

A Malaria-Free Vanuatu, Contributing to the Good Health and Well-Being of the Population

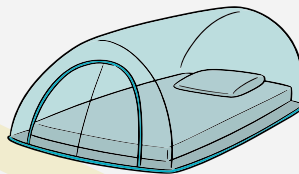
2022 RESULTS AT A GLANCE



Supporting the Vanuatu Ministry of Health's vision to reduce local transmission of malaria to zero in all provinces and achieve a 'malaria-free Vanuatu' by the end of 2023. This project is supported by the Global Fund, with UNDP as the Principal Recipient and the Ministry of Health as the Sub Recipient.

Distributed a total of **71,431** long-lasting insecticide-treated net (LLINs)¹

Malampa: 20,394 Tafea: 240
 Sanma: 39,363 Torba: 1,614
 Shefa: 9,820



And ensuring **81%** of people slept under a LLIN the previous night²

62%

Percentage of health facility reports received against total expected



Annual parasite incidence over the life of the programme

100%

Suspected malaria cases that receive a parasitological test at public sector health facilities



9%

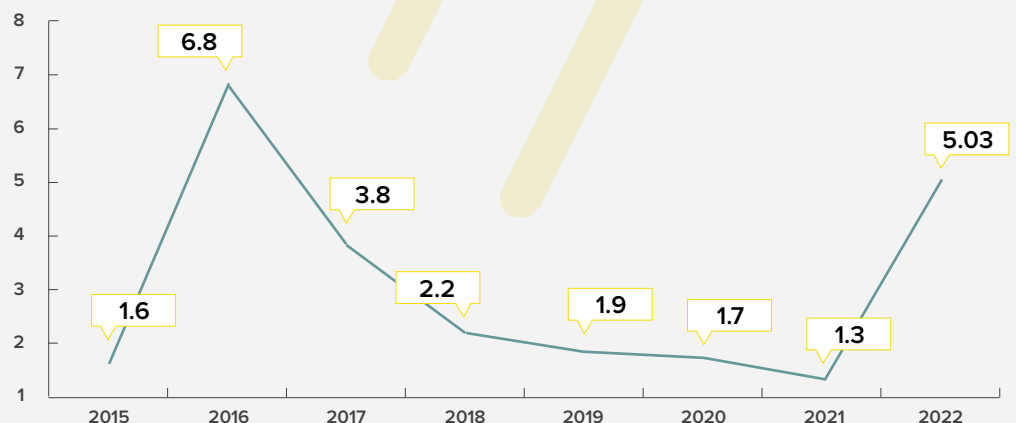
Annual blood examination rate³

100%

malaria foci fully investigated and classified

97%

confirmed malaria cases that received first-line antimalarial treatment at public sector health facilities



¹ Long lasting insecticide treated nets (LLIN): A factory-treated mosquito net made of netting material with insecticide incorporated within or bound around the fibres. The net retains its effective biological activity without re-treatment for 3 years of recommended use under field conditions.

² See 2020 LLIN survey data for more information.

³ Annual Blood Examination Rate (ABER): This indicator monitors the rate of suspected malaria cases that are examined with a parasite-based test per 100 population per year (Elimination settings)..