COUNTRY PROGRAMME PRIORITIES







By 2027, the well-being of the population of the Kyrgyz Republic will have improved through the further rollout of a green economy based on sustainable and healthy food systems natural resource management, and effective migration processes, by accelerating the use of innovation and entrepreneurship.





GOAL 1:

Polices and mechanisms in place for equitable access to finance and decent employment, create opportunities, especially for women, youth, and other vulnerable groups.

GOAL 2:

The adoption and dissemination of digital and green technologies are supported to create decent jobs and build skills.

GOAL 3:

Local and regional authorities and stakeholders are empowered to lead local sustainable development and to build more resilient, economically sustainable communities.





By 2027, the Kyrgyz Republic has started the transition to low-carbon development and risk-informed climate resilience, contributing to people's fair and equitable access to ecosystem benefits and to empowerment of vulnerable communities in the governance of natural resources and disaster prevention.

GOAL 1:

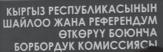
National and sub-national government has improved capacities to implement low carbon, people-centered climate change mitigation and adaptation actions, utilizing efficiency-enhancing measures in access to clean sustainable energy and water.

GOAL 2:

National and sub-national mechanisms and systems are in place to introduce solutions for improved conservation of biodiversity and management of natural resources.

GOAL 3:

National, institutional, legal and policy frameworks are in place for risk-informed development and building resilience to disaster and climate risk, including through transboundary cooperation.





ЦЕНТРАЛЬНАЯ КОМИССИЯ
ПО ВЫБОРАМ И ПРОВЕДЕНИЮ
РЕФЕРЕНДУМОВ
КЫРГЫЗСКОЙ РЕСПУБЛИКИ

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PRIORITY AREA 3

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STRENGTHENING INCLUSIVE,

ACCOUNTABLE AND

DEMOCRATIC GOVERNANCE

By 2027, all people in the Kyrgyz Republic enjoy the benefits of fair and accountable democratic institutions that are free from corruption and apply innovative solutions that promote respect for human rights and strengthen peace and cohesion.

GOAL 1:

Capacity of national and local governance institutions strengthened to deliver responsive and accountable public services to all without any discrimination.

GOAL 2:

Justice system and national human rights institutions are strengthened to ensure equal access to justice and due process, reduce corruption, promote the rule of law and human rights for conflict prevention and sustaining peace to address drivers of fragility.

GOAL 3:

Civil society and vulnerable groups, especially women, youth and people with disabilities, benefit from strengthened and inclusive social dialogue and are empowered to equally participate in national and local decision-making and development, fostering resilience.







UNDP will continue strengthening the national health system for stronger human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) and tuberculosis responses and this includes helping develop capacities for sustained future service delivery in cooperation with national partners, UNAIDS, WHO, USAID.

HIV and TB epidemics remain acute problems for Kyrgyzstan's health care system. Between 2013 and 2019, the number of registered HIV cases in Kyrgyzstan doubled (9135 in 2019). The HIV epidemic in the country continues to be concentrated among key population groups, with an increase in the share of women diagnosed. 70% of registered cases are due to sexual transmission. Concerning TB, Kyrgyzstan is one of the 30 high burden countries for drug-resistant TB, with around 29% of newly registered cases and 68% of previously treated cases that are drug-resistant (according to data from the WHO). These problems have become even more urgent to address following the COVID-19 pandemic, which, as scientists have warned, will have negative effects on TB and HIV control programs around the world.

The Sustainable Development Goal 3 set by the UN is to ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all, at all ages, including putting an end to the AIDS and TB epidemics by 2030. To this effect, UNDP has been effectively implementing GFATM grants since 2011.

UNDP'S WORK IS SUMMARIZED BY "3X6X3" FRAMEWORK THAT HELPS UNDP CONTINUE TO DELIVER ON WHAT IT DOES BEST:

INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT SOLUTIONS DRIVEN BY COUNTRY PRIORITIES.

3 DIRECTIONS OF CHANGE — STRUCTURAL TRANSFORMATION, LEAVING NO-ONE BEHIND, BUILDING RESILIENCE

Structural transformation

including green, inclusive and digital transitions: working with countries to effect change in systems and structures that shape a country's sustainable development

Leaving no-one behind

a rights-based approach centered on empowerment, inclusion, equity, human agency and human development

Building resilience

strengthening countries and institutions to prevent, mitigate and respond to crisis, conflict, natural disasters, climate and social and economic shocks

POVERTY AND INEQUALITY,

GOVERNANCE,

RESILIENCE,

ENVIRONMENT,

ENERGY,

GENDER EQUALITY

3 ENABLERS —
STRATEGIC INNOVATION,
DIGITALISATION,
DEVELOPMENT FINANCING

Strategic innovation

Empowering governments and communities to enhance the performance of entire systems, making them adaptive and resilient. Accelerator Lab of Kyrgyzstan is part of UNDP's drive to be an incubator for the future. The Accelerator Labs are designed to close the gap between the current practices of international development in an accelerated pace of change. They model a new capability to make breakthroughs on the future of development: inequality, decarbonization, the 4th industrial revolution and new forms of governance. It also aims to accelerate progress towards the 2030 Agenda.

Digitalisation

Supporting countries to build inclusive, ethical and sustainable digital societies. Digital is transforming the world. UNDP Kyrgyzstan designed its digital offer to the country to change the way we work, how we study, how we access services, and how we interact with each other. UNDP puts forth a long-term vision to create a world in which digital is an empowering force for people and planet.

Development financing

Partnering with governments and the private sector to align public and private capital flows with the SDGs and mobilise finance at scale. Through UNDP and Integrated National Financial Framework, the Government of the Kyrgyz Republic works to develop a holistic, comprehensive and integrated financing strategy. The INFF process will build on the ongoing DFA and support the government's ambition to improve the efficiency, effectiveness and transparency of the use of public funds and governance of private finance in order to support the implementation of Kyrgyzstan's National Development Strategy (NDS) and the SDGs.

UNDP GENDER EQUALITY SEAL

The UNDP Gender Equality Seal is a corporate certification process that recognizes the good performance of UNDP Country Offices in delivering transformational gender equality results. The Seal is a global brand that aims to be recognized by government counterparts, civil society partners, donors and the public as a guarantee of UNDP's commitment, expertise and effectiveness in protecting and advancing women's rights and gender equality. UNDP Kyrgyzstan is one of the nineth Country Office worldwide which became a Gold Member of Gender Equality Seal program.



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