UNITED NATIONS DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME



FUNDING COMPENDIUM 2022



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Foreword

economic recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic difficulty in mounting effective responses to crises, was dealt a hard blow by the conflict in Ukraine and setbacks in delivering multiple functions jointly as part its spillover effects, including elevated debt levels, of the UN system, and challenges in upholding our inflation and financial market volatility. As the world normative mandate. With flexible funding shrinking and continues to face a polycrisis, and the cost of living and poverty continue to rise, the prospect of achieving the Sustainable Development Goals in 7 years seems more longer-term systemic results are threatened. uncertain than ever.

outlook for many, the dedicated support of our funding partners allowed UNDP to continue delivering significant results, effectively and at scale. By utilizing the scarce resources entrusted to us by our partners in an efficient in 2022, and met 95 per cent of its planned programmatic political instability, UNDP kept services, infrastructure, jobs and social protection systems going, reaching tens of millions of people in need.

We sincerely thank our partners for investing in UNDP as a key trusted partner, especially our *#*PartnersAtCore, as regular 'core' resources remain the most critical and and align \$1 trillion in public and private finance for the flexible type of funding, enabling us to respond rapidly in crisis situations, continue our strong support to lowand middle-income countries, lay the foundational work in programme design to attract additional financing, strengthen thought leadership in innovation, and maintain high standards in oversight, transparency and accountability. A strong programme based on core resources is a prerequisite for the effective delivery of pooled funding as well as earmarked non-core funds.

However, in 2022, we saw core funding decline for a second consecutive year, sustaining the imbalance in the core to non-core ratio, and a lack of progress towards meeting the related Funding Compact targets. A persistent decline in core resources for UNDP means less funding for programmes directed at countries

> Ulrika Modéer Assistant Secretary-General and Assistant Administrator

In 2022, the cautiously optimistic outlook for a global and communities where the needs are greatest, more earmarked resources increasing, UNDP's efforts to go 'beyond projects' and move to portfolios to deliver

Looking ahead, the funding landscape for 2023 and With global economic conditions dampening the fiscal beyond remains highly uncertain. Further cuts in core funding will disproportionately impact the most vulnerable and exacerbate the multiple challenges they are already facing. Therefore, it is with urgency that we call on our partners to protect their investment in UNDP, manner, UNDP achieved a record delivery of \$4.8 billion refrain from cutting their core contributions, and avoid redirecting ODA away from global human development targets for the year. Despite crises, economic shocks and as investing in development to prevent and emerge from crisis is the smartest investment.

> With a bold and ambitious Strategic Plan, 2022-2025 that strives to lift 100 million people from multidimensional poverty, enable 800 million people to participate in elections, provide clean energy to 500 million people, SDGs, UNDP will continue to rely on your support to achieve these "moonshots" and get us back on track to achieving Agenda 2030.

Let us join forces and strive for a more prosperous, equitable, and sustainable future for all.

Executive Summary

The Funding Compendium presents the annual contributions received by UNDP from its funding partners. through a variety of channels including Regular Resources ("core") and Other Resources, which range in earmarking from softly earmarked thematic funds to tightly earmarked funds for specific programmes or projects.

In a difficult funding environment exacerbated by crises, economic shocks and geopolitical tensions, UNDP continued to enjoy dedicated support from its partners. In 2022, UNDP received \$4.9 billion in annual contributions, including \$591 million in regular resources. Unfortunately, this is a 7 per cent decline from \$5.3 billion received in 2021 and the proportion of regular resources remained at 12 per cent of total resources.

Despite record lows in regular resources funding, 2022 saw the highest-ever delivery by UNDP - \$4.8 billion - through which it met 95 per cent of planned programmatic targets for the year. That UNDP maintained such strong momentum testifies to its commitment and operational strength. But the situation is not sustainable. A breaking point will come if funding trajectories continue to decline, at a cost to UNDP and the people and developing countries it serves.

TOTAL ANNUAL CONTRIBUTIONS¹ TO UNDP.

Annual contributions decreased by 7 per cent to \$4.9 billion in 2022, from \$5.3 billion in 2021. Of this total, \$2.0 billion or 41 per cent was from donor country governments, \$1.7 billion or 35 per cent was from multilateral partners, and \$1.2 billion or 24 per cent was from programme country governments.

REGULAR RESOURCES.

Annual contributions to regular resources decreased by 9 per cent to \$591 million, from \$648 million in 2021. The proportion of regular resources remained at 12 per cent of total annual contributions. Multi-year commitments amounted to \$196 million, or 33 per cent of regular resources contributions, down from 37 per cent in 2021.

OTHER RESOURCES.

Annual contributions to other resources decreased by 7 per cent to \$4.3 billion from \$4.7 billion in 2021.

1 in 2019, UNDP refined its accounting policy on International Public Sector Accounting Standard (IPSAS) 23 (non-exchange) revenues. Following the policy, UNDP records the full value of funding agreements when signed, even when cash has not been received for the majority of the contribution agreements. Any uncollected cash associated with funding agreements is held as a receivable. Under the UNDP financial regulations and rules, UNDP is permitted to spend only up to the amount of cash received; hence, "annual contributions"' are presented to align with the past revenue recognition policies for contributions (i.e., cash received in a reporting ear, plus receivables due in a reporting year) where applicable in this document



9% decrease in core funding (regular resources) Core contributions received in 2022 decreased to \$591 million from

\$648 million in 2021



42% increase in funding windows Contributions from thematic funding windows

increased to \$119 million from \$84 million in 2021



14% increase in third-party cost-sharing Contributions from third-party cost-sharing increased to \$1.92 billion from \$1.68 billion in 2021



10 partners increased their contributions to regular resources

United States, Sweden, Japan, Norway, Australia, Italy, Luxembourg, Austria, Iceland, and Spain (returned) increased their contribution to regular resources



6 new multi-year pledges to contribute regular resources Sweden, Switzerland, Australia, Luxembourg,

New Zealand, and Türkiye signed multi-year pledges to contribute regular resources

Record programme delivery

Highest programme delivery of \$4.8 billion, meeting 95 per cent of planned programmatic targets for the year

COMMITMENT TO TRANSPARENCY AND ACCOUNTABILITY



Long-standing commitment to transparency

As a member of the International Aid Transparency Initiative (IATI) since its creation in 2008, UNDP has led outreach efforts with partner countries and UN agencies to champion the aid transparency standard and make it relevant for national development planning, public financial management and mutual accountability of aid, development and humanitarian funding. UNDP was ranked the **2nd most transparent UN agency** in the 2022 Aid Transparency Index.

UNDP's Transparency Portal allows open, comprehensive public access to data on more than 5,000 UNDP projects with links to profile pages for every donor. The portal also shows UNDP's contribution to the Sustainable Development Goals and offers an online training platform on the IATI Standard open to all.



Promoting transparency across the UN system

UNDP actively participated in defining and implementing a set of



Publishing audit reports

UNBOA for 17 consecutive years.

6

RESOURCES BY FUNDING TYPE

8

Regular and other resources, 2022

In 2022, total annual contributions to UNDP amounted to \$4.9 billion, a 7 per cent decline compared to \$5.3 billion received in 2021. Annual contributions to regular resources decreased by 9 per cent from \$648 million to \$591 million, while annual contributions to other resources decreased by 7 per cent to \$4.3 billion from \$4.7 billion in 2021.

Regular resources are critical for UNDP to support the world's poorest, be present on the ground before, during and after emergencies, fill resource gaps in underfunded areas of the Strategic Plan, leverage additional resources, and restore the promise of development.



Regular and other resources trend, 2019-2022

Over the period 2019-2022, UNDP's total annual contributions were highest in 2020 and 2021, owing to increased resources in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. The conflict in Ukraine and lagging effects of the pandemic dampened the global economic situation for UNDP and its partners in 2022. Annual contributions to regular and other resources decreased by 9 and 7 per cent, respectively, while the proportion of regular resources remained at 12 per cent.

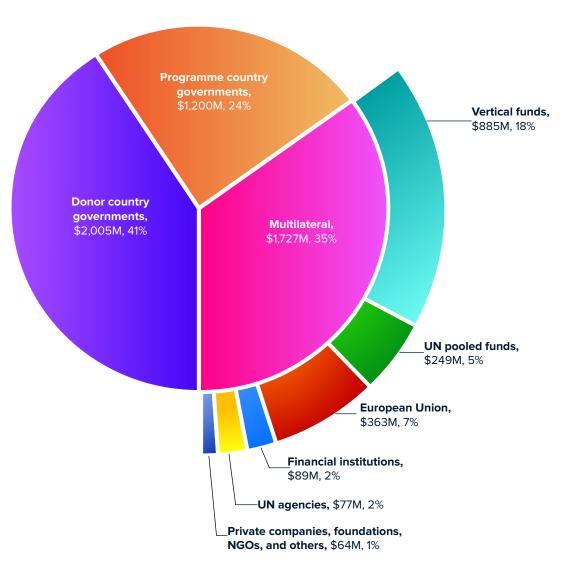


Resources by funding partner

UNDP values all types of funding it receives from a variety of partners – Member States, multilateral organizations, non-governmental entities, private and philanthropic sectors, and financing institutions - allowing it to deliver on its commitments. The chart below shows a breakdown by partner of total annual contributions received in 2022. Donor country governments remain the biggest contributors followed by programme country governments and multilateral partners.

Resources by partner group, 2022

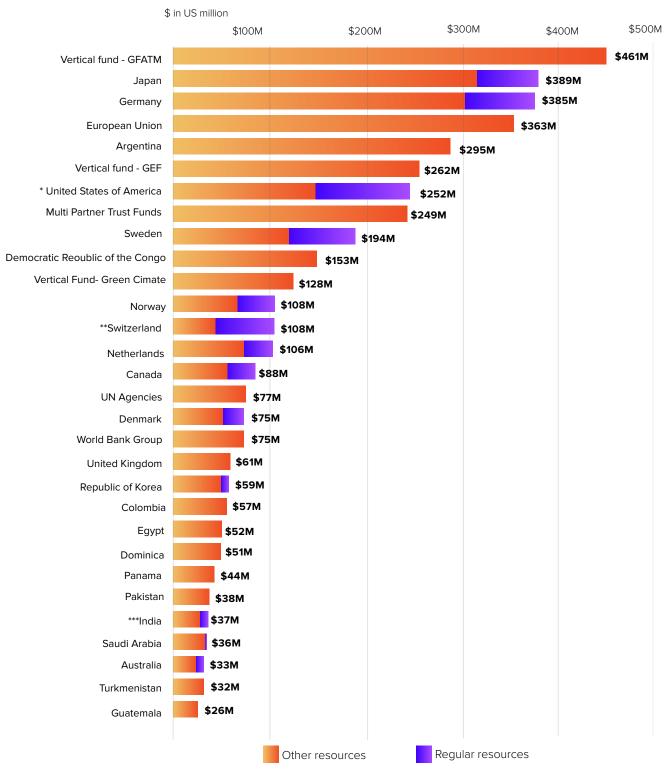
Contribution by Donor category in 2022



RESOURCES BY FUNDING PARTNER

Top 30 resource partners, 2022

UNDP's top 30 resource partners contributed \$4.3 billion, or 87 per cent of total annual contributions in 2022.

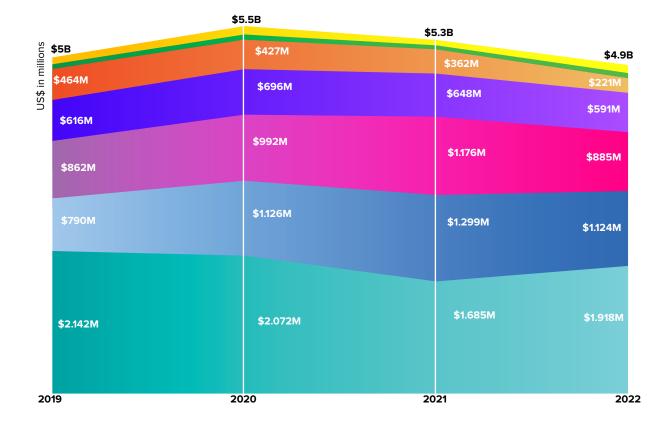


UNDP receives its funding through various channels as described below. In 2022, UNDP faced a difficult funding environment exacerbated by crises, economic shocks and geopolitical tensions. Annual contributions to regular resources decreased by 9 per cent while annual contributions to other resources decreased by 7 per cent. Contributions to thematic funding, a critical complement to regular resources, increased by 42 percent while contributions from Vertical Funds and Government financing decreased by 24 and 13 per cent, respectively. Despite the decrease, contributions from Government financing which make up over one fifth of UNDP's resource base, exceeded the planned contribution estimate for 2022. Third-party cost sharing continues to make up the largest share of earmarked resources to UNDP, making up 39 per cent of total contributions.

* Reflects an adjustment for recording annual contributions from USAID Letter of Credit (LOC), includes 2021 contributions received in 2022 and \$19.6m core for COVID -19 response in 2022.
** Includes an additional \$13.3m core intended for 2021 but received in 2022.
***Includes \$4.4m core intended for 2021, but received in 2022

RESOURCES BY FUNDING CHANNEL

Resources by funding channel, 2019 – 2022



REGULAR "core" RESOURCES:

Unearmarked funds that are foundational to deliver results across the Strategic Plan.

OTHER RESOURCES:

Earmarked funds for specific themes, programmes or projects.

- **Government Financing:** A voluntary funding mechanism by which programme country Governments entrust their domestic resources, or loans extended by financial institution (IFIs), to UNDP to assist in the implementation of development initiatives in their respective countries.
- **Thematic Funds:** Softly earmarked pooled funds designed to support the achievement of outcomes aligned with the Strategic Plan, and address issues that cut across thematic areas.
- Third Party Cost Sharing: Earmarked contributions for a specific programme, project, region, or country.
- **UN Pooled Funds:** A UN inter-agency financing mechanism supporting clearly defined programmatic scopes and results frameworks, enabling global and local responses to humanitarian, development, environmental, and peace-related challenges.
- Vertical Funds: Earmarked funds for a single area of development e.g., health or environment.
- **Reimbursable Support Services:** Funds for management and support services, including for UN Volunteers, the Junior Professional Officer (JPO) Programme.

REGULAR "core" RESOURCES

Why Core Matters





Through core resources, UNDP is able to respond quickly and flexibly to the development needs of countries affected by conflicts and natural disasters. It allows UNDP to be present on the ground before, during and after emergencies, to service the international community in directing resources where they are most needed. Core enables UNDP to quickly deploy funds, provide life-saving services, support governments to sustain governance structures and continue providing basic services, and preserve development gains.



SUPPORTING THOSE WHO NEED THE MOST

UNDP directs over 80 per cent of core funding to least developed and low-income countries, where development needs are greatest and resources are most scarce. In fragile settings, UNDP's programmes fund a broad range of needs - from job creation to climate security – and focus on building long-term resilience so that no one is left behind.



CORE MEANS MORE

Core funding is a smart investment because it's a magnet for more money. In 2022, every core dollar spent on UNDP's programmes brought ten more in non-core funding. UNDP's environmental portfolio, resourced at \$3.9 billion, leveraged \$15.1 billion in additional public and private funds to confront the planetary crisis.

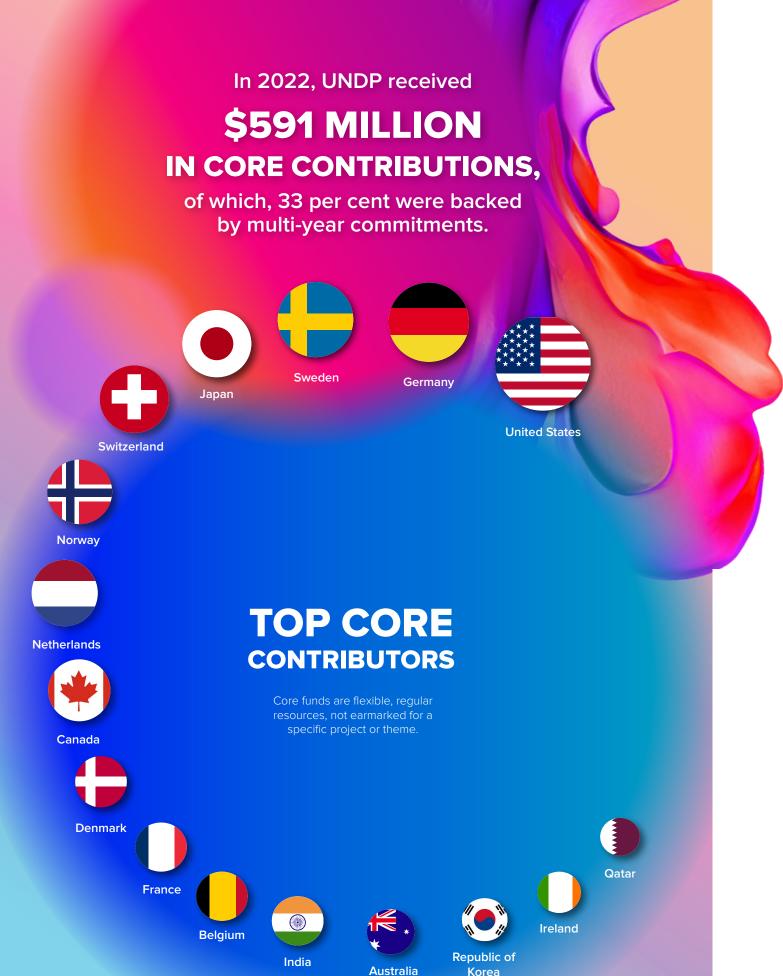
TRANSPARENCY, OVERSIGHT, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Core funding helps UNDP maintain high standards of quality assurance and transparency, support independent oversight functions such as evaluation, ethics, and development effectiveness, underpinning a strong commitment to accountability. It also allows UNDP to support UN system-wide assets and the UN Development System. In 2022, UNDP obtained a clean audit opinion for the seventeenth consecutive year and was ranked the 2nd most transparent UN agency on the Aid Transparency Index.

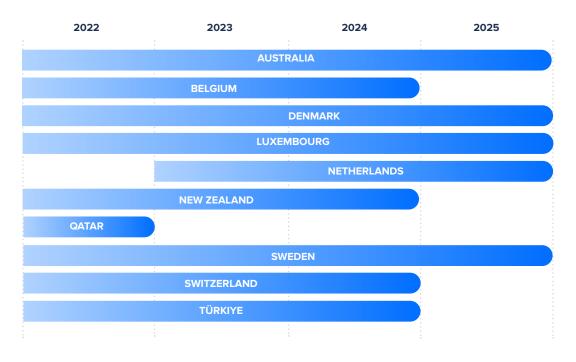
INNOVATION AND THOUGHT LEADERSHIP



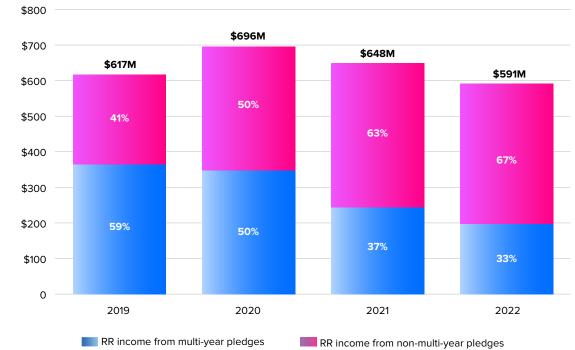
Core funding allows UNDP to test innovative approaches to support development. Its Accelerator Lab networks are pushing the boundaries on frontier development issues. The Human Development Report Office, funded from core, spearheads cuttingedge research, constructively challenges policies and approaches constraining human development, advocates for practical policy changes, and enhances thought leadership overall.



9 PARTNERS WITH MULTI-YEAR PLEDGES TO REGULAR RESOURCES



REGULAR RESOURCES FROM MULTI-YEAR PLEDGES, 2019-2022



1	USA*	100.304.831	14 RoK	8.507.964	27 Kuwait	570.000
2	Germany	74.428.779	15 Ireland	8.140.756	28 Bangladesh	500.000
3	Sweden	70.716.415	16 Qatar	8.000.000	29 Singapore	300.000
4	Japan	65.657.939	17 New Zealand****	7.142.879	30 Iceland	220.442
5	Switzerland**	62.854.158	18 Italy	6.322.445	31 Czech Republic	110.181
6	Norway	39.808.105	19 Luxembourg	4.709.997	32 Morocco	90.645
7	Netherlands	30.864.198	20 China	3.450.000	33 Israel	50.000
8	Canada	30.120.482	21 Finland	2.132.196	34 Portugal	50.000
9	Denmark	22.478.645	22 Saudi Arabia	2.000.000	35 Vietnam	35.000
10	France	10.344.828	23 Türkiye	1.200.000	36 Liechtenstein	26.720
11	Belgium	10.010.537	24 Austria	993.184	37 Mongolia	17.000
12	India***	8.789.731	25 Thailand	865.112	38 Andorra	10.334
13	Australia	8.684.035	26 Spain	692.964	39 Cambodia	10.000

*Includes 2021 contributions received in 2022 and \$19.6m Core for COVID -19 response in 2022

CONTRIBUTORS TO REGULAR RESOURCES, 2022

** Includes an additional \$13.3m core intended for 2021 but received in 2022

*** Includes 2021 contributions received in 2022 and recorded as 2022 income

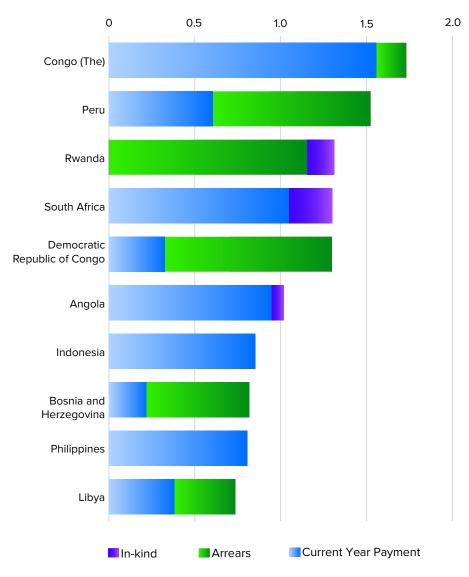
**** Includes NZ\$3m withheld from 2021 but received in 2022

GOVERNMENT CONTRIBUTIONS TO LOCAL OFFICE COSTS (GLOC)

Annual government contributions to local office costs (GLOC) are an important source of revenue and can take the form of in-kind or cash contributions by host governments. In the low and middle-income countries categories, \$29 million was received in 2022 (2021: 33 million), consisting of cash contributions of \$22 million (\$16 million for 2022 targets and \$6 million against arrears) and in-kind contributions of \$7 million for premises and utilities.

GLOC CONTRIBUTIONS BY TOP 10 HOST GOVERNMENTS, 2022

US\$ in millions



OTHER RESOURCES

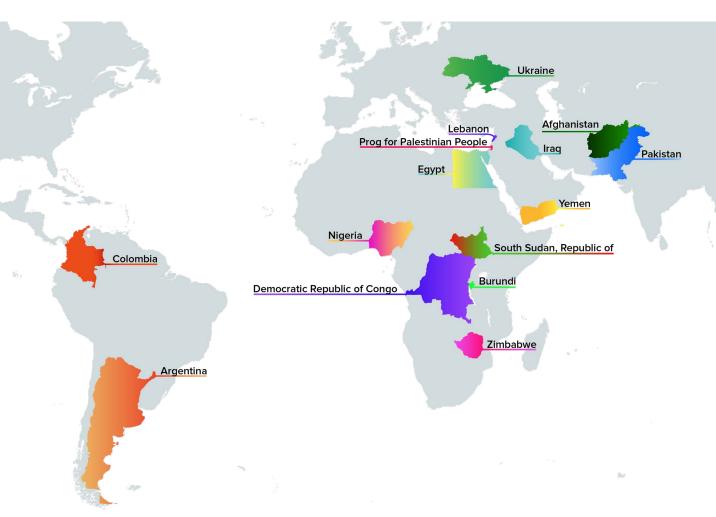
Other resources are earmarked for specific themes, programmes or projects, and represent a critical complement to the regular resources. Other resources are channeled to UNDP through government financing, thematic Funding Windows, UN pooled funds, vertical funds, or third-party cost sharing.

In 2022, annual contributions to other resources decreased by 7 per cent to \$4.3 billion from \$4.7 billion in 2021.

Other Resources - Thematic Funds

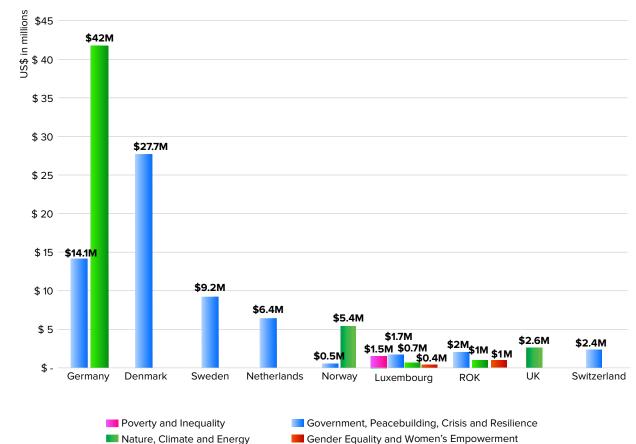
Thematic funds (funding windows) are softly earmarked pooled funds designed to support the achievement of Strategic Plan outcomes and address issues that cut across thematic areas.

In 2022, contributions to UNDP's funding windows increased by 42 per cent to \$119 million from \$84 million in 2021. UNDP is grateful for the continued support of the following funding window supporters:



TOP 15 RECIPIENT COUNTRIES OF OTHER RESOURCES, 2022

CONTRIBUTIONS BY FUNDING WINDOWS, 2022



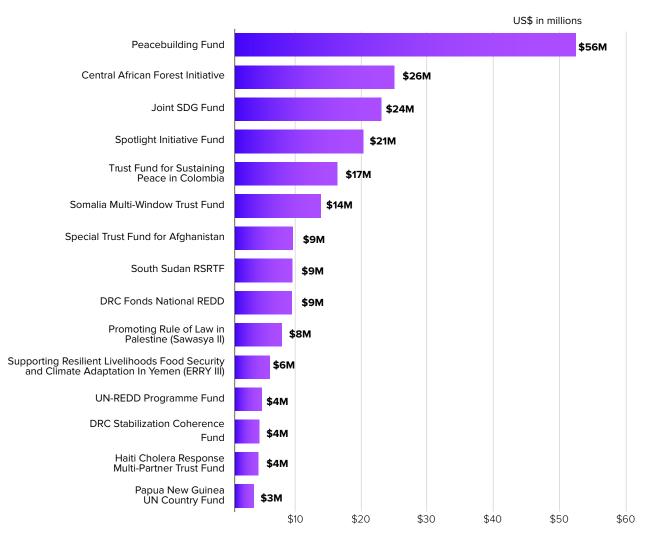
Special thanks go to our 2022 Funding Windows Contributors:

Other Resources - UN Pooled Funds

A UN pooled fund is an inter-agency financing mechanism to support a clearly defined programmatic purpose and results framework through contributions from more than one contributor. These funds enable global, regional and country-level responses to humanitarian, development, climate and environmental, and peace-related challenges.

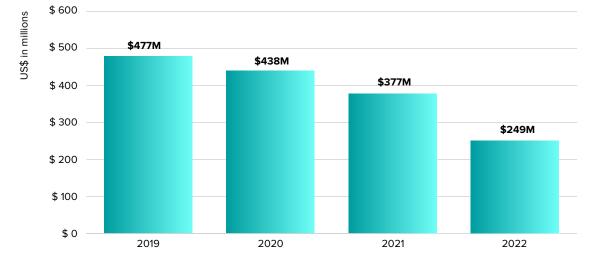
In 2022, contributions from inter-agency pooled funds to UNDP decreased by 34 per cent to \$249 million from \$377 million in 2021.

TOP 15 UN POOLED FUNDS RECEIVED BY UNDP AS A PARTICIPATING UN ORGANIZATION, 2022





UN POOLED FUNDING TO UNDP, 2019-2022

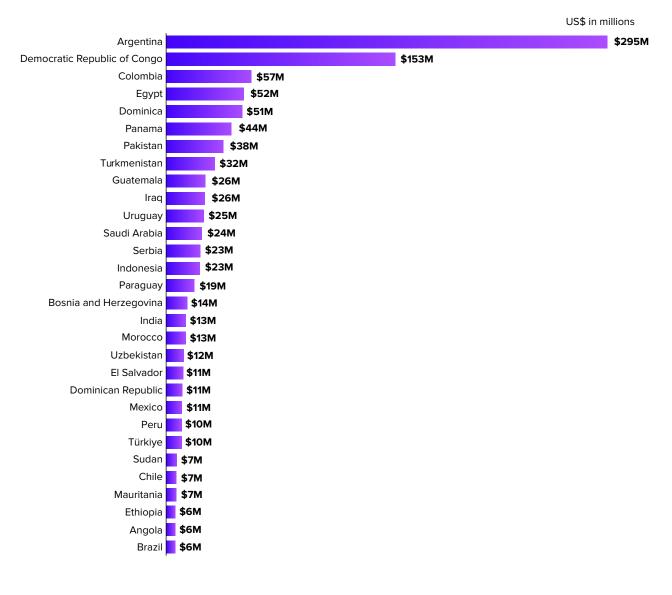


Other Resources - Government Financing

Government financing is a voluntary funding mechanism by which programme country Governments entrust their domestic resources, or loans extended by financial institution (IFIs), to UNDP to assist in the implementation of development initiatives in their respective countries.

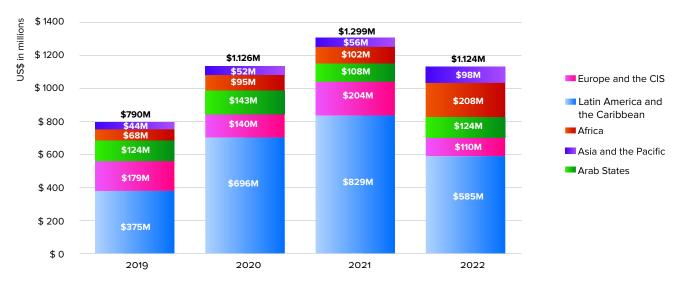
In 2022, total contributions from government financing amounted to \$1.1 billion, a 13 per cent decrease from \$1.3 billion in 2021, surpassing the \$1 billion mark for a third consecutive year, and making up 23 per cent of total annual contributions.

TOP 30 CONTRIBUTORS TO GOVERNMENT FINANCING, 2022



CONTRIBUTIONS TO GOVERNMENT FINANCING, 2019-2022

In 2022, programme countries in the Latin America and Caribbean region contributed 52 per cent of total government financing, followed by Africa (19 per cent), the Arab States region (11 per cent), Europe and the Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS) (10 per cent), and Asia and the Pacific (8 per cent).

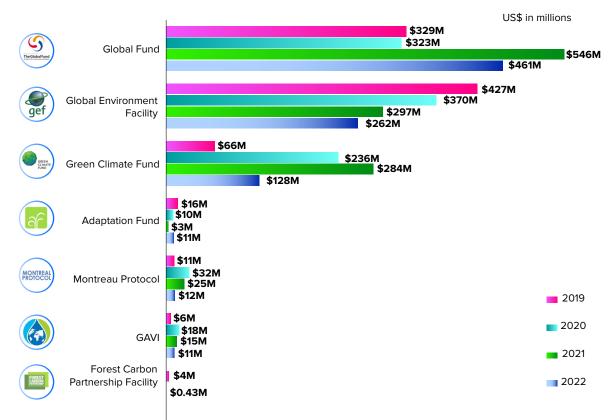


Other Resources - Vertical Funds

Vertical funds are earmarked for a single area of development such as nature, climate, energy, or health. These funds are governed by Steering Committees and are not directly administered by UNDP.

In 2022, UNDP received \$885 million from vertical funds, a 24 per cent decrease from \$1.2 billion in 2021, with the largest contributions coming from the Global Fund (\$461 million), Global Environment Facility (\$262 million), and Green Climate Fund (\$128 million).

CONTRIBUTIONS FROM VERTICAL FUNDS, 2019-2022



Other Resources - Third-party cost sharing

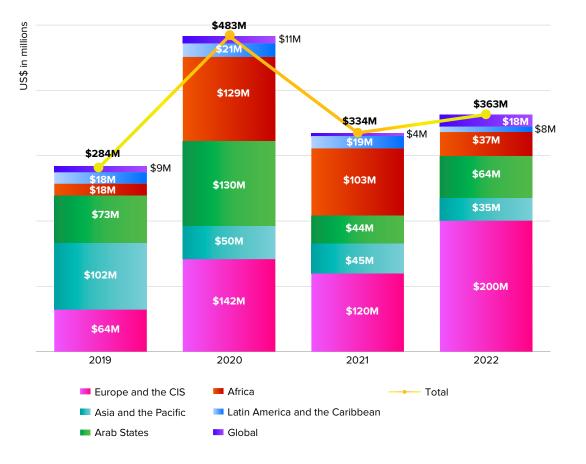
Third-party cost sharing continues to make up the largest share of earmarked other resources accounting for 39 per cent of total annual contributions in 2022, amounting to \$1.9 billion

PARTNERING WITH THE EUROPEAN UNION

UNDP's strategic partnership with the European Union (EU) focuses on achieving the Sustainable Development Goals, building resilience, climate action and sustainable energy, and supporting private sector development and investment.

The European Union was the fourth largest contributor to UNDP in 2022, contributing \$363 million, a 9 per cent increase from \$334 million received in 2021. Countries in Europe and the CIS and Arab States are the largest recipients of these funds.

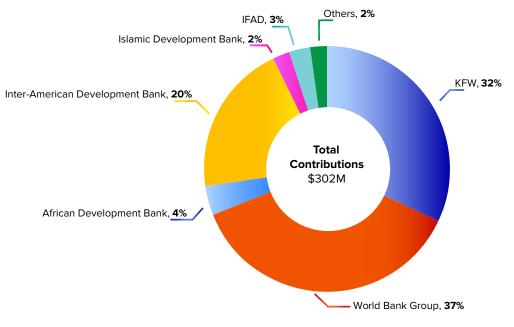
CONTRIBUTIONS FROM THE EUROPEAN UNION, 2019-2022



PARTNERING WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

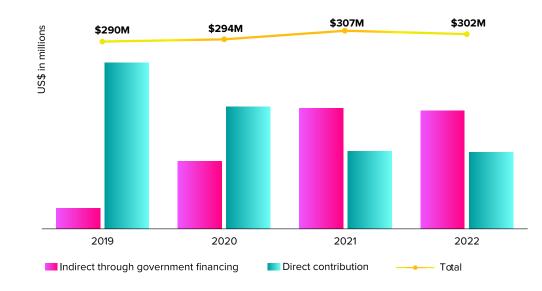
UNDP continues to strengthen its collaboration with International Financial Institutions (IFIs) to help governments leverage the financing needed to achieve the SDGs and address the socio-economic challenges brought about by the COVID pandemic and other crises.

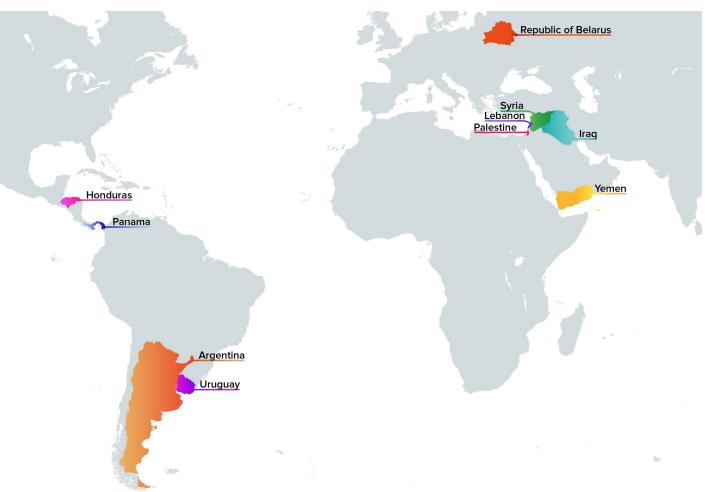
In 2022, IFIs contributed \$302 million, a 2 per cent decrease from \$307 million in 2021. This amount comprises \$183 million in direct grants including \$96 million from KfW, the German development bank, reflected in the contributions of the Government of Germany to UNDP; and \$119 million in indirect contributions through government financing for UNDP support for loan implementation.



TOTAL CONTRIBUTIONS BY IFI, 2022

IFI CONTRIBUTIONS BY TYPE, 2019-2022



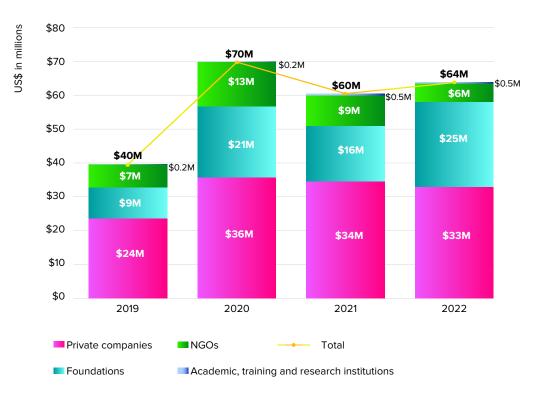


TOP 10 RECIPIENTS OF IFI FUNDING, 2019-2022

TOP 10 CONTRIBUTORS, 2022



ANNUAL CONTRIBUTIONS, 2019-2022



PARTNERING WITH PRIVATE COMPANIES, FOUNDATIONS, NGOS AND ACADEMIC INSTITUTIONS

The UNDP Strategic Plan 2022-2025 emphasizes expanding alliances with the private sector and recognizes development financing as an enabler to promote the investment of over \$1 trillion of public and private finance to achieve the Sustainable Development Goals. Through its <u>Sustainable Finance Hub</u>, UNDP is accelerating its partnerships with the private sector, and helping governments unlock private and public finances for the SDGs.

In 2022, total contributions received from private companies, foundations, NGOs and academic, training & research institutions reached \$64 million, a 7 per cent increase from \$60m in 2021.

PARTNERING WITH THE UN FAMILY

In 2022, UNDP continued to serve as a thought leader and partner to strengthen connections between **UN's system-wide partnerships and coalitions**, both in response to multidimensional, polycrisis situations, and to help accelerate the achievement of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and the SDGs.

Bringing UN partners together

Here are UNDP's top UN partners in 2022, working together globally – from Afghanistan to Ukraine – across our Signature Solutions to address inequality, protect climate and nature, respond to crisis and conflict, and more:



UNDP was proud to host crucial, specialized functions for the UN's work around the world in 2022:

- UNV deployed **12,408 UN volunteers** as a UN system-wide service, a 14% increase over 2021
- Volunteers representing 179 different nationalities
 supported 55 UN entities in 166 countries



- **\$1.74 billion** in resources transferred to UN agencies and implementing partners to provide integrated development responses
- **134 programme countries** received pooled financing across the humanitarian, peace, development and climate portfolio



- Supported the development and scaling up of more than 170 digital and financial products and services, reaching 440,000+ micro, small and medium enterprises (MSMEs) and 16 million people
- Helped catalyse over \$550 million in additional public and private investment capital for sustainable development



- 150 governments, 30 UN entities and international organizations and many other partners supported to exchange good practices and lessons in South-South and triangular cooperation
- **500+ institutions connected** to work on South-South and triangular cooperation, sharing 1000+ good practices on the digital platform, covering all SDGs
- South-South trust funds benefited 70+ developing countries in partnership with 20 UN entities

ANNUAL CONTRIBUTIONS TO UNDP, 2022 (in United States dollars)

Total	In-kind Contributions	Upper MIC Contribu- tions	NCC Contributions	Government contributions to local office costs ^{b/}	Subtotal	Reimbursable support services & misc. activities	Trust funds	Cost-sharing	Regular Resources ^{a/}	Member State
819 962	-	-	-	338 560	481 402	-	-	481 402	-	Albania
769 907	-	-	-	550 000	219 907	-	-	219 907	-	Algeria
10 334	-	-	-	-	10 334	-	-	-	10 334	Andorra
7 240 076	143 335	-	-	943 437	6 153 304	-	-	6 153 304	-	Angola
-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Antigua and Barbuda
295 978 191	-	656 361	-	-	295 321 830	(735)	-	295 322 565	-	Argentina
2 608 395	490 562	-	-	155 000	1 962 833	-	-	1 962 833	-	Armenia
32 720 299	-	-	-	-	32 720 299	3 056 192	4 313 642	16 666 430	8 684 035	Australia
3 087 867	-	-	-	-	3 087 867	-	-	2 094 682	993 184	Austria
3 689 162	276 494	-	-	-	3 412 667	-	-	3 412 667	-	Azerbaijan
1 078 741	152 390	-	758 351	-	168 000	-	-	168 000	-	Bahrain
1 410 921	-	-	-	-	1 410 921	-	30 000	880 921	500 000	Bangladesh
357 708	357 708	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Barbados
389 502	122 526	-	-	266 976	-	-	-	-	-	Belarus
16 709 762	-	-	-	-	16 709 762	129 032	-	6 570 193	10 010 537	Belgium
149 220	9 371	-	-	63 750	76 099	7 419	-	68 680	-	Belize
580 107	-	-	-	580 107	-	-	-	-	-	Bolivia, Plurina- tional State of
2 470 912	85 154	-	-	77 418	2 308 339	-	-	2 308 339	-	Benin
194 325	50 095	-	-	144 230	-	-	-	-	-	Bhutan
14 946 931	-	-	-	817 280	14 129 652	-	-	14 129 652	-	Bosnia and Herzegovina
1 527 554	40 810	147 000	-	-	1 339 743	-	-	1 339 743	-	Botswana
6 795 512	-	496 084	-	-	6 299 427	-	-	6 299 427	-	Brazil
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	British Virgin Islands
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Bulgaria
238 478	-	-	-	238 478	-	-	-	-	-	Burkina Faso
405 573	114 449	-	-	-	291 124	-	-	291 124	-	Burundi
1 399 246	-	-	-	89 581	1 309 665	-	2 000	1 297 665	10 000	Cambodia
(481 542)	-	-	-	-	(481 542)	-	-	(481 542)	-	Cameroon
235 237	-	-	-	-	235 237	-	-	235 237	-	Central African Republic
87 546 897	-	-	-	-	87 546 897	1 125 197	1 155 884	55 145 334	30 120 482	Canada
4 413 618	-	-	-	-	4 413 618	959 488	-	3 454 130	-	Chad
7 829 254	406 527	-	628 000	-	6 794 727	-	-	6 794 727	-	Chile
14 391 336	-	826 251	-	-	13 565 086	27 000	1 098 000	8 990 086	3 450 000	China
57 803 239	-	514 375	-	260 000	57 028 864	-	-	57 028 864	-	Colombia

Tota	In-kind Contributions	Upper MIC Contribu- tions	NCC Contributions	Government contributions to local office costs ^{b/}	Subtotal	Reimbursable support services & misc. activities	Trust funds	Cost-sharing	Regular Resources ^{a/}	Member State
4 058 31 1	-	-	-	1 731 163	2 327 148	-	-	2 327 148	-	Congo (the)
460 807	52 015	-	-	63 656	345 136	-	-	345 136	-	Comoros
25 633	-	-	25 633	-	-	-	-	-	-	Cook Islands
667 404	-	615 382	-	-	52 022	-	-	52 022	-	Costa Rica
1 651 425	80 329	-	-	286 173	1 284 922	-	-	1 284 922	-	Côte d'Ivoire
4 136 505	-	-	-	-	4 136 505	-	-	4 136 505	-	Croatia
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Cuba
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Curaçao
1 825 181	44 695	-	-	-	1 780 486	-	-	1 780 486	-	Cyprus
1 810 820	-	-	-	-	1 810 820	425 369	-	1 275 271	110 181	Czech Republic
51 857	51 857	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Democratic People's Republic of Korea
154 544 415	-	-	-	1 334 476	153 209 939	-	-	153 209 939	-	Democratic Republic of the Congo
78 259 173	2 863 958	-	-	-	75 395 215	1 277 733	27 723 663	23 915 173	22 478 645	Denmark
134 955	-	-	-	-	134 955	-	-	134 955	-	Djibouti
50 976 995	-	-	-	35 123	50 941 872	-	-	50 941 872	-	Dominica
10 991 126	107 503	-	-	9 666	10 873 957	-	-	10 873 957	-	Dominican Republic
4 557 812	-	-	-	296 695	4 261 117	42 717	-	4 218 400	-	Ecuador
52 121 24 1	-	-	-	272 226	51 849 015	-	-	51 849 015	-	Egypt
11 460 770	-	-	-	-	11 460 770	2 717	-	11 458 053	-	El Salvador
2 645 85 1	-	655 820	-	-	1 990 031	-	-	1 990 031	-	Equatorial Guinea
91 225	-	-	-	91 225	-	-	-	-	-	Eritrea
183 558	-	-	-	-	183 558	-	-	183 558	-	Estonia
307 304	-	-	-	307 304	-	-	-	-	-	Eswatini
6 755 257	289 121	-	-	221 843	6 244 293	-	-	6 244 293	-	Ethiopia
710 733	-	-	-	710 733	-	-	-	-	-	Fiji
14 846 169	-	-	-	-	14 846 169	2 636 237	-	10 077 736	2 132 196	Finland
17 463 862	-	-	-	-	17 463 862	2 307 828	-	4 811 207	10 344 828	France
145 154	145 154	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Gabon
1 917 412	-	-	-	114 986	1 802 425	-	-	1 802 425	-	Gambia
658 993	379 988	_	-	194 381	84 624	-	-	84 624	-	Georgia

Member State	Regular Resources a/	Cost-sharing	Trust funds	Reimbursable support services & misc. activities	Subtotal	Government contributions to local office costs ^{b/}	NCC Contributions	Upper MIC Contribu- tions	In-kind Contributions	Total
Germany ^{b/}	74 428 779	238 566 733	68 241 603	3 977 248	385 214 363	-	-	-	717 539	385 931 901
Ghana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	260 427	260 427
Greece	-	167 411	-	-	167 411	-	-	-	-	167 411
Grenada	-	-	-	(78 536)	(78 536)	-	-	-	-	(78 536)
Guatemala	-	26 135 799	-	-	26 135 799	572 438	-	-	-	26 708 237
Guinea	-	-	-	-	-	113 989	-	-	-	113 989
Guinea Bissau	-	76 205	-	-	76 205	-	-	-	-	76 205
Guyana	-	-	-	-	-	130 088	-	-	163 677	293 765
Haiti	-	1 288 486	-	14 679	1 303 165	287 694	-	-	-	1 590 859
Honduras	-	2 730 224	-	-	2 730 224	-	-	-	-	2 730 224
lceland	220 442	347 657	-	871 083	1 439 182	-	-	-	-	1 439 182
India/1	8 789 731	13 517 120	15 000 000	20 000	37 326 852	-	-	-	249 875	37 576 727
Indonesia	-	22 530 598	20 000	-	22 550 598	851 201	-	-	98 749	23 500 548
Iran, (Islamic Republic of) (the)	-	43 892	-	-	43 892	6 411	-	-	-	50 303
Iraq	-	26 000 000	-	-	26 000 000	-	-	-	-	26 000 000
Ireland	8 140 756	11 449 068	-	1 265 294	20 855 119	-	-	-	-	20 855 119
Israel	50 000	-	-	-	50 000	-	-	-	-	50 000
Italy	6 322 445	15 208 280	264 840	713 346	22 508 910	-	-	-	-	22 508 910
Jamaica	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	98 715	98 715
Japan	65 657 939	316 366 675	2 016 667	5 014 067	389 055 348	-	-	-	157 280	389 212 627
Jordan	-	1 057 569	-	-	1 057 569	398 484	-	-	-	1 456 054
Kazakhstan	-	4 093 000	2 000	50 000	4 145 000	-	-	1 300 000	346 860	5 791 860
Kenya	-	-	-	-	-	228 200	-	-	-	228 200
Kiribati	-	-	-	-	-	23 792	-	-	-	23 792
Kosovo*	-	722 793	-	-	722 793	-	-	-	-	722 793
Kuwait	570 000	2 250 000	-	-	2 820 000	-	1 954 397	-	244 596	5 018 993
Kyrgyzstan	-	11 905	-	-	11 905	-	-	-	188 146	200 051
Lao People's Democratic Republic	-	-	-	-	-	82 974	-	-	186 137	269 111
Latvia	-	34 774	-	-	34 774	-	-	-	-	34 774
Lebanon	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lesotho	-	-	-	-	-	121 241	-	-	129 034	250 274

Total	In-kind Contributions	Upper MIC Contribu- tions	NCC Contributions	Government contributions to local office costs ^{b/}	Subtotal	Reimbursable support services & misc. activities	Trust funds	Cost-sharing	Regular Resources a/	Member State
3 477 681	-	-	-	-	3 477 681	-	-	3 477 681	-	Liberia
734 590	-	-	-	734 590	-	-	-	-	-	Libya
26 720	-	-	-	-	26 720	-	-	-	26 720	Liechtenstein
10 341	-	-	-	-	10 341	-	-	10 341	-	Lithuania
11 219 885	-	-	-	-	11 219 885	228 006	4 379 227	1 902 654	4 709 998	Luxembourg
90 295	-	-	-	90 295	-	-	-	-	-	Madagascar
55 467	44 005	-	-	11 462	-	-	-	-	-	Malawi
4 437 473	902 066	225 428	-	-	3 309 978	-	-	3 309 978	-	Malaysia
229 511	-	-	-	168 951	60 560	-	-	60 560	-	Maldives
112 730	32 260	-	-	-	80 470	-	-	80 470	-	Mali
1 000 000	-	-	-	-	1 000 000	-	-	1 000 000	-	Marshall Islands
6 791 752	-	-	-	-	6 791 752	-		6 791 752	-	Mauritania
2 147 227	-	339 977	-	-	1 807 250	-	290 000	1 517 250	-	Mauritius
14 318 363	-	2 032 200	-	-	12 286 163	1 204 815	377 620	10 703 729	-	Mexico
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Micronesia (Federated States of)
5 580	-	-	-	-	5 580	-	-	5 580	-	Monaco
245 646	60 474	-	-	60 350	124 822	-	-	107 822	17 000	Mongolia
35 376	-	-	-	35 376	-	-	-	-	-	Montserrat ^{c/}
2 637 583	162 432	401 503	-	-	2 073 649	-	-	2 073 649	-	Montenegro
13 284 528	-	-	-	202 621	13 081 907	-	-	12 991 262	90 645	Morocco
2 911 864	151 883	-	-	-	2 759 981	-	-	2 759 981	-	Mozambique
158 658	158 658	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Myanmar
494 220	279 311	-	-	214 909	-	-	-	-	-	Namibia
5 877 760	-	-	-	143 430	5 734 330	-	-	5 734 330	-	Nepal
106 146 412	12 552	-	-	-	106 133 859	691 783	6 416 395	68 161 484	30 864 198	Netherlands
14 696 464	-	-	-	-	14 696 464	-	-	7 553 585	7 142 879	New Zealand ^{/2}
4 790 289	208 866	-	-	-	4 581 423	-	-	4 581 423	-	Niger
1 142 898	331 800	-	-	-	811 098	213 217	-	597 881	-	Nigeria
41 670	-	-	-	41 670	-	-	-	-	-	Niue
108 023 460		-		-	108 023 460	1 279 589	6 519 736	60 416 031	39 808 105	Norway
38 473 299			_	202 648	38 270 650			38 270 650	_	Pakistan

Member State	Regular Resources ^{a/}	Cost-sharing	Trust funds	Reimbursable support services & misc. activities	Subtotal	Government contributions to local office costs ^{b/}	NCC Contributions	Upper MIC Contribu- tions	In-kind Contributions	Total
Palestine (State of)	-	230 000	-	-	230 000	-	-	-	-	230 000
Panama	-	43 577 643	-	-	43 577 643	-	500 000	-	27 273	44 104 916
Papua New Guinea	-	767 022	-	-	767 022	-	-	-	-	767 022
Paraguay	-	18 734 729	-	111 538	18 846 267	-	-	-	-	18 846 267
Peru	-	10 364 201	87 929	-	10 452 129	1 523 120	-	-	-	11 975 249
Philippines	-	3 737 903	10 000	-	3 747 903	803 982	-	-	-	4 551 884
Poland	-	902 146	-	-	902 146	-	-	-	-	902 146
Portugal	50 000	465 760	-	169 545	685 305	-	-	-	-	685 305
Qatar	8 000 000	11 718 685	20 000	-	19 738 685	-	-	-	-	19 738 685
Republic of Korea	8 507 964	39 929 472	6 572 570	4 211 622	59 221 628	-	-	-	495 992	59 717 620
Republic of Moldova	-	493 756	-	-	493 756	138 538	-	-	79 543	711 837
Republic of North Mace- donia	-	3 354 864	-	-	3 354 864	-	-	-	-	3 354 864
Romania	-	267 341	-	-	267 341	-	-	-	-	267 341
Russian Feder- ation	-	2 061 639	-	1 000 000	3 061 639	-	-	-	-	3 061 639
Rwanda	-	-	-	-	-	1 162 045	-	-	145 969	1 308 014
Saint Kitts and Nevis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Saint Lucia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Samoa	-	-	-	-	-	132 498	-	-	54 912	187 410
Sao Tome and Principe	-	3 080 949	-	-	3 080 949	10 280	-	-	-	3 091 230
Saudi Arabia	2 000 000	33 835 442	-	167 332	36 002 774	-	2 400 000	-	160 872	38 563 646
Senegal	-	401 030	-	-	401 030	-	-	-	52 994	454 024
Serbia	-	25 287 196	-	95 649	25 382 845	179 000	-	-	367 014	25 928 859
Seychelles	-	-	-	-	-	-	75 000		-	75 000
Sierra Leone	-	-	-	-	-	200 000	-		-	200 000
Singapore	300 000	678 697	-	-	978 697	-	-	-	131 338	1 110 035
Slovak Republic	-	3 531 478	-	-	3 531 478	-	-	-	-	3 531 478
Solomon Islands	-	-	-	-	-	523 705	-	-	-	523 705
South Africa	-	-	1 000 000	-	1 000 000	1 047 269	-	-	254 997	2 302 266
South Sudan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Spain	692 964	4 945 321	-	1 385 928	7 024 212	-	-	-	-	7 024 212

Total	In-kind Contributions	Upper MIC Contribu- tions	NCC Contributions	Government contributions to local office costs ^{b/}	Subtotal	Reimbursable support services & misc. activities	Trust funds	Cost-sharing	Regular Resources ^{a/}	Member State
231 224	65 769	-	-	153 011	12 444	-	-	12 444	-	Sri Lanka
7 552 146	367 884	-	-	-	7 184 262	-	-	7 184 262	-	Sudan (the)
24 940	24 940	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Suriname
193 802 741	-	-	-	-	193 802 741	3 137 700	9 232 073	110 716 553	70 716 415	Sweden
107 673 419	-	-	-	-	107 673 419	3 058 921	2 922 980	38 837 359	62 854 158	Switzerland ^{/3}
3 929	-	-	-	3 929	-	-	-	-	-	Syrian Arab Republic
408 117	90 079	-	-	68 038	250 000	-	-	250 000	-	Tajikistan
2 835 778	-	-	-	440 638	2 395 140	1 325	-	1 528 703	865 112	Thailand
2 844 126	254 283	-	-	138 673	2 451 170	-	-	2 451 170	-	Timor-Leste
1 673 044	63 705	-	-	-	1 609 339	-	-	1 609 339	-	Тодо
28 523	-	-	-	28 523	-	-	-	-	-	Tokelau
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Tonga
1 261 262	-	-	1 259 262	-	2 000	-	2 000	-	-	Trinidad and Tobago
257 149	-	-	-	-	257 149	-	-	257 149	-	Tunisia
14 917 496	-	547 000	-	-	14 370 496	60 000	1 020 000	12 090 496	1 200 000	Türkiye
32 601 796	218 005	-	-	-	32 383 791	-	-	32 383 791	-	Turkmenistan
276 491	218 549	-	-	57 942	-	-	-	-	-	Ukraine
60 657 203		-	-	-	60 657 203	-	6 725 426	53 931 777	-	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
1 407 309	439 895	-	-	-	967 414	217 448	-	749 966	-	United Repub- lic of Tanzania
251 883 706	-	-	-	-	251 883 706	9 168 765	-	142 410 110	100 304 831	United States of America ^{/4}
26 854 714	-	-	1 730 707	-	25 124 007	-	-	25 124 007	-	Uruguay
12 398 945	703 968	-	-	-	11 694 977	-	-	11 694 977		Uzbekistan
30 517	-	-	-	30 517	-	-	-			Vanuatu
35 000	-	-	-	-	35 000	-	-		35 000	Viet Nam
1 605 751	-	-	-	-	1 605 751	-	-	1 605 751		Zambia
488 810	-	-	-	488 810	-		-	-	-	Zimbabwe
3 262 445 716	15 667 364	8 757 380	9 331 350	22 047 800	3 206 641 821	50 246 557	165 444 253	2 399 740 510	591 210 501	TOTAL

*Kosovo is hereinafter referred to in the context of the UN Security Council resolution 1244(1999)

 $^{\mbox{\tiny a/}}\mbox{Amounts}$ only include voluntary contribution from 00001

^{b'} Trust funds excludes \$23m of contribution revenue received on 2 Jan 2023 and this will be reported as annual contribution revenue in the 2023 Certified Financial Report

* Montserrat is a programme country managed under Barbados office

Member State	Regular Resources ª/	Cost-sharing	Trust funds
European Union		\$ 363,049,926	
Financial Institutions ^{/5}		\$ 88,663,082	
Other Multilaterals		\$ 1,780,355	
Private companies		\$ 32,808,552	
Foundations		\$ 25,071,339	
NGOs		\$ 5,554,821	
Academic, training & research institutions		\$ 491,626	
UN Agencies		\$ 77,216,350	
UN pooled Funds		\$ 249,287,300	
Vertical Funds		\$ 885,152,917	
Total Non-government partner group		\$ 1,729,076,267	
2022 Contributions Total*	\$ 591M	\$ 4,343M	\$ 4,934M

1. Regular resources, includes \$4.4m core intended for 2021 but received in 2022

2. Regular resources, includes an additional NZ\$3m core intended for 2021 but received in 2022

- 3. Regular resources, includes an additional \$13.3m core intended for 2021 but received in 2022
- 4. Regular resources, includes \$19.6m core for COVID -19 response in 2022
- 5. Reflects direct grants received by UNDP; excludes loans extended to programme country governments and received by UNDP as government financing and grants received from the German Development Bank, KfW, which are reported under Germany.

*Amount rounded to the nearest million





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