhancing local capacities by strengthening local institutions and supporting priority projects to improve access to basic services ultimately promoting long-term resilience and self-sufficiency.





Participating UN Agencies









Overall Objective:

To strengthen resilience of the population in the most vulnerable governorates in Yemen.

Main Outcome:

Improved the management of local risks and shocks in crisis-affected communities of the most vulnerable governorates in Yemen.



Intermediate Outcomes:

Increased local institutional resilience management and community social cohesion in crisis-affected communities Broadened access of vulnerable populations to sources of energy and job opportunities in the renewable energy sector



Increased sustainable production and productivity of crops and livestock in crisis-affected communities



Improved access of women, youth, and other vulnerable groups to food and income opportunities

Joint Programme Components:



Local Governance and Social Cohesion (UNDP).



Renewable Energy (UNDP).



Agriculture Value Chain (FAO).



Short-Term Employment and Livelihood (UNDP).



Skills and Entrepreneurship Development (ILO).



Food Assistance for Assets/ Food Assistance for Training (WFP).



Local Governance & Social Cohesion:

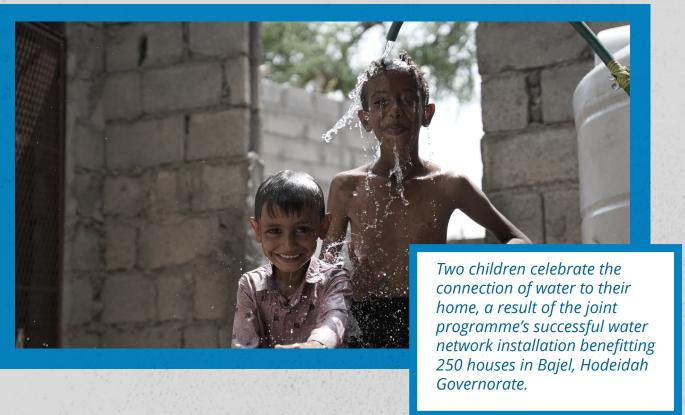
Community members contribute to road construction leading to a local school in Najrah district, Hajjah Governorate, promoting improved access to education.

The ERRY III Joint Programme, particularly through the Local Governance and Social Cohesion component, has been instrumental in enhancing local institutional resilience and community social cohesion within crisis-affected communities.

The United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), with its partner Social Fund for Development (SFD), has empowered communities by actively involving them in planning and addressing specific needs, ensuring women's participation.

The implementation of Community Resilience Plans (CRPs) has facilitated the successful execution of numerous community initiatives, resulting in the construction of different infrastructure facilities across various sectors including water, health, education, road, and agriculture. Notably, communities guided by CRPs have independently undertaken various self-help initiatives, underscoring their commitment to improving the basic services in their communities.





717

local authorities and elected community members (46% of whom are women) trained on:

- Planning.
- CRP Development.
- Needs prioritization.

90

community dialogues conducted and **18** conflict resolution projects implemented ensuring women mediators participation.

39

conflict scans conducted.

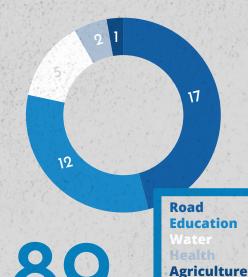
690

(47% women) members from SDCs trained

- Social cohesion.
- Conflict scanning.
- Community mediation.

Gender-sensitive Community Resilience Plans (CRP) developed.

432 community self-help initiatives implemented.



compact initiatives and subdistrict projects supported and implemented.

Sub district committees (SDC) formed with 50% women representation.





Impact:

ERRY III's Local Governance and Social Cohesion component has enhanced access to basic services for 46,342 men and women and strengthened community structures. Demonstrating a strong commitment to supporting local communities, the joint programme brings people together and actively involves them in initiatives outlined in community resilience plans, ensuring their needs are met and enhancing overall resilience enhancing social cohesion of targeted communities.

The programme also ensure vulnerable groups including women are in active position in decision making process at community level.

Renewable Energy



The ERRY III Joint Programme has played a pivotal role in broadening the access of vulnerable populations to sources of energy and job opportunities in the renewable energy sector. The United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) renewable energy initiative, aligned with community resilience plans, supports provision of solar systems to public service facilities ranging from health centers to schools and public institutions. The International Labour Organization (ILO)

also contributes to this effort by integrating renewable energy into apprenticeship interventions, and training beneficiaries in small solar system installation and maintenance, thereby promoting income generation and the adoption of renewable energy practices. These combined initiatives not only enhance clean energy access but also empower communities and create income-generating opportunities in the renewable energy sector.



An ILO apprentice, equipped with training and tools, generates income after graduating from the apprenticeship program in Tuban district, Lahj Governorate.

39

Ablic service facilities

Public service facilities provided with solar/clean energy systems.

Beneficiaries trained on solar systems operation and maintenance.

Water desalination plant has been established and operationalized in Hodeidah Governorate.

Solar/wind energy minigrid established supporting small and medium markets, commercial centers, and shops in Al Shamayteen district, Taiz Governorate.

140

Cash for Work (C4W) and Food/Cash Assistance for Assets (FFA) beneficiaries certified as solar energy technicians.

Governorate.



Impact:

The renewable energy interventions contributed to promoting renewable energy adoption, improving access to clean energy solutions for the public facilities, and empowering individuals and communities through capacity building and sustainable green job opportunities.

It provides accessibility to clean energy and green jobs for women as part of their contribution to climate change adaptation.

Agriculture Value chain:



The Agriculture Value Chain (AVC) component of the ERRY III Joint Programme plays a significant role in boosting sustainable crop and livestock production and productivity in crisis-affected communities in Yemen. Training programs for Farmer Field School (FFS) Master Trainers and Community Animal Health Workers (CAHWs) support knowledge-sharing and essential veterinary services.

Collaborating with the Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) and its partners, the agriculture value chain component engages in diverse initiatives including seed distribution, support of dairy processing and marketing, and capacity-building workshops. The establishment of community seed banks, dairy processing centers, and marketing centers enhances the dairy value chain, providing safe products, generating income, and contributing to the resilience and productivity of agricultural value chains in Yemen.



households supported with Sorghum and millet seeds and provided with training and marketing support to improve value chains.

2210

farmers received animals' feeds and fattening inputs

30 tension staff officers, in

extension staff officers, including 10 females, from the Agriculture Research and Extension Authorities received training on climate-smart agriculture.

39

Individuals from the Water User Associations and the Ministry of Agriculture and Irrigation were trained in water management, harvesting, and irrigation.

1429

dairy producers supported with training and dairy equipment.

50

new Community Animal Health Workers trained to provide veterinary services to communities. 63

participants attended two sessions for Farmer Field School (FFS) master trainers promoting learning and knowledge sharing to FFS groups.

360

farmers received landrace seeds adapted to climate shocks.

dairy processing centers were provided with the necessary equipment for milk processing and packaging.

marketing centers established for the dairy women's group to enhance the value chain of dairy marketing.



Impact:

The ERRY III Joint Programme's Agriculture Value Chain (AVC) has improved farming practices, veterinary services, and the dairy value chain, leading to enhancing food security, and livelihood, and income for farmers in Yemen.

Food Assistance for Assets (FFA) and Food Assistance for Trainings (FFT):



The ERRY III Joint Programme has played a crucial role in enhancing access to food and income opportunities for women, youth, and other vulnerable groups in specific communities. Through diverse activities, including emergency employment opportunities creation, and the restoration of community assets, the World Food Programme (WFP) and partners have markedly improved income and livelihoods in the communities supported by the joint programme. The creation and rehabilitation of community-based assets has not only improved physical infrastructure but also increased access to essential services like health centers, schools, roads, water, and markets in households and communities. Participants, including women, youth, and vulnerable groups, have benefited from cash transfers, enabling them to enhance access to essential needs like food and medication along with socio income opportunities.



41

community assets rehabilitated/ restored as prioritized by the communities:

Agriculture
Health facilities
Roads
Schools
Social Infrastructure
Water



18900

individuals, including women, youth, and vulnerable groups, have benefited from the cash transfers

31000

beneficiaries, including women, youth, and vulnerable groups, have benefited from the communal assets rehabilitated/constructed.

2774

household engaged in asset creation/ rehabilitation through Food Assets (FFA) activities.

135

female participants engaged in the income/skill generation trainings through Food Assistance for Training activity.

USD 1,585,883 transferred to targeted beneficiaries.



Impact:

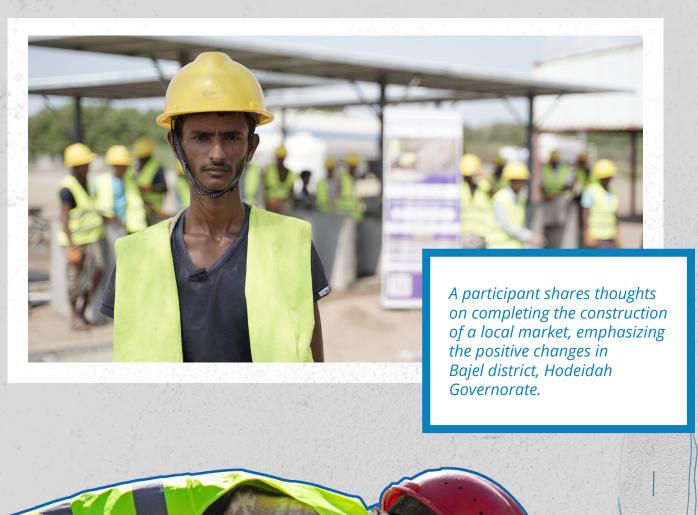
ERRY III Joint programme's Food Assistance for Assets (FFA) activities have effectively enhanced food security and access to crucial services, contributing to sustainable development and improved quality of life for vulnerable communities.



Livelihoods and Short-term



The ERRY Joint Programme has notably enhanced the access of youth, women, and other vulnerable groups to food and income opportunities. Through offering short-term employment opportunities to these groups, the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) and its partners have supported the restoration and building of community assets, improving access to basic social services and markets. These beneficiaries have also undergone training in business development and life skills, empowering them to launch and oversee income-generating activities. Consequently, they have received startup grants to establish their small businesses, fostering the creation of short-term income opportunities within their communities. It facilitated the accessibility of men and women to different services as a result of the rehabilitated or constructed assets.







4800

(38% women) beneficiaries engaged in short employment opportunities.

500

(48% women) out of these beneficiaries received startup grants financing to establish their small businesses. 4800

(37% women) beneficiaries trained on business development and life skills enabling them start and run their income generating activities.

41

community assets rehabilitated/ constructed to facilitate people's access to social services and markets.

Impact:

The Livelihoods and Short Employment Development component has made a significant impact by offering short-term employment opportunities and empowering individuals with the essential skills and resources to initiate their own income-generating activities. Through training and grants, the joint programme has empowered beneficiaries, fostering economic self-sufficiency and contributing to improved sustainable livelihoods within the communities. Women accessed resources and were capacitated with the necessary skills to be engaged in income-generating activities.

Skills and Entrepreneurship



The Skills and Entrepreneurship component of the ERRY III Joint Programme has significantly enhanced food and income opportunities for women, youth, and vulnerable groups. Certification of trainers in the Start and Improve Your Business (SIYB) packages by The International Labour Organization (ILO) and its partners has expanded entrepreneurial capacities.

Moreover, training master craftspersons has improved competencies in technical skills and occupational safety, leading to many apprentices graduating from the ILO apprenticeship programme. Graduated apprentices have received toolkits for various market-demanded occupations like mobile motorcycle and solar maintenance, photography, beauty therapy, and food processing. The commitment to developing new vocational curricula highlights the joint programme's dedication to fostering entrepreneurship and technical skills in crisis-affected communities.





Lahj Governorate, after receiving certificates and beauty equipment through ERRY III Joint Programme.

Maafer District, Taiz Governorate.

An apprentice in motorcycle repair, after graduating from the ILO apprenticeship program, has successfully opened his own maintenance workshop using tools provided by the programme, and now generates sustainable income.

26

(9women) trainers certified in Start and Improve your Business (SIYB) training packages.

802

(48% women) apprentices certified in market demanded occupations and provided with tool kits for their occupations. 200

(145 women) Small business owners trained on Improve Your Business (IYB) and Business Continuity Planning (BCP) in collaboration with Yemen Federation Chamber of Commerce and Industry (FYCCI) Businesswomen Council.

2

new vocational curricula have been developed and 3 existing have been updated. (Veterinary and animal health service). 273

(44% women) master craftspersons and Technical Education and Vocational Training (TVET) supervisors trained on competency-based training and assessment, mentoring apprentices in on-the-job learning sessions.

50

ILO-trained trainers conducted entrepreneurship training to 4,800 small business owners, organized by UNDP.

Impact:

The Skills and Entrepreneurship Development component of the ERRY III Joint Programme is crucial in boosting income and enhancing food security by equipping individuals with essential skills and tools in various occupations. Through apprenticeship training and certification, the joint programme actively contributes to creating sustainable income opportunities and improving food security in communities affected by crises. Apprenticeship programs make a significant impact on women's empowerment by providing them with opportunities for skill development, economic independence, and career advancement.



Implementing Partners



























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