UN INTEGRATED SUPPORT PACKAGE (ISP) FOR NORTH EAST NIGERIA

Including Support for the Abducted Chibok Girls, Families and Affected Communities

FINAL DRAFT

UN Nigeria
30/6/2014
1. Background

In the fifteen years since the return to democracy, Nigeria has continued to experience ethno-religious and inter-communal strife. The emergence of the Boko Haram insurgency in 2009 in particular has significantly escalated the level of violence. The sect’s actions – which focus primarily, but not exclusively, on three North-Eastern states of Borno, Yobe, and Adamawa – are characterized by attacks on civilian populations, the military and police, federal and state infrastructure. The frequency, reach, and intensity of these violent terrorist attacks have increased in the course of 2013 and 2014, despite the State of Emergency (SoE) imposed on the three North-Eastern states to enable security forces to conduct counter-insurgency operations against Boko Haram. Since the SoE, security has relatively improved in urban centers but it has worsened in the rural areas.

In 2013, it is estimated that up to 11 million Nigerians who live in the North East states have been affected by the insecurity, Borno alone accounting for about 4 million. Well over 1,500 people have been killed since January 2014 in dozens of attacks across the North East. The prevailing insecurity has displaced up to 350,000 persons, with cross-border implications in neighboring Cameroon, Chad, and Niger, and severely impacted their livelihoods. The displaced are living mostly in host communities further straining already poor community. An estimated 4.2 million people are food insecure and Integrated Food Security Phase Classification (IPC) Level 3 is expected in the Northeastern states under SoE. Service provision, particularly health services and schools, has been affected. At present, a number of health facilities in some affected Local Government Areas (LGAs) are considered non-functional.

The recent months have witnessed a surge in the acts of violence, human rights abuses and violations. In particular, the abduction of over 200 school-age girls in Chibok, Borno, on 14 April has been widely condemned as unacceptable, a flagrant violation of human rights with ominous widespread implications in a region with a poor record of women empowerment and where school enrollment indicators for girls’ education are lower than the national average. The deadly attacks continued unabated across the North East and further afield, including two car bomb explosions on the outskirts of Abuja, and two in central Jos, Plateau States. The Government has come under significant pressure – both domestically and internationally – to act swiftly to secure the young women’s release. Of note is also the potential for political ramifications of the ongoing state of insecurity, against the backdrop of the 2015 general election. These latest developments, particularly the direct attacks on schools and abductions, have brought a new dimension to the impact of insecurity and terrorism on the most vulnerable segments of the population, such as women and children who are directly targeted.

The United Nations intervention is being scaled up accordingly to complement the Government’s response through humanitarian and development interventions in support of the affected population, the abductees, their families, and the affected communities. The interventions also complement other ongoing initiatives to address root causes of insecurity and violence including poverty, discrimination, exclusion and other human rights violations.
The UN System in Nigeria has rapidly engaged with the Government to develop a package of UN multi-sector interventions to mitigate the humanitarian and long-term development impacts of the ongoing insecurity. The approach agreed by the UNCT will bring more efficiency in the utilization of resources and allow the UN system to contribute to alleviating the suffering of the people before any new resources are mobilized. Mr. Said Djinnit, the SRSG for Western Africa and the SG’s Special Envoy to Nigeria on the Chibok girls, met with Government authorities from 12-15 May, and indicated the UN was prepared to provide vital support to affected people and their families in the ongoing crisis. Further, a significant entry point for the UN has already been provided by the Government by nominating the UN Resident Coordinator to the newly-created “Presidential Committee on Chibok Girls”.

2. The Integrated Support Package

The United Nations System in Nigeria has set up a task team to develop an Integrated Support Package (ISP) for the North East including interventions focusing on the Chibok community. The response package is designed to cater for the immediate and long term needs of the affected population. In the short term, the package focuses on advocacy for larger support and in keeping the momentum of unprecedented international attention on the situation of North-East region; the provision of psycho-social, food and non-food items, health, and early recovery through alternative livelihood support to the families of the abducted girls, those who escaped and their communities. As a preliminary action, the UN has conducted a series of needs assessments to ascertain the extent of the challenges faced by communities in the three States. Building on these initial findings, the UN has just carried out a more comprehensive assessment in the North East to validate the earlier findings and inform a possible review of the strategic plan and interventions.

The ISP also highlights the communication and information management strategy that will be utilized to promote and raise awareness on the changing humanitarian context, the need to uphold the strict observance of human rights and the need for political stability to bring to the region the much needed resource to unleash its development potential; the activities of the UN and partners, as well as the coordination mechanism for planning, implementation and monitoring of the humanitarian action. This plan will be implemented in partnership with Federal and State agencies, humanitarian organizations, Civil Society, development partners, and other actors, using the Humanitarian Country Team mechanism. A long term flagship UN program is anticipated in line with UNDAF III for the NE.

2.1. ISP and Ongoing Humanitarian Response

The proposed ISP will not be implemented as a standalone initiative but rather, in coordination with existing interventions aimed at addressing root causes as well as new plans developed by the Federal and State governments in addressing challenges in the NE including the abducted Chibok girls. In the area of humanitarian action, the Government of Nigeria takes the lead through the National Emergency Management Agency (NEMA) in Nigeria, supported by UN, national and international NGOs, and other development partners. NEMA collaborates with State Emergency Management Agency (SEMA), other Government line ministries (Health, Education, and Agriculture
etc.) and Nigerian Red Cross to implement humanitarian interventions in emergencies and disasters. For immediate response to the humanitarian needs, the government (States and Federal) has provided some support to reduce the extent of food insecurity among the vulnerable in Borno, Yobe and Adamawa, mostly through releases from the strategic food reserves and distribution of food and non-food items including agricultural inputs.

There are 16 humanitarian actors including the UN, Non-UN and government agencies with permanent operational presence in the Northeast and SoE states (see Table of Humanitarian Actors in NE, Annex 1). The areas of response cut across different sectors of health, protection, education, agriculture and livelihood. In early 2014 the UN and Government jointly developed Humanitarian Needs Overview to analyse humanitarian challenges and priorities in Nigeria in 2013. This was followed by a Strategic Response Plan (SRP) and development of projects uploaded on the UNOCHA On-line Project System (OPS) with a budget of $75m.

As a result of advocacy by the UN system in Nigeria, the private sector through the Presidential Committee on Flood Relief and Rehabilitation is increasingly playing a role in the response to the dire humanitarian situation in the NE. With the support of the UN and NEMA, the committee has expanded its mandate to include humanitarian support to the population affected by the insurgency and inter-communal conflicts by approving $5 million for Cash Transfer, health and Water Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) support for 10,000 households across 7 states: Yobe, Adamawa, Borno, Benue, Nassarawa, Plateau and Taraba.

### 3.0. Key Elements of the Framework for Integrated Support Package

The ISP implementation will revolve around the following drivers:

- Advocacy support for the safe release of the abducted girls and also draw attention to the wider humanitarian and human rights issues in the North East of Nigeria
- Psycho-social support to the affected girls, immediate families, and their communities.
- Short, medium and long term package of support to the abducted girls when released, the escaped ones and the affected communities.
- Re-establishment of a peaceful and secure environment for the communities in the region.
- Capacity building of the Federal and State government institutions to strengthen effective humanitarian action and coordination, development interventions and respect for human rights.

### 3.1. Communication and Information Management Strategy

The Communication and Information strategy for this plan will reinforce the existing strategic framework and promote the UN activities and actions the abduction. It aims to:

- Increase visibility of the UN advocacy for efforts to the release and reintegration of abducted girls; and build mechanism for a culture of peace in the North East of Nigeria
- Emphasize UN work in the NE prior to and beyond the Chibok girls’ abduction.
- Enhance the resource mobilization efforts of UN agencies providing emergency interventions
The UN in Nigeria will speak with one voice through the Resident Coordinator on the Chibok issue, and coordinates closely and more effectively on media engagements. To raise awareness and inform the humanitarian community and donors about the humanitarian, human rights and development challenges in Nigeria including the North-East, the RC Office deploys a number of information products, described in Annex 2.

4.0. Coordination Mechanism

The actions under this plan will be coordinated using the existing humanitarian coordination mechanism in Nigeria and closely aligned with federal and state plans in NE and on the Chibok abduction in particular. The office of the UN Resident Coordinator through the Inter-Agency Emergency Preparedness and Response Working Group (IA-EPRWG), has overall coordination role for humanitarian action. The humanitarian coordination mechanism which consists of (HCT, IA-EPRWG, NHF, Inter-Sector Coordination Working Group and Sector Working Group) has provided a platform for planning, decision making, information sharing, and advocacy for humanitarian action. Please refer to Annex 1 for a list of humanitarian actors in Nigeria.

The UNCT/Humanitarian Country Team (HCT) provides strategic leadership for decision making, policy development and engagement with the Federal Government; and it meets monthly under the leadership of the UN Resident Coordinator. Inter Agency-Emergency Preparedness Response Working Group provides technical support and facilitates joint planning, implementation and monitoring of humanitarian action. National Humanitarian Coordination Forum (NHCF) chaired and facilitated by NEMA creates a common platform for information sharing and coordination; and Inter-Sector and Sector Working Groups (ISWG) promote sectoral response and coordination. The UN is working with the national and state emergency agencies to support the establishment of sub-national coordination mechanism aimed at facilitating partnership and cooperation between the Government and humanitarian actors for effective and timely humanitarian action in the NE.

The donors have developed a common platform/forum for engaging and scaling up their support for humanitarian action in Nigeria. ECHO, USAID, DFID, JICA and some bilateral partners have developed action plans as part of the effort to increase humanitarian assistance to the North East in general including Chibok.
The organogram below shows the existing humanitarian coordination structure:

**UNCT/Humanitarian Country Team (HCT)**
*(Head of UN Agencies, Head of humanitarian NGOs, ICRC, MSF, donors)*

**RC & DG-NEMA**

**Humanitarian Coordination Forum**
*(NEMA, Head of UN Agencies, NGO representatives, Sectors/Co-leads)*

**Inter-Sector Coordination Mechanism**
*(Sector Lead and co-lead (Government and UN/INGOs)*

**Inter-Agency Emergency Preparedness and Response Working Group**
*UN, INGOS and Red Cross Movement*

**Sector Working Groups (SWG)**
*(WASH, Health, Logistic, Nutrition, Logistic, Telecommunication, CCCM, Food Security,)*

**Existing Sectors/Working Groups**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sectors/Working Groups</th>
<th>Lead</th>
<th>Co-lead</th>
<th>Agency Members*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Education</td>
<td>Ministry of Education</td>
<td>UNICEF</td>
<td>UNESCO,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health</td>
<td>Ministry of Health</td>
<td>WHO</td>
<td>UNICEF, UNAIDS, UNFPA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nutrition</td>
<td>Ministry of Health</td>
<td>UNICEF</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protection</td>
<td>National Human Rights Commission</td>
<td>UNHCR</td>
<td>IOM, UNICEF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CCCM</td>
<td>NEMA</td>
<td>IOM</td>
<td>IOM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shelter and NFIs</td>
<td>NEMA</td>
<td>IOM</td>
<td>UNHCR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WASH</td>
<td>Ministry of Water Resources</td>
<td>UNICEF</td>
<td>UNICEF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Food Security</td>
<td>Ministry of Agriculture</td>
<td>FAO</td>
<td>IFAD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Livelihood and Early Recovery*</td>
<td>UNDP</td>
<td>ILO, FAO, UNIDO, IFAD, UNOPS</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Special Sector and Agency members for the ISP Implementation
5.0 Funding

The UNCT has estimated the available fund through retrofitting of some existing projects/programmes with an indication of the gap expected to be mobilized to implement the ISP. The table below provides the summary of the financial estimates. *Funding Summary:*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Short-Term:</th>
<th>Available USD $</th>
<th>Gap USD $</th>
<th>Total USD $</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Interventions for Abducted Chibok Girls, and their families and community.</td>
<td>1,948,162.00</td>
<td>1,355,000.00</td>
<td>3,303,162.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interventions focusing on the abducted girls</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Preparation for release of abducted girls</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provide support once girls are released</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Short, Medium to Long Term*</td>
<td>57,190,205.00</td>
<td>58,076,601.00</td>
<td>115,266,806.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interventions in North East Nigeria</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Humanitarian &amp; Development</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>59,138,367.00</td>
<td>59,431,601.00</td>
<td>118,569,968.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6.0 Monitoring & Evaluation

The Monitoring and Evaluation of the ISP will be coordinated through the Resident Coordinator’s Office (RCO) with inputs from various agencies and their partners. A specific template has been developed for this purpose for sector lead reporting—based on the outlined objectives, results and activities in the package. Baselines will be established at the beginning of the ISP with key indicators to track progress. A monitoring structure that comprises reports, meetings and reviews will be in place. Initially, there will be two-weekly meetings to monitor progress and timeline will be reviewed and revised as appropriate.

Meetings with all implementing agencies and stakeholders, including update to SRSG and HQ will assist to monitor implementation progress as well as providing a forum for information sharing. Reviews will be carried to analyse the Integrated Support Package focusing on appropriateness and effectiveness of approach. The reviews will demonstrate the UN’s commitment to transparency and accountability to its stakeholders. The ISP, particularly the immediate interventions, will be evaluated to assess potential impact and lessons learned. The final evaluation of the Integrated Support Package will provide the basis and expand the long term interventions or follow-up projects for North-East.
4.0 United Nations Interventions in North East States

The interventions in the North East will have several components:

4.1 Interventions for Abducted Chibok Girls, and their families and community

4.1.1 Interventions focussing on the abducted girls
   - preparation for release of abducted girls
   - provide support once girls are released

4.1.2 Interventions focussing on Chibok families and their communities including girls already escaped

4.2 Humanitarian Interventions in 3 SoE States and IDPs in surrounding States in the North East (NE)

4.1. Interventions for abducted Chibok Girls, their families and community

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Area of intervention</th>
<th>Strategy (How)</th>
<th>Activities (What)</th>
<th>Responsible (Who)</th>
<th>Resources (US$)</th>
<th>Timeline (When)</th>
<th>Target</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Plan / establish safe haven to receive girls*</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Family identification and ensure links prepared for when girls released*</td>
<td></td>
<td>UNHCR</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Chibok LGA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coordination</td>
<td>Facilitate SEMAs and other stakeholders on coordination and Civil-Military Coordination</td>
<td></td>
<td>OCHA</td>
<td>60,000</td>
<td>June 2014</td>
<td>SOE States</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health</td>
<td>Refresher orientation of service providers (Doctors, Nurses, lab scientists, counsellors, social workers) and general Health</td>
<td></td>
<td>WHO</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>June-July 2014</td>
<td>Borno State/Chibok LGA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Area of intervention</td>
<td>Strategy (How)</td>
<td>Activities (What)</td>
<td>Responsible (Who)</td>
<td>Resources (US$)</td>
<td>Timeline (When)</td>
<td>Target</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>workers sensitization meetings.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Deploy trained and retrained counsellors/social workers with relevant culturally specific skills to Chibok to undertake sustained psychosocial/victim support services.</td>
<td>UNODC</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Training of TOT on the Minimum Initial Service Package for Reproductive Health in Crisis settings for health workers and programme coordinators</td>
<td>UNFPA</td>
<td>55,000</td>
<td>June 2014</td>
<td>Borno State/Chibok LGA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Support establishment/designation of a medical screening centre</td>
<td>WHO</td>
<td>5,000</td>
<td>June 2014</td>
<td>Borno State/Chibok LGA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Preposition medical supplies e.g. medical and diagnostic kits (Malaria, HIV/AIDS, Pregnancy, STIs, Trauma, Tuberculosis, Hepatitis, skin problems etc)</td>
<td></td>
<td>50,000</td>
<td>June-July ‘14</td>
<td>Borno State/Chibok LGA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provide support once girls are released (+ escaped Girls)</td>
<td>Health</td>
<td>HCT/STI screening &amp; RH services</td>
<td>UNFPA</td>
<td>23,162</td>
<td></td>
<td>Chibok LGA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 4.1.2. Interventions focussing on Chibok families and their communities including girls already escaped

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Area of intervention</th>
<th>Strategy (How)</th>
<th>Activities (What)</th>
<th>Responsible (Who)</th>
<th>Resources (US$)</th>
<th>Timeline (When)</th>
<th>Target</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Coordination</strong></td>
<td>Create platform for effective humanitarian coordination and delivery of support at the state level</td>
<td>Facilitate SEMAs and other stakeholders on coordination and Civil-Military Coordination</td>
<td>OCHA/UNHCR</td>
<td></td>
<td>(Immediate) June 2014</td>
<td>SoE States</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Advocacy for continuing education</strong></td>
<td>Provide support to parents through community awareness, safe school initiatives to keep children in school Advocacy visits to Influential persons and Stakeholder meetings</td>
<td>UNESCO/UNICEF</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>SoE states</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protection</td>
<td>UN Women/UNHCR</td>
<td>50,000</td>
<td>immediate</td>
<td>Chibok LGA</td>
<td></td>
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<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfer the escaped girls and some family members in a safe place for a determined period.</td>
<td>UNICEF / IOM/UNODC</td>
<td>100,000 (UNICEF)</td>
<td>300,000 (UNICEF)</td>
<td>0-12 months (ongoing)</td>
<td>Chibok LGA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Community based psychosocial support and remedial learning for children (UNICEF) and psychosocial support and counselling adults</td>
<td>UNICEF / IOM/UNODC</td>
<td>750,000 (IOM)</td>
<td>75,000</td>
<td>Chibok LGA</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capacity building activities for local community NGOs on psychosocial support/counselling and provision of experts</td>
<td>UNICEF / IOM/UNODC</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Referral of complicated cases</td>
<td>UNICEF / IOM/UNODC</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distribution of school in a box, recreational kits, ECD kits and reading materials.</td>
<td>UNICEF / IOM/UNODC</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Health and nutrition, WASH, HIV</th>
<th>WHO / UNFPA/ UNAIDS / ILO/UNODC</th>
<th>45,000 (UNFPA)</th>
<th>70,000 (ILO)</th>
<th>June –Dec 2014</th>
<th>Abducted girls +Chibok community</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ongoing Psychosocial support for the girls and their families</td>
<td>WHO / UNFPA/ UNAIDS / ILO/UNODC</td>
<td>50,000 (WHO)</td>
<td>25,000 (UNFPA)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Chibok LGA/ community</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ongoing Medical attention requiring psychologist support</td>
<td>WHO / UNFPA/ UNAIDS / ILO/UNODC</td>
<td></td>
<td>100,000 (UNODC)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reinforce Disease surveillance and outbreak response</td>
<td>WHO / UNFPA/ UNAIDS / ILO/UNODC</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Community mobilization for targeted HIV counselling and testing and referrals to health facilities</td>
<td>WHO / UNFPA/ UNAIDS / ILO/UNODC</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Deployment of Trained Counsellors</strong></td>
<td>Support services to victims, their families and the wider communities</td>
<td>UNICEF</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td>300,000</td>
<td>Chibok LGA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Convergence Intervention</strong></td>
<td>Around water, sanitation, maternal and child health and nutrition for Chibok community at community, school and health facility levels.</td>
<td>UNICEF</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td>300,000</td>
<td>Chibok LGA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Relief</strong></td>
<td><strong>Collaborate with NEMA/SEMA to provide live saving relief assistance</strong></td>
<td><strong>Distribution of Food and NFIs</strong></td>
<td>WFP</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Distribution of farm inputs, seeds, fertilizer and tools</strong></td>
<td>FAO / UNDP</td>
<td>200,000 (FAO) 300,000 (UNDP)</td>
<td>June-Oct, 2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sensitization and Advocacy</strong></td>
<td>Use of media to sustain momentum on Chibok crisis and broader issues related to human security</td>
<td>Mobilization of UN Goodwill Ambassadors and other high profile Nigerians to prepare radio-based messages. Partnership with local and national radio stations to sustain the dissemination of radio messages</td>
<td></td>
<td>100,000 (UNODC)</td>
<td>June – Dec, 2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sub-Total</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>1,948,162</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,355,000</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Federal and State Governments' role
### 4.2. UN Interventions in 3 SoE States and IDPs in surrounding States in the North East (NE): Short, Medium & Long Term

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Area of intervention</th>
<th>Strategy (How)</th>
<th>Activities (What)</th>
<th>Responsible (Who)</th>
<th>Resources (US$)</th>
<th>Timeline (When)</th>
<th>Target</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Coordination</td>
<td>Create platform for effective humanitarian coordination and delivery of support at the state level</td>
<td>Facilitate SEMAs and other stakeholders on coordination and Civil-Military Coordination</td>
<td>OCHA</td>
<td></td>
<td>(Immediate) June 2014</td>
<td>SOE States</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Development of response plan and identification of funding opportunities</td>
<td>CERF application (6-10m USD)</td>
<td>OCHA</td>
<td></td>
<td>Immediate</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Coordination on education and child protection response</td>
<td>Establish and coordinate working group.</td>
<td>UNICEF and partners</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>SoE States</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coordination mechanisms for management of disaster and emergencies + Development</td>
<td>Establish a framework for State led coordination on emergency preparedness and early recovery response</td>
<td>Development of community preparedness and recovery plans</td>
<td>UNDP/UNHCR</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td>300,000</td>
<td>0-12 MTHS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Demographic Dividends</td>
<td>Developing State / LGA capacity to gather, monitor displacement, report, assess and coordinate delivery of relief, Mobilize communities in self-help programmes</td>
<td>UNDP/FAO/UNFPA/ILO</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td>(UNDP)</td>
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<td>High level sensitization and dialogue sessions with Religious and Traditional Leaders, Youth Groups, Senators, EMIT and FEC on demonstrable impact of and harnessing DD to change lives of target groups in Northern Nigeria</td>
<td>UNDP/FAO/UNFPA/ILO</td>
<td>100,000 (UNDP)</td>
<td>100,000 (UNFPA)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Education</td>
<td>Coordination and planning</td>
<td>Safe Schools Initiative: - Develop State level coalitions to support</td>
<td>UNICEF/UNDP</td>
<td>100,000 (UNDP)</td>
<td>400,000</td>
<td>Borno</td>
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<tr>
<td>Area of intervention</td>
<td>Strategy (How)</td>
<td>Activities (What)</td>
<td>Responsible (Who)</td>
<td>Resources (US$)</td>
<td>Timeline (When)</td>
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<td>and monitor</td>
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<td>- needs assessments</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Prepare school Contingency plans including Early Warning system and community networks</td>
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<td>- Develop, practice and activate emergencies response plans</td>
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<tr>
<td>Advocacy for continuing education</td>
<td>Advocacy visits to Influential persons and Stakeholder meetings</td>
<td>UNESCO</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td>0-6 Mths</td>
<td>SoE states</td>
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<td>Welcome to Schools campaigns including:</td>
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<td></td>
<td>- Mobilization of Key traditional leaders, Mothers Groups, School Management Committees to help to build Safe Schools and Networks</td>
<td>UNICEF</td>
<td>200,000</td>
<td></td>
<td>Borno</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>- establish common standards to reach a social cohesion, develop Code of conducts and develop key social processes</td>
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<tr>
<td>Infrastructure</td>
<td>Rehabilitation of schools, including security measures like fencing, water and sanitation, lights</td>
<td>UNICEF, UNOPS</td>
<td>900,000 (UNICEF) 1,500,000 (UNOPS)</td>
<td>12 months</td>
<td>Borno, Adamaw, Yobe</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Teaching materials</td>
<td>Teaching and learning materials and supplementary reading and recreational materials incl. for IDP students</td>
<td>UNICEF, UNOPS, UNESCO</td>
<td>80,000 (UNESCO) 400,000 (UNICEF) 300,000 (UNOPS)</td>
<td>0-12mths</td>
<td>Borno, Adamawa, Yobe</td>
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<tr>
<td>Capacity building of teachers</td>
<td>Vocational training on renewable energy</td>
<td>UNIDO/UND P</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>6 months</td>
<td></td>
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<td>Area of intervention</td>
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<td>Responsible (Who)</td>
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<td><strong>women and youth on how to exploit available renewable energy resources to power productive activities.</strong></td>
<td>Promote the use of solar lamp, clean cook stoves, efficient bulbs and appliances etc. Train women and youth on how to assemble solar lamps Skills for Employability and mainstream the use of renewable energy in SMEs</td>
<td>UNIDO/UNDP</td>
<td></td>
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<td>Borno</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Teachers training including methodology, pedagogy and guidance in psycho social support</td>
<td>UNICEF</td>
<td></td>
<td>32,500</td>
<td></td>
<td>Borno</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Protection</strong></td>
<td>GBV prevention and response</td>
<td>Work with SMOWASD, Red Cross and CBOs to sensitize the community on the prevention and response to sexual and gender based violence (GBV) including links with HIV</td>
<td>UNFPA / ILO / UNAIDS</td>
<td>30,000 (UNFPA) 70,000 (UNFPA) 20,000 (UNAIDS)</td>
<td></td>
<td>SoE states</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Provision of integrated psychosocial support services in collaboration with the SMOH and the NRCS</td>
<td>UNFPA</td>
<td>40,000</td>
<td>80,000</td>
<td></td>
<td>Borno</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Prevention and management of Gender Based Violence including psychosocial counseling for victims, training, stakeholders consultations and community sensitization Establish a referral pathway for girls and women victims of violence.</td>
<td>UNDP / UN Women /UNFPA</td>
<td>285,000 (UNDP) 50,000 (UN Women) 35,000 (UNFPA)</td>
<td></td>
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<td>SoE states</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Engage with community and religious leaders to address stigma reduction and right abuse</td>
<td>UNAIDS/ILO</td>
<td>60,000 (ILO)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Chibok LGA</td>
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<td>Area of intervention</td>
<td>Strategy (How)</td>
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<td></td>
<td>- Undertake advocacy and promote campaign against HIV related stigma/discrimination and gender based violence</td>
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<tr>
<td>Child labour prevention and response</td>
<td>- Support to capacity strengthening on the elimination of child labour, forced labour, and counter trafficking.</td>
<td>- Capacity building for parents, children, community, and faith based organizations, religious and traditional rulers on child labour, forced labour and counter trafficking.</td>
<td>ILO/UNODC</td>
<td>45,000 (ILO)</td>
<td>150,000 (ILO)</td>
<td>SoE States</td>
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<td></td>
<td>- Conduct Public awareness and gender-sensitive programmes on the elimination of child labour, forced labour and trafficking in persons.</td>
<td>- Provision of specialized training for prosecutors and investigators on rule of law response to trafficking in persons</td>
<td></td>
<td>50,000 (ILO)</td>
<td>200,000 (UNODC)</td>
<td>NAPIT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Community based psycho-social support for children</td>
<td>- Community based psychosocial support and remedial learning for children</td>
<td>- Referral of complicated cases</td>
<td>UNICEF</td>
<td>200,000</td>
<td>5,000,000</td>
<td>0-12 months (ongoing)</td>
</tr>
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<td>Capacity building/</td>
<td>Establish framework for state level Protection Sector Working Group</td>
<td>UNHCR/PSWG</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td>0-12 months</td>
<td>(SoE States, Gombe, Bauchi)</td>
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<td>Preventing Rights abuses</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Train state level sectors/actors on humanitarian/IDP protection</td>
<td>UNHCR/PSWG</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>200,000</td>
<td>0-12 months</td>
<td>(SoE States, Gombe, Bauchi)</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Training of security agencies (military, police) on humanitarian/civilian</td>
<td>UNHCR/PSWG</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>400,000</td>
<td>0-12 months</td>
<td>(SoE States, Gombe, Bauchi)</td>
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<td>protection in emergencies</td>
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<td>Drafting and Publication of interagency SOP for the identification, tracing</td>
<td>UNHCR/PSWG</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>80,000</td>
<td>0-12 months</td>
<td>SoE, Gombe, Bauchi</td>
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<td></td>
<td>and reunification of separated children</td>
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<td>Developing Harmonised Protection</td>
<td>Develop/harmonize protection tools</td>
<td>UNHCR/PSWG</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td>0-12 months</td>
<td>SEMAs/CSO</td>
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<td>tools</td>
<td>(assessment, monitoring and registration)</td>
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<td></td>
<td>IDP pilot profiling exercise in selected communities</td>
<td>UNHCR/PSWG</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td>0-12 months</td>
<td>Adamawa/Gombe/Bauchi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cross Border monitoring</td>
<td>Monitoring and sharing cross-border information from Niger, Chad, and Cameron.</td>
<td>UNHCR</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
<td>Ongoing</td>
<td>Cameroon, Chad and Niger</td>
</tr>
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<td>Area of intervention</td>
<td>Strategy (How)</td>
<td>Activities (What)</td>
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<td>Monitoring and reporting child rights violation due to the conflict</td>
<td>Establishment monitoring system, and database and present regular updates on child rights violations including attacks on schools and health facilities.</td>
<td>UNICEF</td>
<td>100,000</td>
<td>300,000</td>
<td></td>
<td>Borno, Adamawa, Yobe</td>
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<tr>
<td>IDP monitoring</td>
<td>Strengthening data and information gathering and dissemination on internal displacement in the north east for enhanced humanitarian planning and response through the use of displacement tracking matrix</td>
<td>UNHCR/IOM</td>
<td>750,000 (IOM)</td>
<td></td>
<td>12 months (Immediate)</td>
<td>Affected states in the north east.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Establish mechanism for systematic monitoring and reporting on human rights</td>
<td>Train and deploy 60 monitors linked to local CSOs Support the National Committee against Torture to effectively monitor places of detention</td>
<td>UNDP/UNHCR/PSWG</td>
<td>400,000</td>
<td></td>
<td>0-12 Mths</td>
<td>SoE States</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peace and Conflict Prevention</td>
<td>Develop a National Infrastructure for Peace (NIP) Establish National Infrastructure for Peace through the ongoing participatory driven process Sensitize communities on objectives of NIP</td>
<td>UNDP</td>
<td>50,000</td>
<td>150,000</td>
<td></td>
<td>SoE states</td>
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<tr>
<td>Foster an environment for reconciliation and social cohesion.</td>
<td>Create awareness and sensitization on social cohesion, reconciliation and promote culture of peace for sustainable development at community level through innovative peace building programmes.</td>
<td>UNDP</td>
<td>150,000</td>
<td></td>
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<td>SoE States</td>
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<td>Area of intervention</td>
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<td>Organize regular training for insider mediators and potential facilitators for intra and inter communal dialogue processes.</td>
<td>UNDP</td>
<td>50,000</td>
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<td>Organize stakeholders’ peace dialogue forum for the north east to promote enduring partnership to wage successful counter-insurgency war in the north.</td>
<td>UNDP</td>
<td>100,000</td>
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<td>Support vocational skills acquisition training for prison inmates and reintegration of released suspects/convicts into the society in collaboration with the ONSA.</td>
<td>UNDP</td>
<td>200,000 (UNDP)</td>
<td>200,000 (UNDP)</td>
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<td>Interfaith community dialogue on religion and peace in northern Nigeria</td>
<td>UNDP/UNODC</td>
<td>100,000 (UNDP)</td>
<td>140,000 (DPA)</td>
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<td>Provision of specialised training for criminal justice officials on rule of law, response to terrorism</td>
<td>UNDP/UNODC (UNODC)</td>
<td>500,000 (UNODC)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Rule of Law</td>
<td></td>
<td>Strengthen Early warning and Conflict Prevention:</td>
<td>UNDP</td>
<td>200,000</td>
<td>200,000</td>
<td>SoE states</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- institutionalize early warning and early response mechanism through SMS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>6 moths</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>- support establishment of coordination centre on early warning</td>
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<td>Conduct capacity building training on early warning and early response mechanism for conflict prevention and mitigation for communities</td>
<td>ILO</td>
<td>180,000 (ILO)</td>
<td>0-12 months</td>
<td>SoE states</td>
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<td>Conduct townhall meetings with traditional and religious leaders and youth and women groups</td>
<td>ILO</td>
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<td><strong>Health</strong></td>
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<td></td>
<td>Counselling/Psychotherapy</td>
<td>Counselling///Psychotherapy for children and adults</td>
<td>WHO</td>
<td>150,000</td>
<td>12mth</td>
<td>SoE states</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Medical supplies</td>
<td>Provide Emergency medical kits</td>
<td></td>
<td>200,000</td>
<td>12mth</td>
<td>SoE States</td>
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<td>Assist the provision of sexual and reproductive health services that include safe deliver services (including emergency obstetric care) , management of sexual violence, prevention of HIV and treatment of STIs.</td>
<td>UNFPA</td>
<td>474,466</td>
<td>1-6 months (Ongoing)</td>
<td>Borno, Adamawa, Gombe</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Health facility services</td>
<td>Support designated health facility for continuing medical screening and treatment incl. - Polio supplementary immunization - Routine immunization - Support for Tuberculosis DOT services</td>
<td>WHO / UNICEF</td>
<td>20,200,000 (WHO)</td>
<td>June-Dec ’14</td>
<td>SoE states</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>Comprehensive MNCH, Nutrition and HIV systems strengthening programme incl. Training health workers, supplies, etc. Operating 226 wards in PHC/ wards.</td>
<td>UNICEF</td>
<td>20,000,000</td>
<td>Ongoing – 47 months</td>
<td>Adamawa</td>
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<td>Area of intervention</td>
<td>Strategy (How)</td>
<td>Activities (What)</td>
<td>Responsible (Who)</td>
<td>Resources (US$)</td>
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<td>Emergency primary health care—combining community mobilization and health services components</td>
<td>UNICEF</td>
<td>1,000,000</td>
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<td>3 SoE states</td>
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<td>Rehabilitation of health posts and MCH centres</td>
<td>UNOPS</td>
<td>1,000,000</td>
<td></td>
<td>SoE states</td>
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<tr>
<td>Outreach services</td>
<td></td>
<td>Integrated outreach services in hard-to-reach communities and security compromised areas including on EPI and polio</td>
<td>WHO / UNICEF</td>
<td>2 million per year (UNICEF Polio) 3,000,000 (WHO)</td>
<td>Ongoing, 12 months June-Dec ‘14</td>
<td>Borno, Yobe, Adamawa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disease surveillance and outbreak response</td>
<td>Disease surveillance (Measles, CSM, Lassa fever, Yellow fever, Polio).</td>
<td>WHO</td>
<td>700,000</td>
<td>June-Dec ‘14</td>
<td>SoE States</td>
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<tr>
<td>HIV Prevention</td>
<td></td>
<td>Community mobilization for targeted HIV counselling and testing and referrals to health facilities. Engage religious, Community leaders, &amp; CSO and undertake advocacy and promote campaign against HIV related stigma/discrimination and gender based violence. Train CSOs to support medical services: HCT/STI and RH screening/test including post exposure Prophylaxis Promote Peer-to-Peer Support, referral and follow up for further medical checks and treatment</td>
<td>UNAIDS / ILO</td>
<td>30,000 (UNAIDS) 60,000 (ILO)</td>
<td>SoE States</td>
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<td>Area of intervention</td>
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<td>Sexual and reproductive health (SRH)</td>
<td>restore access to SRH and implement MISP for people affected by the conflict To contribute the protection of the dignity of affected and vulnerable women and adolescent girls through the provision of dignity (hygiene) kits Build capacities for better management of current responses Strengthen future preparedness through transfer of knowledge and know-how to local actors including on the MISP. Strengthen data and information gathering for enhanced humanitarian planning and response. Provision of sexual and reproductive health services that include clean and safe delivery, management of survivors of sexual violence, and HIV prevention and treatment of sexually transmitted diseases (STIs) Including RH kits, dignity kits, training of frontline workers</td>
<td>UNFPA/UNHCR</td>
<td>425,739.</td>
<td>3,831,657</td>
<td>Borno, Adamawa, Gombe States.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Nutrition and food security</td>
<td>Nutrition</td>
<td>Community based management of severe acute malnutrition among children</td>
<td>UNICEF</td>
<td>5,000,000/year</td>
<td>4,000,000</td>
<td>Ongoing – 12 months</td>
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<td>Area of intervention</td>
<td>Strategy (How)</td>
<td>Activities (What)</td>
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<td>Resources (US$)</td>
<td>Timeline (When)</td>
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|                                            | Food security                                       | Distribution of seeds, fertilizer and tools to IDPs with access to land. Build capacity of women on skills for appropriate technologies on small scale farming enterprises  
Provide support to start small livestock keeping (sheep/goat, poultry, etc)  
Introducing Farmer Field School Technologies and training on improved agricultural practices, preservation of seeds stocks, livestock protection, fisheries and other productive assets                                                                                           | FAO               | 300,000         | June-October   | IDP living with host communities in NE states  
All medium term activities to cover the IDP living with Host communities                                                                                       |                   |
<p>|                                            | Water and Sanitation and hygiene                    | Supplies and construction                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | UNICEF            | 100,000         | Jan 2014 - March 2015 | Select LGAs in Borno state                                                                                                                                 |
|                                            | Capacity strengthening                              | Develop capacity of government partners and CSOs on sanitation and hygiene approaches including cross learning, exchange visits and participation in conferences                                                                                                                                                                                                 | UNICEF            | 40,000          | Jan 2014 - March 2015 | Staff/ CSOs from Select LGAs in Borno state &amp; staff from State RUWASSA                                                                                   |
|                                            | Community mobilisation                              | Promote Community Approaches to Total Sanitation including CLTS in rural and peri-urban settlement in the State and provision of Environmentally and Child friendly, Gender responsive WASH                                                                                                                                                                                                 | UNICEF            | 245,000         | Jan 2014 - March 2015 | Select Communities around PHCs                                                                                                                                   |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Area of intervention</th>
<th>Strategy (How)</th>
<th>Activities (What)</th>
<th>Responsible (Who)</th>
<th>Resources (US$)</th>
<th>Timeline (When)</th>
<th>Target</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Social protection/Livelihood/Early Recovery | Emergency Support for restoration of disrupted livelihoods  
Post-conflict support to schools and teachers  
Protection and Emergency Assistance to IDPs in Nigeria  
Creating and extending social protection to the vulnerable young boys and girls/population | Restoration and stabilization of disrupted livelihood, loss of income and productive means through:  
- Create emergency employment opportunities for rehabilitation of community infrastructure and improving service delivery at the local level (incl for most vulnerable)  
- Cash-for-work and labour intensify schemes in other areas to be identified.  
- Provide agricultural input including improved seedlings, agricultural extension services for crop farmers  
- Provide veterinary services to farmers who have lost livestock  
- Assets replacement grants and vocational training for females  
- Develop a regional human development report on the North East  
- Advocacy with existing SPF schemes to ensure extensive coverage for the vulnerable population.  
- Vocational training and skills development using ILO tools to promote skills building, job creation and start your business programmes for the vulnerable population. | UNDP/FAO / ILO / UNIDO/IFAD/UNHCR/UNOPS | 250,000 (UNDP)  
160,000 (IFAD)  
750,000 (UNDP)  
30,000 (ILO)  
1,500,000 (ILO) | 2015 | Gombe, Borno, Adamawa and Yobe |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Area of intervention</th>
<th>Strategy (How)</th>
<th>Activities (What)</th>
<th>Responsible ( Who)</th>
<th>Resources ( US$)</th>
<th>Timeline ( When)</th>
<th>Target</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TOT on Learning Initiative for Entrepreneurs.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Work with women and youth to establish agri-enterprises and promote employment and income generating opportunities.</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Provide analytical basis for future programmatic work in the North East showing where the nexus between insurgency, insecurity, inequalities, poverty and humanitarian crises</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Assessment and gap analysis of existing social infrastructures particularly education &amp; health to enable reconstruction plans</td>
<td>UNDP/ILO UNOPS</td>
<td>100,000 ( UNDP) 500,000 (UNDP) 100,000 (UNOPS)</td>
<td>5 months</td>
<td>Borno, Adamawa and Yobe</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Assessment and gap analysis of existing social protection schemes to ascertain the depth and breadth of coverage for the vulnerable population.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Develop a regional human development report ( HDR) on the North East</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Strengthen Institutional Response Capacity for quality emergency shelter/NFI and protection programming in Nigeria</td>
<td>IOM</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>SoE states</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monitoring and data</td>
<td>Health monitoring</td>
<td>SMART Survey (Standardised monitoring and assessment of relieve and transitions); Regularly Community based quick comprehensive surveys focussing on health related indicators.</td>
<td>UNICEF</td>
<td>50,000 100,000</td>
<td>Ongoing</td>
<td>Borno, Adamawa, Yobe</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sub Total</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>57,190,205 58,076,601</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Area of intervention</td>
<td>Strategy (How)</td>
<td>Activities (What)</td>
<td>Responsible (Who)</td>
<td>Resources (US$)</td>
<td>Timeline (When)</td>
<td>Target</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Available  

Gap  

ANNEX 1 - SOME HUMANITARIAN ACTORS IN NE NIGERIA

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ORGANISATION</th>
<th>Int’l/Nat’l</th>
<th>SOE Activities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Actors with Permanent Presence in SOE</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United Nations</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UNFPA</td>
<td>Int’l</td>
<td>UNFPA has both humanitarian and development programmes in Borno and Yobe. The humanitarian programme targets prioritized 35 health care facilities in 24 LGAs across the two States. The current intervention target is 450,000 people, including 18000 pregnant women</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UNICEF</td>
<td>Int’l</td>
<td>Present in all states of the NE with offices in Bauchi and Borno Engaged in Health, WASH, Nutrition, Child Protection and Education programmes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WHO</td>
<td>Int’l</td>
<td>Permanent presence in all 3 SoE States with a Zonal Office in Bauchi covering all States in the NE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-UN</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACF</td>
<td>Int’l</td>
<td>Permanent presence in Damaturu (Yobe) and engaged in cash transfer programme</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Action Health Inc.</td>
<td>Nat’l</td>
<td>Permanent present in Adamawa and engaged in Sexual and Reproductive health programmes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Caritas</td>
<td>Int’l</td>
<td>6 ‘local Caritas’ in Maiduguri (which oversee activities in both Yobe and Borno) and Yola (which oversees activities in Adamawa). Through local partner JDPC providing NFIs to IDPs in these locations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CRS</td>
<td>Int’l</td>
<td>Has a presence in Yobe and engaged in health activities (Polio)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Civil Society Coalition for Poverty Eradication (CISCOPE)</td>
<td>Nat’l</td>
<td>Has a network of 20 local NGO members in Yobe, Borno, and Adamawa. Engaged in WASH, Nutrition and Health programmes in Adamawa.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Federation of Muslim Women Association of Nigeria (FOMWAN)</td>
<td>Nat’l</td>
<td>Permanent presence in all NE and the SoE states. Major partner to INGOs in in Cash transfer, WASH, Nutrition and Health programmes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FH 360 (USAID partner)</td>
<td>Int’l</td>
<td>Permanent presence in Adamawa. Engaged in HIV/AIDS, tuberculosis and malaria; reproductive health; food security; and education for children</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Organization</td>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Location/Activities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------</td>
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<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ICRC</td>
<td>Int’l</td>
<td>Permanent presence in Maiduguri (Borno) Engaged in cash transfer programme</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IRC</td>
<td>Int’l</td>
<td>Permanent presence recently established in Gaba (Adamawa) Engaged in WASH, Nutrition and Health programmes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JNI</td>
<td>Nat’l</td>
<td>Permanent presence in all NE and the SoE states. Major partner to INGOs in Cash transfer, WASH, Nutrition and Health programmes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEMA</td>
<td>Nat’l</td>
<td>Permanent presence in Maiduguri (Borno) with Zonal Command Center which covers Adamawa and Yobe. Engaged in NFI and Emergency food distribution. In partnership with the UN will expand to Health, WASH and Cash transfer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nigerian Red Cross</td>
<td>Nat’l</td>
<td>Permanent presence in all NE states through Branch Secretaries and volunteer network. Major partner to most intervening agencies in all sectors.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SEMA, Adamawa</td>
<td>Nat’l</td>
<td>Present in all NE states. Work closely with NEMA in all sectors.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Executive Secretary of Primary Health (State Govt)</td>
<td>Nat’l</td>
<td>Present in all 3 SOEs through to the ward level. Engaged in health interventions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WaterAid</td>
<td>Int’l</td>
<td>Has presence in Bauchi. Engaged in WASH activities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MSF-France</td>
<td>Int’l</td>
<td>Liaison Office in Maiduguri. Maintains a mobile health team that intervenes on case by case basis.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IRC</td>
<td>Int’l</td>
<td>IRC is engaged in WASH, Nutrition and Health programmes in Mubi North, South, Maiha and Hong Adamawa</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Actors with Presence in Surrounding Areas to the SOE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Organization</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Activities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Save the Children</td>
<td>Int’l</td>
<td>Health operations in Diffa, Niger, capturing a large caseload of persons fleeing SOE states. Has presence in Gombe and Bauchi states. Engaged in OVC care and health</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USAID</td>
<td>Int’l</td>
<td>Involved in Donor Working Group on the Northeast</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UNHCR/IRC</td>
<td>Int’l</td>
<td>Support operations in Diffa through IRC; supporting refugee registration in Cameroon and Chad.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Actors with remote Involvement with SOE States**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Organization</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Activities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DfID</td>
<td>Int’l</td>
<td>Involved in Donor Working Group on the Northeast</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Organization</td>
<td>Type</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECHO Int’l</td>
<td></td>
<td>Supports IRC in Adamawa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HRW Int’l</td>
<td></td>
<td>Research Missions to SOE in November 2013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UNDSS IOM</td>
<td></td>
<td>Security Assessments conducted in SOE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>World Bank Int’l</td>
<td></td>
<td>Involved in Donor Working Group on the Northeast</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IFRC Int’l</td>
<td></td>
<td>Supports NRCS in the SoE</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# ANNEX 2 – UN communications products

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Information Product</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Humanitarian Bulletin – Quarterly</strong></td>
<td>Use by the UNRC as a tool for keeping the humanitarian community as well as the media and local population informed about the humanitarian challenges and activities. It is released monthly and provides updates and covers overall humanitarian events/situations and key sector response activities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Situation Report – weekly</strong></td>
<td>The STIREPs ensure comprehensiveness, consistency and reliability on humanitarian situations and events. It is used to support the coordination of humanitarian response and provides a snapshot of current needs, response and gaps in a given emergency. It is shared with humanitarian partners, news media and the public via a range of channels, including direct distribution to mailing lists.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>3Ws -Quarterly</strong></td>
<td>The tool has been used to catalogue humanitarian presence in Nigeria. It documents what actions/activities are carried out by humanitarian actors, where the actions are being carried and the period of the actions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>NE Assessment Reports –Periodic 4th ongoing</strong></td>
<td>Since the declaration of the SoE in the NE, the Resident Coordinator’s Office has facilitated four assessments to the NE. Each of these assessments built on prior assessments and was carried out as information became more available and in reaction to the fluid security context of the North East State of Emergency.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Humanitarian Need Overview – Quarterly</strong></td>
<td>Developed in 2013 to highlight analysis of humanitarian challenges and priorities in Nigeria.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In addition to the above, the communication and information strategy will leverage on regional and headquarters press releases on issues in Nigeria. Other channels will include:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Media Channels (How)</th>
<th>Audience (Who)</th>
<th>Message (What)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Regular briefing notes/updates: there may be need to have one for media/public and another for UN/Diplomatic Missions</td>
<td>Diplomatic Missions in Nigeria/Region</td>
<td>The UN is effectively responding to the situation in the North-East, including the Chibok girls’ abduction and saving lives of women, girls and children.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Press releases</td>
<td>UN agencies staff in Nigeria/globally</td>
<td>Every individual, both boys and girls, has a right to education.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Field visits by UN RC/HoAs to strategic locations to provide photo ops</td>
<td>Government officials FG/State</td>
<td>It is a crime for any person or entity to engage in forceful detention of individuals, trafficking and kidnapping children, women or men.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Op Ed articles by UN RC</td>
<td>Civil society/media</td>
<td>The UN abhors terrorism as means of</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facebook updates; tweets/re-tweets</td>
<td>General public</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Video recordings of UN activities</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
- Press briefings by UN RC as needed
- Goodwill Ambassadors for campaign against Trafficking in Persons

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>settling grievances</th>
<th>settling grievances</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tolerance and accommodation of religious and ethnic differences is a major tenet of democracy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The UN respects the variety of religious beliefs because they contribute to a culture of peace</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The UN in Nigeria is an independent partner for peace and development in Nigeria</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>