A Malaria-Free Vanuatu, Contributing to the Good Health and Well-Being of the Population **2021** RESULTS AT A GLANCE



The project supports the Vanuatu Ministry of Health's vision to reduce local transmission of malaria to zero in all provinces and achieve a 'malaria-free Vanuatu' by the end of 2023. It is supported by the Global Fund, with UNDP as the Principal Recipient and the Ministry of Health as the Sub Recipient.

Distributed a total of 37,090 long-lasting insecticide-treated net (LLINs)¹

Malampa: 2,990 Penama: 4,120 Sanma: 5,912 Shefa: 21,571 Torba: 2,497



And ensuring 81% of people slept under a LLIN the previous night

69%

100%

6%

Annual blood

examination rate²

Percentage of health facility reports received against total expected Suspected malaria cases that receive a parasitological test at public sector health facilities



94%

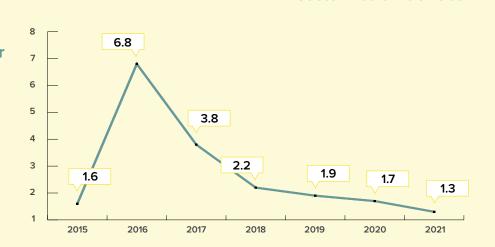
confirmed malaria

cases that received

first-line antimalarial treatment at public sector health facilities



Annual parasite incidence over the life of the programme



100%

classified

malaria foci fully

investigated and

1 Long lasting insecticide treate nets (LLIN): A factory-treated mosquito net made of netting material with insecticide incorporated within or bound around the fibres. The net retains its effective biological activity without re-treatment for 3 years of recommended use under field conditions.

2 Annual Blood Examination Rate (ABER): This indicator monitors the percentage of suspected malaria cases that are examined with a parasite-based test.

This document contains preliminary results and has not yet received final validation by the Global Fund.