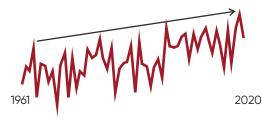


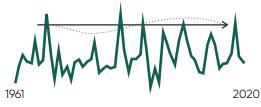
Infographics on climate change and risks in the Kyrgyz Republic



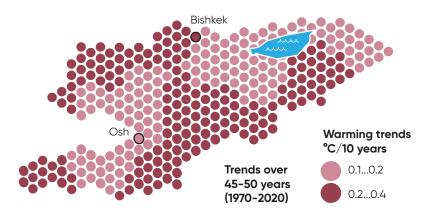
The average temperature of the country is on the rise

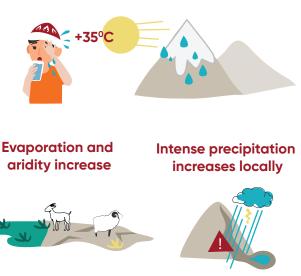


Precipitation varies from year to year, long-term changes are insignificant

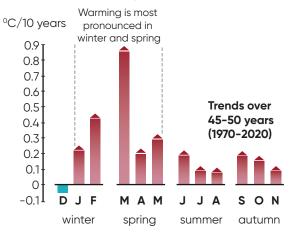


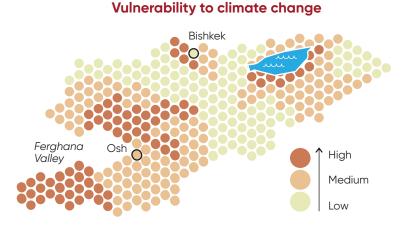
Changes in surface air temperature



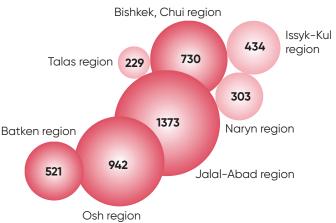


Climate warming by season and month





Number of natural disasters in 2000-2020

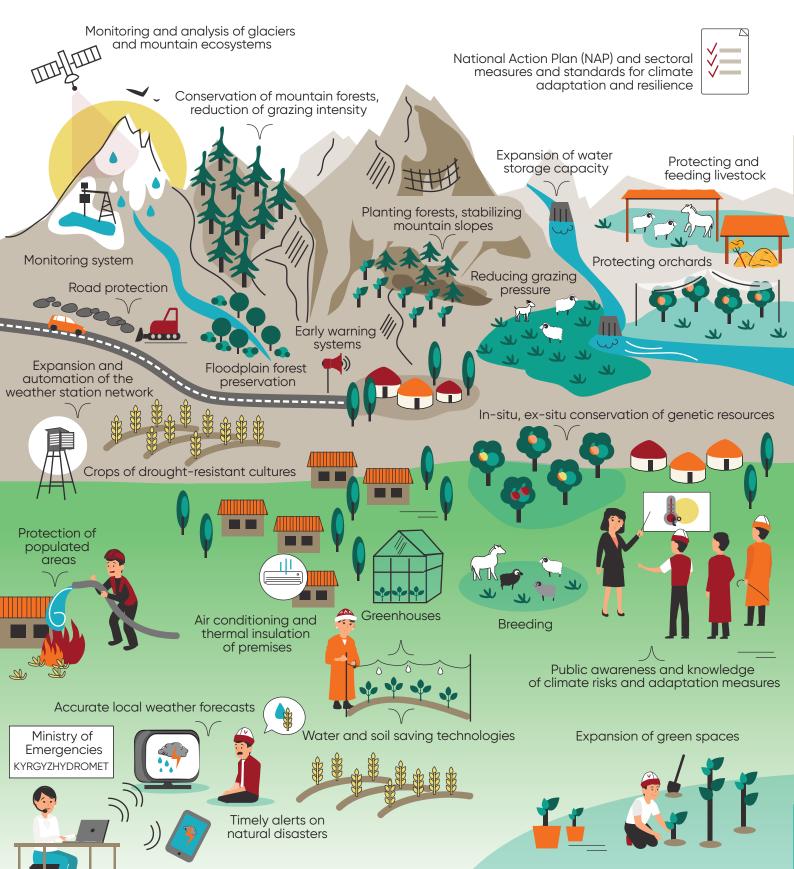


Number of heat wave days on the rise

Climate change impacts on Kyrgyzstan's population and economy



Adaptation to climate change in Kyrgyzstan



Batken Province Mountains and glaciers Juniper forests Orchards, apricot trees Mountain pastures Area: 17 thousand km² Population: 0.5 million people Poverty: 35% Impacts of climate change -Glacier melting, risk Runoff fluctuations, Increased aridity, Impact of heat waves Abrupt weather changes, of glacier lake outburst water scarcity impact on crops on public health damage to horticulture floods and mudflows **Recommended adaptation measures -**Landslide and mudflow Water reserves, water Insurance and change Greenhouses, protection Improvement of health protection structures saving technologies of cropping pattern of gardens and crops and climate comfort

- Reducing conflict and raising awareness on climate change





Impacts of climate change











Glacier melting, risk of glacier lake outburst and increasing numbers floods and mudflows of extreme flash-floods

Runoff fluctuations

Pasture deterioration

on public health

Impact of heat waves Abrupt weather changes, damage to crops



Landslide and mudflow protection structures



Water reserves



Recommended adaptation measures

Reducing grazing pressure



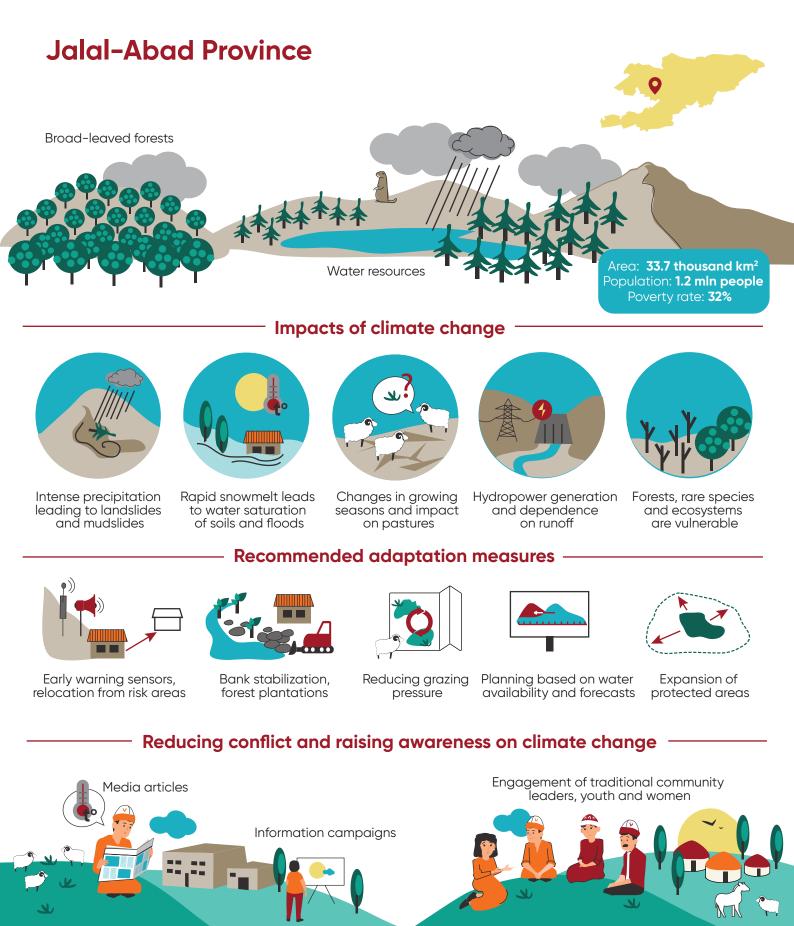
Greenhouses, crop rotation



Improving health and climate comfort systems

Reducing conflict and raising awareness of climate change -





This publication was produced as a part of the «Climate Change and Resilience in Central Asia» project implemented by the UNDP in Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, and Uzbekistan with the support of the European Union.





Funded by the European Union

