## Demographic Indicators

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Total Population (In Billions)</th>
<th>Sex Ratio (females per 1000 males)</th>
<th>Child Sex Ratio (females per 1000 males)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2001</td>
<td>1.028</td>
<td>933</td>
<td>927</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>1.21</td>
<td>940</td>
<td>914</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Economic Indicators

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Gross Domestic Product (Current US $) (millions)</th>
<th>Contribution of Agriculture to GDP (%)</th>
<th>Contribution of Industry to GDP (%)</th>
<th>Contribution of Services to GDP (%)</th>
<th>GNI per capita (current international $)</th>
<th>GDP Growth Rate (%)</th>
<th>Worker Population Ratio Male (usual principal status) (%)</th>
<th>Worker Population Ratio Rate Female (usual principal status)(%)</th>
<th>Inflation, Consumer Prices (annual %)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2005-06</td>
<td>834035</td>
<td>14.62</td>
<td>20.16</td>
<td>65.22</td>
<td>2280</td>
<td>9.5</td>
<td>53.6</td>
<td>21.5</td>
<td>4.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009-10</td>
<td>1727111</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>8.0</td>
<td>53.8</td>
<td>18.0</td>
<td>11.99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2006-07</td>
<td>1227111</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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## Human Development Indicators

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Human Development Index Value (HDI)</th>
<th>HDI Rank (out of 187)</th>
<th>Inequality Adjusted Human Development Index Value</th>
<th>Loss in HDI due to Inequalities (%)</th>
<th>Gender Inequality Index (GII)</th>
<th>GII Rank (out of 146)</th>
<th>Gender Empowerment Measure (GEM)</th>
<th>Male Literacy Rate (%)</th>
<th>Female Literacy Rate (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>0.461</td>
<td>134</td>
<td>0.392</td>
<td>28.7</td>
<td>0.553¹</td>
<td>129</td>
<td>0.416</td>
<td>75.3</td>
<td>53.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>0.547</td>
<td>134</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.617</td>
<td>129</td>
<td>0.497</td>
<td>74.04</td>
<td>65.46</td>
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<td>0.461</td>
<td>134</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td>0.416</td>
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¹ Figure relates to GDI for the year 1999 from the 2001 Global HDR
The structure of the economy is service centric with over 55% of GDP being contributed by the services sector. Agriculture’s contribution to GDP is around 14%.

Progress seen on Human Development Index (HDI) with a 18.65% increase in index value between 2000 to 2011. However inequality remains a concern with 28.7% loss in the HDI value on account of inequalities.

Improvements seen in literacy rates for both males and females. While male literacy rates improved by 6.84 Percentage Points female literacy rates improved by 11.76 Percentage Points. Significant gender gap in outcomes however persists.

Poverty levels remain high in the country, with almost 37.2% of the population deemed income poor and over 53.7% multidimensional poor.

### Human Development Indicators

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator No.</th>
<th>Source</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10-11</td>
<td>NSSO 66th Round (Summary Table1), <a href="http://mospi.nic.in/Mospi_New/upload/Key_Indicators-HCE_66th_Rd-Report.pdf">http://mospi.nic.in/Mospi_New/upload/Key_Indicators-HCE_66th_Rd-Report.pdf</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20-22</td>
<td>Census of India 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>UNDP Computations based on Tendulkar Committee Report</td>
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