FACTSHEET GUINEA-BISSAU





From the People of Japan

Promoting Transparency and Accountability in Governance to Prevent Corruption and Build Peace

Budget: 2,033,752 USD

Duration: Dec 2022 - Nov 2025

Development Challenges

Corruption, weak accountability mechanisms and impunity hinder stability, peace consolidation and socio-economic development, leading to resources being diverted from sectors such as health, education, social protection, and justice. This disproportionately affects marginalized groups and people in rural areas. Public confidence in institutions and business confidence for investment remain low. The Government of Guinea-Bissau has therefore made fighting corruption a priority. As a result, a National Strategy to Fight against Corruption has been developed with the support of UNDP, addressing issues such as impunity, lack of accountability and transparency in public administration, public resources management and service delivery particularly to the vulnerable populations in the regions. The project is contributing to the implementation of the strategy, particularly through improving transparency in public resources management and service delivery to the citizens.

Project Objectives

The objective of the project is to improve the quality of public services delivered to the population through enhancing the State's capacities to fight corruption. This will be done through three specific objectives:

Rely on the National Strategy to Fight against Corruption and UNDP's Digital Strategy focusing on using digital technologies to solve development challenges through innovation in delivery, co-creation, collaboration, and advocacy; Build on experiences connected to the use of technology to overcome challenges, both those few incountry ones (like the UNDP projects on digitalization of public records/data and the creation of a national identity system), and those in countries with similar development challenges; The use of digital technologies for integrity and anti-corruption will be anchored in two pillars: an approach to prevent and tackle corruption, such as using digital tools to detect, analyze, investigate, predict, and monitor corruption; and a preventing approach through promoting effective, accountable, and inclusive institutions and governance processes such as egovernment for efficient service delivery.

Project Outputs

Increased capacity of audit institutions and public administration Availability of digital solutions in the Central Mechanism for Corruption Prevention

Implemented blockchain systems in key state institutions Promotion of culture of transparency through Agents of Change;

Developed islands of integrity.

Partnership

Vice Prime Minister's Office, Ministry of Justice, Anti-corruption Guinean Association and the Audit Court

Contribution to SDGs



UNDP Guinea-Bissau: <u>https://www.undp.org/guinea-bissau</u>