UNDP AFGHANISTAN
GLOBAL FUND

Duration:
4/2015 to 12/2017

Budget:
US$ 38,888,854

Implementing Partner:
Ministry of Public Health

Other Key Partners:
National Tuberculosis Programme, National Malaria and Leishmaniasis Control Programme, national and international NGOs

HEALTH

A healthy state needs healthy people, but:

1. High rates of maternal/child mortality, malaria and TB
2. Few skilled birth attendants or female healthcare providers
3. Healthcare system lacks funding, facilities and referral mechanisms
4. Women cut off from healthcare services, particularly in rural areas

MORE INFO:

Madeleena Monoja, Global Fund Programme Manager
health.af@undp.org, +93 (0) 72 899 9001

Media enquiries:
Rob Few, Chief of Communications
comms.af@undp.org, +93 (0) 798 448 145
SUPPORTING IMPLEMENTATION OF GLOBAL FUND GRANTS IN AFGHANISTAN

UNDPIN ACTION

Saving lives by improving health and healthcare

UNDP is the principal co-recipient of four Global Fund grants:

Health systems
Training nurses and improving data collection, including improvements to the Laboratory Reference Network and the creation of a national database for health indicators

HIV
Providing anti-retrovirals/blood screening, and advocating for increased political commitment

TB
Supporting improved prevention and diagnostic services, including screening of prisoners, IDPs and children

Working to reduce discrimination through trainings and community awareness programmes

Malaria
Supporting distribution of long-lasting bed nets in all transmission areas

Running awareness campaigns and improving monitoring, case management and access to facility-based treatment

The difference we will make

5m people (including 800,000 pregnant women) protected from malaria with 2m bed nets

> 40,000 health workers trained to strengthen malaria diagnosis/management

> 700 health workers trained to improve TB diagnosis/treatment

4 provincial isolation wards constructed to improve treatment for multi-drug resistant TB

30% women attending ante-natal clinics (up from 16%) by training > 200 female community nurses

13 provincial labs renovated and re-equipped

HIV prevalence kept below 0.1% through provision of anti-retrovirals, blood screening and improved political commitment

Photo: Erwan Guerin