

THE SDGs AND HUMAN RIGHTS

STATUS OF UPR RECOMMENDATIONS AND INTERNATIONAL HUMAN RIGHTS TREATIES

Empowered lives.
Resilient nations.

ALGERIA

Universal Periodic Review Fast Facts ⁽¹⁾

- **Last Review:** 8 May 2017 (3rd Cycle); **Final Report of the Working Group:** September 2017
- **Mid-Term Reporting:** November 2019
- **National Consultation:** November 2020
- **NGO Report Drafting:** July 2021 - September 2021
- **Next Review:** May 2022

Status of Core International Human Rights Conventions in Algeria ⁽²⁾

KEY	Ratified
	Ratified with Declarations
	Ratified with Reservations
	Ratified with Reservations and Declarations
	Signed but not Ratified
	No Action
Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (CRPD)	
Convention Against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment and Punishment (CAT)	
International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (CCPR)	
International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination (CERD)	
International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (CESCR)	
Convention on the Rights of the Child (CRC)	
Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women (CEDAW)	
International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families (CMW)	
Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance (CED)	
Second Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights aiming at the abolition of the death penalty (CCPR-OP2-DP)	

Accepted UPR Recommendations: An Opportunity for Action and Engagement

A state has a responsibility to implement all recommendations it has accepted before the Human Rights Council as a demonstration of their commitment to protecting and promoting Human Rights. Following the last Universal Periodic Review (UPR) of Algeria in May 2017 and in preparation for the next review scheduled for May 2022, Algeria has accepted to implement several UPR recommendations. Below is a selection of supported UPR recommendations aligned with the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) from the second cycle recommendations: ^{(3) (4)}



Enhance access to primary health care and education for people in the South, with an aim to achieve universal access for all.

Continue to work on providing health and education services for remote areas.

Take additional positive measures to ensure that all citizens can enjoy basic health care, and provide the public medical institutions with sufficient medicines and medical equipment.



Address the geographic inequalities in access to education and school enrolment rates by creating new institutions and expanding the school transport system.

Continue its efforts to provide appropriate education opportunities to persons with disabilities and taking into account the specific needs of persons with disabilities, either in education or on health.

Strengthen its efforts to reduce the high school drop-out rates of girls at intermediate and secondary school levels and reinforce girls' education, notably in the rural areas.

Continue the necessary efforts in order to strengthen the right to education, and include within the education process a culture of human rights



Continue to promote women's rights as well as their participation in the society and decision making process.

Continue to strengthen its consistent efforts to combat violence against women and its efforts to support women victims of domestic violence and to bring offenders to justice.

Examine systematically its laws with the aim of putting them in conformity with CEDAW.



Continue social and economic reforms aimed at the creation of new jobs.

Develop training programmes for the youth so as to improve their access to the labour market.

Provide more resources for strategies and programs aimed at fighting against unemployment, especially among young people and to reduce disparities between regions and social groups, especially regarding access to education and health care.



Further strengthen laws and policies to protect the freedom of religion and belief, as well as the freedom of expression, association and assembly.

Further strengthen law enforcement and judicial system in the effort to address impunity and prevent the incidence of violence as well as sexual abuse of women and girls.

Consider taking measures to implement CRPD, including harmonizing domestic legislation with the Convention and promoting public policies to guarantee that persons with disabilities enjoy all their rights on equal conditions.

Allocate more resources to support the on-going reform process aimed at consolidating democracy and the rule of law; continue to consolidate the process, to further strengthen the country's democratization and the Rule of Law, with special focus on human rights.

Prohibit specifically and by law all corporal punishment of children at home, care institutions, penitentiary centres and any other settings, in conformity with article 19 of CRC.